

OBITUARY RECORD
GRADUATES OF AMHERST COLLEGE,
ACADEMIC YEAR 1904-1905
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204
OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF AMHERST COLLEGE,

FOR THE

ACADEMICAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 29, 1904.

[FIFTH PRINTED SERIES No. 2.]

AMHERST, MASS.
PUBLISHED BY THE COLLEGE.

MDCCCCIV.

NOTE.

In connection with the editing of the Triennial Catalogue in Latin, in the year 1862—1863, the undersigned was directed by the Faculty to prepare and have printed an obituary record of graduates deceased during that year; and subsequently he was instructed to prepare a similar record annually.

This has been done and four series of ten years each were completed in 1902, containing accounts of eleven hundred and eighty-three graduates and numbering in all ten hundred and seven pages. Nine numbers from 1877 to 1885, inclusive, were edited by the late Professor J. K. Chickering of the class of 1869. To the first two series and also to each of the third and fourth series, alphabetical indexes have been added.

The oldest alumnus in graduation is Rev. Edmund Dowse, D.D., of Sherborn, Mass., born Sept. 1, 1813, the surviving member of the class of 1836.

In this number of the *Obituary Record* the facts in each instance have been obtained by correspondence with relatives or other intimate acquaintances of the subjects of these notices.

All persons who may be able at any time to furnish information for the *Obituary Record* are urgently requested to communicate the same, without delay, to the Editor.

E. P. CROWELL,
AMHERST COLLEGE.

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1903/04-1912/13

Roll of Graduates Deceased During the Year 1903—1904.

GRADUATION.	AGE.
1836. DAVID SEWALL OLIPHANT, M. A., M. D., . . .	87
1837. CALVIN CHAPIN BAYLEY, M. A.	93
1841. REV. JOSEPH MYRON RENSSELAER EATON, M. A.,	89
1842. REV. LAUREN ARMSBY, M. A., ...	87
1843. REV. HENRY WEBSTER PARKER, M. A., D. D.,	81
1845. REV. ABEL KINGMAN PACKARD, M. A., . . .	80
1850. REV. WILLIAM FISHER AVERY, ...	76
1851. WILLIAM PARSONS WASHBURN, M. A., . . .	73
1852. JAMES AUSTIN LITTLEFIELD, ...	74
1852. REV. WILLIAM BRADSHAW RANKIN, M. A., D. D.,	78
1853. REV. JULIUS SPENCER, M. A., ...	72
1855. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN WEBSTER, ...	68
1857. REV. WILLIAM OTIS CARR, ...	69
1857. REV. WILLIAM DODGE HERRICK, ...	72
1857. REV. HENRY WHITE JONES, ...	73
1857. JOHN HOWARD SWEETSER, ...	69
1859. RUFUS ANDERSON MORRISON, ...	69
1859. REV. PHILANDER READ, ...	73
1860. EDWARD REED WHEELER, M. A., M. D., . . .	64
1865. REV. JAMES HOWARD BABBITT, M. A., . . .	64
1865. REV. SAMUEL VALENTINE McDUFFIE, ...	69
1866. JOSEPH WHITCOMB FAIRBANKS, M. A., Ph. D.,	62
1866. REV. HEMAN HUMPHREY NEILL, M. A., . . .	61
1871. REV. GEORGE RUGG CUTTING, M. A., ...	55
1871. ARTHUR RAYMOND SIMMONS, M. D., ...	56
1877. GEORGE KRESS, ...	53
1885. REV. JOHN CHURCHWOOD WILSON, M. A., . . .	41
1894. BRADBURY CILLEY, M. A., ...	31

1894.	HOWARD IRVING FORD,	.	.	.	32
1899.	ARTHUR REED TAFT,	.	.	.	27
	Whole number,	30			
	Average age,	66.6			

Roll of Graduates Whose Deaths have not been Previously Reported.

1858.	HENRY MATURIN BISHOP, M. D.,	.	.	63
1860.	REV. GEORGE DEXTER,	.	.	68
1860.	REV. CHARLES HERBERT RICHARDSON	.		69
1871.	REV. EDWARD SOUTHWORTH FITZ, M. A., M.D.,			59
1872.	REV. LOUIS BRYANT TUCKERMAN, M. A., M. D.,			52
1876.	ARTHUR BURLEY GILMAN,	.	.	52
1879.	FRANCIS MCKIE THAYER,	.	.	44
	Whole number,	7		
	Average age,	57.1		

ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

1842.	Armsby, L.	1859.	Morrison, R. A.
1850.	Avery, W. F.	1866.	Neill, H. H.
1865.	Babbitt, J. H.	1836.	Oliphant, D. S.
1837.	Bayley, C. C.	1845.	Packard, A. K.
1858.	Bishop, H. M.	1843.	Parker, H. W.
1857.	Carr, W. O.	1852.	Rankin, W. B.
1894.	Cilley, B.	1859.	Read, P.
1871.	Cutting, G. R.	1860.	Richardson, C. H.
1860.	Dexter, G.	1871.	Simmons, A. R.
1841.	Eaton, J. M. R.	1853.	Spencer, J.
1866.	Fairbanks, J. W.	1857.	Sweetser, J. H.
1871.	Fitz, E. S.	1899.	Taft, A. R.
1894.	Ford, H. I.	1879.	Thayer, F. M.
1876.	Gilman, A. B.	1872.	Tuckerman, L. B.
1857.	Herrick, W. D.	1851.	Washburn, W. P.
1857.	Jones, H. W.	1855.	Webster, B. F.
1877.	Kress, G.	1860.	Wheeler, E. R.
1852.	Littlefield, J. A.	1885.	Wilson, J. C.
1865.	McDuffie, S. V.		

RECORD OF GRADUATES DECEASED

DURING THE YEAR 1903—1904.

CLASS OF 1836.

DAVID SEWALL OLIPHANT, the son of Rev. David and Mary (Pierson) Oliphant, was born in Keene, N. H., June 18, 1816, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

He studied medicine at the Homeopathic Medical College of St. Louis, Mo., and received the degree of M. D. there in 1860. He practiced his profession at New Orleans, La. until 1863, and at Toronto, Canada from 1863 until his death from old age in that city, Nov. 13, 1903.

Dr. Oliphant was married (1) Dec. 24, 1837, to Eleanor C., daughter of Edmund Cobbs of Bradford Co., Va., who died April 29, 1843; (2) April 22, 1847, to Miranda, daughter of J. C. Hall of Warsaw, N. Y., who survives him. Ten children.

CLASS OF 1837.

CALVIN CHAPIN BAYLEY, the son of James and Hannah (Chapin) Bayley, was born in Derby, Vt., Dec. 21, 1809, and was fitted for college at Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H.

From 1837 to 1847 he was principal of Manlius Academy, N. Y. He then purchased a farm in Waupun, Wis. and resided there until 1856. During that period he also taught four different schools, successively. From 1856 to 1861 he was president of Brockway (now Ripon) College, Ripon, Wis. and

from 1867 to 1871 a teacher in Washington Academy, St. Louis, Mo. In 1875 he again taught one year in Ripon College.

Returning then to his farm in Waupun, he continued to reside there until his death from old age, Oct. 2, 1903.

Mr. Bayley was married, Dec. 1, 1840, to Ann S., daughter of Asa Fisher of Canton, Mass., who died Oct. 12, 1895. Of seven children four survive their father. One of these, Edwin F. Bayley, LL. B., is a graduate of Amherst, class of 1868.

CLASS OF 1841.

JOSEPH MYRON RENSSELAER EATON, the son of Thomas and Betsey (Steward) Eaton, was born in Fitchburg, Mass., Oct. 15, 1814, and was fitted for college at Leicester Academy.

His theological education was obtained at Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1844. After preaching about a year at Clinton, Mass., he was ordained Jan. 9, 1845, and was pastor of the church there until 1847. He was pastor at Shirley, Mass., 1847—1850; at Henniker, N. H., 1851—1868; and at Medfield, Mass., 1869—1876. He resided without charge in Worcester, Mass., one year, and in Fitchburg from 1877 to 1891. From that time his residence was in Redlands, California, until his death from nephritic calculi, April 30, 1904.

Mr. Eaton was married, Dec. 23, 1844, to Harriette, daughter of Timothy F. Downe of Fitchburg, Mass., who died July 24, 1891. Of two children, one son survives, Thomas E. N. Eaton, Ph. D., a graduate of Amherst, class of 1868.

CLASS OF 1842.

LAUREN ARMSBY, the son of Amos and Margaret W. (Fletcher) Armsby, was born in Northbridge, Mass., Jan. 16, 1817, and was fitted for college by Mr. Witter of Plainfield, Conn.

He studied theology one year at Union, and two years at Andover Seminary, and graduated in 1845. After preaching at Pittston, Me. about a year he was ordained at Chester, N. H., May 27, 1846, and was pastor there until 1856. His next pastorate was in Faribault, Minn. from 1856 to 1864.

Obtaining leave of absence from his church, he was commissioned in January, 1863, chaplain of the 8th Minn. Vols. He was with his regiment in battles with the Sioux Indians in the valley of the Little Missouri, Aug. 8, 1864, and near Murfreesboro, Tenn., Dec. 4—7, 1864; was cut off from all supplies for a month at Fortress Rosecrans; marched to Clifton, Tenn., was transported to Washington, D. C. and thence to Fort Fisher, Beaufort, and Newbern, N. C.; joined Gen. Sherman's army at Goldsboro, March 21, 1865; marched to Charlotte, N. C. and was mustered out of service, July 11, 1865.

He was acting pastor at Candia, N. H., 1865—1871, at Mound City, Kans., 1871—1873 and at Council Grove, Kans. from 1873 to 1900. After a continuous, active and successful ministry of fifty-five years he retired from service, continuing his residence at Council Grove until his death from heart failure, March 2, 1904.

Mr. Armsby was married (1) May 3, 1846, to Hannah, daughter of Philip Van Ingen of Albany, N. Y., who died Jan. 7, 1848; (2) May 22, 1849, to Eliza L., daughter of Rev. Jonathan L. Hale of Windham, Me., who, with two of his four children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1843.

HENRY WEBSTER PARKER, the son of Rev. Samuel and Jerusha (Lord) Parker, and brother of S. J. Parker, M. D. of the class of 1841, was born in Danby, N. Y., Sept. 7, 1822, and was fitted for college at Ithaca Academy, N. Y.

His theological education was obtained at Auburn Seminary,

where he graduated in 1846. He was ordained May 9, 1848, at Aurora, N. Y., and was pastor there, 1848—1850, and acting pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Dansville, N. Y., 1850—1852. In 1852 he gathered in Brooklyn, N. Y. the nucleus of what is now the Central Congregational church in that city, and was its pastor until 1856; from that year until 1863 he was acting pastor of the North Congregational church, New Bedford, Mass.

From 1864 to 1870 he was professor of Chemistry and Natural Science in Iowa College. He was a professor in Mass. Agricultural College, of Mental, Moral and Social Science from 1870 to 1879; of Rhetoric, Elocution and English Language 1871—1879; of Mineralogy and Geology, 1870—1872 and 1875—1879; of Zoölogy, 1871—1872 and 1877—1879; of Landscape Gardening, 1871—1879; of Physical Geography, 1872—1873 and 1877—1879; and of Anatomy and Physiology, 1876—1879. He was also College preacher, 1870—1876. From 1879 to 1889 he was professor of Natural History in Iowa College. He then removed to New York City, and was for a number of years engaged in the work of editing *The Standard Dictionary*, *Popular Science News*, etc. He died of disease of the kidneys, in Flushing, N. Y., Nov. 21, 1903.

In 1886 he received from Iowa College the degree of D. D. Dr. Parker was the author of *Poems*, 1849, *Verse*, 1862, *The Spirit of Beauty*, 1891, *The Agnostic Gospel*, 1896, and several pamphlets, one of them entitled, *How Oregon was Saved to the United States*.

Dr. Parker was married (1) April 20, 1852, to Helen E., daughter of Abijah Fitch of Auburn, N. Y. who died Dec. 4, 1874; (2) Oct. 30, 1876, to Susan M., daughter of John F. Winckley of New Orleans, La., and adopted daughter of Rev. N. Lasalle of Amesbury, Mass., who, with one of his two children survives him.

CLASS OF 1845.

ABEL KINGMAN PACKARD, the son of Simeon and Harmony (Kingman) Packard, was born in North Bridgewater, (now Brockton) Mass., March 19, 1823, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

The first two years after graduation he was teacher of an academy at Millbury, Mass. He studied theology at Andover Seminary and graduated there in 1850. He was ordained at Yarmouth, Mass., Dec. 16, 1851 and was pastor of the church there until 1859. After preaching about a year at St. Anthony, Minn. he was pastor at Anoka in the same state from 1860 to 1874, acting pastor at Greeley, 1874—1882, at Highland Lake two years, 1884—1888, both in Colorado. From 1882 to 1886 and from 1888 to 1890 he was superintendent of schools in Weld Co. Col. From 1890 his home was in Greeley, Col. and he continued to preach in different churches, as he had opportunity,—at Lafayette, 1891—1893. After about two years of failing health he died of paralysis in San Diego, Cal., Aug. 16, 1903. Mr. Packard was the author of a number of historical pamphlets, and among them the genealogy of the Packard family.

Mr. Packard was married, Nov. 13, 1851, to Caroline M., daughter of William Carleton of Charlestown, Mass., who died Aug. 14, 1891. Of six children, five survive their father.

CLASS OF 1850.

WILLIAM FISHER AVERY, the son of Joseph and Sylvia (Clary) Avery, was born in Conway, Mass., Dec. 4, 1826, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

His theological education was obtained at Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1854. He was ordained June 20, 1855, at Sparta, Wis. and was pastor of the church there, 1855—1858. He was acting pastor successively in Tomah, Leon and Angelo,

in the same state from 1858 to 1861. From 1861 to 1871 he resided in Huntington, Mass., without charge but preached occasionally in different places, and for a short time thereafter was chaplain of the State almshouse in Monson, Mass. From 1872 to 1877 he was principal of Conway Mass. High School; from 1877 to 1884 acting pastor at Lanesboro, Mass.; from 1884 to 1888 pastor of the Second Congregational Church at Huntington, Mass., and from 1888 to 1900 of the Congregational Church at Middlebury, Conn.

On account of the failure of his health, he then withdrew from the ministry, and resided with his son in Conway and afterwards in Athol, Mass., until his death from old age, Nov. 6, 1903.

Mr. Avery was married, Sept. 19, 1854, to Eunice S., daughter of Rev. E. B. Wright of Huntington, Mass., who died April 24, 1890. One son survives his father.

CLASS OF 1851.

WILLIAM PARSONS WASHBURN, the son of Rev. Royal and Hannah (Parsons) Washburn, and brother of John H. Washburn, Esq., class of 1849, was born in Amherst, Mass., April 15, 1830, and was fitted for college at Amherst Academy and Williston Seminary.

He studied law with Hon. Horace Maynard, class of 1838, in Knoxville, Tenn., was admitted to the bar there in 1857, and practiced his profession in that city during the rest of his life, for many years in partnership with Mr. Maynard.

From 1863 to 1865 he served in the commissary department of the Confederate Army at Macon, Ga., with the rank of captain and afterwards of colonel.

He died of paralysis at Knoxville, Tenn., Feb. 6, 1904.

"Mr. Washburn's natural gifts were of a high order and were diligently and effectively improved. His entire life was ordered by the highest principle. His integrity was never questioned and his good name is a rich legacy to his family.

In his profession he maintained a foremost place in this community for forty years. Diligence and capacity were the solid foundations of his success, and an undeviating regard for the dignity and the lofty ethics of the profession entitle him to our esteem and praise. For thirty-five years he was a consistent and active member of the Presbyterian church, and one of its recognized and most esteemed and respected leaders in this community.

In addition to his exceptional proficiency in the law he was a competent and successful man of business, and many years before his death attained a position of financial independence, which enabled him to gratify his natural kindness of heart, and to aid many of the less fortunate of his acquaintances. No man has more often or more kindly assisted the younger members of the profession.

His learning was liberal and more than once he made contributions of value to the literature of the law, although he did not attempt extended work along this line. For many years he was a member and president of the school board of Knoxville, and had just pride in the fact that the building for the Girl's High School, the best of its kind in the city, was erected during his administration."¹

Mr. Washburn was married (1) Oct. 28, 1864, to Mrs. Ruth M. Leonard, daughter of William Browne of London, Eng., who died, Oct. 14, 1877; (2) Nov. 3, 1880, to Mrs. Eliza H. Maynard, daughter of Robert Harper of Hamilton, Ohio, who survives him with one of two children.

CLASS OF 1852.

JAMES AUSTIN LITTLEFIELD, the son of James and Mary (Cary) Littlefield, was born in Randolph, Mass., Feb. 17, 1829, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

From 1852 to 1857 he was engaged in leather business with his father in Boston, and from 1857 to 1861 in the same business at the West. In June, 1861 he enlisted as a private in Company A of the 12th Mass. Infantry and at the second battle of Bull Run was wounded and taken prisoner. He was in hos-

¹*Knoxville Sentinel.*

pital until October, 1862. On his recovery he was orderly-sergeant in the 56th Veteran Regiment, 9th Army Corps, and participated in all the battles under General Grant until July 15, 1864, when he was severely wounded in the head while in the trenches before Petersburg. He rejoined the army the following October and was commissioned second lieutenant for gallantry at the Wilderness. Later he was promoted to first lieutenant and captain. Not long after he was appointed a night clerk in the Post-office, Boston, and continued in that position until his death from paralysis at the Soldier's Home in Chelsea, Mass., Oct. 7, 1903.

Captain Littlefield was married, Jan. 5, 1857, to Ellen E., daughter of Charles Dingham of Boston, who died Nov. 19, 1902. Three children survive their father.

WILLIAM BRADSHAW RANKIN, the son of Anthony and Margaret (Grey) Rankin, was born at Little Chucky, near Greeneville, Tenn., Sept. 3, 1825, and was fitted for college at a classical school in Deckertown, N. J.

From 1852 to 1854 he was principal of Rhea Academy, Greeneville, Tenn. He was president of Greeneville College from 1854 to 1858. Largely through his efforts this college was then united with Tusculum College, situated near Greeneville, and he was professor of mathematics in it until 1862. In that year he was conscripted into the Confederate army, but excused from service, as he was an unconditional Union man. He was appointed "principal of Greeneville public schools," which position he held from 1862 to 1864. During this period he also studied theology, and was licensed to preach.

On account of his Union sentiments he was exiled to New York in 1864, and in the political campaign of that year took part in the canvass for the re-election of President Lincoln. The next two years he was principal of Wellsville graded

school, N. Y. He then returned to Tennessee, was ordained by Holston Presbytery, at Baker's Creek, East Tenn. in August, 1866, and was pastor of Old Salem and Mt. Bethel churches, 1866—1874, president of Washington Female College, 1866—1875, and superintendent of public instruction for Greene Co., 1867—1870. During this time he also aided in establishing schools in connection with the Freedman's Bureau and the Peabody fund. While holding this office he organized the first colored school with a colored teacher in the state, under the State public school system, which was then first established.

Dr. Rankin was next district superintendent of the American Bible Society in Texas, with headquarters at Austin, 1876—1898. "The superintending of this great Bible work gave ample field for the exercise of his tact, shrewdness and unfailing courtesy and self possession." In 1893 the degree of D.D. was conferred upon him by Washington College, Tenn. From 1898 to 1900 he was financial agent of Washington College, and general secretary of the John C. Martin educational fund for colored preachers and mountain whites, 1900—1903. He died of neuralgia of the heart, at Washington College, Tenn., Dec. 15, 1903.

Dr. Rankin was married, Aug. 18, 1852, to Jane, daughter of Daniel Carpenter of Amity, N. Y., who died May 24, 1889. Of four children, three survive their father.

CLASS OF 1853.

JULIUS SPENCER, the son of Harlow and Theodosia (Cook) Spencer, was born in St. Louis, Mo., March 21, 1831, and was fitted for college at the High School in his native city.

The first two years after graduation he was principal of Washington Presbyterian Academy, Washington, Mo. His theological education was obtained at Princeton Seminary, where he graduated in 1858. He was engaged in home mis-

sionary work in Atchison, Kans., 1859—1860, and in Caledonia, Mo., 1860—1863. April 19, 1863 he was ordained by presbytery at Farmington, Mo., but on account of his health resided at St. Louis without charge until 1865. He was acting pastor at Irondale, Mo., 1865—1873, principal of an academy there during the same period, and superintendent of schools there from 1873 to 1875. The next two years he was acting pastor at Prairie Home, Ill., and then resided again at St. Louis without charge until 1882. He was acting pastor at Grant, Penn., 1882—1886, and at French Creek, W. Va., 1886—1888. After residing at Grove City, Penn., 1888—1892, he was pastor in Parma, Ohio, 1892—1896. From 1896 to 1898 he resided at East Cleveland, Ohio, preaching occasionally, and for a year was in the employ of the North Western Mutual Life Insurance Co. On account of increasing ill health he then retired from active service entirely and resided at Pittsburg, Penn. until his death there from paralysis, July 1, 1903.

Mr. Spencer was married, May 7, 1859, to Carrie T., daughter of John Nelson of Princeton, N J., who, with their two children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1855.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN WEBSTER, the son of Benjamin and Rhoda (Abbott) Webster, was born in Boston, Mass., Aug. 29, 1835, and was fitted for college by Edward Wyman, LL. D. of the class of 1835, in St. Louis, Mo., with whom he also pursued the studies of the first two years of the college course. He entered Amherst in September, 1853.

After graduation, he taught school one year in St. Louis, and one year in Monticello, Ill. During the years 1857 and 1861 he was editor of the *Daily Courier*, Alton, Ill. He studied law in St. Louis in 1858 and 1859, was admitted to the bar in November, 1859, and practiced his profession in Alton, Ill.

until 1866. Within this period he was also correspondent of the *New York Herald* with the army of the Cumberland 1861—1863, and confidential clerk of the assistant Secretary of War, 1863—1864.

Returning to St. Louis, he continued the practice of law there from 1867 until his death from heart failure, Nov. 2, 1903.

Mr. Webster was the founder of the Sterling and Webster Abstract Company, and its president from 1882 to 1892. He was a member of the State Senate from 1885 to 1889.

He was the author of *Annals of the Army of the Cumberland*, 1867.

Mr. Webster was married, Sept. 3, 1868, to Mary E., daughter of John H. Bragg, of St. Louis, Mo., who died Dec. 29, 1902. Of four children, three survive their father.

CLASS OF 1857.

WILLIAM OTIS CARR, the son of William D. and Clarissa (Cobb) Carr, was born in Derry, N. H., June 19, 1832, and was fitted for college at Pinkerton Academy, Derry, N. H.

His theological education was obtained at Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1860. He was ordained Feb. 13, 1861, at Barnstead, N. H., and was pastor of the church there until 1890. He then retired from the ministry on account of ill-health, residing at Derry, N. H. until 1894, and after that at Lynn, Mass., until his death from heart disease, April 29, 1904.

Mr. Carr was married (1) Dec. 9, 1873, to Laura F., daughter of Nathaniel S. Nutter of Barnstead, N. H., who died Jan. 21, 1883; (2) June 13, 1891, to Mrs. Christiana Brown, daughter of John Dame of Lynn, Mass., who, with his son, survives him.

WILLIAM DODGE HERRICK, the son of Artemas and Phebe (Bradstreet) Herrick, was born in Methuen, Mass.,

March 26, 1831, and was fitted for college at Atkinson Academy, N. H.

He was a member of Yale College one year, and entered the Sophomore class at Amherst, September, 1854. His theological education was obtained at Andover Seminary, in which he was a member of the class of 1860 until the middle of Senior year.

He was ordained, Jan. 18, 1860, at Redding, Conn. and was pastor there until 1864. His second pastorate was at Gardner, Mass., 1864—1867, and from this he resigned in order to facilitate a union between his church and another in the same town, which union he was largely instrumental in effecting. It was an evidence of the esteem in which he was held in Gardner that he was called to the pastorate of the united church there in 1874, and continued in that relation until the failure of his health compelled him to withdraw in 1882. During the intervening period (1867—1874) he had a very successful pastorate over the Congregational church at North Amherst. From Jan. 1, 1883 he was without charge, preaching occasionally in various pulpits, with his residence at Amherst until his death from asthma and heart failure, Dec. 10, 1903.

Mr. Herrick was a member of the school committee of Amherst for a number of years, and its chairman a part of that time. In this position he rendered very efficient service to the cause of education in the town, and was instrumental in securing the erection of a school house at East Amherst and improvements in many of the other school buildings.

Mr. Herrick was the author of a *History of the Town of Gardner, Mass.*, which was published in 1878.

For more than thirty-five years he was a member of the Hampshire East Association of Congregational ministers. At their first meeting after his decease this association put on record "their deep appreciation of the strength and earnest-

ness of Brother Herrick's Christian character ; of his steadfast devotion to duty ; of his uncompromising maintenance without fear or favor of whatever he thought true and right ; of his high attainments as a Biblical scholar ; and of his usefulness as a Christian minister in his successive pastorates."

Mr. Herrick was married, July 30, 1859, to Josephine H., daughter of Edward Barton, M. D. of Orange, Mass., who, with five of their seven children, survives him.

HENRY WHITE JONES, the son of Dr. Bela B. and Sabina (White) Jones, was born at Southampton, Mass., Oct. 17, 1830, and was fitted for college at Springfield High School and Monson Academy.

He studied theology at East Windsor (now Hartford) Seminary, graduating there in 1860. From that year until 1866 he was acting pastor at Hadlyme, Conn. In the Civil War he served for a time under the Christian Commission in the army of the Potomac. He was ordained May 24, 1866, at Hingham, Mass., and was pastor of the church there until 1871. His subsequent pastorates were at Swampscott, Mass., 1871—1875 ; at St. Johnsbury, Vt., 1875—1885 ; at Vacaville, Cal., 1885—1889, and at Claremont in the same state, 1893—1895.

After retiring from the ministry he continued to reside in Claremont until his death from pneumonia, Feb. 14, 1904.

Mr. Jones was married (1) Sept. 21, 1860, to Isabella F., daughter of Sherlock Foster, of Warren, Mass., who died July 2, 1867 ; (2) Dec. 25, 1872, to Hannah E., daughter of Rev. Wm. M. Ferry of Grand Haven, Mich., who with an only son survives him.

JOHN HOWARD SWEETSER, the son of Luke and Abby T. (Munsell) Sweetser, was born in Amherst, Mass., March 2, 1835, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

Soon after graduation he engaged in wholesale dry-goods business in New York City, and continued in it until his death from pneumonia, March 4, 1904.

Mr. Sweetser was married, Feb. 2, 1860, to L. Cornelia, daughter of Wyllys Peck of New Haven, Conn., who, with their three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1859.

RUFUS ANDERSON MORRISON, the son of Robert and Nancy (McCleary) Morrison, and brother of Rev. Samuel Morrison of the same class, was born in Windham, N. H., March 10, 1834, and was fitted for college at Atkinson Academy, N. H.

He studied theology at Princeton Seminary, graduating there in 1862. From 1862 to 1863 he was a classical teacher in Mount Joy Academy, Penn. He was a clerk in the Paymaster General's office and in the Census Bureau at Washington, D. C. until 1873. After that he was assistant-examiner in the Patent Office at Washington until 1893. He was solicitor of patents from 1893 to 1898, and then occupied again his former position in the Patent Office until his death from heart disease, Dec. 24, 1903.

Mr. Morrison was unmarried.

PHILANDER READ, the son of Timothy and Elizabeth (Carson) Read, was born in Wattsburg, Penn., May 4, 1830, and was fitted for college at Monson Academy,

He was a member of Auburn Theological Seminary, 1859—1861. He enlisted in the 75th regiment, N. Y. Vols., Sept. 14, 1861, and was promoted Hospital Steward, March 14, 1862. While in this service he was ordained at Carrollton, La., Jan. 4, 1863, and was commissioned chaplain of the 76th regiment, U. S. Colored Infantry, April 11th of the same year. He was

present at the battle of Bayou La Fourche, Oct 26, 1862, in the campaign against Mobile in 1865, and at the capture of Fort Blakely, April 8th of the same year; and was mustered out of service at New Orleans, Dec. 31, 1865.

"When the country called to arms, the reckless enthusiasm of the young soldier—his inexperience—his temptations—his dangers—touched Read's heart, as much as the wrongs of freedom and humanity roused his patriotism. He shouldered a musket and stepped into the ranks. He wanted to do soldiers good; and he resolved to share the lot of the humblest."¹

His successive pastorates were at Rolla, Mo., 1866—1867, at Centre Point, Iowa, 1867—1868, at Harrisonville, 1868—1869, at Austin, 1869—1871, and at Grant, 1871—1873, all in Missouri; at Ellinwood, 1873—1877, at Sterling, 1877—1879, and at Augusta, 1879—1884, all in Kansas; at Glidden, 1884—1886, at Atkins, 1886—1890, at Albion, 1890—1892, at Bonaparte, 1892—1894, at Des Moines, 1894—1895, and at O'Leary, 1895—1898, all in Iowa.

Retiring then from the ministry, he resided in Le Mars, Iowa until 1899, and at Des Moines in the same state, until his death from la grippe, March 9, 1904.

Mr. Read was married (1) Oct. 1, 1868, to Amelia L., daughter of George McNeil of Centreport, Iowa, who died Oct. 23, 1871; (2) April 29, 1874, to Mary J., daughter of Maj. J. M. Muscott, formerly of Turin, N. Y., who, with two children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1860.

EDWARD REED WHEELER, the son of Dr. E. M. and Elizabeth (Reed) Wheeler, was born in Paxton, Mass., Aug. 1, 1839, and was fitted for college at Deerfield and Leicester

¹ Professor S. M. Hopkins' address at Auburn Seminary, 1862.

Academies. The first year after graduation he was a teacher in Ashfield Academy, Mass.

He studied medicine at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York City, 1862—1864, and received the degree of M. D. from that institution.

May 10, 1864, he was commissioned assistant-surgeon of the 24th regiment, Mass. Vols., was promoted surgeon with rank of major Nov. 10th of the same year, and was mustered out of service at Richmond, Va., Jan. 20, 1866. During this period of service he participated in the battles of Drury's Bluff, Deep Bottom, Deep Run, Petersburg, and Darbytown Road, all in Virginia.

Dr. Wheeler practiced his profession in Elmira, N. Y., from 1866 to 1877, and at Spencer, Mass. the rest of his life. He died of angina pectoris at Winthrop Beach, Mass., April 30, 1904. "He was a member of the board of pension examiners of the Worcester district from November, 1901, counselor of the Massachusetts medical society, and was formerly president of the Worcester district medical society. He was also President of Spencer Good Samaritan Association, and a member of several other local societies. For many years he was a member of the Spencer school committee, and was trustee of the Richard Sugden public library, the funds for the establishment and maintenance of which he was largely instrumental in securing. Dr. Wheeler was one of Spencer's most influential citizens, and held in high esteem by a wide circle of acquaintances."

Dr. Wheeler was married (1) June 24, 1865, to Anna E. M., daughter of Walter Field of Northfield, Mass., who died Sept. 6, 1873; (2) Nov. 25, 1874, to Amelia R., daughter of John Rhoder, of Charlestown, Mass., who, with four of his six children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1865.

JAMES HOWARD BABBITT, the son of James H. and Eliza C. (Sweet) Babbitt, was born in Taunton, Mass., Jan. 13, 1839, and was fitted for college at Pierce Academy, Middleboro, Mass.

His theological education was obtained at Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1868. He was ordained Sept. 10, 1868, at Waitsfield, Vt., and was pastor of the church there until 1876; of the church at Swanton from 1877 and also at Highgate (both in the same State) from 1878 until 1887; and from Jan. 1, 1888 until 1900 of the church in West Brattleboro, Vt.

On account of his health he then retired from the ministry, and resided at Andover, Mass. until his death from apoplexy Sept. 14, 1903.

During his successive pastorates he was an active worker, not only in the church but in social, educational and charitable affairs. He was for several years a trustee of the home for the aged and disabled in Brattleboro, for eighteen years recording secretary and statistician of the Vermont Sunday School Association, recording secretary of the Vermont Bible Society, curator of the Historical Society for southern Vermont, and president of the board of trustees of Brattleboro Academy.

Mr. Babbitt was married, Aug. 12, 1868, to Mary F., daughter of Rev. Sereno T. Abbott of Hampton, N. H., who with four of their six children, survives him.

SAMUEL VALENTINE McDUFFIE, the son of Samuel and Emily (Way) McDuffie, was born in Corinth, Vt., Jan. 9, 1835, and was fitted for college at Barre, Vt. Academy.

He entered the Freshman class in September, 1861 and left college in the summer of 1862 for service in the Civil War. He enlisted in Co. A of the 3d regiment, N. H. volunteers Aug.

15, 1862, was transferred to the Signal Corps in 1864, served at Port Royal, Forts Wagner and Gregg, and Jacksonville, Fla. and was mustered out of service, July 11, 1865.

He was a member of Princeton, Union, and Bangor Theological Seminaries in succession, and graduated at Bangor in 1868. He was ordained at Crawfordsville, Ind., May 25, 1869, and was pastor at Wayne, Ia., December, 1868—January, 1870, at Acworth, N. H., 1870—1871, at Barton, Vt., 1871—1873, at Fisherville, N. H., 1873—1874, at Ludlow Centre, Mass., 1874—1882, at Brimfield, Mass., 1882—1884, at Orange City, Fla., 1884—1890, and at Thetford, Vt., 1890—1898. From that year he resided in Springfield, Mass. acting for some time as pastor's assistant at Hope Church. He died of organic disease of the heart at Springfield, Mass., Feb. 28, 1904. In consideration of his services in the civil war he received in 1886 the degree of B. A., and was enrolled with his class.

Mr. McDuffie was married, Sept. 15, 1868, to Mary, daughter of David Peterson of St. Johns, N. B., who, with their four children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1866.

JOSEPH WHITCOMB FAIRBANKS, the son of Emory and Eunice (Hayward) Fairbanks, and brother of Rev. Francis J. Fairbanks of the class of 1862, was born in Ashburnham, Mass., March 26, 1841, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

He was principal of the High School, South Hadley Falls, Mass., 1866—1868, of Center school, Norwalk, Conn., 1868—1874, of Dix Street Grammar school, Worcester, Mass., 1874—1875, and of the High School, Worcester, 1875—1878. From 1879 to July, 1884 he was principal of Williston Seminary.

From 1884 to 1890 he was engaged in private teaching and in business in St. Paul, Minn., and from 1890 to 1896 he was

principal of Smith Academy, St. Louis, Mo. In 1898 he was elected treasurer of Amherst College, and continued in that office until his death from fatty degeneration of the heart, consequent upon an attack of the grip, June 25, 1903. In 1879 Amherst conferred upon him the degree of Ph. D. During his residence in Amherst he was active and influential in church work, as Sunday School superintendent and deacon of the First Congregational church.

"Dr. Fairbanks was a man of the strongest will and character, who wrought faithfully the work before him without a thought of self-seeking or catering to public opinion. A person not only of scrupulous integrity but also of extraordinary exactitude and regularity in all business matters, his services were of priceless value to the college. Possessed of an earnest nature and a kind heart, he was unswerving in his loyalty to those who won his respect and friendship, though by nature he was not demonstrative."¹

Dr. Fairbanks was married Dec. 31, 1868, to Ellen M., daughter of J. Prescott Cutting of Templeton, Mass., who with two of their three children, survives him.

HEMAN HUMPHREY NEILL, the son of Rev. Henry Neill, D. D. of the class of 1834, and Lucy (Humphrey) Neill, and grandson of Rev. Heman Humphrey, D. D. the second president of the college, was born in Hatfield, Mass., Aug. 28, 1842, and was fitted for college by Charles F. Soldan of Detroit, Mich. and Rev. Charles Ray of Geneseo, N. Y.

His theological education was obtained at Princeton Seminary, where he graduated in 1869. He was ordained at Fort Edward, N. Y. June 19, 1869, and was pastor of the Presbyterian church there until 1874.

¹*Springfield Republican.*

From 1874 to 1885 he was Williston professor of rhetoric, oratory and English literature in Amherst College, from 1885 to 1889 professor of rhetoric and English literature, and from 1889 professor of English literature. His eminent ability and success in the conduct of his department were highly appreciated by all who came under his instruction. During the entire period of his professorship he was also a frequent and most acceptable preacher in the College church. In 1880 he delivered before the college an address commemorative of Professor Elihu Root, of the class of 1867, which was published.

On account of the failure of his health he tendered his resignation in May, 1903, and was made professor emeritus. After an illness of more than a year and a half he died of arteriosclerosis, June 9, 1904.

Professor Nell was married, Dec. 22, 1875, to Abby W., daughter of Charles B. Redfield of Pittsfield, Mass., who survives him.

CLASS OF 1871.

GEORGE RUGG CUTTING, the son of Charles and Elizabeth (Temple) Cutting, was born in Belmont, Mass., Oct. 9, 1848, and was fitted for college in Waltham, Mass. High School.

He was principal of the High School in Saratoga Springs, N. Y., 1871—1872, organizer and first principal of Union School and Academy, Waterville, N. Y., 1872—1883, principal of the High School, Auburn, N. Y., 1883—1886, principal of the academic department of Lake Forest University, Ill., and professor of oratory in the same institution, 1887—1890.

During his residence in Auburn, N. Y. he studied theology in the seminary there, was graduated in 1887, and was ordained by the presbytery of Cayuga, N. Y. in June of that year. November 6, 1890, he was installed pastor of the Westminster

Presbyterian church, Yonkers, N. Y., and continued in that relation until December, 1903. He was then called to the church in Ridgebury, N. Y. and began his ministry there, Dec. 6. He died of apoplexy at Ridgebury, N. Y., Dec. 28, 1903.

Mr. Cutting was the author of *Student Life at Amherst*, published in 1873. He was also special correspondent of the *Utica Morning Herald*, for about ten years from 1873.

"Mr. Cutting was noted for his executive ability, and was a fine organizer of the forces under his ministrations. His power as a preacher consisted in his simplicity of statement, directness of appeal, timeliness of utterance and Scripturalness of address.

In 1891, he was elected to serve as moderator of Westchester Presbytery. Seven times he was chosen to represent that Presbytery at meetings of the New York Synod. In 1898, he was chosen as one of the commissioners to the General Assembly."¹

Mr. Cutting was married, Aug. 4, 1875, to Ellen L., daughter of Isaac N. Choller, of Homer, N. Y., who with their three children, survives him.

ARTHUR RAYMOND SIMMONS, the son of Hervey and Emily (Wright) Simmons, was born in New Haven, N. Y., May 5, 1847, and was fitted for college at Falley Seminary, Fulton, N. Y.

He was a member of Michigan University one year and entered the Sophomore class at Amherst, September, 1868. The first two years after graduation he was Principal of Lonsdale High School, R. I. While in that position he began the study of medicine, which he continued in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City and received the degree of M. D. in 1875.

¹*New York Observer.*

He practiced his profession in New Hartford, N. Y. until November, 1883, and in Utica, N. Y. from that time until his death from pneumonia, March 27, 1904.

"For a considerable time Dr. Simmons was the physician in charge of St. Elizabeth's Hospital at Utica. For two years he was surgeon in charge of Faxon Hospital, and for the past ten years he had been on the staff of St. Luke's Hospital as oculist.

He was a prominent member of the Oneida County Medical Society, of which he was president in 1883. He was also a permanent member of the Medical Society of the State of New York and the American Academy of Medicine. He was one of the charter members of the Utica Medical Library Association and the author of a number of medical papers.

In his private work he had a large general practice, but made a specialty of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. He was a very successful practitioner and in his specialty one of the most skillful in the city.

Dr. Simmons was a Presbyterian. In 1876 he was elected an elder in the Presbyterian Church in New Hartford, and since 1884 he had been an elder in Westminster Church of this city."

Dr. Simmons was married, Dec. 2, 1875, to Emma, daughter of Benjamin King of Hartford, Conn., who, with four of their five children, survives him. One of his sons, Arthur P. Simmons is a graduate of Amherst, class of 1900.

CLASS OF 1877.

GEORGE KRESS, the son of George and Anna Kress, was born in Broad Brook, Conn., Dec. 24, 1849, and was fitted for college at Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Mass.

He studied law in the office of Hon. E. H. Lathrop in Springfield, Mass. and was admitted to the Hampden county bar in 1878. He practiced law in Huntington, Mass., 1879—1893,

and in Westfield, Mass., from 1893 until his death from consumption, in that town, Oct. 18, 1903.

"While in Huntington Mr. Kress took an active part in church and town affairs, being chairman of the school board for several years, and also chairman of the republican town committee. After removing to Westfield he took a keen interest in town affairs but never held public office. He was a good citizen, and his death is regretted. Mr. Kress was a member of Mt. Tekoa commandery, Knights of Malta, and of the First Congregational church."

Mr. Kress was married, Jan. 21, 1879, to Georgetta, daughter of James B. Adams, of Broad Brook, Conn., who, with one child, survives him.

CLASS OF 1885.

JOHN CHURCHWOOD WILSON, the son of Thomas and Ruth A. (McCoy) Wilson, was born in Philadelphia, Penn., May 9, 1862, and was fitted for college at Rugby and Eastburn Academies in his native city.

His theological education was obtained at Yale Divinity School, where he graduated in 1888. He was ordained May 23, 1888. at Stonington, Conn., and was pastor of the First Congregational church there until September, 1893. He was pastor of the Centre church, Meriden, Conn. from September, 1893 to February, 1897, of the Puritan church, Brooklyn, N. Y. from February, 1897 to May, 1901, and associate-pastor of the South church from September 1901 until his death from accidental gas poisoning, July 9, 1903.

"Rev. Dr. A. J. Lyman, the senior pastor of the South church, says of him: 'He possessed a ministerial equipment and personal character of unusual richness and beauty—affable, sagacious, trustworthy, a good counselor, a true friend, a consecrated minister, a devoted Christian.'"¹

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

Mr. Wilson was married, April 25, 1888, to Lilian A., daughter of Thomas M. Barton, M. D., who, with their only child, survives him.

CLASS OF 1894.

BRADBURY CILLEY, the son of Columbus and Agnes (Anderson) Cilley, was born in Colerain, Hamilton Co., Ohio, Jan. 14, 1872, and was fitted for college at Belmont College, Ohio.

The first year after graduation he was a member of the School of Political Science in Columbia University, and received the degree of M. A. from that institution in 1895. The next two years he was a student of medicine in the University of Pennsylvania.

In 1897, for the benefit of his health, he removed to California. While residing at Covina in that state in 1901, he classified the books of the public library in that town, notwithstanding the continued failure of his health.

After a long illness he died of laryngeal tuberculosis at Pasadena, Cal., Oct. 18, 1903.

Mr. Cilley was unmarried.

"At a special meeting of the trustees of the public library the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, on Oct. 18, there entered into rest a former citizen of Covina, whose close connection with the Covina Public Library as president, and his faithful services in behalf of this institution rendered his death a public misfortune, therefore be it

Resolved, that in the death of Bradbury Cilley the community lost one of the most public spirited and honorable citizens, a man whose efforts in behalf of the best interests of the community, and especially the public library, entitles him to the respect and admiration of all good citizens."¹

¹Covina, Cal. *Argus*.

HOWARD IRVING FORD, the son of Rev. David B. Ford, D. D. and Lavinia (Sherman) Ford, was born in Norwell, Mass., Aug. 19, 1871, and was fitted for college at Thayer Academy, South Braintree, Mass.

He was instructor in mathematics in Phillips (Andover) Academy, 1894—1895 and in English in the same school, 1895—1896. After a leave of absence of two years for the benefit of his health, he continued his work in Phillips Academy until 1902.

He was then in the employ of the New York branch of Ginn and Co., book-publishers, until near the close of 1903. For the sake of his health he traveled in the South, and died of pneumonia at El Paso, Tex., Feb. 21, 1904.

Mr. Ford was the author of a pamphlet entitled, *Birds of Andover, Mass.*

"In the sudden death of Mr. Howard I. Ford, lately of the English department in Phillips Academy, his friends feel a peculiar loss, for he was not one to be known to the multitude. His was a rich, but a reticent nature, and the beauty of his character unfolded by slow degrees under the warmth of friendship. He was so true, so loyal, so unassuming.

A lover of the birds and blossoms he never intruded upon them, he shrank rather, from submitting them to undue curiosity, and thus the wide knowledge of their habits was attained by gentle persistence that insured accuracy and this was characteristic of the man.

His dignity as a teacher was mingled with an intense desire to afford aid and motive to his pupils. His sympathy for their discouragements, his joy in their progress, was probably never revealed to the majority under his instruction."

"In the death of Howard I. Ford the class of Ninety-four at Amherst has lost one of its most cherished members. In a rare manner he combined ruggedness of character and refinement of thought and feeling. His every relation to his College and his Class was marked by strong devotion and sturdy independence. His qual-

ities of friendship make the memory of our association with him grateful and lasting."¹

Mr. Ford was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1899.

ARTHUR REED TAFT, the son of George H. and Mary F. (Reed) Taft, was born in Worcester, Mass., Jan. 28, 1877 and was fitted for college at the Classical High School in that city.

After graduation he was in the employ of the Morgan Construction Co., Worcester, and in 1903 became assistant-secretary of the company. By those with whom he was associated at the company's works he was held in very high esteem.

He was a prominent member of Plymouth church and superintendent of its Sunday-school. While on a vacation in Nova Scotia, he died of embolism of the heart, at Barrington in that province, June 2, 1904.

Mr. Taft was unmarried.

¹ Minute of the class of 1894, passed March 4, 1904.

RECORD OF GRADUATES WHOSE DEATHS

HAVE NOT BEEN PREVIOUSLY REPORTED.

CLASS OF 1858.

HENRY MATURIN BISHOP, the son of Theodore and Esther (Chaffee) Bishop, was born in Middletown, Conn., Oct. 13, 1837, and was fitted for college at the Springfield, Mass. High School. From 1854 to 1856 he was a member of Wesleyan University, and entered Amherst at the beginning of Junior year.

After graduation he engaged in teaching until 1864. The next two years he was a medical cadet in the army in New York City and Newark, N. J., for a part of this period stationed at Fort Schuyler. From 1866 to 1869 he was a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City, and received from it the degree of M. D. He practiced his profession at Sharon, Penn. from 1869 until 1885, and at Brooklyn, N. Y. from 1885 until his death from apoplexy at Brentwood, N. Y., March 16, 1901.

Dr. Bishop was married Oct. 11, 1870, to Alice A., daughter of John Wilson of New Brighton, Penn., who with their only child, survives him.

CLASS OF 1860.

GEORGE DEXTER, the son of John B. and Lucinda (McIntyre) Dexter, was born in Charlton, Mass., Oct. 25, 1834, and was fitted for college at Worcester, Mass. Academy.

After graduation, he was principal of Belchertown, Mass. High School one year, and of Ware, Mass. High School one year, and was then a member of Harvard Divinity School, 1862—1864. He was ordained Jan. 25, 1865 at Bridgewater, Mass., and was pastor of the First Congregational church (Unitarian) in that town, 1865—1866. His subsequent pastorates were at Brewster, Mass., 1866—1870 and at Walpole, N. H., 1870—1875.

On account of the failure of his health he then became a banker in Boston, and continued in that occupation, with his residence in Dorchester until his death from angina pectoris, May 28, 1903.

"He was a member of the Norfolk Unitarian Conference and of the Third Religious Society in Dorchester, twenty-five years. During all this period he was very active in church work, and devoted to its interests. He was also a remarkably fine teacher of the Bible in the Sunday School."

Mr. Dexter was married, Jan. 1, 1866, to Cornelia W., daughter of Emmor K. Cornell of Troy, N. Y., who survives him. No children.

CHARLES HERBERT RICHARDSON, the son of Daniel and Achsa (Rice) Richardson, was born at Saxton's River, Vt., Oct. 20, 1833, and was fitted for college at Ward Seminary, Saxton's River, and Leland Seminary, Townshend, Vt. He was a member of Madison University, Hamilton, N. Y., three years, and entered the Senior class at Amherst in September, 1859.

His theological education was obtained at Newton Seminary, of which he was a member two years. He was ordained Jan. 8, 1863, and was pastor of the Baptist church at Massena, N. Y. 1862—1864.

In the civil war he was chaplain of the 92d regiment, N. Y.

Vols. from Feb. 4, 1864 to Jan. 4, 1865; and from that date, of the 98th regiment, N. Y. Vols. until September, 1865. With these regiments he participated in a number of noted battles, including those of Cold Harbor and the Wilderness.

He was pastor at Felchville, Vt., 1865—1870. at Pittsfield, N. H., 1870—1871, at Northfield and Romeo, Mich., 1871—1876, and Home Missionary in the state of Minnesota, 1876—1878, residing in Marshall. After engaging in business for about two years on account of his health he removed to Sioux City, Ia. and was an active worker in the First Baptist church, and frequently supplied its pulpit. About the year 1880 he began missionary work in the east part of the city under the direction of that church, which resulted in the establishment of a Sunday School and of regular preaching services. In 1892 and 1893 he continued the same work, and a little later a church was organized under the name of the Calvary Baptist church.

On account of the loss of his health he then retired from the ministry, and continued to reside in Sioux City until his death from cerebral paresis, May 11, 1903.

Mr. Richardson was married, Aug. 22, 1858, to Lura A., daughter of Dea. Ward Scott of Townshend, Vt., who with four of their six children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1871.

EDWARD SOUTHWORTH FITZ, the son of George W. and Catherine (Van Horne) Fitz, was born in Pembroke, N. H., Sept. 6, 1842, and was partly fitted for college at Wilbraham Academy when the outbreak of the civil war interrupted his studies. He enlisted in August, 1862, private in Co. K, 43d regiment, Mass. Vols., and served in the 24th army corps in North Carolina, participating in the battles of Kingston, Whitehall, Goldsboro, Blountsville, and Old Creek, and in the siege

of Little Washington. He was mustered out of service, July 30, 1863, but during the rest of the war was a chaplain. Afterwards, he was for a time assistant superintendent under the Freedmen's Bureau.

His preparation for college was completed at Monson Academy in 1867. After graduation he was a member of Andover Theological Seminary somewhat less than two years. During this time he also preached at Derry, N. H. a few months, and at Park Street Congregational church, West Springfield, Mass., fifteen months. May 20, 1874, he was ordained at Southampton, Mass., and was pastor there about two years. He then studied medicine at Rush Medical College, Chicago, receiving there the degree of M. D. in 1881, and practicing his profession in that city until 1884. During 1882 and 1883 he was also acting pastor of the First Presbyterian church at Mason City, Ill.

From the fall of 1884 to December, 1885 he was acting pastor of the Baptist church in Ridley Park, Penn., attending lectures at the same time at Crozier Theological Seminary at Upland, Penn. From 1885 to the summer of 1891 he was pastor at South Seaville, N. J., and at Roadstown, N. J., until April, 1896. After that he resided in various places, and for a short time practiced medicine in Philadelphia; but occasionally suffered from aberration of mind. He died of apoplexy, at Neligh, Nebraska, March 14, 1902.

Mr. Fitz was a member of the Chicago Pathological Society, and of the American Academy of Medicine. In 1887 he aided in establishing Temple College of Philadelphia, and for two years had charge of the Greek and Latin departments there. From 1889 to 1894 he was one of the managers of the New Jersey Baptist Education Society.

Mr. Fitz was married, July 2, 1873, to Sarah E., daughter of Rev. David N. Coburn of Monson, who survives him. Two children.

CLASS OF 1872.

LOUIS BRYANT TUCKERMAN, the son of Jacob and Elizabeth (Ellenwood) Tuckerman, was born in Rome, O., Feb. 15, 1850. He was fitted for college at Farmer's College, College Hill, O., of which he was also a member the first two years of the course.

He was a member of Yale Divinity School one year. After engaging in missionary work he was ordained Sept. 30, 1874. From 1874 to 1876 he was a teacher at Austenberg, O. and acting pastor at Lenox and Eagleville, O. a part of that time.

He then studied medicine at Long Island College Hospital, and received from it the degree of M. D. in 1877. From 1877 to 1879 he practiced his profession at Williamsfield, O., from 1879 to 1881 at Austenberg in the same state, and at Cleveland, from 1881 until his death from malaria following an attack of acute muscular rheumatism, March 5, 1902.

In 1882 he was appointed professor of Physiology in the medical department of Wooster University (now the College of Physicians and Surgeons) in Cleveland, and from 1887 was visiting physican at St. Alexis Hospital. From 1884 to 1888 he was the publisher of *The Workman*, and from 1897 to 1900 exchange-editor of the Cleveland *Medical Gazette*.

Dr. Tuckerman was a charter-member of the Cleveland Medical Society; a member of the Cuyahoga County Medical Society during his professional life in Cleveland; of the Ohio State Medical Society from 1891, and for five years chairman of its committee on medical legislation, and at the time of his death a member of the American Academy of Medicine, and of the American Medical Association. For many years he was a member of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Sociologic Council of Cleveland and an elder in the Third Presbyterian church of that city.

“By his fellow-citizens he was ever held in the highest esteem

for his eminent professional ability and skill, for his courage and earnestness in all matters of reform, his unselfish devotion to the welfare of the laboring classes and the improvement of social conditions, as well as to the highest interests of the church in which he was a most conscientious and faithful office-bearer."

Dr. Tuckerman was married, June 29, 1875, to Mary E., daughter of Warner W. Hopkins of West Andover, O., who, with five of their six children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1876.

ARTHUR BURLEY GILMAN, the son of John P. and Ann (Hale) Gilman was born in Haverhill, Mass., June 18, 1856, and was fitted for college at Monson Academy.

After graduation, he engaged in hat manufacturing in Haverhill, and continued in that business until his death from heart disease, Dec. 31, 1901.

Mr. Gilman was married, April 13, 1886, to Ethelende, daughter of John W. Coffin of Watertown, Mass., who with their two children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1879.

FRANCIS McKIE THAYER, the son of Francis S. and Kate (McKie) Thayer, was born in North Greenbush, N. Y., June 13, 1857, and was fitted for college by Mr. S. W. Wilson at Troy, N. Y.

From 1882 to 1899 he resided in Colorado Springs, Colo. For some time after that his residence was in Shelbyville, Ky. He returned then to Colorado Springs, where he died May 24, 1902.

Mr. Thayer was unmarried.

APPENDIX.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF GRADUATES WHOSE DEATHS HAVE BEEN
REPORTED SINCE THE PUBLICATION OF THE QUIN-
QUENNIAL CATALOGUE IN JUNE, 1900.

Class.	Year of Death.	Class.	Year of Death.
1872. Adams, H. B.	1901.	1871. Cheesman, H.	1903.
1886. Aiken, W. B.	1903.	1894. Cilley, B.	1903.
1898. Allan, F. M.	1903.	1883. Claflin, W.	1902.
1858. Allen, T. F.	1902.	1837. Clark, S. W.	1901.
1858. Andrews, C. B.	1902.	1854. Cooley, E. A.	1902.
1842. Armsby, L.	1904.	1838. Cross, M. K.	1902.
1839. Ash, G. W.	1901.	1871. Cutting, G. R.	1903.
1850. Avery, W. F.	1903.	1878. Denfeld, L. E.	1901.
1865. Babbitt, J. H.	1903.	1860. Dexter, G.	1903.
1876. Barker, E. P.	1901.	1851. Doe, F. B.	1901.
1844. Barnard, W.	1900.	1851. Douglass, F. A.	1902.
1865. Barnes, H. F.	1902.	1852. Dunn, A.	1902.
1859. Barrows, W. H.	1902.	1867. Earle, E. B.	1901.
1872. Bartholomew, E. P.	1902.	1841. Eaton, J. M. R.	1904.
1837. Bayley, C. C.	1903.	1847. Edwards, H. L.	1903.
1837. Beaman, W. H.	1901.	1844. Ellsworth, E. W.	1902.
1866. Bell, N. H.	1902.	1865. Emery, J. A.	1900.
1893. Bigelow, H.	1901.	1834. Emery, S. H.	1901.
1859. Billings, S. W.	1901.	1866. Fairbanks, J. W.	1903.
1858. Bishop, H. M.	1902.	1884. Fellows, G. S.	1901.
1858. Bliss, D. J.	1903.	1842. Fiske, D. T.	1903.
1857. Boalt, J. H.	1901.	1871. Fitz, E. S.	1902.
1865. Bolton, C. E.	1901.	1894. Ford, H. I.	1904.
1854. Bosworth, G.	1902.	1857. Fordham, J. L.	1901.
1873. Bradley, L.	1902.	1838. Gale, T. A.	1900.
1893. Brooks, G. B.	1900.	1850. Garrette, E. Y.	1902.
1852. Burgess, E. P.	1901.	1837. Gaylord, H. J.	1901.
1889. Carleton, E. G.	1902.	1876. Gilman, A. B.	1901.
1857. Carr, W. O.	1904.	1848. Goodale, G. W.	1899.

Class.		Year of Death.	Class.		Year of Death.
1856.	Goodwin, E. P.	1901.	1891.	Nason, W. E.	1901.
1836.	Greene, T. P.	1901.	1866.	Neill, H. H.	1904.
1860.	Griggs, L. S.	1903.	1853.	Nelson, E.	1901.
1842.	Grinnell, J. S.	1900.	1834.	Nichols, W. A.	1901.
1840.	Hammond, W. B.	1900.	1894.	Noyes, H.	1901.
1852.	Harrington, B. T.	1901.	1836.	Oliphant, D. S.	1903.
1884.	Hastings, A.	1901.	1888.	Osborne, A. D.	1902.
1849.	Hatch, J. L.	1903.	1845.	Packard, A. K.	1903.
1858.	Hawley, C. W.	1902.	1843.	Parker, H. W.	1903.
1845.	Henshaw, M.	1900.	1856.	Peet, E. W.	1902.
1857.	Herrick, W. D.	1903.	1861.	Pomeroy, W. M.	1901.
1892.	Hodder, W. C.	1901.	1871.	Porter, D. D.	1900.
1864.	Holt, G. H.	1901.	1840.	Pratt, H.	1902.
1832.	Hopkins, S. M.	1901.	1848.	Pratt, H. A.	1901.
1862.	Houghton, James C.	1902.	1860.	Putnam, H. B.	1901.
1861.	Houghton, John C.	1900.	1852.	Rankin, W. B.	1903.
1889.	Humphrey, C. J.	1903.	1859.	Read, P.	1904.
1840.	Jackson, A.	1901.	1856.	Reed, C. A.	1900.
1857.	Jones, H. W.	1904.	1860.	Richardson, C. H.	1903.
1880.	Kellogg, J. G.	1901.	1829.	Riggs, E.	1901.
1877.	Kress, G.	1903.	1862.	Robbins, J. H.	1900.
1864.	Lee, J. H.	1903.	1875.	Sanborn, F. W.	1902.
1845.	Lee, J. S.	1902.	1893.	Sanderson, W. E.	1903.
1862.	Lincoln, R. P.	1900.	1860.	Shepard, E. O.	1903.
1852.	Littlefield, J. A.	1903.	1871.	Simmons, A. R.	1904.
1837.	Lyman, G.	1903.	1874.	Smith, S. P.	1902.
1870.	Lyon, A. P.	1901.	1866.	Smith, T. S.	1900.
1838.	Mandell, W. A.	1902.	1838.	Spare, J.	1901.
1834.	Marcy, E. E.	1900.	1853.	Spencer, J.	1903.
1887.	Mason, J. J.	1900.	1860.	Stebbins, A.	1901.
1875.	Mayo-Smith, R.	1901.	1870.	Sterling, G.	1901.
1865.	McDuffie, S. V.	1904.	1862.	Stockwell, A. P.	1900.
1874.	Mills, C. P.	1902.	1875.	Strong, H. C.	1900.
1894.	Moore, B. J.	1900.	1847.	Swan, G.	1900.
1859.	Morrison, R. A.	1903.	1857.	Sweetser, J. H.	1904.
1854.	Morse, E. M.	1900.	1899.	Taft, A. R.	1904.
1874.	Muzzy, A. T.	1902.	1858.	Tappan, C. L.	1902.
1851.	Nash, H. C.	1900.	1840.	Terry, C.	1900.

Class.		Year of Death.	Class.		Year of Death.
1831.	Thayer, E. W.	1902.	1895.	Warren, H. L.	1901.
1879.	Thayer, F. M.	1902.	1862.	Warrington, G.	1900.
1859.	Tiffany, J. O.	1902.	1851.	Washburn, W. P.	1904.
1852.	Train, G.	1900.	1855.	Webster, B. F.	1903.
1885.	Tucker, E. A.	1902.	1848.	Wedge, N.	1900.
1885.	Tucker, E. B.	1902.	1860.	Wheeler, E. R.	1904.
1872.	Tuckerman, L. B.	1902.	1884.	Wilbur, H. L.	1900.
1893.	Turner, A.	1901.	1885.	Wilson, J. C.	1903.
1864.	Tyler, W. W.	1903.	1899.	Wing, L.	1901.
1869.	Votaw, E. H.	1902.	1893.	Wood, C. D.	1901.
1845.	Warren, G. W.	1900.	1849.	Woodbridge, J.	1900.

05

OF THE
UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS

OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF AMHERST COLLEGE,

FOR THE

ACADEMICAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 28, 1905.

[FIFTH PRINTED SERIES No. 3.]

AMHERST, MASS.
PUBLISHED BY THE COLLEGE.
MDCCCCV.

NOTE.

In connection with the editing of the Triennial Catalogue in Latin, in the year 1862—1863, the undersigned was directed by the Faculty to prepare and have printed an obituary record of graduates deceased during that year; and subsequently he was instructed to prepare a similar record annually.

This has been done and four series of ten years each were completed in 1902, containing accounts of eleven hundred and eighty-three graduates and numbering in all ten hundred and seven pages. Nine numbers from 1877 to 1885, inclusive, were edited by the late Prof. J. K. Chickering of the class of 1869. To the first two series and also to each of the third and fourth series, alphabetical indexes have been added.

The oldest alumnus in graduation is Rev. John Hagadorn Wells of Kingston, R. I., born Jan. 28, 1817, the surviving member of the class of 1837. The oldest living graduate, however, is Rev. John Wainwright Ray of Washington, D. C., born April 13, 1813, one of three surviving members of the class of 1839.

In this number of the *Obituary Record* the facts in each instance have been obtained by correspondence with relatives or other intimate acquaintances of the subjects of these notices.

All persons who may be able at any time to furnish information for the *Obituary Record* are urgently requested to communicate the same, without delay, to the Editor.

E. P. CROWELL,

AMHERST COLLEGE.

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Roll of Graduates Deceased During the Year 1904—1905.

GRADUATION.	AGE.
1836. REV. EDMUND DOWSE, D. D. . . .	91
1839. REV. FREDERIC DAN HUNTINGTON, D. D., LL. D., L. H. D., ...	85
1843. HON. LUCIUS MANLIUS BOLTWOOD, . . .	79
1843. REV. JOSEPH RICHARDSON WHITTEMORE, . .	87
1843. REV. THADDEUS WILSON, ...	80
1844. WILLIAM EBENEZER TYLER, M. A., . . .	82
1845. HON. HENRY BEERS UNDERHILL, M. A., . .	83
1846. REV. GEORGE ELISHA FISHER, ...	82
1847. WARREN FALES DRAPER, ...	86
1848. ISAAC POMEROY, M. A., ...	81
1849. REV. CHARLES HARTWELL, M. A., ...	79
1853. GEORGE EDWIN HODGE, ...	72
1854. JOHN COOPER, M. D., ...	70
1854. REV. NORMAN ALLING PRENTISS, M. A., . .	76
1855. REV. WILLIAM EASTMAN DICKINSON, M. A., .	72
1857. REV. DANIEL HENRY ROGAN, ...	74
1858. JOSHUA HENRY HUNTINGTON, ...	71
1858. REV. LYMAN SIBLEY ROWLAND, D. D., . .	73
1859. REV. SAMUEL EDWARD HERRICK, D. D., . .	63
1862. REV. ALBERT BRYANT, ...	66
1862. PRES. HENRY HILL GOODELL, LL. D., . .	65
1862. FRANK DEAN, ...	67
1863. HENRY PARKHURST WELLS, ...	62

1865.	HON. HENRY PERCY MOULTON,	.	.	60
1867.	REV. MICHAEL BURNHAM, D. D.,	.	.	65
1867.	REV. PROF. SAMUEL IVES CURTISS, Ph. D., D. D.,	.	.	60
1868.	PROF. WILLIAM WELLS EATON, M. A.,	.	.	58
1869.	REV. ELIJAH WINCHESTER DONALD, D. D., LL. D.,	.	.	56
1871.	FRANK ALLEN GOSS,	.	.	54
1872.	GEORGE REUBEN METCALF, M. D.,	.	.	56
1874.	HON. FRANKLIN PIERCE OWEN,	.	.	50
1876.	REV. FRANK BOWLER,	.	.	50
1881.	CHARLES BARZILLAI SPAHR, Ph. D.,	.	.	44
1885.	WILLIAM CUSHMAN HAWKS,	.	.	43
1885.	ELIHU RUSSELL HOUGHTON, M. A., M. D.,	.	.	40
1891.	HERBERT MORGAN CHASE, M. A., LL. B.,	.	.	35
1892.	FRANK ADRIAN LEACH,	.	.	34
1893.	OLIVER HOWARD STORY,	.	.	33
1894.	REV. ERNEST MERRILL BARTLETT, M. A.,	.	.	34
1899.	WILLIAM HARDING KING.	.	.	26
1902.	FRANKLIN LEONARD WAINWRIGHT POPE,	.	.	24
1902.	HAROLD PARKER STEVENS,	.	.	23
	Whole number,		42	
	Average age,		61.7	

Roll of Graduates Whose Deaths have not been Previously Reported.

1852.	GEORGE LEWIS BECKER, M. A.,	.	.	82
1857.	REV. JOHN WEBSTER DODGE,	.	.	67
1861.	GEORGE MARVIN WELLMAN, M. A., M. D.,	.	.	64

ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

- | | | | |
|-------|------------------|-------|-------------------|
| 1894. | Bartlett, E. M. | 1885. | Houghton, E. R. |
| 1852. | Becker, G. L. | 1839. | Huntington, F. D. |
| 1843. | Boltwood, L. M. | 1858. | Huntington, J. H. |
| 1876. | Bowler, F. | 1899. | King, W. H. |
| 1862. | Bryant, A. | 1892. | Leach, F. A. |
| 1867. | Burnham, M. | 1872. | Metcalf, G. R. |
| 1891. | Chase, H. M. | 1865. | Moulton, H. P. |
| 1854. | Cooper, J. | 1874. | Owen, F. P. |
| 1867. | Curtiss, S. I. | 1848. | Pomeroy, I. |
| 1862. | Dean, F. | 1902. | Pope, F. L. W. |
| 1855. | Dickinson, W. E. | 1854. | Prentiss, N. A. |
| 1857. | Dodge, J. W. | 1857. | Rogan, D. H. |
| 1869. | Donald, E. W. | 1858. | Rowland, L. S. |
| 1836. | Dowse, E. | 1881. | Spahr, C. B. |
| 1847. | Draper, W. F. | 1902. | Stevens, H. P. |
| 1868. | Eaton, W. W. | 1893. | Story, O. H. |
| 1846. | Fisher, G. E. | 1844. | Tyler, W. E. |
| 1862. | Goodell, H. H. | 1845. | Underhill, H. B. |
| 1871. | Goss, F. A. | 1861. | Wellman, G. M. |
| 1849. | Hartwell, C. | 1863. | Wells, H. P. |
| 1885. | Hawks, W. C. | 1843. | Whittemore, J. R. |
| 1859. | Herrick, S. E. | 1843. | Wilson, L. |
| 1853. | Hodge, G. E. | | |

RECORD OF GRADUATES DECEASED DURING THE YEAR 1904-1905.

CLASS OF 1836.

EDMUND DOWSE, the son of Benjamin and Thankful (Chamberlain) Dowse, was born in Sherborn, Mass., Sept. 17, 1813, and was fitted for college at Day's Academy, Wrentham, Mass.

He studied theology with Rev. Jacob Ide, D. D., of Medway, Mass., and was ordained in his native town, Oct. 10, 1838. He was pastor of the Pilgrim Congregational church there for sixty-five years, becoming pastor emeritus in 1903.

"During the Civil war, Dr. Dowse was chairman of the Christian commission in the army of the Cumberland in Tennessee, while Gen. Grant was in command, and he performed meritorious service, receiving the personal commendations of the commanding general."

Wholly without his initiative, he was elected a member of the State senate in 1869 and in 1870, and served as a member of the committees on parishes and religious societies and on prisons. He was chaplain of the senate twenty-five years, from 1879 to 1903.

Dr. Dowse was an earnest champion of progressive education. He was for sixty-five years a member of the school board of his town, and for much of that time its chairman. In 1860 he was instrumental in securing funds for the endowment of the Dowse High School, and in 1872 for Sawin Academy, which were soon after united and he was for many years chairman of the board of trustees.

He was the author of several historical addresses and sermons. The degree of D.D. was conferred upon him by Amherst College in 1886. He outlived all the other members of his class and died of old age in Sherborn, April 27, 1905.

"Dr. Dowse was a model pastor, shepherding the whole flock over which he believed that the Lord had given him charge. He knew his flock by name, ministering in private as well as in public to old and young. He was a man of ardent sympathies, outspoken in his convictions, an advocate of every good cause, yet so genial in bearing and kindly in spirit, that he seldom, if ever, gave offense, even to those whom he opposed. The spirit of his Master was in him, and this it was which made him love the gospel which he preached so faithfully, and which also made him so beloved by all who knew him."¹

Dr. Dowse was married (1) Oct. 2, 1838, to Elizabeth R., daughter of Daniel Leland of Sherborn, Mass., who died June 16, 1842; (2) Oct. 10, 1843, to Elizabeth, daughter of Galen Bowditch of Sherborn, Mass., who died Jan. 12, 1864; (3) Sept. 28, 1865, to Caroline D., daughter of Jacob Davis of Gardiner, Me., who, with two of his five children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1839.

FREDERICK DAN HUNTINGTON, the son of Rev. Dan Huntington and Elizabeth W. (Phelps) Huntington, was born in Hadley, Mass., May 28, 1819, and was fitted for college at Hopkins Academy in that town.

His theological education was obtained at Harvard Divinity School, where he graduated in 1842. He was ordained, in October of that year, in Boston and was pastor of the South Congregational church (Unitarian) there until 1855. From that year until 1860 he was Plummer Professor of Christian Morals, and preacher to the University at Harvard.

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

In 1860, he decided to withdraw from the Unitarian denomination, and to enter the Protestant Episcopal Church. March 25th of that year he was confirmed by Bishop Eastburn, soon after was ordained Deacon, and March 19, 1861, was ordained Priest.

From 1861 to 1869 he was rector of Emmanuel church, Boston. In 1869 he was elected the first bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Central New York, and was consecrated Bishop in Boston, April 8th of that year. He continued in that office the rest of his life, with his residence in Syracuse, but his summer vacations were always spent at the homestead in Hadley, Mass., and he died there of pneumonia July 11, 1904.

The degree of D.D. was conferred upon him by Amherst College in 1855, and by Columbia University in 1887, that of LL. D. by Amherst in 1887, and that of L. H. D. by Syracuse University in 1897.

Bishop Huntington was the author of *Sermons for the People*, *Christian Believing and Living*, Lowell and Graham lectures on *The Divine Aspects of Human Society*, *Helps to a Holy Lent*, *Lessons on the Parables of our Savior*, *Sermons for the Christian Year*, *Unconscious Tuition*, *Home and College*, *Christ and the World*, *A Charge to the Clergy*, and was editor of seven volumes in prose literature and poetry. He was also the editor of two collections of devotional poems, *Lyra Domestica*, and *Elim; or Hymns of Holy Refreshment*.

“Bishop Huntington during the last twenty-five years of his life was a commanding figure in the Episcopal Church.

His intellectual vigor and activity had, much earlier, attracted to him the respectful notice of the thoughtful; but in course of time the community in general awoke to the fact that he possessed certain unique qualities even for an able, devoted Christian minister, qualities which gained him influence among widely different classes of people.

Most unusual of all was a certain *combination* of gifts, of deep spirituality, or what is sometimes called other-worldliness, with active interest in social questions. Many of us who knew him regarded him as the most spiritually-minded man we had ever known. He seemed to live continually in the presence of God. What was so evident to those who came in close contact with him was almost equally so to those who heard him preach, especially on the subject of personal religion. Who of us that heard them can ever forget those lectures that he gave to us as students in the Theological Seminary on 'Personal Christian Life in the Ministry'? And so to the still wider constituency that he reached through his published writings—he was, and is, a distinct spiritual force, a modern master of the spiritual life. That on the one hand.

And on the other, he was a close student of social problems, and an active worker in their solution. Like many others, he believed with all his heart in the application of Christ's teachings to all the relations of life; but unlike most of us, in the ministry and out of it, he was specific. He did not hesitate to espouse the cause of Labor, in its struggle for justice, as the cause of Christ; nor to rebuke alike the grasping spirit in the making of wealth, and self-indulgence in its use; nor to insist upon high righteousness between employer and employed as one of the essential characteristics of the Kingdom of Heaven on the earth.

All of that is not commonly associated with a spiritually-minded man, nor even with the Christian ministry in general. For a while among the bishops of his church he stood alone—nearly alone among her ministers. That today so many ministers and Christian laymen of every name are actively interested in living social problems is due in no small degree to the intellectual, spiritual and social leadership of F. D. Huntington."¹

The Craftsman (Syracuse, N. Y.) for October, 1904, also contains a scholarly and appreciative sketch of the life and career of Bishop Huntington, with quotations from his writings.

Dr. Huntington was married, Sept. 4, 1843, to Hannah D., daughter of Capt. Epes Sargent of Boston, who with four of their seven children, survives him.

¹ Rev. David Sprague, Amherst.

CLASS OF 1843.

LUCIUS MANLIUS BOLTWOOD, the son of Lucius Boltwood, Esq., and Fanny H. (Shepard) Boltwood, was born in Amherst, Mass., June 8, 1825, and was fitted for college at Amherst Academy.

His theological studies were pursued in part at East Windsor (now Hartford) Seminary, and in part at Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1847, but he was never ordained.

From 1852 to 1863 he was librarian of Amherst College. In this period he was also a member of the State Senate in 1859 and in 1860, and from 1861 to 1865 he was postmaster at Amherst. He was assistant librarian of the Congressional Library at Washington, D. C., for two years, and librarian of the "Young Men's Institute," Hartford, Conn., 1868—1875.

From 1879 to 1894 he resided at New Haven, Conn., and after Jan. 1, 1895, in Grand Rapids, Mich., until his death from arterial sclerosis, Feb. 28, 1905. During that period he was the executor of many important estates.

Mr. Boltwood was the author of "Family Genealogies" in *Judd's History of Hadley, Mass.*, which work he completed in 1863, after the author's death in 1860; *History and Genealogy of the Family of Thomas Noble of Westfield, Mass.*, in 1878, and of many historical and genealogical articles in magazines and newspapers.

For many years he devoted himself chiefly to genealogical and antiquarian researches.

In 1846, he was chosen a corresponding member of the New England Historic-Genealogical Society; in 1852 of the New York Historical Society; in 1856 of the Connecticut Historical Society; in 1868 a resident member of the same; from 1868 to 1872 its recording secretary; and in 1900 of the Old Colony Historical Society, Taunton, Mass. In 1858 he was

elected an honorary member of the Vermont Historical Society, in 1859 of the New Hampshire Historical Society, and in 1876 he was invited to become a fellow of the Royal Historical Society of Great Britain.

Mr. Boltwood was married, June 6, 1860, to Clarinda B., daughter of Hinckley Williams of Goshen, Mass., who, with their five children, survives him.

JOSEPH RICHARDSON WHITTEMORE, the son of Abram and Martha (Marshall) Whittemore, was born in Greenfield, N. H., May 16, 1817, and was fitted for college at New Ipswich, N. H., Academy.

He studied theology at Andover Seminary, and graduated there in 1847. After preaching one year at Greenfield, and two years at Holderness and Bridgewater, all in the same state, he was ordained at Holderness, Jan. 30, 1850. He was acting pastor at Dracut, Mass., 1850—1851, and at Stratham, N. H., 1851—1852. On account of chronic bronchitis he then retired from the ministry.

From 1853 to 1868 he was a bookseller in Chillicothe, O., and from 1868 to 1872 at Milwaukee, Wis.

He resided at Kansas City, Mo., from 1872 until his death from inanition, caused by chronic bronchitis, Jan. 12, 1905.

Mr. Whittemore was married, Feb. 13, 1848, to Nancy R., daughter of Jacob Marshall of Sharon, N. H., who, with their two sons, survives him.

THADDEUS WILSON, the son of Andrew and Melinda A. (Bull) Wilson, was born in Walkill, N. Y., March 8, 1824, and was fitted for college at Goshen, N. Y., and Amherst Academies.

His theological education was obtained at Princeton Seminary, where he graduated in 1846. He was ordained by the presby-

tery of Hudson, N. Y., Sept. 28, 1847, and was pastor at Centreville, N. Y., from 1847 to 1852. From that year he was pastor at Shrewsbury, N. J., until October, 1897. He then retired from the ministry, and resided at Spring Lake, N. J., until his death from old age, Oct. 28, 1904.

In 1893 the degree of D.D. was conferred upon him by Amherst College.

"Dr. Wilson was prominent in every movement of an educational character in each locality where he lived, and he was one of the foremost in every work calculated to advance the community. He organized a school for boys at Shrewsbury, and he was one of the founders of the Shrewsbury library. He gave many of his own books to the library, and he assisted in various ways in making the venture a success."¹

Dr. Wilson was married, May 17, 1848, to Charlotte A., daughter of James W. Miller of Newburg, N. Y., who, with two of their seven children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1844.

WILLIAM EBENEZER TYLER, the son of Rev. William and Betsey (Balcom) Tyler, was born in Attleboro, Mass., April 20, 1822, and was fitted for college at Hopkins (Hadley) and Amherst Academies.

The first year after graduation he was a teacher in New Salem Academy, and in a private school at Jasper, N. Y. From 1845 to 1847 he was a student in Union Theological Seminary, and after a year spent as assistant editor of the Northampton *Courier*, he was a member of Yale Theological Seminary, and graduated there in 1849.

From 1853 to 1860 he was professor in the Deaf and Dumb Institution, Columbus, O. After spending some time in travel-

¹ *Sea-Side Gazette*, Spring Lake, N. J.

ing in Europe, he devoted himself to mercantile business in Boston. From 1867 to 1879 he was a real estate broker there, residing in Auburndale.

From 1879 to 1883 he was editor of the *American Manufacturer and Exporter*, Boston. From 1883 he was an occasional contributor to newspapers and other publications, writing chiefly on educational subjects.

He died of old age in hospital at Newton, Mass., Oct. 26, 1904.

Mr. Tyler was married, July 10, 1856, to Lurana, daughter of Moses Wilmarth of Attleboro, Mass., who died Nov. 9, 1886. Of three children, one son survives him.

CLASS OF 1845.

HENRY BEERS UNDERHILL, the son of Abraham and Mary (Raymond) Underhill, was born in Troy, N. Y., Sept. 14, 1821, and was fitted for college at Northampton, Mass., High School.

From 1845 to 1853 he was a teacher at Athol, Mass. for a time and afterwards principal of an academy at Natchez, Miss. During one year of this period (1848—1849) he also studied law. From 1853 to 1860 he was engaged in mercantile pursuits in Stockton, Cal. He continued the study of law in 1859—1860, was admitted to the bar Dec. 14, 1860, and practiced his profession there until 1873. He was also district attorney for San Joaquin Co., Cal., 1861—1863, and county judge, 1863—1867.

From 1873 to 1887 he was an attorney for the Central Pacific R. R. Co. and Southern Pacific R. R. Co., with his residence at San Francisco, Cal. In 1887 he retired from active

life, resided a number of years at Waterford, N. Y., and afterwards at Neshanic, N. J., where he died of congestion of the lungs, Sept. 18, 1904.

Judge Underhill was married (1) Feb. 18, 1847, to Harriette Y., daughter of Moses Fish, then of Athol, Mass., who died June 29, 1854; (2) Feb. 19, 1857, to Augusta V., daughter of Joseph Grove, of Saline Co., Mo., who died June 19, 1861; (3) Oct. 27, 1873, to Julia A., daughter of William Card of New York City, who died Nov. 29, 1903. His four children survive him.

CLASS OF 1846.

GEORGE ELISHA FISHER, the son of Rev. George and Mary H., (Fisk) Fisher, was born in Harvard, Mass., Jan. 22, 1823, and was fitted for college at Lawrence Academy, Groton, Mass.

His theological education was obtained at Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1849. He was ordained, Feb. 27, 1850, and was pastor at Rutland, Mass., 1850—1852. His subsequent pastorates were at North Amherst, 1852—1858; Greenville, N. H., 1859—1862; Ashburnham, Mass., 1863—1867; South Hadley Falls, Mass., 1867—1879, and at East Amherst, Mass., 1880—1885. From May, 1886, to Jan. 1, 1897 he was acting pastor at Leverett, Mass., and after that time continued to preach occasionally in different pulpits, residing at North Amherst from 1885 until his death from Bright's disease, April 4, 1905.

During his pastorate at North Amherst the most extensive revival of religion occurred that had ever taken place in the history of the church there, as the result of which eighty-nine persons united with it.

Mr. Fisher was a representative in the State legislature in 1867 from Ashburnham and Winchendon, and in 1897 and

1899 from the third Hampshire district. During those sessions he served on the committee on education and on parishes and religious societies.

For many years he was an efficient member of the executive committee of the Alumni Association of Amherst College. From 1854 to 1858, from 1874 to 1879 and from 1883 until his death, he was the scribe of the Hampshire East association of Congregational ministers.

Mr. Fisher became a member of Hope Lodge, F. & A. M., in Gardner, Mass., in 1865. During his residence at South Hadley Falls he was master of Mt. Holyoke Lodge; in 1893 and 1894, master of Pacific Lodge, Amherst, and chaplain of it from 1895 until his death.

He was the author of *The Church and Slavery, Declaring All God's Counsel, Farewell Sermon at North Amherst, Historical Discourse at South Hadley Falls*, and other published sermons.

Mr. Fisher was married (1) May 1, 1850, to Harriet B., daughter of Jacob Holt of Amherst, who died Aug. 18, 1858; (2) Sept. 7, 1859, to Ellen E., daughter of Lyman Kellogg of North Amherst, who survives him. None of their four children are living.

CLASS OF 1847.

WARREN FALES DRAPER, the son of Martin and Sally (Fisher) Draper, was born in East Dedham, Mass., Dec. 12, 1818, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy. The first year after graduation he was a member of Andover Seminary, withdrawing then from the study of theology on account of ill-health. After spending a year in business in Boston, he became in 1849 an employee of the firm of Allen, Morrill & Wardwell, publishers and booksellers, in Andover, Mass., and in 1854 succeeded them in the business. The printing

establishment was enlarged, machinery was added, and improvements of all kinds were made from time to time in the conduct of the work.

In 1887 he sold his printing and retail book business, and from that time confined his labors to the sale of his publications, which numbered in all more than eighty, and of which he prepared and published a complete catalogue. They comprised mainly theological works, such as those of Jonathan Edwards, Drs. Taylor, Schauffler and Hackett, as well as those of the professors in the seminary at Andover, with American editions of the works of such British scholars as Ellicott, Murphy, Lightfoot and Perowne. This business he kept up till the last. He was also the publisher of the *Bibliotheca Sacra* from 1850 to 1884, when it was removed to Oberlin, O. To the first thirty volumes of this periodical he made in 1874 an index, which was declared by one of the most competent authorities to be the best index ever published.

He died of apoplexy at Andover, Mass., Jan. 8, 1905.

“Mr. Draper was a rare example, in these latter days, of the old New England type of a Christian business man—industrious, energetic, frugal, of conservative methods, of conscientious honesty, of earnest faith, loving justice and righteousness. What he earned laboriously and saved carefully, he gave judiciously, religiously, liberally. Besides systematic contributions to the missionary boards, to freedmen’s institutions and a scholarship to Amherst College, he has given largely to the three Andover schools; a scholarship to the seminary; to Phillips Academy, the Draper prize for declamation for nearly forty years, a Draper cottage, a scholarship and a general charity fund.

To Abbot Academy, of which he was treasurer for twenty-five years, he gave constantly and freely; a scholarship, a library fund, the Draper reading fund, to the McKean Memorial building and to the beautiful hall which fitly bears his name. His gifts to this school, including his home, his business block, and the proceeds of his publishing business, all of which ultimately go to it, amount to about

\$75,000. His rare collection of Andover publications, more than 600 volumes, are already in the Archæological building ; while to the town he has given school funds, having added on his last birthday another fund of \$1,000 to the Punchard Free School.”¹

Appreciative and eloquent tributes to Mr. Draper’s character also appeared in the *Andover Townsman* of Jan. 13.

Mr. Draper was married, May 24, 1848, to Irene P., daughter of Reuben Rowley of Wrentham, Mass., who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1848.

ISAAC POMEROY, the son of Benjamin and Jerusha (Williams) Pomeroy, was born in North Stonington, Conn., Feb. 16, 1823, and was fitted for college at the Manual Labor High School, Worcester, Mass.

After teaching several months in Medway, Mass., he was a member of Yale University Law School one year. He continued his law studies with George W. Strong, Esq., in New York City, and was admitted to the bar there in 1850.

He practiced his profession in New York City until about 1877, and after that at Newark, N. J., for a short time. The rest of his life he was engaged in the business of manufacturing in that city. His residence was in Newark, N. J., from 1852 until his death from apoplexy, Nov. 20, 1904.

Mr. Pomeroy was married, (1) June 9, 1852, to Mary J., daughter of Charles Taylor, Esq., of Newark, N. J., who died April 6, 1880 ; (2) May 9, 1888, to Mrs. Anna Berry, daughter of James Birbeck of Newark, N. J., who died March 24, 1899. Of six children, four survive their father.

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

CLASS OF 1849.

CHARLES HARTWELL, the son of Samuel and Mary (Hagar) Hartwell, was born in Lincoln, Mass., Dec. 19, 1825, and was fitted for college at Westford, Mass., Academy.

After teaching several months at West Killingly, Conn., he studied theology at East Windsor (now Hartford) Seminary, and graduated there in 1852. He was ordained at Lincoln, Mass., Oct. 13, 1852, entered the service of the American Board of Foreign Missions, embarked for China, Nov. 3, and reached Hong Kong, April 16, 1853. He was located at Foochow, June 9, 1853, and was engaged in missionary work there the rest of his life, with only three visits to the United States, 1865—1867, 1877—1878, and 1890—1891, in all, four years. He died of heart failure in Foochow, Jan. 30, 1905.

Mr. Hartwell ranked high as a Chinese classical scholar, and spoke the Foochow dialect with fluency. He was the translator of one-fourth of the New Testament into the Foochow colloquial dialect, and prepared various tracts and books for publication in that dialect, and in the written classical language of China. He also contributed articles on temperance to English and American journals.

At the time of his death he was the senior missionary of the American Board in China.

“There were then in connection with the mission of that board in the city and province for which Mr. Hartwell labored no less than eighty-two organized churches, with over twenty-five hundred members and a force of native Christian laborers numbering two hundred and ninety-two, and an extended educational plant embracing the two colleges, one for boys and one for girls, with boarding schools, common schools, four hospitals and eight dispensaries, and all the appliances needed for an expanding missionary work. In the accomplishing of these

results he had a large share. One who was his colleague for forty-two years writes: 'It would be quite impossible to estimate the far-reaching influence of Mr. Hartwell's labors in teaching, preaching, touring over plain and mountain, helping in the translations of the Scriptures, and making and revising many religious books.'"¹

The fiftieth anniversary of the arrival at Foochow of Rev. Mr. Hartwell was celebrated May 26, 1903, a full account of which was issued from the Foochow Mission press in February, 1904, in a volume entitled *Jubilee Notes*.

Mr. Hartwell was married (1) Sept. 6, 1852, to Lucy E., daughter of Warren Stearns of New Ipswich, N. H., who died July 10, 1883; (2) Nov. 5, 1885, to Mrs. Hannah L. Peet, daughter of Ziba Plimpton of Sturbridge, Mass., who, with three of his seven children, survives him. His son, Charles S. Hartwell, a teacher in the Boys' High School, Brooklyn, N. Y., is a graduate of Amherst in the class of 1877.

CLASS OF 1853.

GEORGE EDWIN HODGE, the son of Perkins A. and Rebecca (Pinkerton) Hodge, was born in Derry, N. H., April 27, 1832, and was fitted for college at Pinkerton Academy, in his native town.

From 1853 to 1873 he was in business with Blanchard, Converse & Co., Boston. From 1873 he was for many years in the employ of M. A. Happock & Co., wholesale grocers, in New York City, and later was a dental manufacturer in the same city until 1901. On account of the failure of his health he then retired from business and removed to Wellfleet, Mass., and from November of that year resided in the family of E. F. Perry, M. D., until Oct. 1, 1903. Because of an attack of

¹ *Missionary Herald*.

cardiac dyspnaea, he was then removed to Newton, Mass., Hospital, and, with the exception of a week in the spring of 1904, remained there until his death from valvular disease of the heart, July 12, 1904.

Mr. Hodge was married, (1) Feb. 6, 1861, to Mary, daughter of Judge John Folsom of Derry, N. H., who died Nov. 12, 1869; (2) Oct. 9, 1872, to Emma C., daughter of Moses A. Hap-pock of Hastings-upon-Hudson, N. Y., who died Jan. 23, 1874; (3) in 1881, to E. Augusta, daughter of Charles L. Ganabin of Utica, N. Y., who died June 11, 1888. Of three children, one son survives him.

CLASS OF 1854.

JOHN COOPER, the son of John and Elizabeth M. (Evans) Cooper, was born in Cooper's Plains, N. Y., Oct. 24, 1833, and was fitted for college at a private school in Easton, Penn. He was a member of Lafayette College the first three years of the course, entered the scientific department at Amherst in September, 1853, and received the degree of B. S. at the end of the course.

He studied medicine in the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania, and received the degree of M. D. from that institution in 1857. He continued the study of medicine in Paris, France, from October, 1857, to August, 1859, and from October, 1859, to July, 1861, practiced medicine in New York City.

At the opening of the Civil War he was commissioned Surgeon in 1861; served on the staff of Gen. Fremont, 1862; was in charge of the hospital at Alexandria, Va., 1863—1864; served at the prisons for confederates, New Orleans, La., 1864—1865; was staff surgeon, 17th army corps, 1865, and was mustered out of service soon after the end of the war.

From 1865 to 1867 he practiced medicine at Painted Post, N. Y. From 1867 to 1870 he was a manufacturer of pharmaceutical preparations in Philadelphia, and from 1870 he was a pharmacist in New York City until 1876. He then practiced medicine at Red Bank, N. J., from April, 1876, to April, 1879, and again at Painted Post, N. Y., from 1879 to 1889. On account of ill-health, he then retired from his profession, residing at Corning, N. Y., afterwards at Painted Post, and from 1903 at Buffalo, N. Y., until his death from cerebral thrombus, July 11, 1904.

Dr. Cooper was married, Dec. 19, 1867, to Ophelia, daughter of Augustus H. Bronson of Erwin, N. Y., who, with five children, survives him.

NORMAN ALLING PRENTISS, the son of Harvey P. and Livonia (Loomis) Prentiss, was born in Prattsburg, N. Y., Jan. 12, 1829, and was fitted for college at Franklin Academy, in his native town, and Missouri Institute, Quincy, Ill.

From 1854 to 1857 he was a teacher in Danville, Ill., and from 1857 to 1860 was principal of Carrollton (Ill.) Academy. During this period he also studied theology in private, and was ordained Sept. 9, 1860. For about seven years he preached at Greenfield and Walnut Grove, and later at Hamilton and Wythe, all in Illinois. For about two years thereafter he was acting pastor at Mantua Village, in West Philadelphia, Penn., from 1869 to 1873 at La Salle, Ill., and from 1873 to 1884 pastor of the First Congregational Church at Aurora, Ill. He then became principal of Aurora High School; and two years later, superintendent of public schools in East Aurora.

In 1891 he became solicitor for the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company of Milwaukee, Wis., residing in Evanston, Ill., from 1893 to 1900, and after that time in Chicago. In 1897 he was also engaged for a number of months in special

work for the co-operative committee of the American Board of Missions. On account of the failure of his health he retired from active work in 1902. He died of Bright's disease at Chicago, Jan. 19, 1905.

In 1857 Mr. Prentiss received the degree of M. A. from Illinois College. He was the author of several sermons and newspaper articles.

"His long life was noble, beautiful and helpful, and its close serene and peaceful."

Soon after the death of Mr. Prentiss a memorial service was held by the church in Aurora of which he had been pastor, at which appreciative tributes were rendered to his ability, fidelity, devotion to his work, influence and success as a preacher, pastor and educator.

Mr. Prentiss was married, Aug. 26, 1856, to Emeline M., daughter of Enoch Hovey of South Coventry, Conn., who, with one of their three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1855.

WILLIAM EASTMAN DICKINSON, the son of Daniel and Tammy (Eastman) Dickinson, was born in North Amherst, Mass., June 11, 1832, and was fitted for college at Hopkins Academy, Hadley, and Williston Seminary.

He studied theology at Union Seminary two years, and at Andover Seminary one year, graduating there in 1858. He was ordained Dec. 19, 1860, and was acting pastor at Orleans, Mass., 1860—1862, at Sprague, Conn., 1863—1865, and at Montville, in the same state, 1865—1867.

From 1867 to 1870 he was pastor at Canton, Mass., from 1870 to 1876, at Walpole, N. H., from 1876 to 1887 at Chicopee, Mass., and acting pastor from 1887 to 1891 at Fitzwilliam, N. H. During his residence in Chicopee he was chairman of the school board for six years.

He retired from the ministry on account of the failure of his health, and resided in Amherst from 1891. During this period he was still active in religious matters and for several years was acting pastor of Zion Chapel. He died of arterio-sclerosis, March 15, 1905.

Mr. Dickinson was married, Sept. 6, 1860, to Eliza H., daughter of Joshua Hobart of North Amherst, who, with their only son, survives him.

CLASS OF 1857.

DANIEL HENRY ROGAN, the son of John Griffith and Mary (Smith) Rogan, was born in Kingsport, Tenn., June 4, 1830, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

He studied theology two years at Auburn Seminary, and was ordained by presbytery in November, 1859. His first pastorate was at Bristol, Tenn., 1859—1861. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he came to the North, and was pastor at Bernardston, Mass., 1861—1863, at Greenfield, 1863—1865, and at North Amherst, 1865—1866. He removed then to the West, and was pastor at Hudson, Wis., 1867—1869. After preaching one year at Orange, Mass., he was pastor at Newton, Ia., 1871—1874, at Anoka, Minn., 1874—1875, and again at Newton, Ia., 1875—1880, at Cedar Rapids, in the same state, 1880—1884, and at Athol, Mass., 1884—1893. He then retired from the ministry, but continued to reside in Athol until his death from an attack of the grip, Feb. 12, 1905.

Mr. Rogan was married, May 10, 1859, to Harriet E., daughter of Rev. W. W. Hunt of North Amherst, Mass., who, with four children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1858.

JOSHUA HENRY HUNTINGTON, the son of Isaac and Hannah (Maples) Huntington, was born in Bozrah, Conn.,

June 28, 1833, and was fitted for college at Bacon Academy, Colchester, in the same state.

He was a member of Dartmouth College about two years, and entered Amherst at the beginning of Junior year.

From 1859 to 1862, he was a teacher in Natchez, Miss., and after two years spent in travel he was engaged in mining from 1865 to 1868.

The first year after graduation he had aided in the Geological Survey of Vermont, and from 1869 to 1879 was the principal assistant in the Geological Survey of New Hampshire. He originated the first successful expedition for occupying high mountain summits as meteorological stations, and established many important facts by his own observations. He occupied the summit of Mount Moosilauke, N. H., in the winter of 1869—1870, and Mount Washington in the winter of 1870—1871. For about two years during this period (1875—1876) he was a teacher of geology in Boston University, as a substitute during the temporary absence of the professor in that department.

From 1880 he was engaged as expert and chemist in several silver mines in Mexico, later in developing a gold mine in Dudswell, Canada, and after that for five years in superintending the working of a silver mine in Silver City, New Mexico. He was next employed in inspecting mines in various parts of the country and making report of their condition to their owners. The rest of his life he was chiefly occupied with assaying ores, residing in Baker City, Oregon, from 1898 until his death from heart disease, Nov. 20, 1904.

Mr. Huntington was the author of *Mount Washington in Winter*, Reports on New Hampshire Geology, Special Report on the Quarries of Virginia and other States for the U. S. Government, and about twenty scientific papers and mining reports.

Mr. Huntington was married, March 28, 1881, to Harriet

M., daughter of Elisha J. Merriam of Plymouth, Mass., who survives him. No children.

LYMAN SIBLEY ROWLAND, the son of Lyman and Catherine (Sibley) Rowland, was born in Oxford, Mass., Jan. 4, 1831, resided in Enfield, and afterwards in Pelham, Mass., in his boyhood, and fitted for college at Amherst and Monson Academies.

He studied theology at Andover Seminary two years, was tutor in Amherst College, 1860—1862, and completed his course at Andover in 1863. After a year of study in Germany, he was ordained, Nov. 16, 1864, at Bangor, Me., and was pastor of the First Congregational Church there until 1867. From that year until 1871 he was professor of Rhetoric and English Literature in Beloit College, from 1871 to 1877 he was pastor at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and at Lee, Mass., from 1877 until his death from locomotor ataxia, Oct. 8, 1904.

The degree of D.D. was conferred upon him by Amherst College in 1885.

“Dr. Rowland was a man of superior intellectual faculties and keen spiritual insight, quiet and unobtrusive at all times, and his views came to have great weight, not only with his church and home people, but throughout the denomination.”¹

“Dr. Rowland was a very scholarly disciple of the conservative school of religious thought. His preaching was edifying, practical, helpful and markedly clear. He was a deliberate speaker, never impassioned, always somewhat formal; a master of good English, yet with no great individual stamp in his style. He was always heard with interest, and always acquitted himself on public occasions very acceptably.

As a pastor he was sympathetic, and as faithful in his latest years as advancing infirmities of age would let him be. He was always clad in exceeding dignity, yet to his intimate friends he exposed a human soul, refreshingly humorous at times. He was full of honors, a D.D.

¹ *Springfield Republican.*

from his own Alma Mater, a corporate membership in the American Board, eminence among his fellows in services here and there, yet always modest. He prided himself on being a Puritan of the Puritans in spirit as well as in lineage, tracing his ancestry back to the Mayflower. He was a good man, devotedly so, living an unblemished life in the midst of men, and ever earnestly solicitous for their highest welfare.

Dr. Rowland was a man of intense and firm conviction, earnest moral purpose, and of kindness and sympathy with all. Twenty-seven years of pastoral service on the part of such a man in one town have left an indelible impress, not only upon the village of Lee, where he so long and faithfully and acceptably ministered, but upon this whole Berkshire region, where he was so well known and beloved."¹

Dr. Rowland was married (1) Nov. 2, 1864, to Tace F., daughter of Moses Wardwell of Peabody, Mass., who died March 23, 1873; (2) Oct. 6, 1875, to Elizabeth M., daughter of Edward Gould of Portland, Me., who, with five children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1859.

SAMUEL EDWARD HERRICK, the son of Austin and Mary W. (Jagger) Herrick, was born in Southampton, Long Island, N. Y., April 6, 1841, and was fitted for college at the Academy in his native town. He also pursued there the studies of Freshman year, and entered college in September, 1856.

After teaching about two years in a town in New Jersey, he became a member of Princeton Theological Seminary, and graduated from it in 1863. He was ordained by presbytery, Oct. 13, 1863, and was pastor of a church in Wappinger's Falls, N. Y. about one year. From 1864 to 1871 he was pastor of Broadway Congregational church, Chelsea, Mass. and from 1871 was pastor of the Mt. Vernon church, Boston. Jan. 11, 1903 on account of impaired health, he tendered his resignation. The church declined to accept it, but released him from

¹ Rev. R. De Witt Mallary, D.D., class of 1872.

such preaching and pastoral services as he might be unable to render and provided him with an assistant.

He participated in the services of the church on Sunday morning, Dec. 4, 1904, but died of dropsy of the lungs in the evening of the same day.

The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Amherst College in 1878.

"Dr. Herrick's pulpit discourses by no means represented the whole of his professional labors. He wrote and delivered extended courses of lectures, which proved extremely popular. His first course was historical, covering the religious movements from the twelfth to the eighteenth century. These lectures packed the church every Sunday during the winter of 1884. A second course was on the "Christian Missions of the Middle Ages," a history of the planting of Christianity in the nations of modern Europe. A third course treated of the great authors and books that had been spiritual forces of the world. Another course upon "Some Heretics of Yesterday" was published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co. and was received with favor.

Dr. Herrick was one of the great preachers, not only of his city, but of his denomination. His discourses were scholarly, vigorous, eloquent and inspiring, and his delivery, clear, resonant and impressive, gave them an added charm."¹

"Dr. Herrick was pre-eminently a scholar. He loved books, and made his study a cherished abode. He wrote books, such as Christian Missions in the Middle Ages, and Some Heretics of Yesterday, which had the wealth of thought of a richly stored mind and the charm of a style that is rarely surpassed. He was a preacher who kindled thought and aroused the sense of individual responsibility while he never sought to lord it over any man's conscience."²

"He thought out for himself and then boldly uttered the truth as he discovered it. Skilled in the art of conveying that truth to others, like Bossuet, in whom he delighted, his sermons remind us of that eloquent French preacher's diction, lofty periods, sublimest sentiments and their fearless proclamation.

Yet, withal, the sweet spirituality of the man dominates and pervades each utterance, causing men to forget all else in the warmth of

¹ *Boston Transcript.*

² *The Congregationalist.*

the speaker's desire to uplift his hearers towards the divine life as he had found it in Jesus Christ."¹

Dr. Herrick was married, April 6, 1864, to Sophia W., daughter of John F. Foster of Quogue, L. I., who, with their daughter, survives him.

CLASS OF 1862.

ALBERT BRYANT, the son of Lucien and Charlotte (Peirce) Bryant, was born in Troy, N. H., Jan. 30, 1838, and was fitted for college at Kimball Union, and Phillips (Andover) Academies.

He was a member of Princeton Theological Seminary two years, and of Andover Seminary one year, graduating there in 1865. He was ordained, Sept. 20, 1865 at West Medway, Mass., and was a missionary in the service of the American Board of Missions at Sivas, Turkey until 1868.

He was pastor of a church at Everett, Mass., until 1875, at Somerville, 1875—1880; acting pastor at Cambridge, 1880—1881, at Lead City, South Dakota, 1881—1882. For one year he was collecting agent for Spearfish Academy (Dakota College) and for some time president of its board of trustees. From 1883, he was acting pastor of Central church, Worcester, Mass., six months, superintendent of the City Missionary Society eight years, and pastor of Belmont church in the same city, two years, acting pastor, Bethany church, Quincy, Mass. six months, and at Scituate, Mass., from 1900 until his death from pneumonia, Sept. 20, 1904.

Mr. Bryant was the author of a number of short stories and poems, an ode sung at the inauguration of Dr. J. H. Seelye as President of Amherst College, and during the last ten years of his life of numerous articles for Sunday-school periodicals.

Mr. Bryant was married (1) Sept. 20, 1865, to Mary E.,

¹ Rev. A. S. Twombly, D.D.

daughter of Rev. Charles T. Torrey of Salem, Mass., who died April 6, 1897 ; (2) July 4, 1898, to Anna F., daughter of John C. Burnham of Providence, R. I., who, with four of his seven children survives him. Two of his sons are graduates of Amherst : Rev. Seelye Bryant, class of 1887, and Emmons Bryant, class of 1895.

FRANK DEAN, the son of Lyman W. and Maryette (Ingraham) Dean, was born in Attleboro, Mass., Dec. 29, 1837, and was fitted for college at Attleboro and Middleboro High Schools.

His health was seriously impaired in his preparatory course, and again in the latter part of his college course, and he did not receive the degree of A. B. until 1863. At times during those years he exhibited strong indications of insanity, and later his mind became permanently deranged. At intervals, however, he worked at his trade, which was that of a carpenter. He resided at Attleboro, until his death from apoplexy, Dec. 22, 1904.

HENRY HILL GOODELL, the son of Rev. William Goodell, D. D. and Abigail P. (Davis) Goodell, was born in Constantinople, Turkey, May 20, 1839, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

After graduation he was commissioned 2d Lieut. Co. F., 25th Regt. Conn. Vols., Aug. 16, 1862 ; promoted 1st Lieut., April 14, 1863 ; and aid-de-camp on the staff of General Bissell of the 3d brigade, 4th division of the 19th army corps, July 8 of the same year. He served in the battles of Irish Bend and Vermillion, at the siege of Port Hudson, and in the Teche campaign ; and was mustered out of service at Hartford, Conn., Aug. 26, 1863. He became a member of E. M. Stanton Post 147, G. A. R., Amherst, at its organization, Nov. 13, 1882 ;

he held the office of senior vice-commander for one year in 1883, was elected one of the trustees of the Post relief-fund in 1889, and was re-elected to that office every year thereafter. He was also a member of the Loyal Legion, an organization composed exclusively of former commissioned officers.

For about a year after leaving the army, he was chiefly engaged in the study of modern languages, with his residence at Hartford, Conn., during most of that time. From September, 1864 to 1867 he was instructor in modern languages and gymnastics in Williston Seminary. At the opening of the Massachusetts Agricultural College in 1867 he was elected professor of modern languages and English literature, and continued in charge of that department until 1905 withdrawing, however, from instruction in English literature in 1895.

He was also instructor in gymnastics and military tactics, 1867—1869, lecturer on entomology in 1869, instructor in zoölogy, 1869—1870, in anatomy and physiology, 1869—1871 and 1882—1883, in rhetoric, elocution and English language, 1871—1873 and 1883—1885, and in history, 1872—1883. From 1882 to 1886 he was secretary of the faculty. The college library was created by him. In 1881—1882 he laid the foundations with a few hundred volumes, and it now contains upwards of twenty-six thousand volumes. From 1885 to 1899 he served as librarian; during this period he selected and purchased all the books, and continued the work of selection the rest of his life. All the entries in the accession catalogues were made by him. The shelf lists of the same volumes are also in his hand-writing, and he wrote fully one-half of the subject and author card-catalogues. A very large part of the work at the delivery desk was also done by him.

From 1888 to 1905 he was director of the Hatch Experiment Station, and was supervising editor of its annual reports and of

all its bulletins, several of which were published every year.

On the death of President Chadbourne, Professor Goodell was acting president of the college from February to September, 1883. In 1886 he was elected president, and continued in that office the rest of his life, becoming also *ex-officio* a member of the Corporation and of the State Board of Agriculture.

Through his executive ability, indefatigable energy, and constant devotion to all the interests of the college, its real estate during his administration advanced in value from \$233,000 to upwards of \$333,000, its equipment from \$31,000 to \$167,000 and the annual income from maintenance funds and from appropriations by the United States and the State of Massachusetts from \$33,000 to about \$90,000. The number of its professors, instructors and students, and its educational efficiency also steadily and largely increased.

For many years, in addition to his college duties, he was a member of the executive committee of the Association of Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations, and for a considerable period its chairman. This office necessitated many visits to Washington for the meetings of the committee, and gave him the opportunity of acquiring much influence with men in public life.

In 1891 the degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him by Amherst College. In 1900 he was elected a corresponding member of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society, and was also an honorary member of the Bay State Agricultural Society.

President Goodell was prominently identified with the welfare of the town in many ways. He was a charter member of the Amherst Club, was vice-president 1894—1897, and president 1897—1899. In 1885 he represented the 4th Hampshire district in the State legislature, and served on the joint standing committee on education. In the Amherst public library he was always especially interested. He was one of the board of mana-

gers of the library Association 1878—1880 and 1885—1905, its treasurer 1880—1881 and its president 1881—1885. He was a member of the book committee 1878—1881 and 1883—1905, and since 1886 its chairman, also a member of the finance committee 1893—1905 and a member of many other important committees. The reports on the library for the Annual Report of the town were prepared by him in 1881, 1882, 1886, 1887, 1888, and 1896. He prepared the card catalogue completed in 1896. Some seven thousand entries in the accession catalogue are in his handwriting and for many years all the books were ordered by him. Of Grace church parish he was a vestryman 1878—1887 and 1899—1905, clerk 1880—1905, delegate to the Diocesan Convention, 1885—1891, 1896—1901 and 1904 and was always active and influential in church and parish work.

“The published writings of President Goodell are as follows :

Roll of honor of Williston Seminary, 1867, containing the names of all its past members who served in the Union army in the war of the rebellion, to the number of three hundred and twenty-one.

First report of the class of 1862 in Amherst College. Springfield, 1873.

Historic Fiction. Amherst, 1878.

Chart of Contemporary Sovereigns of Europe. Amherst, 1878.

Sketch of Professor Edward Tuckerman, LL. D. *Amherst Record*, March 17, 1886; republished in German in *Leopoldina*, Halle, 1886.

Sketch of President William S. Clark, LL. D. *Proceedings of American Academy*, 1886.

General Catalogue of Massachusetts Agricultural College, 1862—1886 (with Dr. Frederick Tuckerman). Amherst, 1886.

Agricultural Education. *Agriculture of Massachusetts*, 1887.

Reminiscences of the Orient. Address delivered at the winter meeting of the Massachusetts State Board of Agriculture, at Easthampton, Dec. 5, 1888. *Agriculture of Massachusetts*, 1888.

The Massachusetts Agricultural College. *New England Magazine*, 1890.

The Channel Islands and their Agriculture. Lecture delivered at the winter meeting of the Massachusetts State Board of Agriculture at Spencer, Dec. 6, 1892. *Agriculture of Massachusetts*, 1892.

General catalogue of the Massachusetts Agricultural College. Amherst, 1897.

Captain Walter Mason Dickinson, 17th Infantry, U. S. Army. Address at the Memorial Services at Amherst, Nov. 9, 1898.

Opening address at the winter meeting of the Massachusetts State Board of Agriculture, at Amherst, Dec. 6, 1898. *Agriculture of Massachusetts*, 1898.

Address on Education, delivered at the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Massachusetts State Grange, at Worcester, Dec. 14, 1898. *Proceedings of the 26th Annual Session Mass. State Grange*, 1899.

The Influence of the Monks in Agriculture. Address delivered at the summer meeting of the Massachusetts State Board of Agriculture, at South Swansea, Aug. 23, 1901. *Agriculture of Massachusetts*, 1901.

Relation of the Board of Agriculture to the Massachusetts Agricultural College. Address delivered at the fiftieth anniversary meeting of the Massachusetts State Board of Agriculture at Boston, July 22, 1902. *Agriculture of Massachusetts*, 1902.

The Trees, Flowers and Fruits of the East. Lecture delivered at the meeting of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society, at Boston, Jan. 23, 1904. *Transactions of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society*, 1904.

Annual Reports of the Massachusetts Agricultural College, 1887—1905.”¹

After an illness of several months, consequent upon an attack of pleurisy, President Goodell went to Florida for the benefit of his health, early in March, 1905. Returning by steamer from Savannah, Ga., he died on ship-board, April 23, 1905.

President Goodell was married, Dec. 10, 1873, to Helen E., daughter of John Stanton of New Orleans, La., who with their two sons, survives him. One of these, William Goodell, is a graduate of Amherst, class of 1901.

¹ Compiled by Frederick Tuckerman, M. D., Amherst.

CLASS OF 1863.

HENRY PARKHURST WELLS, the son of Dr. Phineas P. and Catherine J. (French) Wells, was born in Providence, R. I., Sept. 14, 1842, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary, and Mt. Pleasant School, Amherst.

He left college in 1862, at the end of his Junior year. He was commissioned 1st Lieut., Co. K. 13th Regt. New York Heavy Artillery, Sept. 30, 1863; served with Naval Brigade, generally in command of gunboats on the James, the Chesapeake, and on the coast of the Carolinas; was mustered out, June 28, 1865. The degree of A. B. was conferred upon him in 1882, and he was enrolled with his class.

He studied law with C. E. Soule, Esq., in New York City and at Columbia University Law-school, and was admitted to the bar in 1869. He practiced his profession in that city the rest of his life, making a specialty of patent law, and attaining eminence in that branch of jurisprudence.

His health was broken down by over-work and he died of apoplexy at Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 23, 1904.

"Mr. Wells was an enthusiastic yachtsman, a licensed navigator, a sportsman and expert in the making of all sporting paraphernalia. He was the author of *Fly Rods and Fly Tackle*, *The American Salmon Fisherman*, and *A City Boy in the Woods*, all published by Harper & Bros., New York, 1885—1890."

Mr. Wells was never married.

CLASS OF 1865.

HENRY PERCY MOULTON, the son of Augustus and Julia A. (Pressey) Moulton, was born in North Beverly, Mass., Nov. 28, 1844, and was fitted for college at Beverly High School. The first year after graduation he was submaster of the High School in Pittsburg, Penn., he then studied law in Salem, Mass. and was admitted to the bar there Jan. 22, 1868. He practised

his profession in that city the rest of his life, and from May, 1900 was also a member of the law firm of Moulton, Casey, Jones and Darling in Boston. In 1872 he was a member of the State Legislature. In 1873—74 he was assistant district attorney for Essex County.

In 1882 he was elected district attorney for Essex County and served one year. He was appointed U. S. district attorney for Massachusetts, March 20, 1901 and continued in that office until his death. For a number of years he was a director of the Salem National Bank, and was a trustee of many large and important estates. He died of heart disease, in Salem, Mass., Dec. 5, 1904.

"Mr. Moulton was a man of rugged personality, an excessive worker—for he carried on his own extensive law business in addition to his work for the government—and a lawyer of ability, who was everywhere respected."

"He had an immense practice in Essex county, and seemed to be on one side or the other of all important cases."

"Of Mr. Moulton it can be truly said that he was thoroughly loved and respected by everyone with whom he was brought in contact. A man of rare intellectual gifts and marked ability, he had those traits of heart and mind that attracted one to him and his was a friendship that was highly valued."

Mr. Moulton was married, Dec. 4, 1875, to Hattie E., daughter of John M. Stocker of Lynn, Mass., who with their four children survives him.

CLASS OF 1867.

MICHAEL BURNHAM, the son of Michael and Patience (Andrews) Burnham, was born in Essex, Mass., June 28, 1839, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

His theological education was obtained at Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1870. He was ordained, Oct. 25, 1870, at Fall River, Mass., and was pastor of the Central Congrega-

tional church there until 1882. His subsequent pastorates were over Immanuel church, Roxbury district, Boston, 1882—1885; First Congregational church, Springfield, Mass., 1885—1894; and Pilgrim church, St. Louis, Mo., 1894—1905. His resignation, taking effect March 1, 1905, was caused by the failure of his health. He died of pneumonia, at the home of his daughter at Alcott, a suburb of Denver, Colo., April 15, 1905. The burial was in his native town, after a funeral service in the Congregational church there.

The degree of D.D. was conferred upon him by Beloit College in 1887. He was a trustee of Wheaton Seminary, Mass., from 1874 to 1890, of Amherst College from 1888, of Hartford Theological Seminary from 1888, and of Drury College, Mo. from 1895, a director of Chicago Theological Seminary from 1896 to 1904; president of the Missouri Home Missionary Society, 1897—1898 and 1901—1902, and chaplain of Missouri Society of Sons of American Revolution, 1897—1899 and 1901—1902.

By the churches to which he successively ministered, Dr. Burnham was highly appreciated for his conservative theological views, the thorough sincerity and strength of his convictions, his instructiveness, earnestness, and eloquence as a preacher of Christian truth, and his intense devotion to the spiritual welfare of all who were under his care as a religious teacher and guide.

The church of which he was first pastor, put on record soon after his death the following expression of their affection and esteem :

“ Dr. Burnham's life became intertwined with the life of the Central church to a remarkable degree. He came to the church fresh from his seminary studies, and at once won the hearts of the whole parish. The twelve years of his pastorate were eventful ones in the life of the church, including, as they did, the building, dedication, and freeing from debt, of our present edifice. The erection of this new and noble

house of worship will always stand as the characteristic and striking feature of his pastorate of Central church.

Dr. Burnham was possessed of a peculiarly sympathetic nature, and all the burdens of the members of his parish became his own personal burdens. He lavished his strength upon the people he loved, and he gained from them, in return, a love and esteem which the passing years have not at all dimmed."¹

In a tribute to his character, the language of a neighboring pastor in St. Louis was as follows :

"The resignation of Dr. Michael Burnham from the pastorate of Pilgrim Church, at once marked an era in one of our great churches and called attention to the qualities of a prominent preacher. As the largest church of our order in the Southwest, Pilgrim has been active in organizing a dozen or more other churches in St. Louis, has put more than \$100,000 into Drury College, has watched over the four academies of the state and has never turned a deaf ear to any reasonable national or world appeal. In the decade in this field, he welcomed 577 members to fellowship, of whom about 200 came on confession, and the benevolences aggregated about \$110,000.

Many will think of him first as a preacher, his gifts in this direction being conspicuous. Following closely the theology of Professor Park, under whom he studied, he was able to interpret the great truths of systematic theology in the light of a large human interest. Those who saw his management of the Campbell-Morgan meetings in St. Louis during two seasons may incline to emphasize his worth in executive spheres. But for those closest to him, that which overtopped all in his character was his wonderful capacity for sympathy as pastor and friend. He was a modern Great-heart. He reminded one of Gilder's fine lines :

A power was his beyond the touch of art
Or armed strength—his pure and mighty heart."²

Dr. Burnham was the author of *Congregationalism*, and numerous published sermons and addresses.

Dr. Burnham was married, Feb. 8, 1871, to Cassandra V., daughter of James Washburne then of Abington, Mass., who with two of their five children survives him. His son, Rev.

¹ Rev. P. W. Lyman, class of 1867.

² Rev. C. H. Patton, D. D., class of 1883.

Edmund A. Burnham, is a graduate of Amherst, of the class of 1894.

SAMUEL IVES CURTISS, the son of Samuel I. and Eliza (Ives) Curtiss, and brother of Rev. George Curtiss, class of 1860, was born in Union, Conn., Feb. 5, 1844, and was fitted for college at Monson Academy.

His theological education was obtained at Union Seminary, where he graduated in 1870. He was licensed to preach by the presbytery of New York in October, 1870, and engaged in the Alexander mission of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church, New York City, from 1869 to 1872. In 1872 he went to Bonn, Germany for Biblical study. After one year there he returned to New York, and was ordained by presbytery June 8, 1874. Soon after he went to Leipsic, Germany, and was a member of the University there until 1878, continuing his studies in Hebrew and Old Testament literature. He also aided in inaugurating the American Chapel at Leipsic, and was its pastor during the same period. After spending some further time in study at Berlin he was for one year professor of Biblical Literature in Chicago Theological Seminary, and New England professor of Old Testament Literature and Interpretation in the same institution the rest of his life. From 1888 he was also president of the Chicago City Missionary Society, and constantly rendered invaluable service in its work.

In 1898 he made a trip to Syria, and remained there more than a year, engaged in researches among the natives for material illustrating the primitive Semitic religions. Every year thereafter he also spent his summer vacations in Syria in the same work. On his way home in August, 1904, he prepared at Zurich two papers for the Congress of Orientalists, which met in Basle, August 28; but August 22 he had a slight hemorrhage of the brain and could not be present to read them. They

were, however, presented by others, declared the work of a specialist of the first rank, and recommended for publication in full. Continuing his journey he visited London, and died there of apoplexy, Sept. 22, 1904.

From Leipsic University he received the degree of Ph. D. in 1876, and from Berlin University that of Licentiate of Theology in 1878. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Iowa College in 1878, by Amherst College in 1881, and also by Chicago Theological Seminary in 1903.

Dr. Curtiss was the author of *The Levitical Priests, Ingersoll and Moses, Primitive Semitic Religions Today*, of which a revised edition has appeared in German with high commendations from European scholars, and of numerous articles in Reviews. He was also the translator of *Bickell's Outlines of Hebrew Grammar*, *Delitzsch's Messianic Prophecies*, and *Old Testament History of Redemption*.

In 1882 he became one of the editors of the *Bibliotheca Sacra*, and published in it articles on the *Song of Solomon* (1898), and *The Book, the Land, the People; or Divine Revelation through Ancient Israel* (1901). From 1883 to 1890 he, with his colleagues, published *Current Discussions in Theology*, in which he wrote the *Present State of Old Testament Studies*. He also published a brief biography, *Franz Delitzsch: A Memorial Tribute*, in 1891.

"It is not too much to say that Professor Curtiss has been, during the past twenty-six years, the most potent factor in the work of Chicago Theological Seminary. His inaugural lecture in 1878 was on the better study of the Old Testament in America.

Besides his regular duties, which, the first year, included both the Old and New Testament, he set himself to organize Foreign Departments in the Seminary to train men for the ministry in other tongues than ours. He led to the establishment of the German Institute in 1882, the Danish-Norwegian in 1884, and the Swedish in 1885, from which over 225 men have already graduated into our ministry. When Dr. D. K. Pearsons made his splendid offer in 1891, Professor Curtiss

was appointed leader of the financial campaign of the Seminary. He gave a year of toil by day and night, by voice, correspondence, conference, co-operation and most wearing personal solicitation, to reach the desired result.

In study, in travel, in council, in raising needed funds, in conferences with students, whom his study in the Seminary brought freely to him, in visiting mission fields with student-preachers, in liberal contributions of his own means, in every way, he poured out his love and strength and life for this school of divinity. It is his monument and will ever record his labors."¹

"As a member of the First Church, immediately after coming to Chicago, he began to look about for sections of the city in which to establish self-sustaining churches. Largely through his efforts, but ably assisted by others and always encouraged by Dr. Goodwin, the Covenant, Warren Avenue, and several other churches came into existence. He generally collected the money for the buildings and the sites which these churches occupied, and he gave his services freely until suitable persons could be found to supply their pulpits. It was only natural that when the City Missionary Society was organized he should be on its board of management or that he should become its president, and devote himself as earnestly to its interests as he had formerly done to the churches he had aided in gathering. Every Sunday for more than twenty years he has given when at home at least part of the day to city missionary work and has not hesitated to give time during the week to the study of those fields whose interests called for special consideration."²

The Chicago Seminary Quarterly for October, 1904 is entirely a memorial number, commemorative of his character and his services to that theological institution. An interesting and appreciative sketch of him is also contained in the *Biblical World* for November, 1904.

Dr. Curtiss was married, May 10, 1870, to Mrs. Laura W. Sessions, daughter of Harvey Walker of Mashapaug, Conn., who, with one of their four children survives him.

¹ Prof. H. M. Scott in the *Chicago Advance*.

² *The Congregationalist*.

CLASS OF 1868.

WILLIAM WELLS EATON, the son of Prof. James S. and Louisa (Howard) Eaton, and brother of Prof. James H. Eaton, class of 1865, and of Prof. George T. Eaton, class of 1878, was born in Colchester, Conn., Aug. 24, 1846, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

The first year after graduation he was a teacher in Monson Academy. From 1869 to 1871 he was a member of Andover Theological Seminary; from 1871 to 1873, teacher in Phillips (Andover) Academy; from 1873 to 1876 he was a student of classical and comparative philology in the Universities of Göttingen and Leipsic, Germany; and from 1877 to 1880, assistant to the associate-professor of Sacred Literature in Andover Theological Seminary.

During the next two years he was employed as an assistant to the late Prof. J. H. Thayer in translating and editing *Grimm's New Testament Greek Lexicon*. From 1882 until his death he was professor of the Greek language and literature in Middlebury College, Vt., and also professor of German from 1884 to 1894. He died of disease of the brain at White Plains, N. Y., Feb. 1, 1905.

"In his relations to the community, the church, and the college, Mr. Eaton was a pattern of unassuming strength, caution and conservatism being most interestingly joined in his nature with an almost eager openness to new impressions. His service as member of the board of grammar school directors was long and helpful, and few citizens were as faithful as he in attendance upon town and village meetings and in intelligent watchfulness for the common good.

Equally faithful was his service in the Congregational Church, where as deacon, as Sunday-school teacher and superintendent, and as member of its financial boards he did a work whose value is an index of his worth. It was, however, in the field of his college labors that his powers were most admirably shown. As teacher and as counsellor his impress was deep and abiding; his pupils' interests were his own and he gave them ungrudgingly of his best. A student

estimate of several years ago will be gratefully subscribed to by all who came under his instruction. 'He is familiar with many phases of educational life, with a resulting breadth of view not often seen among those of his profession. There is abundant evidence of his training in the character of his class-room work. There are wide outlooks and modern methods and sympathy with all that is freshest in the field of Greek scholarship, together with minute accuracy and conscientiousness of detail.'"¹

Professor Eaton was married, Dec. 30, 1885, at Hanover, N. H., to Mary M., daughter of Rev. Austin H. Wright, M. D., a missionary in Persia. Mrs. Eaton survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1869.

ELIJAH WINCHESTER DONALD, the son of William C. and Agnes (Smart) Donald, was born in Andover, Mass., July 31, 1848, and was fitted for college at Punchard Free School in his native town.

The first year after graduation he was principal of the High School in Belchertown, Mass., and the next year was teacher of the classics in a preparatory school for boys at Newport, R. I.

He studied theology one year at the Protestant Episcopal Divinity School, West Philadelphia, Penn., and two years at Union Seminary, New York City, where he graduated in 1874. In May of that year he was ordained deacon, and Oct. 17, 1875 priest in the Protestant Episcopal church.

For about a year thereafter he was curate of the Church of the Ascension, from 1875 to 1882 rector of the Church of the Intercession, and from 1882 to 1892 rector of the Church of the Ascension, all in New York City. From 1892 he was rector of Trinity Church, Boston until his death from tuberculosis at his summer home in Ipswich, Mass., Aug. 6, 1904.

From 1887 until his death he was a trustee of Amherst College, a trustee of Abbott Academy, Andover, Mass., from 1900

¹ *Middlebury Register.*

until his death, and from 1892 to 1896 one of the University preachers at Harvard University. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Amherst in 1886, and that of LL. D. by the Western University of Pennsylvania in 1897.

He was a member of the Century Association, New York City, and of the Massachusetts Historical Society, and was the author of several widely read works, including *The Expansion of Religion*.

Nov. 20, 1904, a sermon in memory of Dr. Donald was preached in Trinity Church by Rev. Joseph N. Blanchard, D.D. of the class of 1871, which was published soon after. From this discourse the following passages are taken :

“ Born in New England, trained in her schools, understanding her Puritan ideals, coming from a sturdy Scotch ancestry, Dr. Donald combined in a marked degree the power of the Puritan conscience and of the Scotch tenacity of purpose.

He was instinctively an independent in thought and action, but he learned to love beyond most men the beauty of worship and the orderly discipline of the church with which he was identified, only however as means, never as ends in themselves.

One thinks first of all of the certainty of his convictions. Wide and tolerant as he might be in regard to his outlook upon life, he had no doubt as to the truth in which he believed. However much he respected others' convictions, he was not tolerant of indifference.

Then his persistent and inspiring industry—I do not mean in the discharge of the ordinary duties of an exacting ministry in a great city, but in his desire for knowledge, and in his preparation for pulpit work.

And then the steadfastness of his friendships ! He was more eager, more anxious to see how he could serve others than how they could serve him. Did he ever neglect a friend in time of stress and trial ? Did ever anyone come to him in real trouble in vain ? He was glad to espouse an unpopular cause, and to champion a man when he was down.

The burden and the substance of his preaching was the claim of Jesus Christ upon the soul of man. Not that he undervalued the ethical side of Christianity, far from it ; not that he undervalued

the doctrinal forms in which Christianity has been presented, but he sought beneath and beyond all that hid from man the central fact of life, to get at the relation of every man to the Master of all men. Here was the real strength of his religious convictions. He could surrender much that so many feel essential to their Christian faith if only he could bring his hearers face to face with the Christ he taught.

No one could fail to be touched by the courage with which he uttered what he felt to be the truth. Those who entered most fully into his life saw how profoundly religious his spirit was; it was like entering into a beautiful treasury filled with the most costly jewels, or like catching the glow of a radiant sunrise; it was to find themselves enriched and illumined."

Dr. Donald was married, April 25, 1876, to Cornelia, daughter of Willington Clapp of New York City, who, with two of their five children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1871.

FRANK ALLEN GOSS, the son of Benjamin F. and Mary J. (Witherill) (Moore) Goss, was born in Waterbury, Vt., Jan. 1, 1850, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy. He took a dismission from college at the end of his Junior year but was given the degree of B. A. and enrolled with his class in 1902.

After leaving college he was for one year in the office of a banker and broker in Boston. He then removed to Vergennes, Vt. and was in the employ of his father, a manufacturer of kaolin. From 1873 he had the management of the business, and continued in it the rest of his life. He was also a director and vice-president of the Vergennes National Bank, treasurer of the Vergennes Electric Co., and for a number of years a member of the School Board of the town.

He died of acute melancholia consequent upon an attack of typhoid fever, at Troy, N. Y., Aug. 12, 1904.

Mr. Goss was married, June 3, 1873, to Ruth C., daughter of Charles D. Keeler of Vergennes, Vt., who, with five children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1872.

GEORGE REUBEN METCALF, the son of George P. and Harriet E. (Munson) Metcalf, was born in Brattleboro, Vt., Dec. 17, 1848, and was fitted for college at Providence, R. I. grammar school, and Wilbraham Academy.

He studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and at Columbia University Medical School, N. Y., and received the degree of M. D. from Columbia in 1874. After serving one year as assistant in Bellevue Hospital, New York City, and another year in study in Berlin and Vienna Universities, he practiced his profession in Syracuse, N. Y. from 1876 to 1882. During this period he was also for two years instructor in Materia Medica and Therapeutics and curator and librarian in the Medical School of Syracuse University, N. Y. and after that professor of Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Clinic Medicine in the same institution.

After a year in New York City he removed to St. Paul, Minn. in 1882, and practiced his profession there until April, 1904, when he went to Europe for study and recreation. He died of heart failure at Orvieto, Italy, Feb. 28, 1905.

"Dr. Metcalf was always an enthusiastic student of literature and archaeology. He was also a member of the Masonic Order, of high degree, and zealously devoted to its interests." He was the author of *History of Masonry in Minnesota, with biographical sketches*, and many pamphlets and papers on the subject of masonry.

Dr. Metcalf was married, Oct. 21, 1875, to Julia B., daughter of George G. French, Esq. of Brooklyn, N. Y., who, with their only child, a son, survives him.

CLASS OF 1874.

FRANKLIN PIERCE OWEN, the son of Elisha B. and Mary E. (Matthewson) Owen, was born in North Scituate, R. I. Dec. 27, 1854, and was fitted for college at Lapham Institute in that town.

After the completion of his college course, he studied law with George E. Webster, Esq. of Providence, R. I., and was for a considerable time assistant clerk of the Common Pleas Court for Providence county. Jan. 26, 1883, he was admitted to the bar in Providence, and began the practice of his profession there. For about ten years from 1887 he was a member of the law firm of Page & Owen. He continued in the practice of law in Providence, with his residence in Scituate, until his death from pneumonia at Providence, Jan. 23, 1905.

Mr. Owen was chairman of the board of assessors of Scituate for several years, and was town solicitor from 1901 until his death. "He was State Senator from Scituate in 1888 and 1889, and represented his town in the lower house of the General Assembly in 1892 and 1893, and was Speaker of the House of Representatives during the latter year. In his profession he was a hard worker and attained a high rank among the lawyers of the State. His practice was extensive and included a great variety of cases. He was especially successful as a jury lawyer."

Mr. Owen was married (1) Dec. 26, 1877, to Mary S., daughter of Dr. Charles H. Fisher of Providence, R. I., who died Dec. 20, 1892; (2) Jan. 19, 1898, to Ida V., daughter of George B. Richardson of Burrillville, R. I.; who died April 13, 1902. Three daughters survive their father.

CLASS OF 1876.

FRANK BOWLER, the son of Rev. George and Ann C. (Alley) Bowler, was born in North Brookfield, Mass., Oct. 13,

1850, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Exeter) Academy.

He was a student of theology in Union Seminary one year and was licensed to preach by a Methodist Conference in 1877. From 1877 to 1878 he was acting pastor at Southwick, Mass., from 1878 to 1880 at Florence, from 1880 to 1883 at Eastham, and from 1883 to 1885 at Nantucket, all in the same state.

From 1885 to 1892 he engaged in Life Insurance business, from 1895 to 1896 in Accident Insurance business, and from 1896 he was Secretary and General Manager of the Fraternal Accident Association of America, with his residence in Westfield, Mass. He died of Bright's disease in Westfield, Sept. 15, 1904.

Mr. Bowler was married, May 16, 1877, to Hattie E., daughter of Nathaniel P. Brown of Westfield, Mass., who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1881.

CHARLES BARZILLAI SPAHR, the son of Rev. Barzillai N. and Elizabeth J. (Tallman) Spahr, and brother of George T. Spahr of the class of 1878, was born in Columbus, Ohio, July 20, 1860, and was fitted for college at the High School in his native city.

The first two years after graduation he was a teacher in the High School at Columbus reading law during the same period with Hon. Thomas E. Powell. He then studied Political Science and Economics at Leipsic, Germany, and at Columbia University and received the degree of Ph. D. from Columbia in 1886.

He became a member of the editorial staff of *The Outlook* in 1886, and dissolved his connection with it, in February, 1904, when he became editor-in-chief of *Current Literature*. On account of impaired health, in July and August he made a trip through Italy, Austria, Germany and Belgium. Crossing on

the steamer Prince Albert from Ostend to Dover, England, Aug. 30, 1904, he disappeared, and must have been drowned by falling from the steamer.

"Dr. Spahr was all his working life a student of economics, profoundly interested in industrial questions of all kinds, and a passionate advocate of better conditions for working people.

He brought to the service of *The Outlook* an expert knowledge in the field of economics, practical ability in applying that knowledge to current events, an inspiring and catholic sympathy for his fellow-men, especially for the poor and the oppressed, carefully considered convictions founded on a passionate devotion to the truth as he saw the truth, and the power of clear statement and effective marshaling of facts and figures in the interpretation and maintenance of these convictions."¹

Dr. Spahr was the author of *The Distribution of American Wealth*, T. Y. Crowell and Co., New York; *America's Working People*, Longmans, Green and Co., New York; also three pamphlets entitled respectively *The Taxation of Labor*, *Giffen's Case against Bimetallism*, and *The Present Status of Silver*, published in connection with the Quarterly Journal of Economics. He also made voluminous and valuable contributions to periodical literature. Soon after the death of Dr. Spahr a memorial was published, entitled: *One who loved his fellow-men; An Appreciation*, by Rev. Lyman Abbott, D. D. In February, 1905, a pamphlet was also published entitled: *In memory of Charles B. Spahr*, issued by the Social Reform Club of New York.

Dr. Spahr was married, July 5, 1892, to Jean G., daughter of Rev. Lambert Fine of Princeton, N. J., who, with five children, survives him.

¹ *The Outlook*.

CLASS OF 1885.

WILLIAM CUSHMAN HAWKS, the son of William A. and Linda M. (Eagley) Hawks, was born in Charlemont, Mass., Jan. 13, 1862, and was fitted for college by Mr. Styles French of Northampton, Mass.

After graduation he was a teacher in Amenia, N. Y., in 1886—1887, and in Beverly, O., 1887—1889. From 1889 he was assistant-librarian of the Case Memorial Library at Hartford Theological Seminary, and from 1892 instructor in Aramaic until his death from heart disease at Hartford, Conn., Jan. 21, 1905.

"On entering upon his work in that library his unusually accurate and careful mind was at once apparent, and his gifts in the acquisition of languages. Work in a library gave full scope for his mental acumen and for that methodical patience that became a second nature. He soon made himself an expert in the chief branches of routine library economy. In recent years nearly all of the responsible labor of classifying and cataloguing thousands of books fell to him—work calling for the highest degree of precision and thoroughness. That he was able to accomplish so much so well was due to his discipline in mental concentration and his indomitable persistence.

In all personal relations he won universal respect and esteem. His character was essentially upright, devout and unselfish, and his simplicity and sincerity made him beloved by many scores of his institutional companions."¹

Mr. Hawks was unmarried.

ELIHU RUSSELL HOUGHTON, the son of Elihu R. and Louise (Seymour) Houghton, and brother of Augustus S. Houghton, Esq., class of 1888, was born in Jersey City, N. J., March 26, 1864, and was fitted for college at Ithaca, N. Y. High School.

¹ *Hartford Courant*.

He studied medicine at Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York City, and received from it the degree of M. D. in 1888. From 1888 to 1889 he was on the staff of Brooklyn Hospital; from 1889 to 1890, on that of U. S. Immigration Bureau; from 1890 to 1892, on that of U. S. Marine Hospital, Stapleton, Staten Island; in 1892 stationed at Vineyard Haven, Mass.; U. S. quarantine officer at Havre, France in 1893; and Passed Assistant Surgeon at Vineyard Haven, 1894—1895.

He then entered on the practice of his profession in New York City, and continued in it until his death from appendicitis, Feb. 19, 1905.

Dr. Houghton was the author of articles in the Marine Hospital Medical Report, and in the *Mail and Express* "Hygienic World."

Dr. Houghton was married, Oct. 6, 1891, to Mary Louise, daughter of J. Frank Phillips of Brooklyn, N. Y., who, with three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1891.

HERBERT MORGAN CHASE, the son of Dr. Stephen F. and Ellen M. (Doe) Chase, was born in Topsfield, Mass., July 11, 1869, spent his boyhood in Salem until 1883 and was fitted for college at Newton, Mass. High School.

In college he was one of the Hardy prize debaters and one of the Commencement speakers at graduation. He studied law in the law school of Boston University, and received the degree of LL. B. from it in June, 1894. He was admitted to the bar July 6 of that year, and practiced his profession in Boston and Newtonville until November, 1900. During the same period he was instructor in Boston University on the law of contracts.

On account of the failure of his health he withdrew from practice in 1900, and travelled in Texas, Arizona and Califor-

nia. He died of tuberculosis at Alpine, Cal., Nov. 10, 1904.

"His work in Boston University won him high praise as did that in his law practice and among his legal associates. Mr. Chase was a man of rare ability and had already made a name for himself among the younger members of the bar. His beautiful spirit and integrity of character had won for him many warm friends."¹

Mr. Chase was married, June 10, 1896, to Mildred H., daughter of Henry R. Thompson of Newtonville, Mass., who survives him.

CLASS OF 1892.

FRANK ADRIAN LEACH, the son of George M. and Bessie H. (Pratt) Leach, was born in Bridgewater, Mass., Aug. 10, 1870, and was fitted for college at Easton, Mass. High School.

Immediately after graduation he was appointed to the charge of the gymnasium and to assist in the laboratories in Williston Seminary. From the spring of 1893 he was instructor in chemistry and biology in the same institution, until the failure of his health in the spring of 1904 compelled him to take a leave of absence. He died of pneumonia in New York City, Jan. 19, 1905.

Appreciative and fitting tributes to his character as a man and a teacher by Ex-Principal William Gallagher and Principal J. H. Sawyer are contained in the *Easthampton News* of Jan. 26. "Mr. Leach was not only an efficient and popular instructor in the seminary, but was a citizen who took much interest in community affairs, and was prominent in the work of the Payson church. He was for a time superintendent of the Payson Sunday-school. He was a member of the Pascomuck Club, and had been active in its various interests."

¹ *Newton Graphic*.

Mr. Leach was married, Dec. 19, 1900, to Martha L., daughter of George L. Manchester of Easthampton, Mass., who survives him.

CLASS OF 1893.

OLIVER HOWARD STORY, the son of Amos and Ellen M. (Howard) Story, was born in Gloucester, Mass., April 24, 1871, and was fitted for college at the High School in his native city.

He studied law at Harvard Law School, 1893—1895, and was admitted to the bar in Boston in 1895. He practiced his profession in that city for a short time only. Soon after his admission to the bar he became private secretary of the late J. C. Pearson, and in January, 1901 succeeded him as president of the Pearson Manufacturing Co. He was also president of the Single Tube Transmission Co., and had other minor business interests.

Mr. Story was prominently identified with the state militia. He held the rank of Major and the position of Inspector-general of rifle practice on the staff of the 2d brigade.

Major Story was a member of the Calumet Club of New York, the Algonquin Club of Boston, the Country Club of Brookline, the Newton Centre Club, the Exchange Club of Boston, and several other organizations. He was a liberal contributor to many charitable objects and was a public-spirited citizen. His home had been at Chestnut Hill, Newton, Mass., but he died at his summer residence, Lakeside, Wakefield, Mass., of a complication of diseases consequent upon typhoid fever, Aug. 4, 1904.

Major Story was married, April 14, 1903, to Mrs. Lydia Pearson, daughter of Albert J. Wright of Wakefield, Mass., who, with one child, survives him.

CLASS OF 1894.

ERNEST MERRILL BARTLETT, the son of Rotheus E. and Emma J. (Merrill) Bartlett, was born in Warner, N. H., July 29, 1870, and was fitted for college at Colby Academy, New London, N. H.

He was a member of Union Theological Seminary two years, and of Andover Seminary one year, graduating there in 1897.

He was ordained, Oct. 19, 1897, at Northbridge, Mass., and was pastor there until 1900. From that year he was pastor at Kingston, Mass. until April, 1904, and from that time at Madison, Wis. until his death from pneumonia, Jan. 18, 1905.

"His industrial articles in *The Congregationalist* and his investigations as to the labor problem won favorable recognition. All that he did was characterized by thoroughness and finish, and for his thirty-five years he leaves an enviable record, both as to quantity and quality."

Mr. Bartlett was married, July 26, 1899 to Barbara, daughter of Arthur Merrill of Brownsville, Me., who, with one child, survives him.

CLASS OF 1899.

WILLIAM HARDING KING, the son of William H. and Mary D. (Bowles) King, was born in Springfield, Mass., Jan. 26, 1878. His father having removed to Winnetka, Ill. he was fitted for college in a private school.

After graduation he became a reporter on the *Springfield Republican*, and continued in that work until the summer of 1901. He then spent a year in travel and study in Europe, being a considerable part of the time at the University of Jena, Germany.

On his return he resumed his connection with the *Republican*, filling creditably a place in the general news department until

March, 1903. He then entered the employ of the Solvay process company in Syracuse, N. Y. (manufacturers of soda). After spending some weeks at the home-plant of the company, studying the processes of the industry he was sent to Dunbar, Penn., where he was an assistant to the superintendent of coke ovens belonging to the company. He remained there about ten months and was then given a more responsible position in the Semet-Solvay Co., a branch of the Syracuse Co., at Lebanon, Penn.

On the 6th of August, 1904, while acting as foreman of the furnaces he was caught between a charging car and some framework at the top of the ovens, and was instantly killed.

"Mr. King was an excellent scholar in college, and was devoted to scientific studies. He developed considerable capacity for writing, in the service of the *Republican*, but concluded that he could make a larger success in a manufacturing business, and was making gratifying progress in it at the time of his death."

Mr. King was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1902.

FRANKLIN LEONARD WAINWRIGHT POPE, the son of Franklin L. and Sarah Amelia (Dickinson) Pope, was born in Elizabeth, N. J., July 29, 1880, and was fitted for college at Newark Academy, Newark, N. J.

After graduation he was engaged in railroad signal engineering, and was located at Scranton, Penn., Grafton, W. Va. and finally in the general offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. at Philadelphia.

He died of consumption at Cornwall-on-Hudson, N. Y., May 27, 1905.

Mr. Pope was unmarried.

HAROLD PARKER STEVENS, the son of Harold W. and Frances E. (Ball) Stevens, was born in Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 2, 1882, and was fitted for college at the Brown and Nichols school, Cambridge, and the Northampton, Mass. High School.

Immediately after graduation he began his business career with Flagg & Worcester, a New York bond house, and later became associated with H. H. Mayberry & Co. at Birmingham, Ala. From Jan. 1, 1904 he was purchasing agent for the Johns-Pratt Co. in Hartford, Conn., until his death from nervous prostration, scarlet and typhoid fevers, Jan. 18, 1905.

Mr. Stevens was unmarried.

RECORD OF GRADUATES WHOSE DEATHS

HAVE NOT BEEN PREVIOUSLY REPORTED.

CLASS OF 1852.

GEORGE LEWIS BECKER, the son of Conrad I. and Catharine (Pierson) Becker, was born at Natural Bridge, N. Y., Nov. 12, 1820, and was fitted for college in the preparatory department of Beloit, and at Williston Seminary. He pursued the studies of the first part of the college course at Beloit, and entered Amherst in September, 1850.

He studied theology at Andover Seminary, and graduated there in 1855. He was a licensed preacher, but was never ordained. In 1856—1857 he was acting pastor of the First church, Sanford, Me.

In March, 1857 he removed to Powhattan, Kans., and preached occasionally there in a school-house until about 1870. He then retired from the ministry, but continued to reside in Powhattan on a farm, until his death from heart disease, Aug. 24, 1903.

Mr. Becker was married, Oct. 9, 1856, to Abby E., daughter of Jonathan Thompson of Lee, N. H., who died March 13, 1901. Of five children three survive their father.

CLASS OF 1857.

JOHN WEBSTER DODGE, the son of Moses and Susan (Webster) Dodge, was born in Newburyport, Mass., Oct. 16, 1836, and was fitted for college at the High School in his native city.

After teaching for a while in Atkinson, N. H. Academy, and the Putnam Free School in Newburyport, he studied theology at Andover Seminary, and graduated there in 1860. He was ordained at Gardiner, Me., Dec. 6, 1860, was pastor of the Congregational church there until 1863, of the church in Hampton, N. H., Oct. 19, 1865—Nov. 18, 1868, and of the church in Yarmouth, Mass., from Dec. 30, 1868 until Oct. 20, 1891. He was then compelled by the failure of his health to retire from the ministry. He removed to Newburyport, and resided there the rest of his life. His health was soon partly restored, and from that time he was actively identified with almost all of the religious, charitable and social improvement enterprises of the city. He was a trustee of the Putnam Free school and of the Wheelwright fund, of the Home for Aged Men, and of the Homeopathic hospital, president of the City Improvement society, of the Young Men's Christian association, and of the Associated Charities, member of the Fortnightly club, the Old Newbury Historical society, the Historical and Genealogical society, and the Ministerial Aid association and Sailors' Monument association.

He died of apoplexy at Newburyport, Mass., June 17, 1904.

Mr. Dodge was the author of a *Discourse upon the History of the First Church, Yarmouth, Mass.*; a dedication sermon and an *Address at the Laying of the Corner Stone of a new church building there*; a *Sermon and Historical Address at the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the Church, and of the Town of Yarmouth*, a *Sermon at the funeral of Rev. Nathaniel Cogswell* of the same town; the *Life and Work of William Wheelwright*, an address *Concerning Trees*, and *A Birthday Memorial and other poems*.

Mr. Dodge was married, Nov. 7, 1860, to Mary H., daughter of Joseph Toy of Simsbury, Conn., who with one of their three children survives him.

CLASS OF 1861.

GEORGE MARVIN WELLMAN, the son of Marvin and Mary (Bliss) Wellman, was born in Springfield, Mass., Feb. 24, 1837, and was fitted for college at the High School in his native city.

From 1861 to 1864 he was ward master in the Government Hospital at Washington, D. C. From 1864 to 1868 he was a clerk in the ordnance office of the War Department. During the same period he also studied medicine, and received the degree of M. D. from Georgetown Medical College in 1868. For a year thereafter he took a special course of study in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City. He practiced his profession at Dover Plains, N. Y. from 1869 until his death from disease of the heart, Jan. 13, 1902.

Dr. Wellman was married, Sept. 8, 1869, to Jennie S., daughter of James H. Cole of Otego, N. Y., who died Dec. 13, 1886. Of three children two survive their father.

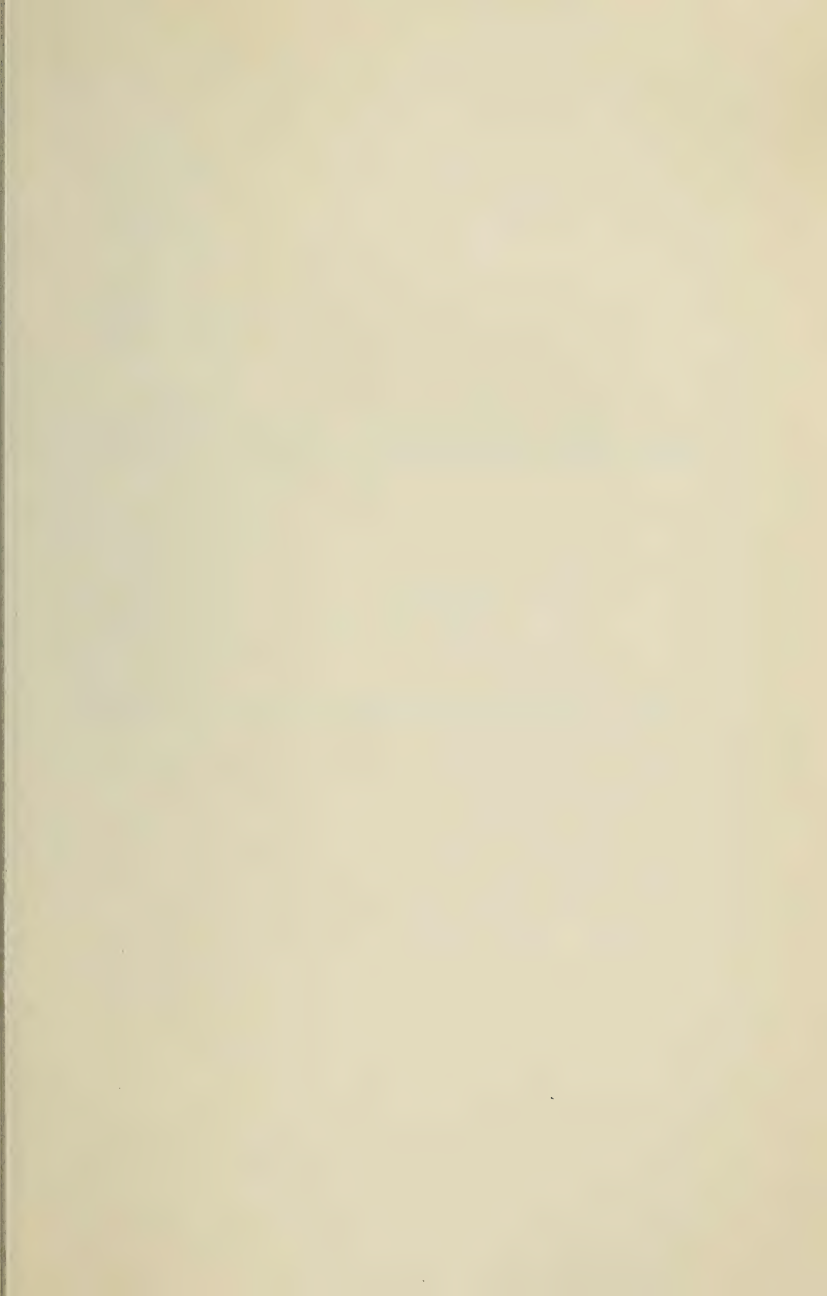
APPENDIX.

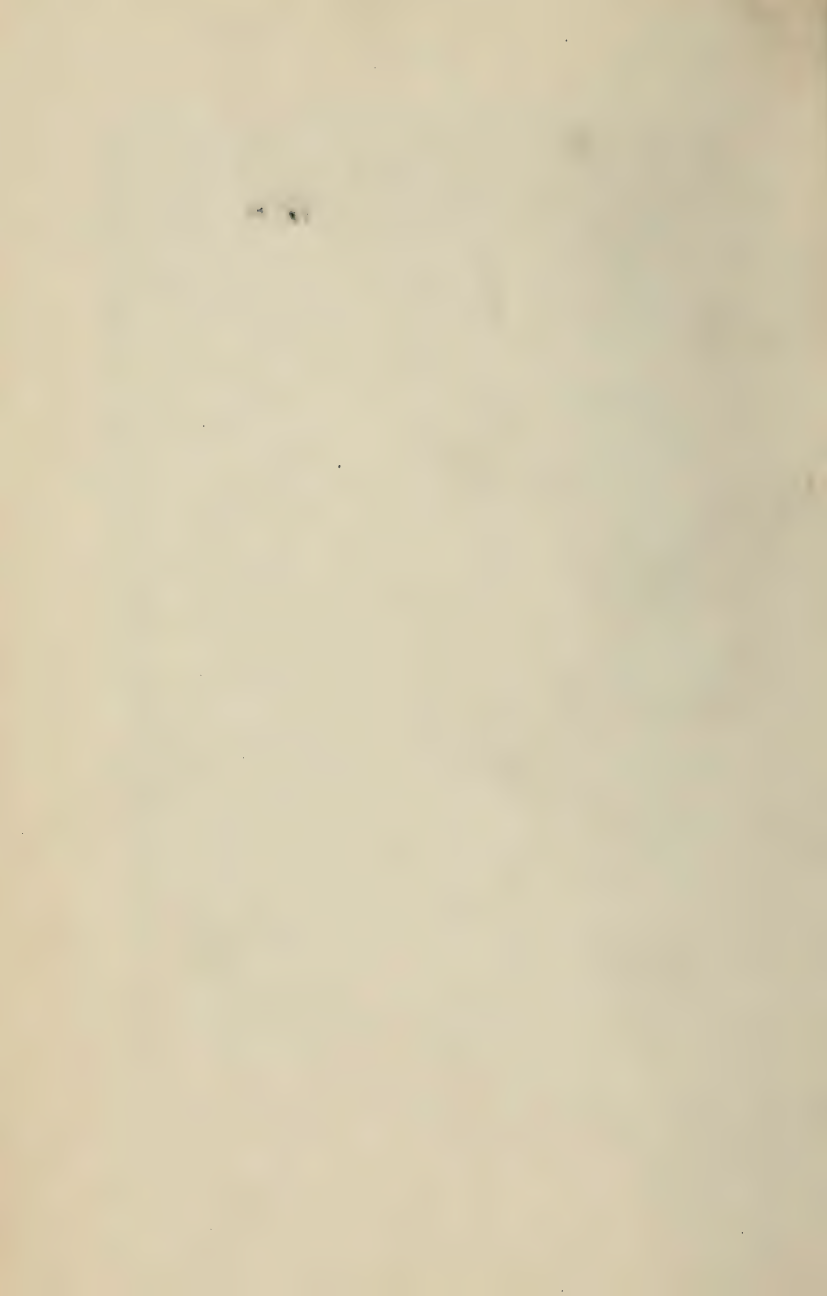
ALPHABETICAL LIST OF GRADUATES WHOSE DEATHS HAVE BEEN
REPORTED SINCE THE PUBLICATION OF THE QUIN-
QUENNIAL CATALOGUE IN JUNE, 1900.

Class.	Year of Death.	Class.	Year of Death.
1872. Adams, H. B.	1901.	1873. Bradley, L.	1902.
1886. Aiken, W. B.	1903.	1893. Brooks, G. B.	1900.
1898. Allan, F. M.	1903.	1862. Bryant, A.	1904.
1858. Allen, T. F.	1902.	1852. Burgess, E. P.	1901.
1858. Andrews, C. B.	1902.	1867. Burnham, M.	1905.
1842. Armsby, L.	1904.	1889. Carleton, E. G.	1902.
1839. Ash, G. W.	1901.	1857. Carr, W. O.	1904.
1850. Avery, W. F.	1903.	1891. Chase, H. M.	1904.
1865. Babbitt, J. H.	1903.	1871. Cheesman, H.	1903.
1876. Barker, E. P.	1901.	1894. Cilley, B.	1903.
1844. Barnard, W.	1900.	1883. Claflin, W.	1902.
1865. Barnes, H. F.	1902.	1837. Clark, S. W.	1901.
1859. Barrows, W. H.	1902.	1854. Cooley, E. A.	1902.
1872. Bartholomew, E. P.	1902.	1854. Cooper, J.	1904.
1894. Bartlett, E. M.	1905.	1838. Cross, M. K.	1902.
1837. Bayley, C. C.	1903.	1867. Curtiss, S. I.	1904.
1837. Beaman, W. H.	1901.	1871. Cutting, G. R.	1903.
1852. Becker, G. L.	1903.	1862. Dean, F.	1904.
1866. Bell, N. H.	1902.	1878. Denfeld, L. E.	1901.
1893. Bigelow, H.	1901.	1860. Dexter, G.	1903.
1859. Billings, S. W.	1901.	1855. Dickinson, W. E.	1905.
1858. Bishop, H. M.	1902.	1857. Dodge, J. W.	1904.
1858. Bliss, D. J.	1903.	1851. Doe, F. B.	1901.
1857. Boalt, J. H.	1901.	1869. Donald, E. W.	1904.
1865. Bolton, C. E.	1901.	1851. Douglass, F. A.	1902.
1843. Boltwood, L. M.	1905.	1836. Dowse, E.	1905.
1854. Bosworth, G.	1902.	1847. Draper, W. F.	1905.
1876. Bowler, F.	1904.	1852. Dunn, A.	1902.

Class.	Year of Death.	Class.	Year of Death.
1867. Earle, E. B.	1901.	1832. Hopkins, S. M.	1901.
1841. Eaton, J. M. R.	1904.	1885. Houghton, E. R.	1905.
1868. Eaton, W. W.	1905.	1862. Houghton, James C.	1902.
1847. Edwards, H. L.	1903.	1861. Houghton, John C.	1900.
1844. Ellsworth, E. W.	1902.	1889. Humphrey, C. J.	1903.
1865. Emery, J. A.	1900.	1839. Huntington, F. D.	1904.
1834. Emery, S. H.	1901.	1858. Huntington, J. H.	1904.
1866. Fairbanks, J. W.	1903.	1840. Jackson, A.	1901.
1884. Fellows, G. S.	1901.	1857. Jones, H. W.	1904.
1846. Fisher, G. E.	1905.	1880. Kellogg, J. G.	1901.
1842. Fiske, D. T.	1903.	1899. King, W. H.	1904.
1871. Fitz, E. S.	1902.	1877. Kress, G.	1903.
1894. Ford, H. I.	1904.	1892. Leach, F. A.	1905.
1857. Fordham, J. L.	1901.	1864. Lee, J. H.	1903.
1838. Gale, T. A.	1900.	1845. Lee, J. S.	1902.
1850. Garrette, E. Y.	1902.	1862. Lincoln, R. P.	1900.
1837. Gaylord, H. J.	1901.	1852. Littlefield, J. A.	1903.
1876. Gilman, A. B.	1901.	1837. Lyman, G.	1903.
1848. Goodale, G. W.	1899.	1870. Lyon, A. P.	1901.
1862. Goodell, H. H.	1905.	1838. Mandell, W. A.	1902.
1856. Goodwin, E. P.	1901.	1834. Marcy, E. E.	1900.
1871. Goss, F. A.	1904.	1887. Mason, J. J.	1900.
1836. Greene, T. P.	1901.	1875. Mayo-Smith, R.	1901.
1860. Griggs, L. S.	1903.	1865. McDuffie, S. V.	1904.
1842. Grinnell, J. S.	1900.	1872. Metcalf, G. R.	1905.
1840. Hammond, W. B.	1900.	1874. Mills, C. P.	1902.
1852. Harrington, B. T.	1901.	1894. Moore, B. J.	1900.
1849. Hartwell, C.	1905.	1859. Morrison, R. A.	1903.
1884. Hastings, A.	1901.	1854. Morse, E. M.	1900.
1849. Hatch, J. L.	1903.	1865. Moulton, H. P.	1904.
1885. Hawks, W. C.	1905.	1874. Muzzy, A. T.	1902.
1858. Hawley, C. W.	1902.	1851. Nash, H. C.	1900.
1845. Henshaw, M.	1900.	1891. Nason, W. E.	1901.
1859. Herrick, S. E.	1904.	1866. Neill, H. H.	1904.
1857. Herrick, W. D.	1903.	1853. Nelson, E.	1901.
1892. Hodder, W. C.	1901.	1834. Nichols, W. A.	1901.
1853. Hodge, G. E.	1904.	1894. Noyes, H.	1901.
1864. Holt, G. H.	1901.	1836. Oliphant, D. S.	1903.

Class.	Year of Death.	Class.	Year of Death.
1888. Osborne, A. D.	1902.	1875. Strong, H. C.	1900.
1874. Owen, F. P.	1905.	1847. Swan, G.	1900.
1845. Packard, A. K.	1903.	1857. Sweetser, J. H.	1904.
1843. Parker, H. W.	1903.	1899. Taft, A. R.	1904.
1856. Peet, E. W.	1902.	1858. Tappan, C. L.	1902.
1848. Pomeroy, I.	1904.	1840. Terry, C.	1900.
1861. Pomeroy, W. M.	1901.	1831. Thayer, E. W.	1902.
1902. Pope, F. L. W.	1905.	1879. Thayer, F. M.	1902.
1871. Porter, D. D.	1900.	1859. Tiffany, J. O.	1902.
1840. Pratt, H.	1902.	1852. Train, G.	1900.
1848. Pratt, H. A.	1901.	1885. Tucker, E. A.	1902.
1854. Prentiss, N. A.	1905.	1885. Tucker, E. B.	1902.
1860. Putnam, H. B.	1901.	1872. Tuckerman, L. B.	1902.
1852. Rankin, W. B.	1903.	1893. Turner, A.	1901.
1859. Read, P.	1904.	1844. Tyler, W. E.	1904.
1856. Reed, C. A.	1900.	1864. Tyler, W. W.	1903.
1860. Richardson, C. H.	1903.	1845. Underhill, H. B.	1904.
1829. Riggs, E.	1901.	1869. Votaw, E. H.	1902.
1862. Robbins, J. H.	1900.	1845. Warren, G. W.	1900.
1857. Rogan, D. H.	1905.	1895. Warren, H. L.	1901.
1858. Rowland, L. S.	1904.	1862. Warrington, G.	1900.
1875. Sanborn, F. W.	1902.	1851. Washburn, W. P.	1904.
1893. Sanderson, W. E.	1903.	1855. Webster, B. F.	1903.
1860. Shepard, E. O.	1903.	1848. Wedge, N.	1900.
1871. Simmons, A. R.	1904.	1861. Wellman, G. M.	1902.
1874. Smith, S. P.	1902.	1863. Wells, H. P.	1904.
1866. Smith, T. S.	1900.	1860. Wheeler, E. R.	1904.
1881. Spahr, C. B.	1904.	1843. Whittemore, J. R.	1905.
1838. Spare, J.	1901.	1884. Wilbur, H. L.	1900.
1853. Spencer, J.	1903.	1885. Wilson, J. C.	1903.
1860. Stebbins, A.	1901.	1843. Wilson, T.	1904.
1870. Sterling, G.	1901.	1899. Wing, L.	1901.
1902. Stevens, H. P.	1905.	1893. Wood, C. D.	1901.
1862. Stockwell, A. P.	1900.	1849. Woodbridge, J.	1900.
1893. Story, O. H.	1904.		





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THE LIBRARY
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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF AMHERST COLLEGE,

FOR THE

ACADEMICAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 27, 1906.

[FIFTH PRINTED SERIES No. 4.]

AMHERST, MASS.
PUBLISHED BY THE COLLEGE.

MDCCCCVI.

NOTE.

In connection with the editing of the Triennial Catalogue in Latin, in the year 1862—1863, the undersigned was directed by the Faculty to prepare and have printed an obituary record of graduates deceased during that year; and subsequently he was instructed to prepare a similar record annually.

This has been done, and four series of ten years each were completed in 1902, containing accounts of eleven hundred and eighty-three graduates and numbering in all ten hundred and seven pages. Nine numbers from 1877 to 1885, inclusive, were edited by the late Prof. J. K. Chickering, of the class of 1869. To the first two series and also to each of the third and fourth series, alphabetical indexes have been added.

The oldest alumnus in graduation is Rev. John Hagadorn Wells of Kingston, R. I., born Jan. 28, 1817, the surviving member of the class of 1837. The oldest living graduate, however, is Rev. Isaac C. Day of Providence, R. I., of the class of 1841, born May 25, 1815.

In this number of the *Obituary Record* the facts in each instance have been obtained by correspondence with relatives or other intimate acquaintances of the subjects of these notices.

All persons who may be able at any time to furnish information for the *Obituary Record* are urgently requested to communicate the same, without delay, to the Editor,

E. P. CROWELL,
AMHERST COLLEGE.

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Record of graduates not previously reported,	-	-	-	167

Roll of Graduates Deceased During the Year 1905—1906.

GRADUATION.	AGE.
1838. WILLIAM GRAHAM STERLING, ESQ., .	88
1839. REV. JOHN WAINWRIGHT RAY, M. A., .	92
1839. REV. LYMAN WHITING, M. A., D. D., .	89
1842. REV. SAMUEL W. WHITNEY, M. A., .	83
1846. GEORGE SULLIVAN WOODMAN, M. A., M. D.,	82
1851. REV. LEVI GARDNER MARSH, . .	82
1853. REV. HENRY LEONIDAS BOLTWOOD, M. A.,	75
1854. EDWARD AUGUSTUS CRANE, M. D., .	73
1854. WILLARD MERRILL, M. A., . .	74
1854. REV. URIEL WHITNEY SMALL, M. A., .	80
1855. DANA ISRAEL JOCELYN, [See page 166] .	75
1856. REV. DANIEL PHILLIPS, M. A., . .	79
1856. JOHN WOODBRIDGE SMITH, M. A., . .	69
1859. REV. SAMUEL MORRISON, . . .	76
1860. REV. JUSTIN PERKINS KELLOGG, M. A. .	69
1861. REV. JOSEPH ALLEN LEACH, . . .	70
1865. REV. RUFUS KENDRICK HARLOW, . .	71
1865. FRANCIS HOFFMAN SAYLOR, . . .	62
1867. REV. GEORGE FREDERIC FLICHTNER, M. A.,	58
1867. ARTHUR WELLINGTON TYLER, M. A., .	64
1870. REV. HUGH BROWN RICE, . . .	60
1880. REV. ADDISON RANDOLPH JONES, M. A., .	51
1880. HON. CHARLES HILLIARD SAWYER, .	50
1883. CHARLES EDWARD ROUNDS, . . .	46
1895. HENRY LEMUEL TWICHELL, LL.B., .	32
1896. JOHN HISCOX, ...	33

1896.	ARTHUR EDWARD MAGILL,	.	.	29
1898.	ELIPHALET HUNTINGTON BLATCHFORD,	.	.	29
1903.	JAMES MAXWELL MURDOCK,	.	.	25
1903.	CHARLES BLANCHARD THOMPSON,	.	.	24
1904.	PAUL DAVIE STORKE,	.	.	23
1905.	JOHN FRANK KERN,	.	.	27

Whole number, 32

Average age, 60.63

Roll of Graduates Whose Deaths Have Not Been Previously Reported.

1846.	HARVEY JAMES SKIFF,	.	.	83
1851.	ROBERT STEWART, M. A., M. D.,	.	.	76
1856.	EDWARD EMERSON BRADBURY, M. A.,	.	.	72
1889.	EDWARD PAYSON DROWN, M. D.,	.	.	40

ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

- | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1898. Blatchford, E. H. | 1856. Phillips, D. |
| 1853. Boltwood, H. L. | 1839. Ray, J. W. |
| 1856. Bradbury, E. E. | 1870. Rice, H. B. |
| 1854. Crane, E. A. | 1883. Rounds, C. E. |
| 1889. Drown, E. P. | 1880. Sawyer, C. H. |
| 1867. Flichtner, G. F. | 1865. Saylor, F. H. |
| 1865. Harlow, R. K. | 1846. Skiff, H. J. |
| 1896. Hiscox, J. | 1854. Small, U. W. |
| 1855. Jocelyn, D. I. | 1856. Smith, J. W. |
| 1880. Jones, A. R. | 1838. Sterling, W. G. |
| 1860. Kellogg, J. P. | 1851. Stewart, R. |
| 1905. Kern, J. F. | 1904. Storke, P. D. |
| 1861. Leach, J. A. | 1903. Thompson, C. B. |
| 1896. Magill, A. E. | 1895. Twichell, H. L. |
| 1851. Marsh, L. G. | 1867. Tyler, A. W. |
| 1854. Merrill, W. | 1839. Whiting, L. |
| 1859. Morrison, S. | 1842. Whitney, S. W. |
| 1903. Murdock, J. M. | 1846. Woodman, G. S. |

RECORD OF GRADUATES DECEASED DURING THE YEAR 1905—1906.

CLASS OF 1838.

WILLIAM GRAHAM STERLING, the son of William C. and Hannah M. (Lee) Sterling, was born in Salisbury, Conn., Feb. 16, 1817 and was fitted for college at Westfield, Mass. Academy.

He studied law with Henry B. Cowles, Esq. of New York City, and was admitted to the bar there in January, 1842. He practiced his profession in New York until 1882 and was judge of one of the district courts there from 1843 to 1848.

In 1886 he removed to Northampton and from that time did not engage in any business: "Nor did he take any part in political or social affairs but was however well known through his quiet interest in and acquaintance with local matters. He was an attendant at the Unitarian church, a liberal contributor to its needs. He was also a friend of and contributor to the Home Culture Clubs and the Grand Army. He was one of the most staid and conservative citizens, and his name was considered of great value in endorsement of any movement for the public good and welfare." He died of old age at Northampton, Mass., Dec. 10, 1905.

"Judge Sterling was a man of striking appearance, a gentleman of the old school, and was a man of great firmness of character, of unimpeachable integrity and uprightness."¹

Judge Sterling was married (1) April 25, 1848, to Eliza M., daughter of William Whitney, who died Nov. 8, 1882; (2) June 9, 1886, to Caroline M., daughter of Henry H. Huggeford of Northampton, Mass., who died May 17, 1900. No children.

¹ *Northampton Daily Gazette.*

CLASS OF 1839.

JOHN WAINWRIGHT RAY, the son of Levi and Tryphena (Foster) Ray, was born in Norwich, N. Y., April 13, 1813 and was fitted for college at Homer Academy, N. Y.

He was a member of Union Theological Seminary one year, of Auburn Theological Seminary one year, and again of Union Seminary one year, graduating there in 1842.

Mr. Ray was ordained by Presbytery at Glenn's Falls, N. Y., Nov. 16, 1842, and was pastor there 1842—1845. He was acting pastor at Norwich, Conn., 1845—1846; assistant-secretary of the American Education Society, New York City, for one year; acting pastor at Oswego, N. Y., 1847—1848; pastor at Clyde, N. Y., 1848—1849; agent of the American Tract Society, Alabama, 1849—1851; acting pastor at Dansville, N. Y., 1851—1852; at Plainfield, Mich., 1852—1853; pastor at Rockville, Conn., 1853—1855; acting pastor at Avon Springs, Minn., 1855—1857 and at Lane, Kans., 1858—1860.

The next four years he was at the head of the Civilization Division of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C. In 1865 he was ordained deacon, and the following year presbyter in the Episcopal church. He was rector at Tecumseh, Mich., 1865—1866; at Cold Water, Mich., 1866—1869; at Westfield, N. Y., 1869—1872; at Wellsville, N. Y., 1872—1873; and at Rochester, N. Y., 1873—1875. From 1875 he was for several years general agent for *The Churchman* at Rochester, N. Y. During the latter part of his life his residence was in Washington, D. C., and he died there of old age, July 7, 1905.

Mr. Ray was married Nov. 28, 1855, to Mary J., daughter of Isaac Fenstermaker of Dansville, N. Y., who survives him. One child.

LYMAN WHITING, the son of David and Phebe (Whiton) Whiting, was born in North Brookfield, Mass., April 28, 1817

and was fitted for college at Leicester and Amherst Academies. He entered Amherst in September, 1835 but left in 1837.

The degree of B. A. was conferred upon him and his name inserted in his class, by vote of the trustees, in 1889. He studied theology at Andover Seminary, and graduated there in 1842. He was ordained, Jan. 11, 1843, in Brookfield, Mass., and was pastor of the church there until March 24, 1847. His subsequent pastorates were at Lawrence, Mass., 1847—1850; at Reading, Mass., 1850—1855; at Portsmouth, N. H., 1855—1858; at Providence, R. I., 1859—1864; at Dubuque, Ia., 1864—1869; at Janesville, Wis., 1869—1874; at Philadelphia, Penn., 1874—1877; at Charleston, W. Va., 1878—1883; at South Williamstown, Mass., 1884—1889; and at East Charlemon, Mass., from Oct. 6, 1889 until his death there from chronic myocarditis, May 27, 1906.

During his pastorate at Reading, Mass., he was a delegate to the "Know-Nothing" congressional convention of the district, was elected its president, and nominated by it candidate for representative in Congress, which nomination he however declined.

Dr. Whiting was chaplain of the Senate of Massachusetts in 1854 and 1855; a trustee of Beloit College, 1870—1877, of Rockford Seminary, Ill., 1871—1875, and of Fox Lake Seminary, Wis., 1871—1880. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Iowa College in 1868.

Dr. Whiting was the author of fourteen published sermons, preached on various special occasions, seven addresses, a very large number of articles in the *North American* and various theological reviews and religious newspapers. For sometime he was one of the editors of the *Iowa News Letter in Dubuque*.

An interesting sketch of his life and character appeared in *The Congregationalist* of Jan. 20, 1906, and the following tribute was given in the *Springfield Republican* of May 28:

"Dr. Whiting filled a useful and honorable place in all the positions in which he was called to act. He was essentially a companionable man, an interesting conversationalist, a scholar and a fine example of the old school gentleman. As he grew old he retained his mental and physical strength to a remarkable degree, although he showed unmistakably the effects of time."

Dr. Whiting was married (1) Jan. 5, 1843, to Esther S., daughter of Jason Chamberlain, of Westboro, Mass., who died June 4, 1882; (2) Dec. 16, 1884, to Josephine, daughter of Samuel Cummings of Lawrence, Mass., who survives him. Of eight children, two are still living.

CLASS OF 1842.

SAMUEL WORCESTER WHITNEY, the son of Rev. Samuel and Mercy (Partridge) Whitney, was born in Waimea, Kauai, H. I., March 18, 1822, was fitted for college at Canandaigua Academy, N. Y., and entered in September, 1839.

After graduation he was a teacher at Chambersburg, Penn., 1842; near Edenton, N. C., 1842—1844; in Bethel, Conn., 1845; and in Montgomery Co., Md., 1846—1849. During this period he also studied theology with Rev. J. C. Smith, D.D., of Washington, D. C., and was ordained at Portsmouth, Va. in 1849.

He was pastor of the Presbyterian church, Drummondtown, Va., 1849—1851; and of the Baptist church, Westport, N. Y., 1851—1852. He was a teacher at Flushing Institute, 1852—1854; at Covington, Ky., 1854—1855; and at Bound Brook, N. J., 1855—1857. He was pastor at New Bedford, Mass., 1857—1858; at North Attleboro and Fall River, 1858—1859, and pastor and principal of an Academy at Andover, N. H., 1859. He was teacher at New Bedford, Mass., 1859—1860, and at Flushing Institute, 1860—1868.

From 1868 to 1869 he was secretary of the American School

Institute, and from 1869 to 1871 secretary of the Woodward Gas Carbonizing Co., both in New York City. He was associate-editor of the *Baptist Union* in New York City from 1871—1875.

On account of failing health he withdrew from preaching in 1876 and for a considerable period engaged in farming in Monticello, N. Y. He then returned to the ministry, was pastor at Sterling and at Raynham, Mass., in succession, for several years each, and at Ashfield in the same state, 1892—1896. On account of increasing ill-health he then entered a Home for Baptists in Germantown, Penn., and continued to be a member of it until his death there from locomotor ataxia, July 13, 1905.

Mr. Whitney was the author of *Open Communion*, *Elements of English Grammar*, and several pamphlets. He also contributed numerous articles to the *Homiletic Review* and other magazines, and to the religious newspapers.

Mr. Whitney was married (1) June 9, 1853, to Catherine E., daughter of Dan M. Kent of Westport, N. Y., who died May 12, 1857; (2) Dec. 21, 1858, to Harriet E., daughter of Charles Hitch of New Bedford, Mass., who survives him. Two children.

CLASS OF 1846.

GEORGE SULLIVAN WOODMAN, the son of Charles and Clarissa A. (Call) Woodman, was born in Boston, Mass., Nov. 22, 1823, and was fitted for college by Rev. Thatcher Thayer, D. D., class of 1831, of Newport, R. I.

He studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York city, two years; and at Harvard Medical College, one year, receiving the degree of M. D. from the latter in 1849.

He practiced his profession at West Cambridge, Mass., 1849—1851 and at Amherst in partnership with Dr. Timothy J.

Gridley, 1851—1858. After engaging in an educational agency in New York City three years, he resumed professional work, and practiced at Brooklyn, N. Y., 1861—1871; at Lynn, Mass. 1871—1878, and at Newtonville, Mass. 1878—1900. He then retired from practice, and spent the rest of his life in the family of one of his daughters in Cambridge, Mass. He died of intestinal disorder consequent upon an attack of hernia, at Cambridge, Mass., March 23, 1906.

From 1858 to 1861 Dr. Woodman was surgeon of the Board of Enrollment for the 2d district of New York, and editor of the *Educational Herald*. During the civil war he was an examining surgeon for the United States government in Brooklyn, N. Y.

“The avocation of Dr. Woodman’s life was music. Belonging to a family prominent in this art, he was himself in early life well known as a public singer, and was a member of the choir of Dr. Lowell Mason which did much to develop the art of music both religious and secular, and to lay the foundation of the musical societies which have since made Boston famous. In college he exercised his musical talent in forming and drilling a singing club among the students which gave birth to the glee clubs of later days.”

Dr. Woodman was married, Sept. 17, 1849, to Jane L., daughter of Dr. Timothy J. Gridley of Amherst, who with their five children survives him.

CLASS OF 1851.

LEVI GARDNER MARSH, the son of Alvin and Sophia (Gardner) Marsh, was born in Conesus, in the township of Livonia, N. Y., May 20, 1823, and was fitted for college at Grand River Institute, Austinburgh, O.

He was a member of Hamilton College two years, and entered Amherst in September, 1849. He studied theology at

Bangor Seminary, and graduated there in 1854. The next year he was a resident-licentiate at Andover Seminary.

Oct. 4, 1855 he was ordained at Thomaston, Me., and was pastor there until 1857. He was acting-pastor of the First Presbyterian church at Nunda, N. Y., 1857—1860; and of the Congregational church at Brewer, Me., 1861—1863; pastor of the First Presbyterian church at Nunda, N. Y., 1863—1871; acting pastor at Plainwell, Mich., 1876—1881; and at Lewiston, N. Y., 1881—1898. He then retired from the ministry.

He died of inflammation of the bladder, at Morgan Park, Ill., Feb. 28, 1906.

Mr. Marsh was married, Oct. 11, 1855, to Sarah P., daughter of Nathaniel Harlow of Bangor, Me., who with their six children survives him.

CLASS OF 1853.

HENRY LEONIDAS BOLTWOOD, the son of William and Electa (Stetson) Boltwood, was born in Amherst, Mass., Jan. 17, 1831, and was fitted for college at Amherst Academy.

After graduation he was principal of Limerick Academy, Me., 1853—1854; of the high school in Palmer, Mass., 1854—1855, of Pembroke Academy, N. H., 1855—1856; of Pinkerton Academy, Derry, N. H., 1857—1861; and of the high school at Lawrence, Mass., 1861—1864.

In December, 1864, he was ordained at New Orleans, La., chaplain of the 67th Regt., U. S. C. T. and besides discharging the duties of this office he was also in the service of the U. S. Sanitary Commission in the department of the Gulf until the end of the war. He was present at the capture of Fort Blakely, opposite Mobile, Ala. April 9, 1865, the last battle of the war, fought on the day when Lee surrendered.

He was then for two years superintendent of schools and principal of the high school at Griggsville, Ill. In 1867 he

organized at Princeton the first township high school in that state, and conducted it for eleven years. The school was highly successful and attracted many pupils from abroad—at one time ninety. In 1878 he organized a similar school at Ottawa, and remained there for five years. From 1883 until his death from heart-disease, Jan. 23, 1906, he was principal of the high school in Evanston, Ill. During this period he was also a member of and leading worker in the First Congregational church in that town.

For several years Mr. Boltwood was a member of the state board of education, and president of the State teachers' association, and did much institute work both in Illinois and Iowa. As a teacher he gave special attention to English language and literature, and to history, and was the author of several textbooks, as follows :

English Grammar and How to Teach it.

High School Speller.

Institute, Grammar, and High School Reader.

Students' Fourth Reader and Fifth Reader (In collaboration with Mr. Richard Edwards.)

A Topical Outline of General History.

Soon after Mr. Boltwood's death there appeared numerous and highly appreciative tributes to his character and his work as an educator.

The principal address at the memorial service was by the pastor of the church in Evanston, some extracts from which are as follows :

" Professor Boltwood's life was so perfect, so simple. Whatever the varied qualities of his mind, they were all concentrated on his calling as a teacher. He was a man with an exceedingly well-balanced, practical mind. He was a great administrator, a great organizer and a great builder. But his administrative abilities were to him only a means to an end and were concen-

trated on his one chosen work. Professor Boltwood was pre-eminently a great teacher. He had a sense of the divineness of his calling, which was to impart, to teach, to instruct. He was more than a teacher who simply knew the text-book. He was incarnated knowledge and an imparter of that knowledge. He would have been pre-eminent as a scholar. Professor Boltwood was the noblest type of a Christian man. His teaching was Christian and his Christianity was intelligent."¹

Mr. Boltwood was married, July 31, 1855, to Helen E., daughter of Eugene Field of Charlemont, Mass., who, with an adopted daughter, survives him. His only child, Charles Edward Boltwood, was a graduate of Amherst, in the class of 1881, and died in 1884.

CLASS OF 1854.

EDWARD AUGUSTUS CRANE, the son of Benjamin and Sophronia (Paul) Crane, was born in Freetown, Mass., Aug. 26, 1832, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

He studied medicine at Harvard University Medical School, and received the degree of M. D. from it in 1857. He practiced his profession in Providence, R. I. from 1857 to 1861. He was in the service of the U. S. Sanitary Commission, which he had aided in organizing, from 1861 to 1864, having charge of one of its divisions in the field, and after the capture of New Orleans, in Louisiana.

He then went abroad and travelled extensively, going to Paris, France, in 1865. There he was engaged to return to America to collect material for an exhibit of the sanitary improvements made during the civil war, for the International Exposition of 1867 at Paris. In this work he spent about a

¹ Rev. J. F. Loba.

year in the United States, and on his return had charge of this exhibit during the exposition.

In 1870, after war had been declared between France and Germany, Dr. Crane co-operated with Dr. Thomas W. Evans, an American dentist in Paris, in the formation of the American Association for the Relief of the Misery of Battlefields. "The most dramatic episode of his life was his share in the flight of the French Empress, when he and Dr. Evans planned and carried out the escape of Eugenie from Paris. For his courage and devotion in this crisis, the Empress presented him with a valuable pearl, and in 1872 he was decorated with the cross of the Legion of Honor by the French government. Dr. Crane returned to Paris after the Empress had sailed for England, and took charge of the Association above mentioned during the revolution and siege."¹

From 1874 till 1897 he was editor of the *American Register* in Paris, and was engaged from that time in other literary work until his death there from angina pectoris, Feb. 25, 1906.

Dr. Crane was the author of *Registration Reports for the State of Rhode Island*, 1858—1860; *A History of the Organization of the American Ambulance in Paris during the Franco-Russian War*, 1872, and of a *Memoir of Dr. Thomas W. Evans*, which was published in November, 1905.

A brief biographical sketch of Dr. Crane appeared in *Paris Life*, a magazine of art, literature, society, etc., for April, 1906.

Dr. Crane was married, April 14, 1874, to Mrs. Jane Seaver, daughter of Henry Gray of Arlington, Vt., who survives him. No children. His property was bequeathed to Amherst College as a fund for the purchase of books on Biology, the bequest to be paid after the death of his wife.

¹ *New York Evening Post*.

WILLARD MERRILL, the son of James and Sarah (Catlin) Merrill, was born in Rome, N. Y., Jan. 16, 1831, and was fitted for college at an academy in his native town.

He studied law at Rome, N. Y. and at the law-school, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., 1855—1856, and was admitted to the bar at Watertown, N. Y., April 1, 1856. He practiced his profession at Prairie du Chien, Wis., 1856—1860, and at Janesville, Wis., 1860—1873.

In 1870—1871 he was a member of the State legislature, and from 1872 to 1874 he was a member of the Wisconsin State Board of Charities and Reform.

He then removed to Milwaukee, Wis., and was identified with the North Western Mutual Life Insurance Co. the rest of his life, with his residence at Milwaukee. From January, 1873 to 1881 he was secretary of the company; from 1881 to 1902 its superintendent of agencies; from January, 1885 to July, 1894, second vice-president; and from July, 1894 first vice-president until July, 1905, when he declined a re-election on account of the serious condition of his health.

For the benefit of his health he went in the autumn of 1904 to Pasadena, Cal., and several months later entered a sanitarium near that city, where he died of cancer of the stomach, Aug. 8, 1905.

"Mr. Merrill had a large share in laying broad, deep and strong the foundations of the North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company in the equities that should always exist between company and policy holder. He will be remembered as a man of sound principles and cautious methods, who was just in all his relations to his fellowmen."¹

"A minute adopted by the executive committee of the company recites Mr. Merrill's official service, which extended over more than thirty-two years, and concludes as follows :

¹ *The Evening Wisconsin.*

His work has been of great value to the company. He was faithful to every duty, just to every man. He was firm in the discharge of duty, but always kind in enforcing his authority. Thus he gained not only the respect and high regard but the warm affection also of his associates and subordinates. The executive committee makes this record in token of its appreciation of his distinguished worth."¹

"The key-note of Mr. Merrill's character was 'justice'. He was a man of genial, friendly nature, one who quickly won the confidence and respect of those who crossed his path, which fact accounts for the high place he held in the esteem of the army of Northwestern agents, whose superintendent he was for several years. But with all his kindliness of heart, he could not understand and found no excuse for the weaknesses that lead to wrong doing. His code of right and wrong was as definitely established as the points of the compass, and he steered his course by that code. He was just to his fellowmen; he asked nothing but justice for himself.

Few men have lived and wrought their life work in Milwaukee during the last quarter century who were so well balanced, mentally and morally, as Willard Merrill. He was a man of keen mind, exceptional executive abilities, and pleasant personality."²

Mr. Merrill was married, Sept. 8, 1858, to Clara S., daughter of Gardiner Dickinson of Conway, Mass., who died June 22, 1902. Of three children, one daughter survives her father.

URIEL WHITNEY SMALL, the son of Enos and Beulah (Whitney) Small, was born in Pownal, Me., July 23, 1825, and was fitted for college at Bethel Academy, Me.

The first year after graduation he was a teacher at Bridgewater, Mass. He studied theology at Andover Seminary, and graduated there in 1858. He was ordained, Sept. 22, 1859, at Sterling, Ill. and was pastor there until 1864. He was acting pastor at Lisbon, Ill., 1864—1869; at Cumberland, Me., 1869—1871. After service as a home missionary in Howard Springs and Pomona, Tenn. one year, he was acting pastor at

¹ *New York Insurance Press.*

² *Milwaukee (Wis.) Sentinel*

Turner, Me., 1873—1876 and pastor at Wilton, Me., 1876—1881. After preaching again one year at Sterling, Ill. he was acting pastor at Parkersburg, Ia., 1881—1882; home missionary at Princeton, Minn. about one year, and at Onida, So. Dak., 1884—1886. He was acting pastor at New Braintree, Mass. from 1887 to 1894. On account of the state of his health he then retired from the ministry, residing in Boston 1894—1896, and the rest of his life at West Leeds, Me., where he preached occasionally, until his death from acute indigestion and heart-failure, Nov. 1, 1905.

Mr. Small was an enthusiastic student of natural science, and delivered many lectures upon geology. Historical and genealogical research also interested him, and during a visit to foreign countries in 1891 he devoted considerable time to such studies.

Mr. Small was married in February, 1860, to Mary E., daughter of Theophilus Gilman of Sandwich, N. H., who died July 6, 1886. Neither of his two sons survived him.

CLASS OF 1856.

DANIEL PHILLIPS, the son of Daniel and Ann (Grier) Phillips, was born in Swansea, South Wales, Feb. 14, 1826. His parents died when he was very young, and from his twelfth to his eighteenth year his residence was in Sharon, Monmouthshire, Eng., where he was employed in work, and in study at a night school. He was a lay preacher in Victoria, Eng., 1847—1848. He came to the United States in 1848, and engaged in work and preaching among the Welsh in Pittsburg, Penn., until 1851, and then completed his preparation for college at Amherst.

His theological education was obtained at Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1859. The next year he was a resident licentiate at Andover. After preaching at Sparta, Wis. nearly

a year he was ordained there Feb. 21, 1861, and was pastor of the church there until 1862. From 1862 to 1865 he was acting pastor at Orange, Mass., and from 1866 to 1869 at Groton Junction (now Ayer) Mass. He was then without charge for a year, residing at Detroit, Mich. From 1870 to 1876 he was pastor at North Chelmsford, Mass., and from 1878 to 1882 he was acting pastor at Bath, N. H., preaching also a part of that time at Lisbon in the same state. His subsequent pastorates were at Dracut, Mass., Wapping, Conn. and Huntington, Mass. successively, until 1894. On account of failing health he then retired from the ministry and devoted himself to the editing of his lectures, and to contributions to Welsh and Welsh-American periodicals, with his residence in Hampton Falls, N. H. until 1896. After spending two years at Clifton Springs, N. Y., and two years at Amherst he returned to Hampton Falls in 1900, and died there of cerebral sclerosis, July 26, 1905.

Besides numerous articles for periodicals he was the author of *The Cymry and Druidism*; Thomas J. Griffiths, Utica, N. Y.

"As a preacher Mr. Phillips' familiarity with the Scriptures was remarkable. His power of analysis was prominent in his sermonizing, but nothing was more characteristic than his power to graphically portray the thought in his mind. He saw and made his audience see in pictures. Yet his sermons were not verbose but crystalized until there was scarcely a superfluous word.

Many young men trace the stimulus which sent them to college and to a life of great usefulness, to him. In fact, he fitted many of them in person and for a year taught a high school. About 1880 he went as an agent of the American Board among the Welsh of Pennsylvania and Ohio, preaching and teaching in the Welsh language.

Among the many lectures which he delivered, none were more forceful than those which dealt with Wales, Welsh history, life, people and religion, and the place of his countrymen in the history of America. Some of these were printed in *The Cambrian*, to which he was a frequent contributor."¹

¹ *The Cambrian*, Utica, N. Y.

Mr. Phillips was married (1) June 30, 1860, to Elizabeth R., daughter of Russell T. Wheelock of Amherst, Mass., who died March 18, 1883; (2) Oct. 3, 1885, to Marcia W., daughter of Thayer S. Sanborn of Hampton Falls, N. H., who died June 9, 1896. Of five children, four survive their father. His son, Paul C. Phillips is a graduate of Amherst, of the class of 1888, and is associate professor of Hygiene and Physical Education, in the college.

JOHN WOODBRIDGE SMITH, the son of John and Sophronia (Cummings) Smith, was born in North Hadley, Mass., March 13, 1836, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

He was a member of Harvard Law School one year, and after continuing his law studies with Chief Justice Chapman of Springfield was admitted to the bar, in Boston, June 27, 1857. He practiced his profession in Chicago, Ill. from 1857 to 1864, and then in New York City for about a year and a half. For about fifteen years he was treasurer and general manager of Bonhill Cemetery Association, Chicago, and for about five years of that period a merchant in the same city.

In 1874 he retired from the law, and became general agent of the Babcock fire extinguisher Co., New York City. About 1890 failing health caused his retirement from business, and he resided in Springfield, Mass., until his death from paralysis August 12, 1905.

Mr. Smith was married April 21, 1863, to Susan M., daughter of Henry M. Merrill of New York City. His only child, a daughter, survives him.

CLASS OF 1859.

SAMUEL MORRISON, the son of Robert and Nancy (McCleary) Morrison, and brother of Rufus A. Morrison of the

same class, was born in Windham, N. H., April 22, 1830, and was fitted for college at Atkinson Academy, N. H.

The first three years after graduation he was a teacher in the Normal School at Merrimac, N. H. He then studied theology at Bangor Seminary, 1862—1864, and after preaching one year as home missionary at Belfast and Freedom, in the same state, he was ordained at Portland, Me., Oct. 24, 1865, and was pastor in that city until 1868. From 1868 to 1871 he was acting pastor and teacher at Prescott, Wis. and at Sheboygan Falls, Wis., 1872—1877. From 1877 to 1882 he was clerk in the Patent Office at Washington, D. C. He was acting pastor at North Truro, Mass., 1882—1884, at East Falmouth 1888—1889, preached occasionally in Braintree and vicinity 1889—1891 and was acting pastor at Charlton, Mass., 1891—1894. He then retired from the ministry, and resided at Braintree, Mass. until his death there from pneumonia, April 27, 1906.

He was a composer of music, and was the author of a book on that subject.

Mr. Morrison was married, Sept. 17, 1884 to Rachel F., daughter of John Hughes of North Truro, Mass. who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1860.

JUSTIN PERKINS KELLOGG, the son of Horace and Alma (Smith) Kellogg, was born in Amherst, Oct. 8, 1836, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

He studied law in New York City and was admitted to the bar there in December, 1861, and to the bar at Northampton in 1862. Aug. 20 of that year he enlisted in the 52d Regt. Mass. Vols., was commissioned 2d Lieut. Co. G. Sept. 12, and promoted 1st Lieut. Oct. 28. He was in Gen. Banks' expedition to New Orleans, in the expedition against Port Hudson in March, and against Bayou Teche in western Louisiana, in April, 1863. He

was also in the fight at Irish Bend and in the siege of Port Hudson. He resigned his commission, Aug. 14 of the same year. He enlisted again July 22, 1864, in Co. B., 42d Mass. Infantry (100 days) as corporal, and was discharged Nov. 11, 1864.

After practicing law about a year, he entered the Divinity School of the Protestant Episcopal church in Philadelphia, completed the course of study there in 1867, was ordained Deacon in November, 1866, and Presbyter in 1868, and was assistant-minister at St. Mark's church, New York, until 1869. After residing for some time at New Windsor, N. Y., he spent a number of years in traveling in Europe.

From 1885 he resided in Geneva, Switzerland, without occupation, until his death from heart-failure, Dec. 12, 1905.

Mr. Kellogg was married, (1) March 12, 1869, to Julia, daughter of Philip Ver Planck of New York City. (2) Oct. 9, 1885, to Annie, daughter of George Brunton of Anerly, London, England, who, with two children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1861.

JOSEPH ALLEN LEACH, the son of Joseph and Jerusha (Allen) Leach, was born at Saxton's River, Vt., April 14, 1836, and was fitted for college at Westminster Academy, Vt.

He studied theology at Andover Seminary, but withdrew in the middle of his senior year to enter the army. He was ordained at Amherst, Feb. 23, 1864, was commissioned chaplain of the 19th Regt., U. S. C. T., served in the Army of the Potomac, and was mustered out of service at Washington, D. C., in June, 1865.

He was colleague-pastor with Dr. Z. S. Barstow, of the First Congregational church at Keene, N. H., 1865—1866; acting pastor of the Second Congregational church there, 1866—1869, and pastor of it, 1869—1885. During the last ten years of this time he was principal of a private school to fit boys for college.

On account of the failure of his health he then retired from the pastorate, and in 1886 became the owner of a farm in Saxton's River, Vt. He was acting pastor of the church in Grafton, Vt., for about seventeen years. He then withdrew wholly from active service, and died from arterio-sclerosis at Saxton's River, Vt., May 12, 1906.

Mr. Leach was married, Aug. 29, 1865, to Stella E., daughter of Alfred A. Ranney of West Townsend, Vt., who, with their adopted son, survives him.

CLASS OF 1865.

RUFUS KENDRICK HARLOW, the son of Maj. Branch and Lurany (Keith) Harlow, was born in Middleboro, Mass., March 28, 1834, and was fitted for college at Pierce Academy in his native town.

He studied theology at Bangor Seminary, and graduated there in 1868. He was ordained at Middleboro, Mass., Oct. 12, 1868, was acting pastor of St. Lawrence St. church, Portland, Me., 1868—1869, and after a period of ill-health of about two years of the First Congregational church, Belfast, Me., 1871—1872. From Feb. 13, 1872, he was pastor of the Village church, Medway, Mass., until 1897, when he became pastor emeritus, and not unfrequently conducted the church services, continuing his residence in Medway.

On the third of December, 1905, he preached at Barrington, R. I., and on the evening of the same day was taken ill, and died there of acute indigestion and heart-disease, Dec. 14, 1905.

Mr. Harlow was never married.

FRANCIS HOFFMAN SAYLOR, the son of Henry and Mary A. (Mills) Saylor, was born in Schuylkill Haven, Penn., Oct. 24, 1844, and was fitted for college at Union Seminary, New Berlin, Penn.

He studied civil engineering at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y., and graduated there with the degree of C. E. in 1867. He was assistant engineer of the Philadelphia and Reading R. R. Co. at Pottstown, Penn., 1868—1871; chief engineer of the Delaware and Bound Brook R. R., 1874—1877; general manager of the Bound Brook Route, 1876—1878; chief engineer of construction of the Pittsburg and Lake Erie R. R., 1878—1879; and member of the firm of Cofrode and Saylor, civil engineers and bridge builders, Philadelphia, from 1880 until his death at Philadelphia, Penn., April 12, 1906.

CLASS OF 1867.

GEORGE FREDERICK FLICHTNER, the son of Dr. Isaac and Clementine (Stanwood) Flichtner, was born in Union, Me., May 11, 1847, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy, and with Rev. J. P. Cowles of Ipswich.

He studied theology at Union Seminary, and graduated there in 1870. He was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal church by Bishop Eastburn in Boston, Nov. 16, 1870, and was assistant rector of the Church of the Ascension in New York City for nearly two years. Jan. 7, 1872, he was ordained Priest by Bishop Potter in New York City, and was Rector of St. Barnabas church, Newark, N. J., from that time until 1884. From 1884 to 1885 he was Secretary of Domestic Missions of the Protestant Episcopal church; from 1885 to 1888, an editor of *The Churchman*, New York City, and from 1888 to 1904, Rector of St. Paul's church, Englewood, N. J. In 1883, he was delegated by the House of Bishops to investigate the work of the Church in Mexico, and was the author of *A Pamphlet on Mexico*. He died of paralysis at Ipswich, Mass., July 25, 1905.

Mr. Flichtner was married, (1) June 19, 1872, to Julia E., daughter of James Appleton of Manlius, N. Y., who died Sept.

5, 1884; (2) In 1888, to Harriet, daughter of Robert H. Thayer of South Orange, N. J., who, with his four children, survives him. His two sons are graduates of Amherst, Frederick A. of the class of 1894, and Stanwood E. of the class of 1900.

ARTHUR WELLINGTON TYLER, the son of Wellington H. Tyler, M. A., of the class of 1831, and Caroline (Carpenter) Tyler, was born in Pittsfield, Mass., March 14, 1842, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

After graduation, he engaged in journalism in New York City until 1870, and was then editor of a newspaper in Meadville, Penn., for one year. He was assistant librarian at the Astor Library, New York City, 1871—1876, and second librarian there in 1876. He was first librarian at Johns Hopkins University until 1879. In that year he was elected librarian of the public library at Indianapolis, Ind., and for four years was in charge of an institution doing the seventh largest work of any public library in America. From 1883 to 1885 he was engaged in cataloguing and classifying in the State Library at Topeka and the State University Library at Lawrence, Kans.

In the fall of 1885 he took charge of the organization work of the public library in Plainfield, N. J., and in two years started it on a very successful career. In 1888, in the formative period of what is now the Teachers' College, New York City, he was first Dean of the faculty, and had charge of the executive work during the absence of the president in Europe. The next four years he spent in Quincy, Ill., developing an old subscription library into a free public library.

In 1893, after six months of special cataloguing of 16th and 17th century pamphlets at Columbia university, New York, he was employed at Wilmington, Del., in doing a work similar to that which he had recently completed in Quincy, Ill. In the

fall of 1895 he organized from its foundation the public library of Branford, Conn., which had an endowment of seven hundred thousand dollars, and continued to be its librarian until 1898.

After travelling extensively in Europe he was assistant-librarian of the new public library in Washington, D. C. (whose building was the gift of Andrew Carnegie), from 1902 until a short time before his death.

Mr. Tyler was a devoted Bible student, and was particularly learned in the literature relating to the ancient codices of the Scriptures. He frequently delivered lectures on this subject. In 1871 and 1873 he did some important work upon the text of the Greek Testament, the results of which were published in several numbers of the *Bibliotheca Sacra*, and were received with marks of strong commendation by literary newspapers in England as well as in America.

"He was a fine Greek scholar, indirectly assisted the New Testament revisers, and published a book on *Studies in the Greek Testament*. For nearly forty years he had been a quiet but faithful and useful worker in the service of libraries and Christian scholarship."¹

After an illness of more than two months, he died of pneumonia at Plainfield, N. J., March 27, 1906. Mr. Tyler was never married.

CLASS OF 1870.

HUGH BROWN RICE, the son of Charles A. and Amanda M. (Gaines) Rice, was born in Eden's Ridge, Tenn., Oct. 6, 1845, and was fitted for college at East Tennessee University at Knoxville, in that state. He also pursued the studies of Freshman year in that institution, and entered Amherst in September, 1867.

¹ *The Congregationalist*.

He was a member of Auburn Seminary one year, and after completing his theological studies in private, was ordained Feb. 5, 1873, at Washburn, Ill., and was acting pastor in that place from April, 1872, to April, 1873. He was pastor at Rock Island, Ill., from April, 1873, to September, 1875; at San Francisco, Cal., until May, 1876, and at Oakland, Cal., until April, 1880.

In 1880 Mr. Rice retired from the ministry, and followed a business career, with his residence at Pasadena, Cal., until his death from arterial sclerosis at Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 31, 1905.

During this time he was chiefly occupied as agent of the Oceanic Steamship Co., and of Thomas Cook and Son, with headquarters at Los Angeles. In this agency he was very successful. In the community where he lived he was highly esteemed, and was implicitly trusted by the corporations who committed large interests to his care.

During the last twenty-five years of his life he regularly taught a large and enthusiastic Bible class in Los Angeles. He was a frequent contributor to religious publications, and for several years published a small monthly paper called *The Last Trump*. He also published as an advertising medium and guide a periodical entitled, *Information and Hints to Travellers*, which proved to be popular and a financial success.

Mr. Rice was married, March 24, 1872, to Sadie G., daughter of John W. Edwards of Whitley's Creek, Ill., who, with four of their six children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1880.

ADDISON RANDOLPH JONES, the son of Wrightson and Mary M. (Denny) Jones, was born in St. Michaels, Md., Feb. 1, 1854, and was fitted for college at Hudson River Institute, Claverack, N. Y.

He spent the first year of his college course in Syracuse University, and entered Amherst in September, 1877.

Aug. 28, 1880, he was ordained as a Methodist minister in New York City, and was a missionary of that denomination in Tienova, Bulgaria, until 1884. During that period he was engaged in educational work, both academic and theological. In addition to this he began the translation of books and hymns into the Bulgarian language.

Returning to America he spent several years in Asheville, N. C., for the benefit of his health, and a part of this time was in Socorro, N. M., and travelling in other parts of the country. In 1889—1890 he was professor of mathematics in Nebraska Wesleyan University at Lincoln, Neb., and in 1890—1891 in the same department in Lake Charles College, La. From 1891 to 1894 he was principal of Anne Arundel Academy, Md. From 1896 he was in the employ of Golding and Co., printers, Boston, residing in Cambridge, Mass., until his death from chronic bronchitis, July 3, 1905.

Mr. Jones was married, Sept. 3, 1880, to Emma, daughter of Cyrus King, of Amherst, who, with three of their four children, survives him.

CHARLES HILLIARD SAWYER, the son of Hilliard E. and Caroline (Lockrow) Sawyer, was born in Waterville, N. Y., April 27, 1855, and was fitted for college at Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Mass.

He studied law in the office of George A. Fay, Meriden, Conn., and was admitted to the bar, March 8, 1883. He practiced his profession in Meriden until 1898, and was prosecuting liquor attorney for New Haven county, 1895—1898. He was consul at Amprior, Can., Oct. 1, 1898—Dec. 20, 1899, and U. S. District Atty, Northern District, Ind. Ter., Jan. 20—Sept. 1, 1900.

He was a member of the commission to the five civilized Indian tribes, and in charge of the office at Atoka, Ind. Ter., during 1901, and for nine months in 1902 was in Mississippi to enroll the Choctaw Indians, and was then transferred to the office of the commission at Muskogee, Ind. Ter. From this commission he resigned, Feb. 15, 1905, and went to Kerrville, Tex., on account of impaired health. In August, 1905, he returned to Muskogee, Ind. Ter., where he died of bronchitis, Jan. 17, 1906.

Mr. Sawyer was married, Oct. 24, 1889, to Marianne A., daughter of Judge John S. Brassee of Lancaster, O., who, with two of their three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1883.

CHARLES EDWARD ROUNDS, the son of John C. and Louisa D. (Wadsworth) Rounds, was born in Malden, Mass., Sept. 8, 1859, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town.

He was a stenographer in Boston, 1883—1884; in Fargo, Dak., 1884—1886, and in Minneapolis, Minn., from 1886 until his death there, Feb. 6, 1906.

Mr. Rounds was married, May 9, 1888, to Celia L., daughter of Enoch B. Ellsworth of Minneapolis, Minn., who, with their three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1895.

HARRY LEMUEL TWICHELL, the son of Rev. Erastus W. Twichell, of the class of 1866, and Sarah F. (Garlock) Twichell, was born in Burdette, N. Y., April 30, 1873, and was fitted for college at Canandaigua, N. Y., Academy.

After graduation, he studied law at the New York Law School, received the degree of LL.B. from it in 1897, and was admitted to the bar the same year. He practiced his profession in that city until his death there from typhoid fever, Dec. 2, 1905.

Mr. Twichell was unmarried.

His brother, William McCoy Twichell, a member of the class of 1898, died while in college. Another brother, Edmund Warner Twichell, is a member of the class of 1907.

CLASS OF 1896.

JOHN HISCOX, the son of John M. and Susan E. (Potter) Hiscox, and brother of Morton Hiscox, class of 1893, and William W. Hiscox, class of 1900, was born in Westerly, R. I., March 11, 1872, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town.

After graduation he was on the staff of the Westerly, R. I., *Sun* until the summer of 1903, except one winter when he was the proprietor of *The White Mountain Republic*, in Littleton, N. H. He then assumed the business management of the printing office of the American Sabbath Tract Society at Plainfield, N. J. On account of the failure of his health he was at St. Louis, Mich., for medical treatment for a few weeks in November, 1905. Returning to Westerly, R. I., he died there of disease of the kidneys, Dec. 1, 1905.

Mr. Hiscox was married, April 15, 1897, to Josephine N., daughter of Biol O. Coon of Little Genesee, N. Y., who, with one child, survives him.

ARTHUR EDWARD MAGILL, the son of William A. and Matilda (Smith) Magill, and brother of William S. Magill,

class of 1887, was born in New Haven, Conn., July 20, 1875, and was fitted for college at Amherst High School.

The studies of Freshman year were pursued at Lycée Louis-le-Grand, Paris, France, and he entered Amherst in September, 1893. The first year after graduation he was a member of the Sorbonne, Paris, France, devoting himself particularly to the study of mathematics and physics.

During the next three years he was engaged in business in New York City for a time, afterwards taught school in Ashfield, Mass., one term, but during most of this period was in Amherst.

In 1901 he passed a competitive examination for a position in the Patent Office at Washington, D. C., and was employed in the work of that office from March, 1902, for about three years. He also began at that time the study of law, and was admitted to the bar of the District of Columbia in May, 1905. He died of heart-disease at Washington, D. C., June 26, 1905.

Mr. Magill was married, Sept. 3, 1902, to Mina B., daughter of N. Bebee of Westfield, N. Y., who, with two children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1898.

ELIPHALET HUNTINGTON BLATCHFORD, the son of Eliphalet W. and Mary E. (Williams) Blatchford, and brother of Paul Blatchford, class of 1882, and Edward W. Blatchford, class of 1891, was born in Chicago, Ill., Oct. 9, 1876. He was fitted for college at University School, Chicago, Ill., and Adelphi Academy, Brooklyn, N. Y.

In May, 1898, having obtained leave of absence, he left college and enlisted as a private in the Fourth Regt. of Cavalry, U. S. A., for service in the Spanish-American war in the Philippine Islands. Some time after arriving at Manilla, he was de-

tailed as orderly sergeant for duty in the office of Gen. Hughes, provost of the city. In November, he was honorably discharged on account of two severe attacks of fever and returned to Chicago. After studying law one year in the law school of Northwestern University, he entered the employ of the firm of E. W. Blatchford and Co., lead manufacturers, in Chicago and continued in that relation the rest of his life.

In July, 1905, he was taken ill with valvular disease of the heart, and for two months was in the Passavant Hospital in Chicago, and from Oct. 1 in the Health Resort in Winnetka, Ill., where he died, Dec. 23, 1905.

Mr. Blatchford was the author of a series of articles published in the *Outlook* of the autumn of 1898, entitled *A Trooper's Diary*, edited from letters written during the Spanish-American war.

Among his many noble qualities of character, his sincere and self-sacrificing patriotism and his whole-souled and untiring efforts for the welfare of the church of which he was a member, were especially conspicuous. "Mr. Blatchford's simple devotion to duty, his lack of self-consciousness, his utter fearlessness, his keen discernment of character, his large capacity for friendship, his genial humor, his frank, overflowing joyousness, marked him as a personality of rich endowments, a Christian optimist, rarely fitted for the ministries of life."¹

CLASS OF 1903.

JAMES MAXWELL MURDOCK, the son of John K. and Christina M. (Skinner) Murdock, was born in Woburn, Mass., Aug. 7, 1881, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town.

¹ Rev. E. M. Williams, D. D., New England church, Chicago.

The first year after graduation he was in the employment of the Library Bureau in New York City. In the autumn of 1904 he was a member of Harvard Law School for several weeks, withdrawing then on account of impaired health. He continued to decline in health until his death from Bright's disease at Winchester, Mass., May 26, 1906.

An interesting and appreciative sketch of his life and character appeared in the *Amherst Student*, June 9, 1906.

CHARLES BLANCHARD THOMPSON, the son of Samuel P. and Mary D. (Crosby) Thompson, was born in Attleboro, Mass., June 20, 1881, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town. He entered college in September, 1898, but at the close of his Freshman year his health had become so impaired that he was compelled to take a leave of absence. Returning to college in September, 1900, he became a member of the class of 1903.

From September, 1903, to January, 1904, he was a teacher in the Rockland Military Academy at West Lebanon, N. H., resigning then on account of feeble health. After spending a number of weeks in private tutoring at Framingham and Milton, Mass., he was instructor in Mr. Fessenden's school for boys at West Newton, Mass., the last two months of the school year.

In September, 1904, he was elected principal of the high school in Norway, Me., and was very successful in the conduct of it. But in September, 1905, he was obliged to resign on account of the failure of his health, and died of tuberculosis, in Norway, Me., on the 29th of that month. His character and scholarship were of a high order of excellence.

CLASS OF 1904.

PAUL DAVIE STORKE, the son of Frederic E. and Kathleen (Davie) Storke, was born in Auburn, N. Y., Jan. 12, 1882, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native city.

After graduation he entered the employ of the Butterick Publishing Co. of New York City. After several months he travelled in the South and West in the interests of that company. In June, 1905, he was taken ill with typhoid fever in Dallas, Tex., was taken to his home in Auburn, N. Y., in August and died there on the 22d of that month.

CLASS OF 1905.

JOHN FRANK KERN, the son of John C. and Louisa A. (Jones) Kern, was born in Dunkirk, N. Y., Aug. 27, 1878, and was fitted for college in the high school of his native town.

He was a member of Cornell University two years, and entered Amherst in September, 1903. He completed the number of courses of study requisite for graduation in January, 1905, and during the rest of his Senior year was teacher of languages in the Freehold, N. J., Military Academy.

After graduation he became teacher of languages in Hebron Academy, Maine. On account of increasing ill-health he obtained a leave of absence, returned to his home in Dunkirk, N. Y., Feb. 27, 1906 and died there of embolism, Feb. 28.

Mr. Kern was a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Society.

CLASS OF 1855.

DANA ISRAEL JOCELYN, the son of Israel and Hannah (Colton) Jocelyn, was born in Georgia, Vt., Dec. 6, 1830, and was fitted for college at Bakersfield, Vt., with Jacob Spaulding.

"After graduation, he engaged in teaching in the high school in Grafton, Mass., six months; in Stoneham, three years and a half; in Lowell, one year; in Clinton high school, two years; in Malden, where he remained three years, 1862 to 1865, also acting as clerk to Paymaster Varnum one year. From 1865 to 1894 he practiced dentistry in St. Louis, Mo. He then left his professional business to accompany Mrs. Jocelyn on a tour for the benefit of her health.

After a long and painful illness, he died at St. Louis, Mo., June 10, 1906.

Mr. Jocelyn was married, Sept. 10, 1874, to Maria L., daughter of Levi Moyer of St. Louis, Mo. One child, not living.

Mr. Jocelyn was a man of noble character, always interested in Christian work. He served two terms as deacon in Pilgrim Congregational church in St. Louis."¹

¹ Information of the death of Mr. Jocelyn was received too late for the insertion of his obituary in its proper place. The account here given is taken from the Half Century Record of the Class of "Fifty-Five," edited by the Class Secretary.

RECORD OF GRADUATES WHOSE DEATHS

HAVE NOT BEEN PREVIOUSLY REPORTED.

CLASS OF 1846.

HARVEY JAMES SKIFF, the son of Joshua and Lusina (Wright) Skiff, was born near the town of Hume, Allegany Co., N. Y., Feb. 5, 1821, and was fitted for college at Wyoming Academy, Wyoming, N. Y.

He studied law with Fillmore & Haven, Buffalo, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar there in 1849. He practiced his profession in Oskaloosa, Ia., from that year until 1851 and at Newton, in the same state, until 1861. In 1857 he was a member of the Constitutional Convention of the State of Iowa.

In October, 1861, he enlisted in Co. B., 13th Regt., Iowa Vols., was promoted Quartermaster Sergt., Nov. 3, 1861 and was commissioned Captain, March 12, 1862. He served in the advance on Corinth, September and October, 1862; in the siege of Vicksburg, 1863; the taking of Atlanta, 1864; and was mustered out of service Nov. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn.

He then engaged in banking and mercantile business in Newton, Ia., until his death there from chronic disease of the bowels, Nov. 12, 1904.

Mr. Skiff was married (1) Aug. 20, 1849, to Sarah Burleigh of Castile, N. Y., who died July 26, 1861; (2) April 2, 1873, to Mrs. Lavinia Parmenter, daughter of John Wheelock of Buffalo, N. Y., who, with one son, survives him.

CLASS OF 1851.

ROBERT STEWART, the son of Miller and Jane (Marchalk) Stewart, was born in Natchez, Miss., Feb. 11, 1829, and was fitted for college in his native city.

He studied medicine in the medical school of Pennsylvania University and received from it the degree of M. D. in 1853. He practiced his profession in Philadelphia, Penn., until 1856, and from that year in New York City until 1868. After a temporary withdrawal from his work on account of ill-health, he resumed practice in New York City in 1876 and was for many years distinguished as a family physician. During this period he was one of the original organizers of the New York Board of Health, and was also prominent in church and philanthropic work. In 1894 he retired again from practice, and resided in North Chatham, N. Y., until his death there from acute indigestion, Feb. 11, 1905.

Dr. Stewart was married, in October, 1857, to Anna L., daughter of Anson P. Beebe, Esq., of New York City, who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1856.

EDWARD EMERSON BRADBURY, the son of William S. and Elizabeth (Emerson) Bradbury, and brother of William F. Bradbury of the same class, was born in Westminster, Mass., Feb. 7, 1832, and was fitted for college at the academy in his native town.

After teaching at Greenfield, Mass., one year, and at Ware, Mass., one year, he was one of the proprietors of the Greenleaf Female Institute at Brooklyn, N. Y., from 1858 to 1865. He then studied law in Brooklyn, was admitted to the bar in 1866 and practiced his profession in Brooklyn and New York City

until 1871. From that year until 1876 he was a broker in New York City.

From 1876 to 1877 he was master of a grammar school in Somerville, Mass., and from 1877 to 1879 was sub-master of the high school in Cambridge. From 1879 to 1882, he was engaged in mercantile pursuits in Boston, and the next sixteen years he was proprietor of a wholesale grocery store in Providence, R. I.

For the benefit of his health he then removed to Riverside, California, and died there of epilepsy, Nov. 10, 1904.

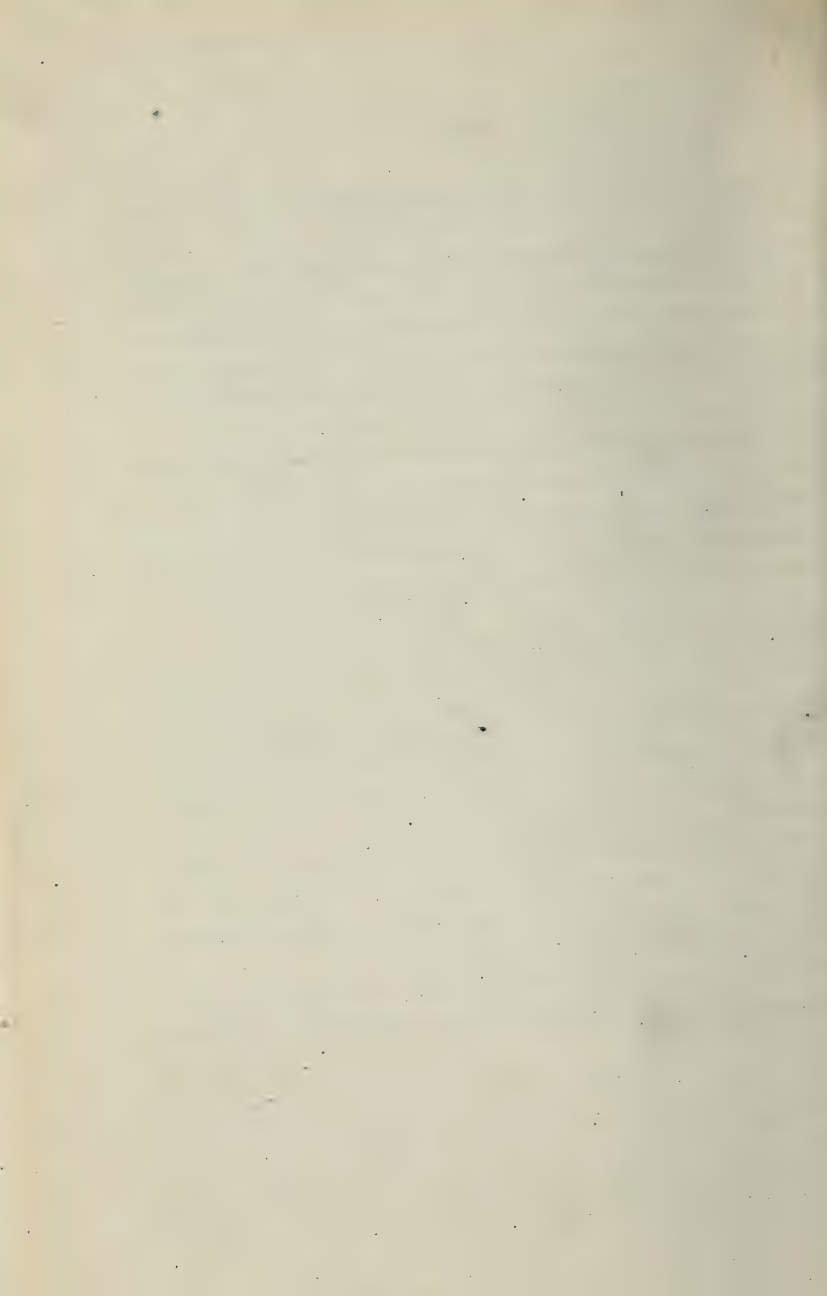
Mr. Bradbury was married, Nov. 26, 1856, to Sarah J., daughter of Solomon Sykes of Peekskill, N. Y., who, with their three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1889.

EDWARD PAYSON DROWN, the son of George P. and Elizabeth (Kingsbury) Drown, was born in Keene, N. H., April 30, 1865, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native city.

His medical education was obtained at Harvard University, from which he received the degree of M. D. in 1893. He practiced his profession in Malden, Mass., from that year until his death from peritonitis, May 25, 1905.

Dr. Drown was married, June 19, 1895, to Mary B., daughter of Frank H. Gould of Lynn, Mass., who, with two children, survives him.



OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF AMHERST COLLEGE,

FOR THE

ACADEMICAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 26, 1907.

[FIFTH PRINTED SERIES No. 5.]

AMHERST, MASS.
PUBLISHED BY THE COLLEGE,
MDCCCCVII.

NOTE.

In connection with the editing of the Triennial Catalogue in Latin, in the year 1862—1863, the undersigned was directed by the Faculty to prepare and have printed an obituary record of graduates deceased during that year; and subsequently he was instructed to prepare a similar record annually.

This has been done, and four series of ten years each were completed in 1902, containing accounts of eleven hundred and eighty-three graduates and numbering in all ten hundred and seven pages. Nine numbers from 1877 to 1885 inclusive, were edited by the late Prof. J. K. Chickering, of the class of 1869. To the first two series and also to each of the third and fourth series, alphabetical indexes have been added.

The oldest alumnus in graduation is Rev. John Hagadorn Wells of Kingston, R. I., born Jan. 28, 1817, the surviving member of the class of 1837. The oldest living graduate, however, is Rev. Luther H. Barber of Danielson, Conn., of the class of 1839, born Sept. 3, 1815.

In this number of the *Obituary Record* the facts in each instance have been obtained by correspondence with relatives or other intimate acquaintances of the subjects of these notices.

All persons who may be able at any time to furnish information for the *Obituary Record* are urgently requested to communicate the same, without delay, to the Editor,

E. P. CROWELL,
AMHERST COLLEGE.

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Roll of Graduates Deceased During the Year 1906—1907.

GRADUATION.	AGE.
1841. REV. ISAAC CLIFFORD DAY, ...	91
1844. REV. CHARLES MOODY ATKINSON, M. A., D. D., .	87
1844. HON. GALUSHA AARON GROW, LL. D., ...	84
1845. REV. CHARLES TEMPLE, ...	82
1848. REV. FRANCIS HOMES, ...	80
1852. HON. WILLIAM WINTON GOODRICH, M. A., LL. D.,	73
1852. REV. WILLIAM GRASSIE, D. D., ...	83
1852. REV. DON CARLOS TAFT, ...	79
1853. THOMAS DWIGHT ADAMS, ESQ., M. A., ...	80
1853. REV. AMOS HILL COOLIDGE, ...	79
1853. REV. LEBBEUS BAILEY FIFIELD, M. A., . . .	80
1853. REV. DANIEL CLAPP LITCHFIELD, ...	83
1854. REV. EDMUND MORRIS PEASE, M. A., M. D., .	77
1856. REV. CHESTER BRIDGMAN, M. A., ...	76
1859. REV. JUDSON SMITH, M. A., D. D., ...	69
1860. REV. HENRY MARTYN HOLMES, ...	74
1860. BENJAMIN WELCH PETTIBONE, M. A., ...	66
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1863. PROFESSOR WILLIAM BIGELOW ADAMS, ...	66
1863. CHARLES MORRIS BILLINGS, M. A., M. D., .	67
1865. REV. ALBERT GALLIFORD BALE, ...	66
1865. EDWARD WEST CURRIER, ...	66
1869. HENRY KELLOGG FIELD, ESQ., (See page 224) .	59
1869. PROFESSOR HENRY BULLARD RICHARDSON, M. A.,	62
1870. JOSEPH TYLER WARD, ...	62
1870. GEORGE HENRY WATSON, M. D., ...	59
1871. ANDREW ELMER FORD, ...	56
1872. PROFESSOR CHARLES EDWARD GARMAN, M. A., D. D.,	56
1874. PROFESSOR BUEL PRESTON COLTON, M. A., .	54

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1875.	REV. DAVID WILDER GOODALE,	.	.	.	59
1875.	REV. THOMAS A. REEVES,	.	.	.	57
1875.	REV. CHARLES SYLVESTER SANDERS,	.	.	.	52
1877.	REV. ARTHUR SMITH,	.	.	.	54
1877.	REV. GEORGE EDWARD TAYLOR,	.	.	.	57
1880.	SAM JACKSON YATES,	.	.	.	47
1881.	RUSSELL TRALL LOW,	.	.	.	47
1881.	FRANK LOUIS MELLEN,	.	.	.	48
1882.	REV. ALBERT WELLMAN HITCHCOCK, M. A., PH. D.,	.	.	.	46
1882.	HENRY MARTYN HOWLAND,	.	.	.	48
1884.	FRANK MARTIN WILLIAMS,	.	.	.	44
1891.	HERBERT KENDALL STILES, M. D.,	.	.	.	38
1892.	REV. EDWARD NELSON BILLINGS,	.	.	.	41
1899.	HUBERT McCULLOCK MESSINGER,	.	.	.	29
1901.	ESTES BURNETT SANFORD,	.	.	.	26
1902.	JAMES DANIEL BEARD,	.	.	.	28
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Average age					62.4

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1851.	REV. MILFORD CLARK BUTLER, M. A.,	.	.	.	70
1861.	WILLIAM HARDCASTLE BROWNE, ESQ., M. A., LL. D.,	.	.	.	65

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1853. Adams, T. D.
1863. Adams, W. B.
1844. Atkinson, C. M.
1865. Bale, A. G.
1902. Beard, J. D.
1863. Billings, C. M.
1892. Billings, E. N.
1875. Blanchard, A.
1856. Bridgman, C.
1861. Browne, W. H.
1851. Butler, M. C.
1874. Colton, B. P.
1853. Coolidge, A. H.
1865. Currier, E. W.
1841. Day, J. C.
1869. Field, H. K.
1853. Fifield, L. B.
1871. Ford, A. E.
1872. Garman, C. E.
1875. Goodale, D. W.
1852. Goodrich, W. W.
1852. Grassie, W.
1844. Grow, G. A.
1882. Hitchcock, A. W.

1860. Holmes, H. M.
1848. Homes, F.
1882. Howland, H. M.
1853. Litchfield, D. C.
1881. Low, R. T.
1881. Mellen, F. L.
1899. Messinger, H. M.
1854. Pease, E. M.
1860. Pettibone, B. W.
1875. Reeves, T. A.
1869. Richardson, H. B.
1875. Sanders, C. S.
1901. Sanford, E. B.
1877. Smith, A.
1859. Smith, J.
1891. Stiles, H. K.
1852. Taft, D. C.
1877. Taylor, G. E.
1845. Temple, C.
1870. Ward, J. T.
1870. Watson, G. H.
1884. Williams, F. M.
1860. Williams, H. R.
1880. Yates, S. J.

RECORD OF GRADUATES DECEASED DURING THE YEAR 1906-1907.

CLASS OF 1841.

ISAAC CLIFFORD DAY, the son of Henry and Olive (Dorrance) Day, was born in South Killingly, Conn., May 25, 1815, and was fitted for college at Plainfield (Conn.) Academy.

He studied theology at East Windsor (now Hartford) Seminary, and graduated there in 1845. He was ordained at South Killingly, Conn., May 18, 1845, and was pastor of the church there until 1848. He was then pastor at Preston one year, and acting pastor in succession in several other towns in the same State, residing at Southwick and West Killingly, Conn., until 1856. On account of ill-health, he then retired from the ministry, and engaged in business in Providence, R. I., until 1875. From that time he continued to reside there until his death from old age, Sept. 4, 1906.

"Mr. Day was a man of quiet and retiring disposition, but of noble life and broad intellect."

Mr. Day was married, Nov. 18, 1846, to Mary C., daughter of Elijah Griggs of Abington, Conn., who died Aug. 25, 1874. Of three children, two survive their father.

CLASS OF 1844.

CHARLES MOODY ATKINSON, the son of Moses L. and Charlotte (Dutch) Atkinson, was born in Newburyport, Mass., June 17, 1819, and was fitted for college by Rev. John C. March of the same city.

The first year after graduation he was principal of an academy at Greenfield, Mass. He studied theology at Union Seminary, and graduated there in 1848. He was ordained by

Presbytery, February, 1849, at Grenada, Miss., was acting pastor there for several months, and then at Carrollton, in the same State, until 1852. He was general agent and corresponding secretary of the Synod of Mississippi, 1852—1853.

He was acting pastor of the Madison church, near Canton, Miss., 1853—1868; of Camden and Concord churches, Madison county, Miss., 1868—1869; at Varden, Winona and Hopewell, in the same State, 1869—1871; and evangelist of the Presbytery of Central Mississippi, residing at Canton, 1871—1874. He was acting pastor at Durant and Hopewell, Miss., 1874—1878; evangelist of the Presbytery of New Orleans, La., and acting pastor of three churches, Thibodeaux, Morgan City and Centerville, La., 1878—1906.

He died of old age at Centreville, La., Nov. 4, 1906.

He was moderator of "The United Synod" at Huntsville, Ala., 1860, and of the Synod of Mississippi, 1867. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Kings College, Tenn., in 1875.

Dr. Atkinson was married (1) Jan. 28, 1856, to Victoria C., daughter of William Bennett of Canton, Miss., who died Feb. 13, 1872; (2) Dec. 22, 1873, to Sallie H., daughter of Col. Albert M. Sessions of Lexington, Miss., who survives him. Of his seven children, one is still living.

GALUSHA AARON GROW, the son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Robbins) Grow, was born in Ashford (now Eastford), Conn., Aug. 31, 1822. When he was six years old, his father died, and soon after his mother removed to Glenwood, Susquehanna county, Penn. He was fitted for college at Franklin Academy, in that State.

After graduation, he studied law six months at Norwich, Conn., then at Montrose, Penn., and was admitted to the bar in November, 1847. He practiced his profession at Towanda,

Penn., one year, at Montrose five years, and then at Glenwood. In 1850 he was elected a member of Congress from the Susquehanna district. He was at that time the youngest member of the House. By successive re-elections he continued to serve until 1863, and was Speaker of the House, 1861—1863.

He made a distinguished record as a presiding officer. It was said after his retirement that not one appeal was ever made from his decisions. This is the more remarkable because of the stormy war session over which he presided, and when he announced the adjournment in March, 1863, the vote of thanks which he received was unanimous.

"On Feb. 5, 1858, he had a personal encounter on the floor of the House with Representative Keitt of South Carolina. Keitt, resenting an objection Grow had made to a message from President Buchanan asking for the admission of Kansas to the Union, struck at the Pennsylvania Congressman, missed, and in return got a blow behind the ear which sent him to his knees. What was almost a free for all fight between the two sides of the House followed. Later, Keitt apologized. For the plucky stand which he took on the floor that day the Kansas Free State settlers presented to Mr. Grow a gold medal bearing on one side the figure of an uplifted arm and the legend, 'The first blow struck for freedom.'

"In the next Congress, Grow had a 'parliamentary controversy' with Representative Branch of North Carolina, which resulted in the latter challenging him to fight a duel. Mr. Grow refused to accept the challenge, and for a time he went about guarded by his friends. In that early period Grow was a warm advocate of the homestead law for 'free homes for free men.' For ten years at the beginning of every Congress he introduced his bill. It was finally passed in 1862. This led to the opening up in the West of millions of acres of valuable lands to honest home-seekers."¹

He was a delegate to the National Republican Conventions of 1864 and 1868. After spending the summer of 1870 in travel in California, Oregon and British Columbia, he settled

¹ Boston *Transcript*.

in 1871 in Houston, Tex., and was president of the International and Great Northern R. R. of Texas until 1875, when he returned to Pennsylvania and took an active part in the State election of that year, and the presidential campaign of 1876. He then resumed and continued the practice of law until 1894. In that year he was elected member-of-Congress-at-large from Pennsylvania, and by successive re-elections continued to hold that office until 1903. During his last term in the 56th Congress he was chairman of the committee on education.

After his retirement from public life he resided on his estate in Glenwood, Penn. Even in his old age he was a prolific writer, and for the last few years had published in the magazines various articles concerning his experiences in Congress.

In 1884 the degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him by Amherst College. He died of heart failure at Glenwood, near Scranton, Penn., March 31, 1907.

Mr. Grow was never married.

CLASS OF 1845.

CHARLES TEMPLE, the son of Rev. Daniel and Rachel B. (Dix) Temple, and brother of the late Rev. D. H. Temple, class of 1843, was born in Valetta, Island of Malta, July 10, 1824, and was fitted for college by his father, and by Mr. Nicholas Petrocokino and Rev. Elias Riggs, D. D., (both of the class of 1829.)

He studied theology one year at Andover Seminary and two years at Bangor Seminary, where he graduated in 1850. After several months' service as a home missionary in Milo and Sebec, Me., he preached in Unity in the same State, 1850—1852, and was ordained there in October, 1851. He was acting pastor at Monticello and Godfrey, Ill., 1852—1854, at Vermonville, Mich., 1854—1861, and pastor at Otsego, in the

same State, 1862—1865. From 1865 he was for a time a teacher of Latin, French and Algebra in the high school at Otsego. On account of the failure of his health he then resigned his position, but continued to teach privately and to preach occasionally in various places. From October, 1892, his residence was at Traverse City, Mich., and he died there of old age, Nov. 29, 1906.

“Mr. Temple was a man of earnest and deep piety. He was also an accomplished linguist, having thorough knowledge of seven languages.”

Mr. Temple was married (1) March 13, 1851, to Lucretia A., daughter of Joshua Plummer of Bangor, Me., who died Dec. 3, 1864; (2) March 26, 1866, to Ursula E., daughter of J. B. Chapin, M. D., of Battle Creek, Mich., who, with four of his five children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1848.

FRANCIS HOMES, the son of Henry and Isabella (Porter) Homes, was born in Boston, Mass., July 17, 1826, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

His theological education was obtained at Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1854. He was ordained Oct. 29, 1854, at St. Louis, Mo., and was acting pastor of the Presbyterian church at Carrollton, Mo., 1854—1855. He was acting pastor of the Second Congregational church, Westfield, Mass., 1856—1857; at West Granville, 1857—1860, and of the Third church, Marblehead, 1860—1863. He was a missionary of the First church, Lynn, 1863—1869. He was without charge, residing at Andover, 1869—1871, all in the same State.

From 1871 he was engaged in farming in Easton, Mass., until 1901, and at Hancock, N. H., the rest of his life.

He was secretary of the Essex County Sunday-school Association for several years, and after his withdrawal from the

ministry on account of ill-health in 1869, he continued his activity in Sunday-school work. He died of paralysis at Hancock, N. H., Jan. 13, 1907.

Soon after his death the Historical Society of Hancock passed an expression of gratitude for his long and useful life, testifying "that while in his last years he was limited in many of his associations through physical infirmity, still he exhibited a strength of character in his communing with the Invisible, that is worthy of imitation, and that we will cherish the memory of our departed brother, and be inspired to a better life by his unwavering faith, his integrity of heart, and his consistent walk with God."

Mr. Homes was married, (1) Dec. 9, 1864, to Sarah H., daughter of Glover Broughton of Marblehead, Mass., who died March 13, 1865; (2) Jan. 8, 1867, to Mary A., daughter of John C. Tuck of Lynn, Mass., who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1852.

WILLIAM WINTON GOODRICH, the son of David and Mary (Winton) Goodrich, was born in Havana, N. Y., Aug. 23, 1833, and was fitted for college by Rev. W. A. Nichols of South Brookfield, Mass., and at Mount Pleasant Institute, Amherst.

He studied law with Hill, Cagger and Porter of Albany, N. Y., and at Albany Law School, from which he graduated and was admitted to the bar in November, 1854. He practiced his profession at Albany until 1857, and thereafter in New York City until 1896. His specialty was Maritime and Admiralty law, in which he became the recognized leader.

He was a member of the State Legislature of New York in 1866, 1870 and 1871. "In that year, as minority leader of the Assembly, he interposed so determined and fearless and strenuous an opposition to the operations of the notorious

Tweed ring, which that year dominated the Legislature of the State, that he became known throughout the land as 'The Fighting Game Cock of King's County.'"¹ He was a member of the N. Y. Board of Education in 1869.

In 1889 he was appointed by President Cleveland a delegate to the International Marine Conference, which met in Washington, and was the leader of the American delegation. In 1905, he went to Brussels as a delegate to the same conference, called for the consideration of further subjects.

In 1896 he was appointed a Justice of the Supreme Court, to fill a vacancy, and in November of the same year he was elected to a full term of fourteen years. Jan. 1, 1897, he was designated as Presiding Justice of the Appellate Division of the Second Department, which position he held until his retirement from the bench, by the age limitation, Jan. 1, 1904. He then resumed the practice of law, and continued it until his death from pneumonia at Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 21, 1906.

Judge Goodrich was the author of a compilation upon the *Lien Law of Shippers and Vessels*, and of decisions upon it. The degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him by Amherst College in 1892.

"Judge Goodrich was a man of strong and pronounced convictions. He could not be swayed or bent from the course which conscience and judgment told him was right, by any considerations of personal or party expediency. The ceaseless diligence and untiring industry which had characterized his work as a lawyer, and which had won for him an enviable and distinguished place at the bar, did not abate when he was elevated to the bench. His natural judicial temperament, his comprehensive knowledge of the law, and his quick and intuitive understanding of men and affairs, combined to make him an ideal Judge."²

¹ Minutes of Republican Club, New York.

² Minutes of Republican Club, New York.

Judge Goodrich was married, Sept. 10, 1857, to Frances A., daughter of Henry Wickes, Esq., of Albany, N. Y., who, with three of their four children, survives him. His son, Henry W. Goodrich, Esq., a lawyer in New York City, is a graduate of Amherst, of the class of 1880.

WILLIAM GRASSIE, the son of George and Elizabeth (Field) Grassie, was born at Gay's River, Nova Scotia, March 23, 1823, and was fitted for college at Worcester Academy, Mass.

He studied theology at Andover Seminary, and graduated there in 1855. He was ordained by presbytery at Wattsburgh, Penn., Oct. 2, 1855, and was pastor there until April, 1863. His next pastorate was at Edinboro, Penn., May, 1863—April, 1875. From June, 1875, to Sept., 1901, he was acting pastor at Cambridge Springs, Penn., and from 1875 to 1888 also acting pastor at Gravel Run, in the same State. He then retired from the pastorate, but continued to preach in various places as opportunity offered, residing in Meadville, Penn., until his death from a disease of the intestines, Oct. 12, 1906.

The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Grove City College in 1902.

"Dr. Grassie was one of the best known clergymen in Northwestern Pennsylvania. For fifty years he was connected with Erie Presbytery, and never in all that time was he absent from the annual spring meeting of that body. His labors in the cause of the Master for half a century gained for him the affectionate title of the 'Grand Old Man' of Erie Presbytery. His sermons were thoughtful and clear, comprehensive and logical, unfolding in a natural and beautiful way some fundamental verity of Scripture. He was unique as a sermonizer. His genius flashed throughout his discourses. His quaint, pointed, epigrammatic diction had a singular fascination."

¹ *Presbyterian Banner*, Pittsburg, Penn.

Dr. Grassie was married, (1) Sept. 30, 1855, to Zilpah E., daughter of Dexter Fay of Berlin, Mass., who died Aug. 14, 1859; (2) May 12, 1863, to Sarah E., daughter of Pelatiah West of Palmyra, N. Y., who, with two of their four children, survives him.

DON CARLOS TAFT, the son of Zadock L. and Annie (Ramsdale) Taft, was born in Swanzey, N. H., June 19, 1827, and was fitted for college at the Academy in his native town.

He studied theology at Union Seminary, and graduated there in 1855. He was ordained, May 7, 1855, and was acting pastor at Elmwood, Ill., 1855—1856. He was teacher in an Academy in that town, 1855—1862, and again 1864—1865, having spent the year 1862—1863 as professor in Pacific University, Forest Grove, Or. He was principal of Metamora high school, Ill., 1865—1868; of Minonk high school, Ill., 1868—1871, and professor of Geology and Zoölogy at Illinois Industrial Univ., Champaign, 1871—1882.

He then withdrew from teaching, and established a bank in Hanover, Kan., where he resided until 1897. In that year he removed to Chicago, where he spent the rest of his life in retirement. He died of apoplexy, in Chicago, April 1, 1907.

“Mr. Taft was an inspiring teacher, who took great personal interest in his pupils, and an able lecturer, doing much service in teachers’ and farmers’ institutes.”

Professor Taft was married, (1) Sept. 14, 1856, to Mary L., daughter of Dr. Oren Foster of So. Leverett, Minn., who died Feb. 5, 1891; (2) May 30, 1894, to Mary V., daughter of James Ford of Oak Hill, Ill., who, with his four children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1853.

THOMAS DWIGHT ADAMS, the son of Hubbard and Mary (Storrs) Adams, was born in Canterbury, Conn., Feb. 10, 1827, and was fitted for college at Worcester (Mass.) Academy.

He was principal of the high school in Hopkinton, Mass., 1853—1854; in Framingham, Mass., 1854—1862; and in Newton, Mass., 1863—1868. For several years during the same period he was also engaged in the study of law with Hon. George S. Boutwell and Hon. J. G. Abbott of Boston, and was admitted to the bar in 1868. He practiced his profession in New York City, 1868—1877, and then was Superintendent of Schools and principal of the high school in Westerly, R. I., until 1882; principal of the Classical Institute, Essex, Vt., 1882—1883; superintendent of schools, Plymouth, Mass., 1883—1884; teacher in an English and classical school, 1885—1886, and in Hillhouse high school, New Haven, Conn., 1887—1891.

After one year in the service of the Bill Publishing Co., he was a teacher in the Girls' Seminary, Oakland, Cal., 1893—1899, and after a year of study in Paris, France, was teacher of modern languages in a classical school for boys at Los Angeles, Cal., the rest of his life. During the same period he was a lecturer and political speaker of considerable reputation.

He died at Los Angeles, Cal., May, 1907.

Mr. Adams was the author of discourses on *The Bearings of Popular Culture upon Civilization* and on *Individuality*.

Mr. Adams was married, Nov. 25, 1856, to Malvina M., daughter of Jacob Gove of Newton, Mass., who, with their four children, survives him.

AMOS HILL COOLIDGE, the son of Aaron and Catharine (Hill) Coolidge, was born in Sherborn, Mass., Aug. 17, 1827, and was fitted for college at Holliston and South Braintree Academies.

He studied theology at Andover Seminary, and graduated there in 1856. After preaching at Leicester, Mass., from October of that year for about six months, he was ordained there, April 21, 1857, and was associate pastor of the First Congregational church, with Rev. John Nelson, D. D., until the death of the latter, Dec. 6, 1871. Mr. Coolidge continued in the pastorate of this church until April 21, 1894, a period of thirty-seven years in all. He then resigned and removed to Worcester. The announcement of his resignation at that time was received with deep regret, one published expression of which was as follows :

“Mr. Coolidge has been long in the service of Christ and his people, and as a pastor and minister he has loved and been loved by all, and the friendship which has existed for many years has woven a tie of love that will never be broken. Mr. Coolidge’s commanding abilities and experiences in performing distinguished services in the various walks of the social life of the people, have been greatly prized.

“Wise in counsel, devoted in service, liberal in judgment, steadfast in friendship, it is deeply to be regretted that he should now break up his long pastorate, the longest except two in the State, and leave his work while still hale and vigorous.”

After leaving Leicester, he preached at intervals in about forty different churches, and had charge of pastoral work in churches without pastors until 1903.

Mr. Coolidge was the author of a *History of Leicester, Mass.; Historical Sermons* at the 25th and 30th anniversaries of his settlement in Leicester; *Historical Addresses* at the 25th anniversary of Worcester Congregational Club, and at the dedication of John Nelson Memorial church; also of a number of newspaper articles on various subjects.

After nearly two years of ill-health, he died of pneumonia at Worcester, Mass., Feb. 16, 1907.

Mr. Coolidge was married, Dec. 30, 1856, to Harriet M., daughter of Jonathan Cooley of Palmer, Mass., who died March 16, 1905. Of four children, two daughters and a son survive their father. The son, John Nelson Coolidge, M. D., is a graduate of Amherst, of the class of 1889.

LEBBEUS BAILEY FIFIELD, the son of Noah and Nancy (Veazie) Fifield, was born in Eastport, Me., Sept. 7, 1826, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Exeter) Academy and Kimball Union Academy. He was a member of the class of 1853 the first two years of the course, and then took a dismission on account of ill-health. From 1851 to 1855 he was editor of the *Daily and Weekly Tribune*, Dubuque, Ia.

He studied theology with Rev. J. Guernsey of Dubuque, Ia. 1854—1855, and was ordained at Dubuque in 1856. The degree of B. A. was conferred upon him in 1871, and his name inserted in the catalogue with his class.

He was pastor at Manchester, Ia., until 1860; at Cedar Falls, Ia., 1860—1870; acting pastor at Lincoln, Neb., 1870—1872, and pastor at Kearney, Neb., 1872—1882. In 1871 he was chaplain of the Nebraska Constitutional Convention, and the next year he was chaplain of the Legislature of the same State. In 1870 he was appointed by the Governor of the State a regent of the University of Nebraska, at Lincoln, and held that office twelve years. While living at Kearney he established a valuable educational weekly called *Literary Notes*.

From 1883 to 1887, he was librarian of the Library of Historical and Political Science of Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md. From 1887 his residence was in Minneapolis, Minn., where he engaged in journalistic work the rest of his life. He died of paralysis at Minneapolis, Sept. 7, 1906.

“An ardent patriot, but refused enlistment in the army at the time of the Civil war by reason of physical disability, he served his country as he could, and no regiment left for the front from his section that

was not inspired and strengthened for duty by his passionate words of devotion to the Union. During the years immediately succeeding the war, Mr. Fifield lectured in many cities and towns in Iowa, and two lectures produced a profound impression, 'How to Build a State,' and 'Martin Luther.' All through his life, it was his joy to create or stimulate a desire for education as he had opportunity, and the instances are numberless in which he assisted and encouraged struggling or disheartened individuals. Cheerful, alert, progressive, perceiving the deep problems of the day, but not overcome by them, he kept abreast of modern thought and in touch with life. Large-minded but true-hearted, strong but tender, fearless but God-fearing, keen sighted but charitable, intolerant of shams but patient of spirit, feeling more intensely with the flight of years the obligations of stewardship and striving to fulfill them, with unfailing faith in God and goodness, Mr. Fifield spent a long life in the service of his fellowmen."¹

Mr. Fifield was married, Nov. 18, 1859, to Emily J., daughter of George Walworth of Canaan, N. H., who with four of their five children, survives him.

DANIEL CLAPP LITCHFIELD, the son of Capt. Nathaniel and Deborah (Clapp) Litchfield, was born at Scituate Harbor, Mass., July 5, 1822, and was fitted for college at Pierce Academy, Middleboro, Mass., and at the Baptist Academy, Worcester, Mass.

His theological education was obtained at Newton Seminary, where he graduated in 1856. He was ordained at Bowdoinham, Me., Feb. 26, 1857, and was pastor there until Dec. 1 of the same year. His three next pastorates were at Oldtown, Me., Dec. 1, 1857—Dec. 1, 1863; at Andover, Mass., Feb. 29, 1864—June 29, 1868, and at Bricksburg (now Lakewood), N. J., April, 1869—October, 1871.

During the war of the rebellion he was for a considerable time in the service of the Christian Commission in the Army of the Potomac, and was on the field at the battle of Gettys-

¹ *The Clearing House Quarterly*, Minneapolis, Minn.

burg. He was financial secretary of South Jersey Institute, Bridgton, N. J., 1871—1872, and district secretary of the American Baptist Bible and Publication Society, New York City, 1872—1874. He was then acting pastor of the Clinton Ave. Baptist church, Brooklyn, N. Y., 1874—1875, and pastor of the Calvary Baptist church, Warwick, N. Y., 1875—1882.

For a few years thereafter he engaged in real estate business New York City, but continued to reside at Warwick. During the rest of his life, he was frequently engaged in various ministerial services, public and private, for the welfare of the community, officiating at marriages and funerals, conducting religious meetings, visiting the poor and sick and the afflicted, and doing good in a variety of ways. He was especially active and useful in connection with the work of the Y. M. C. A.

“His preaching was strong and clear in exposition and eloquent in appeal, while his entire life gave illustrative emphasis to the truths he proclaimed from the pulpit. While a staunch and active Republican, he was fearless in denunciation of all political chicanery and corruption wherever found, and a sturdy advocate and upholder of civic righteousness.”

He died of hypertrophy of the prostate gland, at Warwick, May 29, 1907.

Mr. Litchfield was married, Nov. 24, 1859, to Mary E., daughter of Dea. J. C. White of Bangor, Me., who, with their four children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1854.

EDMUND MORRIS PEASE, the son of Asa and Abigail (Smith) Pease, was born in Granby, Mass., Dec. 6, 1828, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

After graduation, he was principal of a boys' school at Baltimore, Md., 1854—1856, and then tutor in Amherst College,

1856—1857. He studied theology at East Windsor (now Hartford) Seminary, 1857—1858, and at Union Seminary, 1858—1860, graduating at Union in 1860. He also became a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City in the autumn of 1859, and on completing the course of study in it, the degree of M. D. was conferred on him in 1862. For three successive winters, 1858—1861, during this period of professional study, he was also a teacher in Mlle Louise Rostan's Seminary for Young Ladies in the same city.

Entering the Union army, Dr. Pease was commissioned Asst. Surgeon 16th Conn. Vols., Aug. 16, 1862, was discharged and then appointed Asst. Surgeon in the 9th U. S. C. I., Dec. 1, 1863, and was Acting Brigade Surgeon until May, 1865. He next served as chief medical officer 1st Div. 25th Army Corps, May, 1865—Jan., 1866, and chief medical officer of district of the Rio Grande. Jan., 1866—Dec., 1866. He served at "Old Church Hospital," Frederick City, Md., at the time of the battle of Antietam; at Suffolk, Va.; with Gen. Dix's expedition near Richmond; at Benedict, Md.; at Port Royal, S. C., under Gen. Foster; with Army of the Potomac before Petersburg, under Gen. Meade; with Army of the James, under Gens. Butler and Terry; with 25th Army Corps at capture of Richmond; at Brownsville, Tex., June, 1865, until Sept., 1866, and at New Orleans until Dec., 1866. He was discharged from service at Baltimore, Dec. 21, 1866.

Dr. Pease then practiced his profession in New York City from 1866 to 1871, and in Springfield, Mass., until 1877. On May 9 of that year he was ordained in Springfield, Mass., and entered the service of the American Board of Foreign Missions. He was assigned to the Micronesian mission, and appointed conductor of a training school for Christian teachers, which was located at Ebon, one of the Marshall Islands, until 1879. It was then removed to Kusaie, one of the Caroline

group, and he continued in charge of it until 1894. During his whole missionary career he also practiced medicine, and made a yearly supervisory cruise among the islands. In addition to his other labors he prepared a dictionary of the language, translated the New Testament into the Marshall Islands dialect, and compiled in it a hymn and tune book, and some minor educational works. In 1884—1885, he spent a year in this country, superintending the publication of the various works he had translated.

"Dr. Pease's service was in one of the dark and difficult corners of the missionary field. Yet he did not flinch from its hardships, but toiled with patience and skill for the temporal and spiritual welfare of the island world. The pupils who were in his training school are now in service, and the Scriptures which he has to such an extent made available will ere long be translated in full and given to the people for whom he loved to labor."¹

In 1894 he returned to America and resided in Claremont, Cal., the rest of his life, devoting himself chiefly to the translation of the Old Testament into the Marshall Islands language. At the time of his death he had completed this work to the end of Isaiah.

"During Dr. Pease's residence in Claremont he was heartily interested in the plans for the upbuilding of the college and community and church. A man of shrewd intelligence and vigorous mind, of strong convictions and of unflinching loyalty to truth and duty, beneath a manner at times brusque and stern, he had a very tender heart and a rich vein of humor, which made him a delightful comrade and correspondent."²

After a painful illness of a few days, he died of an intestinal obstruction due to volvulus, at Pomoná Valley Hospital, near Claremont, Cal., Nov. 28, 1906.

Dr. Pease was married, April 25, 1877, to Harriet A., daughter of Dea. George W. Sturtevant of Westport, N. Y., who, with their two sons, survives him.

¹ *Missionary Herald*.

² Pomona, Cal., *Times*.

CLASS OF 1856.

CHESTER BRIDGMAN, the son of Clark and Sophronia (Clark) Bridgman, was born in Westhampton, Mass., July 3, 1833, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

He studied theology one year at Columbia Seminary, S. C., and two years at Princeton Seminary, where he graduated in 1859. After preaching several months at Woodstown, N. J., he was ordained by presbytery, Jan. 5, 1860, and was pastor there until 1863. His subsequent pastorates were at Ludlow, Mass., 1864—1866; at Medfield, Mass., 1867—1868; at Williamstown, N. J., 1869—1871; at Portland, Penn., 1871—1873; at Woodstown, N. J., 1873—1877; at Torrington, Conn., 1877—1879, and at Greenfield Hill, Conn., 1879—1881.

“He was an acceptable preacher and very successful in building up weak churches.”

His residence during the last years of his life, after he had retired from active service, was at Woodstown, N. J. He died of a complication of diseases in a hospital at Philadelphia, Penn., May 23, 1907.

Mr. Bridgman was the author of *Mechanism of Man*, *Funeral Discourses*, a tract, *Come Unto Me*, and contributions to religious papers.

Mr. Bridgman was married, May 30, 1861, to Sarah H., daughter of Israel S. Reed of Woodstown, N. J., who, with one daughter, survives him.

CLASS OF 1859.

JUDSON SMITH, the son of Samuel and Lucina (Metcalf) Smith, and brother of the late Prof. Edward Payson Smith, Ph.D., class of 1865, was born in Middlefield, Mass., June 28, 1837, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

He was a member of New York Central College (McGrawville), 1855—1856, of Oberlin College two years and entered Amherst in September, 1858.

He studied theology at Oberlin Seminary two years and, after teaching one year in Monson Academy, completed his theological course at Union Seminary in 1863.

He was tutor in Oberlin College, 1863—1864, and instructor in Mathematics and Mental Philosophy at Williston Seminary, 1864—1866. He was ordained, Oct. 17, 1866, was professor of Latin in Oberlin College, 1866—1870, and professor of ecclesiastical history in the Seminary there, 1870—1880. During the same period he was acting pastor of several churches in succession in Ohio and pastor of the 2nd Congregational church in Oberlin, 1874—1875. He was also lecturer on modern history at Oberlin College in 1875 and at Lake Erie Female Seminary in 1878.

In 1884, he was elected a corresponding secretary of the American Board of Missions, and served in that office until his death from a rupture of a blood-vessel of the brain at Roxbury, June 29, 1906.

The following minute was adopted by the Prudential Committee of the American Board on the announcement of the death of Dr. Smith :

“ In the death of Secretary Judson Smith the American Board and the cause of foreign missions have suffered a great loss. The Prudential Committee desires to place on record some expression of its appreciation of the service which Dr. Smith has rendered and of the place which his administration has in the history of the Board.

“ Of all the secretaries of the Board, only four have exceeded him in the length of his period of service. He brought to the office of Foreign Secretary much experience of educational affairs and enthusiasm for the educational aspects of foreign missionary work. His coming coincided with the period when the educational work of

the American Board in many of its older fields was assuming ever greater prominence. It is in these phases of our work that he has manifested in especial degree the quality of leadership. He represented the best traditions of the American Board in the association of zeal for the evangelistic work with the perception that the permanence of missionary influence and the building up of native Christian institutions depend upon the slow process of enlightened training. The agencies of philanthropy and charity as avenues of missionary endeavor, in the proportions which these have now assumed, represent a still later phase in the development of our work. But these also found Dr. Smith in fullest sympathy,

“And not alone in these larger matters of the policy of the Board, but also in the details of administration, and especially in personal relations to the missionaries of his fields, in his advocacy of their claims, both before the Prudential Committee and before the Corporate Membership of the Board, he revealed high qualities. He deemed himself to be in some sense the personal representative of the missionaries, through whom the needs of particular fields and the opportunities as the missionaries viewed them were to make themselves known.

“His knowledge of the history of the Board, and particularly of individual missions and missionaries, was of great worth to the Committee. His fortitude even under great calamities, like that in China in 1900, which affected him most deeply, was a constant inspiration. His devotion was unsparing, his courtesy unflinching. The Committee in its deliberations will long feel the loss of Dr. Smith as a wise counselor and an ardent and able representative of the missionary interest, not alone of our own denomination, but of the church throughout the world.”

“Dr. Smith was a singularly gifted man. A forceful and interesting preacher; a ripe and excellent scholar; an author and historical authority; he was also admirable in executive capacities. For twenty-two years he was connected with the executive administration of the A. B. C. F. M. in a post that required tact in the highest sense of that much abused term—and untiring industry, cosmopolitan knowledge and sympathy, and he was more than equal to its requirements. All his hours were crowded. We doubt if there was a man of his time who had performed more labor than this adjutant general of a great

army of missionaries, who yet found time to keep up his scholarship and to take a vitalizing interest in the direction of several educational institutions."

Dr. Smith was married, Aug. 1, 1865, to Jerusha Augusta, daughter of Seth A. Bushnell of Hartford, Ohio, who died Feb. 14, 1906. Four children survive their father. One of them is Maurice B. Smith, of the class of 1895.

CLASS OF 1860.

HENRY MARTYN HOLMES, the son of Rev. Otis and Sarah (Preston) Holmes, was born in Dorchester, Mass., Dec. 13, 1832, and was fitted for college at Pembroke (N. H.) Academy.

He studied theology at Bangor Seminary one year and at Andover Seminary two years, graduating there in 1864. For about a year thereafter he was a field agent of the Christian Commission in the lower department of the Army of the Cumberland.

After preaching about a year at Lunenburg, Vt., he was ordained there, May 10, 1866, and was acting pastor at Ticonderoga, N. Y., 1866—1867. During the next year he was superintendent of the Children's Aid Society, Brooklyn, N. Y., and was then acting pastor at Greenwich, N. Y., 1868—1869. He was pastor at Benson, Vt., 1869—1875; at Southboro, Mass., 1875—1878, and acting pastor at Ayer, Mass., Rye, N. H., and at Orleans, Mass., for several years each, in succession.

About the year 1893, he retired from the ministry, and resided at Provincetown, Mass., until his death from the grip, Feb. 18, 1907.

Mr. Holmes was married, April 30, 1867, to Lizzie, daughter of Ivory Wilder, Esq., of Princeton, Mass., who, with their three children, survives him.

BENJAMIN WELCH PETTIBONE, the son of Rev. Ira and Louisa (Welch) Pettibone, was born in Whitestown, N. Y., May 6, 1840. He was fitted for college at Cornwall Institute, Cornwall, Conn., of which his father was then principal, and entered Amherst College in September, 1857.

From 1860 to 1863 he was a teacher in Winchester, Conn., and from 1866 to 1874 principal of an academy in Litchfield, in the same State. During the three intervening years (1863—1866) he was private secretary of Gail Borden, Esq.

From 1874 he resided in Winchester Centre, Conn., having the care of a farm, and devoted himself to the study of local history and genealogy during the remainder of his life. He was the first president of the Winchester Historical Society and was probably the best authority on local and family history in Litchfield county, Conn.

He died of asthma at Winchester, Conn., April 8, 1907.

Mr. Pettibone was married, (1) Sept. 26, 1866, to Anna M., daughter of Marcus Munsill of Winchester, Conn., who died March 1, 1873; (2) Dec. 20, 1894, to Mrs. Louisa J. Pierce, daughter of Emery Loomis of Torrington, Conn., who died Dec. 21, 1903. No children.

HORACE ROBBINS WILLIAMS, the son of Cornelius R. and Caroline (Hooker) Williams, was born in Farmington, Conn., Feb. 20, 1835, and was fitted for college at Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H.

The first year after graduation he was a teacher at McIndoes Falls, Vt. He studied theology at Union Seminary, and graduated there in 1864. He was ordained at Terryville, Conn., May 5 of the same year; was acting pastor of the Congregational church at Almont, Mich., from 1864 to 1880, and at Vermontville, in the same State, from 1880 to 1886. His subsequent pastorates were at Clinton, 1886—1893; at Rich-

mond, 1893—1896, and at Port Huron, 1897—1900, all in Michigan. He then retired from the ministry, and resided at Indianapolis, Ind., until 1903, and from that year in Terre Haute, Ind., until his death there from a complication of diseases, Dec. 31, 1906.

Mr. Williams was married, June 6, 1865, to Amelia R., daughter of Walter W. Bulkley of Rocky Hill, Conn., who, with their two children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1863.

WILLIAM BIGELOW ADAMS, the son of Rev. Ezra and Abigail (Bigelow) Adams, was born in Surry, N. H., Nov. 17, 1840, and was fitted for college at Kimball Union Academy.

After graduation, he was teacher in an academy at Westminister, Mass., 1863—1865; in Edgartown, Mass., high school, 1865—1866; and in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., 1866—1869. From 1869 to 1880 he was professor of Greek and Latin, and Dean of the faculty in Wilberforce University, Xenia, O.

He then removed to Gilsum, N. H., and was teacher of a high school for several years. After that he engaged in the lumber business, and continued to reside there until his death from heart failure consequent upon a surgical operation in a hospital at Boston, April 13, 1907.

Mr. Adams filled various town offices in Gilsum with ability and efficiency, was highly esteemed as a citizen, and was a strong and influential supporter of all the interests of the church there.

Mr. Adams was married, April 22, 1869, to Emily D., daughter of Charles Francis of Edgartown, Mass., who, with their four children, survives him.

CHARLES MORRIS BILLINGS, the son of Charles M. and Charlotte (White) Billings, was born in Hatfield, Mass., July 20, 1839, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

He studied medicine two years at Berkshire Medical College, Pittsfield, Mass., and two years at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, and received the degree of M. D. from Columbia University in 1867.

He practiced his profession at Nashua, Ia., from 1869 until his death from dropsy and heart failure, Sept. 5, 1906. For many years his practice was extensive.

"Dr. Billings lived the life of a recluse. Day in and day out he kept inside his office, with no companionship save that of his books and journals and his daily paper. He was an inveterate reader and kept himself well posted on the current events of the day as well as of the latest methods of surgery and the progress of science. This good, kind, silent old man has done more good than even the few people who knew him best were aware of.

"Dr. Billings was one of the most unique men in the profession of medicine in this part of Iowa. He gave just enough time to his profession to provide for his needs. He was a man of fine principle and must have been in his day one of the brightest and brainiest men in his profession. We doubt if any physician in this part of the State possessed as much knowledge of anatomy and physiology as did Dr. Billings."¹

Dr. Billings was never married.

CLASS OF 1865.

ALBERT GALLIFORD BALE, the son of John and Mary (Galliford) Bale, was born in Barnstable, Eng., Sept. 10, 1840, and was fitted for college at Chelsea, Mass., high school and Phillips (Andover) Academy.

¹ New Hampton (Iowa) *Tribune*.

. He studied theology at Andover Seminary, graduating there in 1868. He was ordained at Melrose, Mass., Dec. 3, 1868, and was pastor of the First Congregational church there until July 1, 1896. He was pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Asbury Park, N. J., from Feb., 1897, to July, 1902. He then retired from the ministry, and continued to reside at Asbury Park until his death from heart disease, Dec. 15, 1906.

"For ten years he was registrar of the Massachusetts General Association of Congregational Churches, and served other clerical and ecclesiastical bodies efficiently and loyally in a clerical capacity, for which work he had unusual gifts. His liberality of thought, refinement of character and loyalty to his duties and his convictions made him highly respected."¹

Mr. Bale was married, (1) Dec. 1, 1868, to Mary C., daughter of Thomas S. Pulsifer of Newton, Mass., who died in May, 1885; (2) Dec. 2, 1887, to Martha D., daughter of Ethan C. King of Melrose, Mass., who, with three of his five children, survives him. His son, Frederick S. Bale, is a graduate of Amherst, class of 1906.

EDWARD WEST CURRIER, the son of Nathaniel and Eliza West (Farnsworth) Currier, was born in New York City, May 20, 1841, and was fitted for college by Messrs. Parker and Berthet, New York City, and by James Lowell of Cambridge, Mass. He was a member of Harvard University one year, and entered the Sophomore class at Amherst in Sept., 1862.

Soon after graduation he entered the employ of Ives & Currier, printers and lithographers, New York City, and was a partner in that firm from 1866.

He was, however, an invalid for many years and lived in retirement. He died of heart failure in New York City, April 2, 1907.

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

In his will Mr. Currier left a bequest of ten thousand dollars to Amherst College library, and made the college the residuary legatee of his estate. The sum thus bequeathed amounted to more than four hundred thousand dollars, by far the largest single donation ever received by the college.

Mr. Currier was never married.

CLASS OF 1869.

HENRY BULLARD RICHARDSON, the son of Stephen W. and Eliza (Bullard) Richardson, was born in Franklin, Mass., May 21, 1844, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Exeter) Academy.

He was instructor in Latin and Greek in Amherst College, 1869—1873, and classical teacher in the Springfield, Mass., high school, 1873—1876. He spent the next two years (1876—1878) in the study of Philology in the University of Leipsic, Germany. Returning to Amherst, he was instructor in Latin, 1878—1879, and assistant professor of Latin and instructor in German from 1879 to 1882. He was then appointed professor of the German language and literature, and continued in charge of that department the rest of his life.

Several summer vacations he spent in study in Germany and in travel in other parts of Europe.

In 1872 he assisted in preparing an edition of *Cicero: De Senectute et De Amicitia*, with introduction and notes; the same year he translated and edited *Bender: Grundriss der römischen Literaturgeschichte*; in 1887 he prepared a complete glossary to Lessing's *Emilia Galotti*, and afterwards an annotated edition of the same work. At a later period he published a *Hand-book of German Civilization*. He also delivered a course of thirteen lectures on Goethe's *Faust* in 1898, and a course of five lectures on Lessing's *Nathan der Weise* in 1899 in Springfield, Mass.

Professor Richardson died of heart-failure consequent upon an attack of bronchitis, at Amherst, Oct. 17, 1906.

The tribute to his memory adopted by the faculty of the college soon after his decease, is as follows :

" In view of the death of their loved and honored colleague, Professor Henry Bullard Richardson, the faculty of Amherst college wish to put on record their sorrow and sense of loss, and to extend to his family their deepest sympathy.

" Professor Richardson was a wise, resourceful and inspiring teacher, who built up his department on broad foundations, who won the enduring love and esteem of his students, and achieved well-earned distinction as an interpreter of the masterpieces of German literature, his work in this field culminating in his justly celebrated course in Goethe's Faust.

" He was a loyal son of his Alma Mater, who gave ardent and steadfast support to those measures and policies which make for her highest welfare.

" He was a good citizen of the town of Amherst, for whose interests he labored long and wisely as member and chairman of the school board.

" Of his thinking the fundamental characteristics were sane-ness and clarity. He was an earnest, open-minded seeker after the truth, who valued that which he found both for his own sake and for the aid it would give in the quest of other truth ; and so his growth in the things of the mind kept on to the end without check or abatement.

" While tolerant and charitable in matters of opinion, to his own convictions, always carefully formed, he was unfalteringly true. Of bigotry and opinionatedness he showed never a trace.

" As a companion and friend his associates found in him sympathy, freshness of feeling, and enthusiasm quiet but kindling, and perennial cheer ; for he was a man of a loving and a

lovable nature, full of hearty goodwill toward every fellowman. A renewed impulse to noble things, safe guidance, and sustaining strength, are our heritage from his memory."

Professor Richardson was married, July 13, 1869, to Mary E., daughter of Rufus S. Lincoln of Amherst, who, with their three children, survives him. His son, Henry S. Richardson, is a graduate of Amherst, of the class of 1904.

CLASS OF 1870.

JOSEPH TYLER WARD, the son of L. M. and Nancy S. (Hastings) Ward, was born in Heath, Mass., May 6, 1844, and was fitted for college at Dover Academy, Ill.

He enlisted in Co. G, 139th Ill. Infantry, May 14, 1864, and was mustered out of service, Oct. 28, of the same year.

He studied law at Princeton and Ottawa, Ill., and was admitted to the bar in 1872. He practiced his profession at Clarkeville, Tex., 1872—1873; at Kaufman, Tex., 1873—1882, and at Topeka, Kans., from 1882 to Oct. 1, 1906. From that time his residence was in Kansas City, Kans., until his death from Bright's disease, Dec. 31, 1906.

Mr. Ward was married, Dec. 19, 1876, to Mrs. Helen M. Field, daughter of William Landon of Chicago, Ill., who died Sept. 5, 1899. One son survives his father.

GEORGE HENRY WATSON, the son of Samuel and Diana B. (Harding) Watson, was born in Sedgwick, Me., Aug. 1, 1847, and was fitted for college at Hebron Academy and North Bridgton Academy, both in Maine.

He studied medicine at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia; at Bellevue Hospital College, and at Albany, N.Y., Medical College, New York, receiving from the last-named institution the degree of M.D. in 1872. He practiced his profession at Canaseraga, N. Y., 1872—1875; at Halifax, Mass., 1875—1883,

and at Bridgewater, Mass., 1883—1899. On account of the failure of his health he was then obliged to retire from practice. He resided in Brooklyn from 1900 until his death there from valvular disease of the heart, May 26, 1907.

Dr. Watson was married, Dec. 13, 1900, to Alice W., daughter of John M. Soule of Halifax, Mass., who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1871.

ANDREW ELMER FORD, the son of James and Deborah H. (Jones) Ford, was born in West Abington, Mass., Aug. 17, 1850, and was fitted for college at the high school in North Abington.

The first two years after graduation he was a teacher at Oxford, Mass. In 1873 he was elected principal of the high school in Clinton, Mass., and continued in that position until June, 1906, when he resigned with the intention of devoting himself to literary pursuits. He died of disease of the heart, consequent upon an attack of pleurisy, at Clinton, Mass., Aug. 12, 1906.

For more than twenty years he was a member of the board of directors of the Bigelow public library in Clinton; secretary and president of the Worcester County Teachers' Association; president of the High Schoolmasters' Club of Massachusetts for several years; clerk of the Clinton Historical Society, and a member of the board of directors and trustee and treasurer of the Weeks Institute.

Mr. Ford was the author of *History of the Town of Clinton, Mass.*, 1653—1865; *The Story of the Fifteenth Regiment, Mass. Vol. Inf., in the Civil War*, 1861—1864, and the editor of *The Clinton Memorial Volume*, and *The Holden Memorial*.

Mr. Ford was married, July 2, 1878, to Ellen L., daughter of Dr. G. W. Burdette of Clinton, Mass., who, with three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1872.

CHARLES EDWARD GARMAN, the son of Rev. John H. and Elizabeth (Bullard) Garman, was born in Limington, Me., Dec. 18, 1850, and was fitted for college at the high school in Athol, Mass.

He was principal of the high school in Ware, Mass., 1872—1876, and then studied theology at Yale Divinity School, graduating there in 1879. The next year he was appointed to the Hooker fellowship in the same institution.

He was Walker Instructor in Mathematics, Amherst College, 1880—1881; instructor in Philosophy, 1881—1882; associate professor of Moral Philosophy and Metaphysics, 1882—1889; professor of mental philosophy, 1889—1892, and professor of Moral Philosophy and Metaphysics from 1892 until his death. He died of septi-caemia due to strepto-coccus infection, Feb. 9, 1907.

Professor Garman was a member of the board of trustees of Mt. Holyoke College from 1888 until his death. He received the degree of D. D. from Amherst College in 1896.

The following minute was adopted by the faculty of the college respecting Prof. Garman soon after his death:

“Again Amherst College has been called upon to suffer a grievous loss. Death has removed from our number another colleague. Prof. Garman, the beloved disciple of the much lamented President Seelye, by whom he was chosen to carry forward the work in the philosophical department. Following the example of his great teacher, he successfully met the responsibilities of the work intrusted to his charge, and has so identified himself with the very life of the college that we cannot contemplate his departure from our physical sight without the deepest sorrow and the consciousness of irretrievable loss.

“We recall his complete and enthusiastic devotion to the work for which he was so pre-eminently fitted and so thoroughly

prepared ; his power of inspiring all his students with the deepest interest in his subject ; his marvelous skill in presenting in the clearest and simplest form the most profound truths of philosophy and religion ; his rare ability in developing in others the desire and the power of thinking for themselves ; and his unwearied patience in assisting all who needed aid in working out their individual problems, and in establishing their faith in eternal verities.

" We can never forget his genial bearing, his marked courtesy, his ever cordial greetings, his delicate sense of humor, his affectionate nature and manly character. In his case it was certainly true that wherever he found a stranger, there he left a friend.

" To his wife, who for so many years has rendered him the most helpful and devoted service, and to all his relatives, we wish to extend our most heartfelt sympathy, and to express our grief for the loss of his invaluable service to the students, the Faculty, the entire college."

At a special chapel service held Tuesday morning, Feb. 12, a memorial address was delivered by Prof. John M. Tyler, of which the following is a part :

" Amherst College mourns the loss of a son of whom she was justly proud. Prof. Garman was a man of wide and profound learning, of broad and accurate scholarship, a keen student of psychology, a true philosopher. But we, his pupils and colleagues, mourn his loss because everyone of us has lost a friend and helper. He had a passion for truth. He sought it eagerly, as one digs for hidden treasure. He sought it in all places and at all times. When he was a student in college, few knew when his lamp went out at night or was relighted in the morning. In this pursuit he never flagged. But he was no mere amasser of facts and theories. He was eager for truth

which would mold, discipline and strengthen the mind, kindle the heart, upbuild character and inspire to a grand life. He sought especially those moral and religious ideas, the vision of which is wisdom. Every vision and ideal was to him a promise which he wished his pupils to see, perhaps afar off, to be persuaded of and to embrace ; and thus to become heroes of faith in the best sense of that much-abused word.

His passion for truth, his wide and profound learning, his clearness and brilliancy of thought and expression, his keen and kindly wit, his insight into the state and working of his pupils' minds, his appreciation of all their difficulties and misunderstandings, his marvelous power of illustration and illumination, his inexhaustible patience and sympathy,—all these combined to make him a prince among teachers. He never dimmed a truth by breathing on it. But he loved his pupils too well to leave them contented with a hasty glimpse of his own grand ideals. He recognized that, if they were to see that divine beauty which Plato had called the splendor of truth, everyone of them must attain and see and realize for himself his own vision. This was the purpose of his teaching ; this was his life. His aim, as he said, was to develop "not disciples but apostles." He had a profound reverence for the independence and individuality of every human mind. This was the problem which filled his thoughts for twenty-five years of service. For this he worked unremittingly, and gave himself prodigally. His pupils knew that his time and strength were at their service without measure or limit, and that his weariness and exhaustion would all be forgotten when they asked his help.

"There are things about which we must keep silence. But mere justice demands that we recognize the debt of gratitude which we all owe to his wife, who shared his burden and labor, and whose constant care and devotion alone saved him

for us, and enabled him to help us through all these years. Prof. Garman was not a man of strong physical health when he came to us. For twenty-five years he has freely and continuously given us his time and strength, his thought and sympathy, day by day and year by year. He exhausted his health and strength in our service until he, who had always helped others, was past helping. He gave us something better than his life blood. Surely no life could be more nobly used or wisely invested. He lives in his pupils. No one need ask us why we loved him. The end came far too soon. It could not be otherwise. But was it the end or is it the beginning of the unfolding of all those marvelous powers and attainments? He has fallen in the harness as a man should fall. He has won his right to the tree of life, and has entered on his shield the one city which has foundations, and into the joy of his Lord. We dare not begrudge him his rest and higher service."

"There was an atmosphere of serenity and quiet dignity about his person that made his students feel themselves to be in the presence of a rare and lofty spirit, yet withal, 'Not too bright and good for human nature's daily food.' That spirit inhabited a frail body, and he has done his great work despite the handicap of constant weakness; but he burned his smoke, and few who knew him casually and saw only the erect carriage and the gracious smile realized what a battle it was for him to fulfill the tasks of every day.

"His great service to Amherst has been the lifting of the department of philosophy to a commanding place. He did not write much for general publication, but preferred to leave his mark upon the minds and lives of his students, and Amherst men, as they have been going in a steady stream for the last score of years to the Divinity, Law and Medical Schools, and out into active life, have many of them borne the impress of Professor Garman's molding hand. He delved to the roots of things, and his frank and thorough recognition of the contention of the agnostic and the infidel, his even justice toward differing theories, often made the atmosphere of his classroom electric and always stimulating. Men who would not take time to think

things through, who preferred old paths to new, were sometimes confused, but they who followed the course of his thinking, and committed themselves heartily to his methods, came, ere the college years ended, into the larger light.

"The end always in view was equipment for life, by leading men to see the fixed stars in the heavens, and by enabling them to realize that they were citizens of the universal kingdom of truth. He would make his pupils independent investigators, and yet, those who understood him best realized that resolute pursuit of lines of thinking which he marked out would bring one to certainty.

"A special charm was his apt use of illustrations and analogies. Dr. Zebb and the French Academy, the oak leaves yielding not to the blasts of winter but to touch of spring—these and other favorite illustrations became as it were classics and brightened the recitation hour for successive classes. Few teachers of philosophy, in our time, have related their department with such increasing emphasis to the great social problems of our time. As the students returned to their reunions from the pressure of business and professional life, they realized in the delightful little addresses he sometimes gave them and in the closer companionship of his charming home, that Professor Garman was awake to the stern, practical issues of modern life, and was seeking not merely to make his pupils exact thinkers, but wise and valiant workers in a world that needs the poise as well as the activity of the liberally educated man.

"Though a doctor of divinity, Professor Garman seldom occupied the college pulpit, but some of us remember short courses of Bible study with him, that revealed the simplicity and depth of his religious life. The supreme importance of the Christlike character, the building of that character on the personal relation to the Master—these truths taught quietly without a particle of cant, glow again before me in the retrospect of nearly a quarter of a century. And at the ends of the earth today are men who will gladly testify that they owe to Professor Garman no small share of whatever power they possess today to think honestly and to live according to the religion of Jesus.

"Thankful are we that he survived long enough to know how profoundly and widely he was respected, to receive at the Commencement last June one of the highest tributes that can be paid a teacher, a commemorative volume including studies in philosophy and psy-

chology by five of his former students, and to be proffered tokens from time to time of the respect of eminent fellow-workers in the department of philosophy."¹

Dr. Garman was married, Aug. 24, 1882, to Eliza N., daughter of Dr. David W. Miner of Ware, Mass., who survives him.

CLASS OF 1874.

BUEL PRESTON COLTON, the son of Chauncey D. and Emily (Smith) Colton, was born in Princeton, Ill., March 23, 1852, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town. The first two years of his course he was a member of Knox College, Ill., and entered Amherst in September, 1872.

After graduation he was a teacher of Natural Science in the high school at Princeton, Ill., 1874—1875; at Keokuk, Ia., 1876—1877; at Decatur, Ill., 1877—1878, and again at Princeton, 1878—1881. From 1881 to 1883 he was a student of biology at Johns Hopkins University. The next year he was a teacher in the high school at Ottawa, Ill., and principal of the same school from 1884 till 1888. From 1888 he was professor of natural sciences in the Normal University of Illinois the rest of his life. He died of heart disease at a sanitarium in Battle Creek, Mich., Sept. 7, 1906.

Professor Colton was the author of *Zoology, Descriptive and Practical*, 1886; *Physiology, Experimental and Descriptive*, 1898; and *Physiology, Briefer Course*, 1900.

"Mr. Colton had the true scientific temperament. He loved correctness and was conscientiously careful in his scientific investigations, always distinguishing between facts and the legitimate inferences from facts on the one hand and the mere hypothesis in which much of our so-called scientific literature

¹ Rev. H. A. Bridgman, in *The Congregationalist*.

abounds. In his class work as a teacher he was sympathetic and thorough. He loved brevity of statement, accuracy and neatness in all written work or scientific drawings."

A memorial service was held, Sept. 23, at Normal University, at which several addresses respecting his character and work as a teacher were delivered by the pastor and others who had been well acquainted with him during his professional career. These were afterwards published in *The Vidette*, a weekly paper conducted by the students.

Professor Colton was married, Dec. 24, 1883, to Charlotte, daughter of James R. Zearing, who, with three of their four children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1875.

ABIATHAR BLANCHARD, the son of Joab and Lucinda (Orsment) Blanchard, was born in Petersham, Mass., Nov. 15, 1848, and was fitted for college at Highland Institute in that town.

After graduation, he was a teacher at Fulton, N. Y., 1875—1876; at Shelburne Falls, Mass., 1876—1877; and at Barre, Mass., 1877—1879. He then engaged in business, 1879—1881.

From 1881 he was a manufacturer of straw hats at South Norwalk, Conn. He also studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1893, but never engaged in practice. He died of heart disease at South Norwalk, Conn., April 4, 1907.

"Mr. Blanchard was the author of many historical sketches, for many years a member of the School Board of Norwalk, and chairman of the directors of the Public Library of South Norwalk. He was one of the most valued and useful of the public-spirited citizens of that town, and was the guiding hand in many of its developments. He was honorable as a business man and beloved as an employer of labor. He was for many

years a faithful attendant and generous supporter of the South Norwalk Congregational church. . As the president of its Men's Christian Inquiry Club he always guided its discussions in a liberal, gentle and reverent spirit." ¹

Mr. Blanchard was married, June 27, 1878, to Agnes E., daughter of Dexter Dennis of Barre, Mass., who survives him.

DAVID WILDER GOODALE, the son of James A. and Elizabeth (Putnam) Goodale, was born in Douglass, Mass., Dec. 28, 1847, and was fitted for college at Monson Academy.

His theological education was obtained at Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1878. He was ordained, Oct. 8, 1878, at Troy, N. H., and was pastor there until 1883. He was acting pastor at Sudbury, Mass., 1884—1887, pastor at Hillsboro Bridge, N. H., 1887—1895, and at Suffield, Conn., from 1895 until his death from typhoid fever, May 6, 1907.

Mr. Goodale was a member of the ministers' association of Enfield, Conn., and an honorary member of "Lyman Council of American Mechanics." He was instrumental in establishing a Polish night school in Suffield, and was untiring in his efforts for the Poles there. "Although he was strongly attached to his church work, he always had time to attend to anything that was for the welfare of the town."

Mr. Goodale was married, July 9, 1878, to Mary L., daughter of Henry Reed of Worcester, Mass., who, with their four children, survives him.

THOMAS A. REEVES, the son of Richard and Mary L. (Wakeman) Reeves, was born in Gallipolis, Ohio, April 25, 1849, and was fitted for college at Monson Academy.

He studied theology at Union Seminary, and graduated there in 1878. He was ordained, May 21, 1878, at Kingston, N. Y.,

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

and was pastor there until July 31, 1883. His subsequent pastorates were at Matteawan, N. Y., Oct. 22, 1883—Oct. 5, 1886; at Woonsocket, R. I., Dec. 20, 1886—Jan. 16, 1893, and at Rockaway, N. J., from April 19, 1893, until his death there from angina pectoris, Feb. 21, 1907.

Mr. Reeves was the author of occasional articles in literary and religious periodicals, and of numerous poems and hymns.

"Mr. Reeves was held in the highest esteem for his earnest and self-sacrificing Christian character and his devotion to the welfare of all the members of his congregation in the several churches of which he was pastor."

Mr. Reeves was married (1) Nov. 13, 1878, to Frances Z., daughter of James Douglass of Champlain, N. Y., who died Sept. 12, 1881; (2) Oct. 6, 1886, to Lizzie C., daughter of Bartow Van Dewater of Matteawan, N. Y., who, with one of his two children, survives him.

CHARLES SYLVESTER SANDERS, the son of Rev. Marshall D. and Georgianna (Knight) Sanders, and brother of Joseph A. Sanders, M. D., class of 1878, was born in Chavagacherry, Jaffna, Ceylon, April 18, 1854, and was fitted for college at the Amherst high school.

The first year after graduation he was a teacher in Granby, Mass. He studied theology at Hartford Theological Seminary, graduating there in 1879. He was ordained as a missionary at Hartford, June 3, 1879, and entered the service of the A. B. C. F. M. at Aintab, Turkey, the same year.

On the 25th of October, 1906, while on his way from the Central Turkey College to the Girls' Seminary in Aintab, he was fatally injured by a fall from his horse, and died on the 27th of the same month.

"For many years he had charge of the work in the out-stations of Aintab. These include several large cities, and the whole field has a

population of nearly a million souls. The strong, aggressive churches that have been built up under his care in many of these places owe much to him, and are worthy memorials of his devoted life. He lived with the people and loved them sincerely. In this way he acquired a knowledge of idiomatic, every-day Turkish, which few missionaries are able to obtain. Working among a people naturally inclined to overemphasize feeling, Mr. Sanders, while in no sense hard or unsympathetic, wisely and constantly insisted on the necessity of clear thinking and righteous living. His very complete reports of the churches he visited from year to year form a valuable repository of information about the work that was dearest to him. In all this work he taught and exemplified the spiritual view of life and its fullness in Jesus Christ.

After the churches, perhaps the most enduring monuments of Mr. Sanders' life will be the buildings erected under his care in the mission. He had both a good theoretical knowledge of architecture and the skill of a practical builder, and often, alone as he was, he had to solve the most complicated problems connected with this work. He was not content merely to oversee others; he worked harder himself, in all sorts of weather, than he required the men under him to work. Here must especially be mentioned the new buildings of the theological seminary and the girls' college in Marash, and the college and girls' boarding school in Aintab.

Mr. Sanders occupied a leading position in all the general work of the mission. In its annual meetings, at the conferences of the mission and the native union, and on the boards of management of the colleges and theological seminary, his presence and counsel will be sorely missed. He was always ready to fill any gap in the mission brought about by sickness or any other cause. Thus, for instance, he helped other stations with their accounts, taught in the theological seminary, and performed various other acts of special service. Of personal characteristics, the most striking one was Mr. Sanders' utter unselfishness. No trouble was too great, no sacrifice of time or strength was thought of, no risk to himself was considered for a moment when he saw an opportunity for service. In times of danger and difficulty he was strong and calm and knew what to do, and he did it without any fuss at the time or afterwards." ¹

¹ *Missionary Herald.*

Mr. Sanders was married, Dec. 24, 1881, at Aintab, to Illie Grace, daughter of Rev. John S. Bingham, then of Wellsville, N. Y., who died Jan. 15, 1888. One child, a daughter, survives him.

CLASS OF 1877.

ARTHUR SMITH, the son of Rodney and Rebecca (Kilburn) Smith, was born in Hadley, Mass., Sept. 18, 1852, and was fitted for college at Hopkins Academy in that town, and at Williston Seminary.

The first year after graduation he was a member of Yale Theological Seminary. From 1878 to 1883 he had charge of his father's farm, on account of his father's ill-health. During that period he was active in church and town life. He was Sunday school superintendent, chairman of the school committee, and started a lyceum and singing school. The last two years of his theological course were spent at Andover Seminary, and he graduated there in 1885. He was ordained, May 5, 1886, at Scarboro, Me., and was pastor there until 1889. He was pastor at South Freeport, Me., Nov., 1889—Oct., 1898; at Piermont, N. H., May, 1899—Nov., 1905; and again at Scarboro, Me., from Nov., 1905, until his death there from cancer of the stomach, Jan. 31, 1907.

"In all his pastorates Mr. Smith was greatly beloved; the longer he remained the larger became his influence in church and town. He was a strong man physically, intellectually and spiritually. The esteem in which he was held by his brother ministers is voiced by one of them, a member of the Orange Association of New Hampshire and Vermont, when he says: 'As I knew him, it seems to me he was a man who was giving his best for Christ, his best for the Church, his best for his fellowmen. He was the best scholar in our Association.'"¹

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

A very just and deserved tribute to his noble Christian character, his self-sacrificing services to those to whom he ministered and his high attainments as a scholar, was published soon after his death in an address to his college classmates by their secretary, Charles S. Hartwell.

Mr. Smith was married, Jan. 1, 1890, to Frances M., daughter of Benjamin C. Fuller of Portland, Me., who, with three children, survives him.

GEORGE EDWARD TAYLOR, the son of James and Elizabeth (Armitage) Taylor, was born at Meltham, Yorkshire, England, July 22, 1849, and was fitted for college at Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Mass.

He studied theology at Hartford Seminary, and graduated there in 1880. He was ordained, May 29, 1880, at Broad Brook, Conn. He was pastor at Harvard, July 9, 1880—Dec. 31, 1882; at Clay Center, July, 1880—April, 1886; and at Indianola, April, 1886—April, 1888, all in Nebraska.

He was general missionary in Southwestern Nebraska from April, 1888, to July, 1894; field secretary for Doane College, July 1, 1894—Nov. 1, 1900, residing at Crete, Neb. He was pastor at Pierce, Neb., from Dec. 14, 1900, to Sept. 15, 1906, and at Syracuse, in the same State, from Oct. 1, 1906, until his death from pneumonia, April 3, 1907.

"Mr. Taylor was a man of rare devotion and sweetness of Christian character, and was universally loved by all who knew him. He will be missed throughout the State in all lines of Christian work as perhaps no other man would be." ¹

"Mr. Taylor was a man of rare qualifications, a good preacher and pastor, a lovable man, a minister of influence in the State. As secretary of the board of directors of the Nebraska Home Missionary Society, he was of great service, wise

in deliberation, genial in fellowship, a man of broad sympathies and intense loyalty to the denomination.”²

Mr. Taylor was married, June 24, 1880, to Clara J., daughter of Stephen E. Searle of Southampton, Mass., who, with one child, survives him.

CLASS OF 1880.

SAM JACKSON YATES, the son of Joseph W. and Susan G. (Jackson) Yates, was born in Brunswick, Me., Aug. 20, 1859, and was fitted for college at private schools in Plainfield, N. J. He was a member of Princeton College two years, and entered Amherst in Sept., 1878.

After graduation he studied law one year. From 1881 to 1883 he was engaged in business in Wall St., New York City. He then engaged in lumber business in Denver, Col., for several years. Later he established the Lake Sammamish Lumber and Shingle Co., near Seattle, Washington, of which he was president. This company he operated for some years. He next went to San Francisco and became associated with the Caspar Lumber Co., and continued with it until 1904.

Some time after, while on a tour of investigation through the mining districts of Nevada and Southern California, his health became impaired, and he went to a sanitarium at Redlands, Cal., where he died of indocarditis, Feb. 25, 1907.

Mr. Yates was married, April 2, 1886, to Martha, daughter of George Ferguson of Wheeling, West Virginia, who, with their three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1881.

RUSSELL TRALL LOW, the son of Henry R. and Mary C. (Watkins) Low, was born in Monticello, N. Y., Sept. 26,

¹ *Nebraska State Journal.*

² *Syracuse Journal.*

1859, and was fitted for college at the high schools at Middletown and Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

He studied law in Middletown, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar in 1883. He practiced his profession in New York City until 1895. After spending a short time at Livingston Manor, Sullivan Co., N. Y., he resided in New York City until the failure of his health, about the year 1899, and from that time at Livingston Manor until his death from pneumonia, Sept. 6, 1906.

Mr. Low was married, Sept. 1, 1884, to Rollie, daughter of Rolden Borden of New York City, who survives him. No children.

FRANK LOUIS MELLEN, the son of Henry L. and Maria L. (Merrick) Mellen, was born in Brookfield, Mass., Oct. 29, 1858, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

He was a teacher in New Braintree, Mass., 1881—1882; principal of the high school, Webster, 1882—1885; classical master of Hitchcock Free High School, Brimfield, 1885—1887, and teacher of Latin and Greek in the Classical High School, Worcester, Mass., from 1887 until his death from septi-cæmia following an operation for quinsy, March 14, 1907.

Mr. Mellen was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1882.

ALBERT WELLMAN HITCHCOCK, the son of Dr. Homer O. and Fidelia (Wellman) Hitchcock, was born in Kalamazoo, Mich., Jan. 19, 1861, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town. He was a member of Kalamazoo Baptist College one year, and entered Amherst in September, 1879.

After graduation, he was a teacher in Frankfort, Mich., one year, in Decatur one year, and principal of the high school in Kalamazoo, in the same State, 1884—1886.

His theological education was obtained at Yale Divinity School, where he graduated in 1889. The Hooker Fellowship was assigned him in that institution for two years. This period he spent in study, the first year in Berlin, Germany, and the second in Oxford, England.

On the fifteenth of December, 1891, he was ordained at Belleville, Newburyport, Mass., and was pastor of the Congregational Church there until the close of the year 1900. From Jan. 1, 1901, he was pastor of the Central Church, Worcester, Mass., until his death consequent upon an operation for appendicitis, April 10, 1907.

During his pastorate at Newburyport he was a member of the city school committee four years and a director of the public library, 1897—1901. He was the author of *Questions and Answers about the Bible*, of *A Christian Catechism of One Hundred Questions*, and of several published sermons.

In 1906 he obtained the degree of Ph. D. from Clark University, presenting a thesis on "The Consciousness of Jesus," which he afterwards expanded into a book, not yet published.

"Dr. Hitchcock was a member of the executive committee of the Massachusetts Home Missionary Society, where his insight and excellent judgment were highly prized. He was particularly active in connection with the City Missionary Society of Worcester, and during 1906 was president of the Congregational Club. His interest in the foreign populations was keen, and he made the Finns of Worcester at home in the chapel of Central Church, where they held services regularly. Few men of his years have given more convincing proof of their qualifications for the modern Christian ministry; and few have left the stamp of their personal influence upon so many lives. Dr. Hitchcock illustrated nobly, both in public and private life, that definition of Grace which makes it consist in will going out spontaneously to the common service."¹

Dr. Hitchcock was married, Dec. 17, 1891, to Margarette M., daughter of John C. Osgood of Salem, Mass., who, with their three children, survives him.

¹ *The Congregationalist*.

HENRY MARTYN HOWLAND, the son of Rev. William W. Howland, class of 1841, and Susan (Reed) Howland, and brother of Rev. S. W. Howland, D. D., class of 1870, and David B. Howland, class of 1883, was born in Conway, Mass., Dec. 21, 1858, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

The first year after graduation he was principal of Hinsdale, Mass., high school, and the next year teacher in a grammar school in East Greenwich, R. I. He was a member of Andover Theological Seminary, 1884—1887, and was licensed to preach, May 18, 1886. He was a student in Jefferson Medical College, Penn., one year.

He was physical director of the Y. M. C. A. at Philadelphia, 1887—1890, at Scranton, Penn., 1890—1893; general secretary and physical director and teacher of physical culture at Pasadena, Cal., 1896—1906. For several years he was also assistant pastor of the Congregational Church at Long Beach, in the same State.

He died of cancer of the liver at Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 31, 1906.

Mr. Howland was married, Aug. 5, 1882, to Elizabeth, daughter of Rev. Hezekiah D. Perry of Conway, Mass., who, with their eight children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1884.

FRANK MARTIN WILLIAMS, the son of Frederick and Cordelia (Swan) Williams, was born in Belleville, N. Y., Oct. 5, 1862, and was fitted for college at Union Academy, in his native town, and at Claverack Academy, N. Y.

Mr. Williams was engaged in the wholesale seed business in Belleville, N. Y., from the time of his graduation until his last illness. He was held in the highest esteem by his fellow-townsmen as a citizen and a man. He died of abscess of the brain at Plainfield, N. J., March 30, 1907.

Mr. Williams was married, Aug. 3, 1887, to May E., daughter of Fred Edwards of Lathrop, Mo., who, with their two sons, survives him.

CLASS OF 1891.

HERBERT KENDALL STILES, the son of Edmund E. and Elmina C. (Kendall) Stiles, was born in Cambridgeport, Mass., April 14, 1869, and was fitted for college at Newton, Mass., high school.

He studied medicine at Harvard University Medical School, and received from it the degree of M. D. in 1895. He practiced his profession in Roslindale and in Natick, Mass., 1895—1899, and in Boston and in Somerville, Mass., the rest of his life. He died of pneumonia at Everett, Mass., April 27, 1907.

Dr. Stiles was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1892.

EDWARD NELSON BILLINGS, the son of Daniel and Susan P. (Mowry) Billings, was born in North Smithfield, R. I., July 22, 1865, and was fitted for college at Woonsocket, R. I., high school.

He studied theology at Hartford Seminary, graduating there in 1895, and was ordained at Slatersville, R. I., November, 1896. Mr. Billings had devoted himself to home missionary work, and was stationed at Smithfield and Tar Kiln, R. I., April, 1896—1899; at Londonderry, Vt., May, 1899—1903; at Chepachet, R. I., February, 1903—1905 and at Tiverton Four Corners, R. I., from October, 1895, until his death there from acute tuberculosis, Feb. 21, 1907.

“Mr. Billings’ labors in his chosen field of work resulted in great good, and he was held in the very highest esteem as a Christian man and minister by all who had the benefit of his services.”

Mr. Billings was married, Oct. 13, 1896, to Huldah A., daughter of Gilman Brown of Woonsocket, R. I., who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1899.

HUBERT McCULLOCK MESSINGER, the son of William D. and Ella J. Messinger, was born in Chicago, Ill., Nov. 14, 1876, and was fitted for college by Mr. E. C. Coulter of that city.

After graduation, he was employed in his father's wholesale paper business in Chicago for two years, and then held a position in the Library Bureau, Boston, Mass., one year.

Early in the year 1904 he spent several months at the South on account of impaired health, and later in Montana for the same reason. In 1905, while under the care of a physician in Colorado Springs his health became much improved, and he engaged, in connection with his father, in gold mining operations in Idaho.

In July, 1906, his health again failed, and he was taken to Denver, Col., for treatment, but without success. He died of tuberculosis in Denver, Oct. 5, 1906.

Mr. Messinger was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1901.

ESTES BURNETT SANFORD, the son of George E. and Adella M. (Dorman) Sanford, was born in Belchertown, Mass., Oct. 27, 1879, and was fitted for college at the Amherst high school.

After graduation he entered the employ of the American Woolen Co., Plymouth, Mass., as book-keeper, and continued in that position about three years. He died of apoplexy, Sept. 12, 1906, on a steamer en route from Halifax, N. S., to Boston.

Mr. Sanford was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1902.

JAMES DANIEL BEARD, the son of Oliver G. and Nancy (Nichols) Beard, was born in Huntington, Conn., Feb. 20, 1878, and was fitted for college at the Derby (Conn.) high school.

After graduation he was Principal of the Broadbrook grammar school, Broadbrook, Conn., 1902—1903; Principal of the high school in Litchfield, 1903—1904, and Supervising Principal of the Waltersville school at Bridgeport, in the same State, from September, 1904, until his death.

He died of cerebral meningitis at Bridgeport, Dec. 7, 1906.

"At a meeting of the Bridgeport board of education on Monday, Dec. 10, Superintendent Deane spoke of the deceased, in part, as follows: 'I can say in truth that Mr. Beard was one of the best principals ever in the service of the city. I felt perfectly sure of him at all times. He was a gentleman in every case. I could depend upon his judgment, and a fine trait in him was that he was just as faithful with unpleasant scholars as he was with pleasant ones.' The death of such an earnest, Christian, manly young man as Mr. Beard is a sad and serious loss to any school system and to any community."¹

Mr. Beard was married, Nov. 24, 1904, to Leolyn S., daughter of Aaron R. Smith of Shelton, Conn., who, with one child, a daughter, survives him.

¹ Bridgeport, Conn., *Standard*.

CLASS OF 1869.

HENRY KELLOGG FIELD, the son of Charles K. and Julia A. (Kellogg) Field, was born in Newfane, Vt., June 8, 1848, and was fitted for college with D. D. Gorham, Montpelier, Vt.

He studied law in the office of Field & Tyler, Brattleboro, Vt., and was admitted to the bar in 1871. He practiced his profession in Montpelier, Vt., 1872—1881. He then removed to California, and was resident manager of the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company of Boston, with his residence in San Francisco. He died in Alameda, Cal., June 18, 1907.

Mr. Field was married, Nov. 25, 1872, to Kate L., daughter of Lorenzo Daniels of Hartford, Conn., who, with several children, survives him.

RECORD OF GRADUATES WHOSE DEATHS

HAVE NOT BEEN PREVIOUSLY REPORTED.

CLASS OF 1851.

MILFORD CLARK BUTLER, the son of Samuel P. and Lucinda (Ames) Butler, was born in Buckland, Mass., March 31, 1824, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

The first year after graduation he was Principal of Amherst Academy. From 1853 to 1857 he was Principal and proprietor of Butler's Classical School, Knoxville, Tenn. He was next professor of ancient languages in East Tenn. Univ., 1857—1861; Principal of Lind Academy, Lake Forest, Ill., 1862—1864; Principal of Poland Union Seminary, O., 1864—1870; Principal of East Tenn. Female Institute, Knoxville, Tenn., 1871—1878.

He then decided to enter the ministry, having previously studied theology in private. In 1879 he became acting pastor at Staunton and Raymond, Ill., and was ordained by presbytery in 1881. From 1883 to 1887 he was pastor of a church at Red Cloud, Neb., and for three years thereafter at Meadville, Mo.

In 1891 he removed to St. Louis, Mo., organized the Oak Hill Presbyterian church there, and was its pastor until 1896. He continued to preach in different churches in that city until about 1900, and resided there until his death from nephritis, Jan. 22, 1905.

Mr. Butler was married (1) March 1, 1853, to Eliza A., daughter of Josiah R. Dean of Oakham, Mass., who died April 15, 1866; (2) Nov. 24, 1868, to Mrs. Nancy McWatty, daughter of John Pontino of Petersburg, O., who, with four of his five children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1861.

WILLIAM HARDCASTLE BROWNE, the son of Rev. Charles and Eliza A. (Hardcastle) Browne, was born in Philadelphia, Penn., Nov. 14, 1840, and was fitted for college at Newark Academy, Del. He was a member of the University of Pennsylvania two years, and entered Amherst in September, 1859.

After graduation he was a teacher in a school in Maryland one year; in a military academy at Philadelphia one year, and in the Episcopal Academy of Philadelphia one year. During this period he also studied law, 1863—1865, and was admitted to the bar in Philadelphia, May 5, 1865. He practiced his profession in that city until about 1896. From that time he was a confirmed invalid, suffering from a disease of the spine, until his death in Philadelphia, Feb. 24, 1906.

During all this period of ill-health, however, he continued to devote himself to literary pursuits. The titles of his published law-books are as follows: *Digest of Decisions on Divorce and Alimony in the United States*; *Commentary on the Law of Divorce*; *Browne's Blackstone's Commentaries*; *Browne's Kent's Commentaries*; *The Law of Negligence in Pennsylvania*, three vols.; *The Law of Decedents' Estates in Pennsylvania*, two vols.; *The Pennsylvania Legal Time Table*.

His other works are: *Heart Throbs of Gifted Authors*, (having a sale of more than fifteen thousand copies); *Witty Sayings by Witty People*; *Familiar Quotations*; *Bible Heroes* (four editions); *Synopsis of the Passion Play at Oberammergau*; *Famous Women of History*; *An Abridgment of Scott's Waverly Novels*.

The degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him by Ursinus College in 1899.

Mr. Browne was married, Dec. 16, 1869, to Alice, daughter of Thomas Beaver of Danville, Penn., who, with three children, survives him.

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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF AMHERST COLLEGE,

FOR THE

ACADEMICAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 24, 1908.

[FIFTH PRINTED SERIES No. 6.]

AMHERST, MASS.
PUBLISHED BY THE COLLEGE,
MDCCCCVIII

NOTE.

In connection with the editing of the Triennial Catalogue in Latin, in the year 1862-1863, the undersigned was directed by the Faculty to prepare and have printed an obituary record of graduates deceased during that year; and subsequently he was instructed to prepare a similar record annually.

This has been done, and four series of ten years each were completed in 1902, containing accounts of eleven hundred and eighty-three graduates, and numbering in all, ten hundred and seven pages. Nine numbers, from 1877 to 1885 inclusive, were edited by the late Prof. J. K. Chickering of the class of 1869. To the first two series and also to each of the third and fourth series, alphabetical indexes have been added.

The oldest alumni in graduation are James Locke Batchelder, A. M., Chicago, Ill. and William Snell, Esq., Ware, Mass., the surviving members of the class of 1840. The oldest living graduate, however, is Rev. Isaac C. Day of Providence, R. I., of the class of 1841, born May 25, 1815.

In this number of the *Obituary Record*, the facts in each instance have been obtained by correspondence with relatives or other intimate acquaintances of the subjects of these notices.

E. P. CROWELL,
AMHERST COLLEGE.

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| 1839. Barber, L. H. | 1867. Hill, C. G. |
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| 1894. Brown, A. A. | 1883. Howland, D. B. |
| 1878. Buck, H. H. | 1856. Kimball, W. B. |
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| 1871. Day, J. E. | 1854. Partridge, G. |
| 1844. Edson, H. K. | 1851. Sanford, J. E. |
| 1856. Ellis, J. M. | 1852. Smith, S. K. |
| 1867. Fenner, E. B. | 1878. Stearns, G. W. |
| 1883. Fitts, F. H. | 1862. Tyler, M. W. |
| 1885. Gardner, G. E. | 1873. Warner, L. J. |
| 1876. George, A. J. | 1852. Webber, G. N. |
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| 1868. Heath, D. C. | 1837. Wells, J. H. |
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RECORD OF GRADUATES DECEASED DURING THE YEAR 1907-1908.

CLASS OF 1837.

JOHN HAGADORN WELLS, the son of Thomas R. and Maria (Potter) Wells, was born in Kingston, R. I., Jan. 28, 1817, and was fitted for college at the Academy in his native town.

He was a member of Brown University the first two years of the college course, and entered Amherst in September, 1835.

The first two years after graduation he was principal of Uxbridge Academy, R. I. He then studied law with Elisha R. Potter, Jr., Esq., of Kingston, and afterwards with Judge Barculo of Hopkinton, in the same State.

Upon the breaking out of the Dorr war in 1842, Mr. Wells took sides with the Law and Order party, and was one of those to march to Chepachet and Acote's Hill, where the followers of Gov. Dorr were put to flight without bloodshed.

When a convention was called to frame a State Constitution, to displace the old charter, Mr. Wells was selected as a fit representative by the electors of Hopkinton, though he was then only 25 years of age, and took part in the deliberations of the convention which resulted in the framing of the new Constitution.

Leaving his law studies in Hopkinton soon afterward, Mr. Wells was called to Poughkeepsie Collegiate Institution of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., then a well-known school for boys. Here he was placed in charge of classes in the classics and those beginning the study of law.

Through the advice of friends Mr. Wells then abandoned legal pursuits, and studied theology with Rev. Thomas Shepard, D. D., of Bristol, R. I., 1847—1849, was ordained at West Yarmouth, March 5, 1851, and was pastor of the church there until 1856. He was teacher of a Family School in Kingston, R. I., 1856—1862, and was next pastor of the church there, 1862—1877. From that year he was without charge, residing in Kingston, R. I., until his death from old age, July 20, 1907.

During his pastorate the Kingston Free Library was organized by members of the church under his leadership. He was also prominently identified with the management of the Rhode Island Temperance Union, being a member of the Governing Board, and in his capacity as secretary of the Washington County Temperance Society aided the late Rev. Mr. Conant, agent of the State Society, in organizing and conducting temperance conventions.

For many years Mr. Wells was prominently identified with the Prohibition party, aiding the advancement of its cause by purse, voice and pen.

Mr. Wells was an earnest advocate of the locating of the State Agricultural College at Kingston, and having secured it was a helpful friend of the institution from its earliest days.

Mr. Wells devoted his attention, up to a short time before his death, to caring for a small farm and to the pursuit of favorite lines of reading and study.

Mr. Wells was married (1) April 30, 1851, to Ann M., daughter of James Wells of Hopkinton, R. I., who died March 7, 1862; (2) Sept. 26, 1864, to Sarah S., daughter of Adam S. Coe of Newport, R. I., who died May 31, 1865; (3) April 21, 1868, to Maria A., daughter of George H. Perry, M. D., of Hopkinton, R. I., who died March 24, 1907. Two of his three children survive their father.

CLASS OF 1839.

LUTHER HUMPHREY BARBER, the son of Alson and Hannah (Humphrey) Barber, and nephew of Pres. Humphrey, was born in Canton, Conn., Sept. 3, 1815, and was fitted for college at Amherst Academy.

His theological education was obtained at East Windsor (now Hartford) Seminary, where he graduated in 1842. After preaching in Hitchcockville (now Riverton), Conn., for about a year, he was ordained Oct. 25, 1843, and was pastor of the church there until 1861. He was acting pastor at Scotland, Conn., 1861—1862, and pastor 1862—1869; acting pastor at Hanover, Conn., 1869—1878; acting pastor at Bolton, Conn., 1878—1889, and at Vernon Center, 1889—1892, when he retired from the ministry. He then resided at Ellington, Conn., until 1895, and after that at Danielson, Conn., in the home of his nephew, Rev. C. H. Barber, class of 1877. He died of apoplexy at Danielson, Conn., Aug. 17, 1907. Mr. Barber was the last survivor of his class and the oldest alumnus in graduation and in age. "Mr. Barber was a practical and earnest preacher, and a faithful and sympathetic pastor. He greatly endeared himself to his people in all his parishes."

Mr. Barber was married, Aug. 23, 1842, to Lucinda, daughter of Daniel Taylor of Canton, Conn., who died April 20, 1896. One daughter by adoption, who died in 1904.

CLASS OF 1851.

JOHN ELLIOT SANFORD, the son of Rev. John and Sophia (Loud) Sanford, was born in South Dennis, Mass., Nov. 22, 1830, and was fitted for college at Amherst Academy and Wiliston Seminary.

The first two years after graduation he was principal of Yarmouth Academy, Mass., 1853—1854 tutor in Amherst College,

and 1854—1855 principal of Bristol Academy, Taunton, Mass. The study of law, which he had begun in Yarmouth and continued in Amherst during his tutorship, he pursued further with Morton and Sanford in Taunton, and was admitted to the bar there in 1856. In that city he practiced his profession until 1899. From 1866 to 1869 he was State Insurance Commissioner, and was the author of the twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth Mass. insurance reports. In 1864 he was a member of the State Senate, in 1863 and in 1871—1874 a member of the House of Representatives, and during the last three years of that service he was Speaker of the House.

In 1882 he was appointed chairman of the Board of Harbor and Land Commissioners, in which post he was called to deal with numerous large questions and matters affecting the interests of the city of Boston, as well as those of the Commonwealth, and held that office until 1892. From 1892 to 1899, he was chairman of the Board of Railroad Commissioners of the State.

Mr. Sanford was a member of the Union Club of Boston, a charter member of the St. Botolph and University Clubs, a member of the Colonial Society of Massachusetts, a member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, and a fellow of the Royal Statistical Society of London, Eng.

For a considerable period he also served the city of Taunton as a member of the school committee, of the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners, and as alderman and common councilman (presiding over the latter branch for several years), as president of the Taunton Oil Cloth Company and of the Taunton Gas Company, as president of the Taunton Savings Bank from 1876, and a director of the Taunton National Bank.

Mr. Sanford was a trustee of Amherst College from 1874, and from 1899 he was president of the corporation. The John E. Sanford Class of 1851 Scholarship Fund of five thousand dollars

was donated to the college by him in 1901. The degree of LL. D. was conferred on him by the college in 1896. He died of melanotic-sarcoma at Taunton, Mass., Oct. 11, 1907.

During his life residence in Taunton, Mr. Sanford was a member of St. Thomas's Church, vestryman of the parish from 1882, and was president of the Episcopalian Club of Massachusetts. "Mr. Sanford's strong character, marked ability, sound judgment and deep interest in parochial affairs gave him an influence in our body akin to leadership; his opinion carrying much weight. In all walks of life his name stood for integrity of purpose, sincerity of speech, and fearlessness in his performance of duty. He gave freely of his time and talents in serving his city and state, and was generous and impartial in his benefactions to good works."¹

Mr. Sanford was married, Dec. 10, 1856, to Emily J., daughter of Rev. George S. White, then of Taunton, Mass., who died Sept. 16, 1899. His three daughters survive him.

CLASS OF 1852.

GEORGE NELSON WEBBER, the son of Ariel and Lucina (Holmes) Webber, was born in Pomfret, Conn., Aug. 27, 1826, and was fitted for college at Worcester (Mass.) Academy.

After graduation he was a member of Andover Theological Seminary for two years, and was then tutor in Amherst College one year (1854—1855), continuing also the study of theology in private. He was ordained Dec. 5, 1855, at St. Johnsbury, Vt., and was pastor of the South church there until 1859. He was pastor of the North church, Hartford, Conn., 1859—1862, and of the First church in Lowell, Mass., 1862—1867.

He was professor of Moral and Mental Science, Middlebury College, Vt., 1867—1873. He was pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Troy, N. Y., from 1874 to 1883. During the

¹ Memorial adopted by St. Thomas's parish, Taunton, Mass.

year 1883—1884 he was professor of Philosophy in Smith College, and from 1884 to 1891 lecturer in Ethics in the same institution. He continued to reside in Northampton until a few weeks before his death from bronchitis, which occurred at the home of his daughter in Springfield, Mass., Dec. 20, 1907.

In the War of the Rebellion he was chaplain of the First regiment, Conn. Vols., for several months in 1862. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by Amherst College in 1870.

Dr. Webber was married (1) May 4, 1858, to Charlotte, daughter of Thaddeus Fairbanks of St. Johnsbury, Vt., who died March 29, 1869; (2) Aug. 29, 1871, to Caroline K., daughter of Rev. Daniel Ladd of Middlebury, Vt., who died Sept. 17, 1905. Four children survive their father.

CLASS OF 1854.

GEORGE PARTRIDGE, the son of Oramel and Lucy (Capron) Partridge, was born in Randolph, Vt., Aug. 22, 1829, and was fitted for college at the Orange County grammar school in his native town.

From 1854—1857 he was a professor in Tuskegee Female College, Alabama. He then studied law in Madison, Wis., and was admitted to the bar there in 1858. The following year he was principal of Houston Academy, Texas. In 1860 he began the practice of law in St. Louis, Mo. This was interrupted during the first three years of the War of the Rebellion by his service as attorney and chief clerk in the Provost Marshal General's office, Department of Missouri, in that city. He then resumed the practice of law, and continued in it until 1867. From that year he was engaged in the manufacture and sale of oils until 1879; and in mining and smelting in Leadville, Colorado, until 1885. He then removed to San Fran-

cisco, Cal., and continued in the same business there until his death from heart disease, March 11, 1908.

Mr. Partridge was the editor of *Pick and Drill*, a mining and oil journal, in San Francisco, Cal., for about two years.

Mr. Partridge was married Aug. 3, 1860, to A. Augusta, daughter of Cyrus D. Thompson, of West Avon, Conn., who died Nov. 8, 1897. Four daughters survive their father.

CLASS OF 1856.

JAMES MARSH ELLIS, the son of Granville and Mary Ann (Marsh) Ellis, was born in Boston, Mass., Nov. 23, 1834, and was fitted for college in the Latin School of his native city.

After graduation he studied law with Thornton K. Lothrop, Esq., and was a member of Harvard University Law School. He was admitted to the bar in December, 1858, and practiced his profession in Boston until 1861.

At the opening of the War of the Rebellion, he was commissioned, May 28, 1861, 2nd Lieutenant, Co. B, 2nd Mass. Vols., and was assigned to staff duty with Gen. Banks, as Captain and Commissary of Subsistence. He was transferred to the staff of Gen. Abercrombie, Nov. 22, 1861. In 1863 he was commissioned Lieutenant Colonel, and appointed Chief Commissary of Subsistence, 23d Army Corps, on the staff of Gen. Hartsuff. He served in the Shenandoah campaign under Gens. Patterson and Banks; second battle of Bull Run, Gen. Pope; Antietam, Gen. McClellan; Fredericksburg, Gen. Burnside; East Tennessee, Gen. Hartsuff, and at Baton Rouge and in the Red River campaign, Gen. Banks. He resigned his commission in October, 1864.

For about eight years, from 1864 to 1872, he was a stock broker in New York City, in connection with the firm of Wm.

Heath & Co. He then bought a farm in West Dedham, Mass., and devoted himself to agriculture until 1895. On account of impaired health he then withdrew from business.

In 1901 he was an inmate of an asylum at Waverley, Mass., and remained there until his death from angina pectoris, Sept. 14, 1907.

Col. Ellis was never married.

WILLIAM BIRD KIMBALL, the son of Rev. James and Emily (Parker) Kimball, was born in Oakham, Mass., June 2, 1833, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

After traveling in the western part of the country about a year, he engaged in agriculture in Westboro, Mass., where he conducted a large dairy farm from 1857 to 1861.

At the opening of the Civil War he enlisted, May, 1861, in Co. K, 13th Regiment, Mass. Vols., was made Orderly Sergeant July 16, and Commissary Sergeant May 1, 1862. He was promoted 2nd Lieutenant, May 25, 1862, 1st Lieutenant Feb. 28, 1863, Captain Oct. 4, 1863, and was mustered out of service July 16, 1864. With his regiment, he participated in the battles of first Bull Run under Gen. Pope, was on detached service in the Commissary Department at the time of the battles of Antietam and first Fredericksburg, was in the battles of second Fredericksburg under Gen. Hooker, Gettysburg under Gen. Mead, and in the campaign of the Wilderness under Gen. Warren.

After the war he engaged again in farming in Enfield, Mass., from 1865 until 1882. The rest of his life was devoted chiefly to literary pursuits.

He was also prominent in town affairs, for many years serving as selectman, town clerk, town treasurer, assessor, and overseer of the poor. For more than thirty years he was also a member of the School Board. In 1877 he was a representa-

tive in the State Legislature, and rendered able service in that capacity. During a large part of his life he was an active member of the Congregational church. He was also a comrade of the local post of the Grand Army of the Republic.

"His genial, courteous manners and sunny disposition won for him a host of friends. The school children were all devoted to him, and were always glad to have him visit the schools."

He died of nephritis in Enfield, Jan. 22, 1908.

Capt. Kimball was married, Feb. 17, 1858, to Frances C., daughter of Josiah B. Woods of Enfield, who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1860.

MOSES BRADFORD BOARDMAN, the son of Francis and Sarah E. (Bradford) Boardman, was born in Francestown, N. H., May 25, 1833, and was fitted for college at Kimball Union Academy.

He studied theology at Union Seminary two years, and at Andover Seminary one year, graduating there in 1863. He was ordained at Lynnfield Centre, Mass., Oct. 1, 1863, and was pastor of the Congregational church there until 1870. He was pastor of a church in Brimfield, Mass., from 1870 to 1873, although the last part of this time absent on leave on account of ill health. He then retired from the ministry, continuing his residence at Brimfield until 1875. From that year until 1878 he resided at Harwinton, Conn., and the rest of his life at New Britain, in the same State. During this period he acted as assistant pastor of the First Congregational church there from 1883 to 1892, and from 1905 until his death from cancer, Sept. 22, 1907.

"Mr. Boardman was remarkable for his conscientious and faithful devotion to duty, and for his usefulness and success in his work in his several pastorates.

Mr. Boardman was married, Sept. 17, 1863, to Ellen E., daughter of Orville Barbour of Harwinton, Conn., who, with three of their four children, survives him.

* HORACE PARKER, the son of Nathaniel and Martha (Rockwood) Parker, was born in Milford, Mass., Dec. 16, 1835, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town.

After graduation, he studied theology in private, and was ordained at Ashland, Mass., May 1, 1861, and was pastor of the church there until 1862. He was then acting pastor at Leominster, Mass., 1862—1864, and after serving on the Christian Commission in the war a number of months, he was pastor at Ashby, Mass., 1865—1870; at Pepperill, 1870—1874; and acting pastor at Ayer in the same State, 1874—1877.

He was then acting pastor at New Ipswich, N. H., 1877—1880, and at Lunenburg, Mass., 1880—1887. He then withdrew from the ministry on account of impaired health, living in retirement at West Tisbury, Mass., until December, 1905, and from that time at Lynnfield Centre, Mass., until his death there from diabetes, March 15, 1908.

Mr. Parker was married (1) Sept. 11, 1860, to Emily M., daughter of Charles Wight of Milford, Mass., who died Dec. 1, 1863; (2) May 17, 1865, to Ellen S., daughter of Hervey D. Look of Leominster, Mass., who, with six of his eight children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1862.

MASON WHITING TYLER, the son of Rev. Professor William S. Tyler, D. D., LL. D., class of 1830, and Amelia O., (Whiting) Tyler, (and brother of the late William W. of 1864, Professor Henry M. of 1865, and Professor John M. of 1873),

was born in Amherst, June 17, 1840, and was fitted for college at Amherst Academy and Williston Seminary.

After graduation, entering the service of his country in the War of the Rebellion, he was commissioned 2d Lieutenant, 37th Regt., Mass. Vols., Aug. 1, 1862, was promoted 1st Lieutenant Sept. 4, 1862; Captain, Jan. 17, 1863; Major, March 5, 1865; Lieutenant-Colonel, May 19, 1865, and Colonel, June 26, 1865. With his regiment, he participated in thirty battles of the war, among which were the battles of 1st and 2d Fredericksburg, Burnside's campaign, Salem Church, Gettysburg, Rappahannock Station, Mine Run, Wilderness, Spottsylvania, Hanover Junction, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, Fort Stevens, Summit Point, Winchester, Hatcher's Run and Forts Steadman and Sedgwick. In the battles of Winchester and Fort Sedgwick he was wounded, was honorably discharged and mustered out of service at Washington, D. C., July 2, 1865.

Colonel Tyler was a member of Columbia University Law School one year, and was admitted to the bar in New York City in October, 1866. He then spent three years in the office of Evarts, Southmayd and Choate. From 1869 to 1893 he was in partnership with Henry E. Tremain, Esq., and from 1893 to 1903 he was a member of the firm of Tyler and Durand. His sons, William S. of the class of 1895, and Cornelius B. of the class of 1898, were associated with him in practice from 1903.

Among the most important cases in which he was counsel were the suit of Marie vs. Garrison, in which one million dollars were recovered; the famous "hat trimmings" cases, so-called; the treaty cases involving the question of customs duties on sugar imported from certain countries; the "removal cases," which determined the jurisdiction of the U. S. Circuit Court, and the case of the Pacific Railroad vs. Ketchum, with several others, which were also argued before the U. S. Supreme Court.¹

¹ U. S. Supreme Court Reports, Vols. 100, 101, 124, 125, 132.

From the year 1901 until his death, Mr. Tyler was a trustee of Amherst College. In 1902 he donated to the college library, as a memorial to his father, a fund of twenty-five thousand dollars, the income of which was to be devoted to the purchase of books in the departments of the classics, history and literature.

His residence was in Plainfield, N. J., from 1871 until his death from pulmonary embolism following a surgical operation (from which, however, he had nearly recovered) in New York City, July 2, 1907.

From 1877 to 1880 he was a member of the Common Council of Plainfield, N. J.; from 1882 he was one of the directors of the Public Library of that city, and president of the Board at the time of his death; a member of its Board of Education, 1885—1890; president of its Organized Charity Aid Association; a member of Winfield Scott Post, G. A. R., and of the military order of the Loyal Legion, and "during all the years of his residence in Plainfield Colonel Tyler was identified with nearly everything that stood for the progress and betterment of the city. He was generous in his contributions to all charitable enterprises and to worthy and needy objects of every kind."

He was also a member of the New York Society of Mayflower Descendants, governor of the New Jersey Mayflower Descendants Society, a member of the Sons of the Revolution, of the Society of the Colonial Wars in New Jersey, of the New Jersey Society of Colonial Governors, and of the New Jersey Historical Society.

He was the author of an address upon President John Tyler, delivered before the Tyler Family Association, and of a discourse upon the Constitution of the United States.

Colonel Tyler was married, Dec. 29, 1869, to Eliza M., daughter of Rev. John F. Schroeder of New Milford, Conn., who died Oct. 14, 1906. His two sons survive him.

OLIVER WHITE, the son of Josiah and Esther G. (Hiatt) White was born in Milton, Ind., Aug. 21, 1836 and was fitted for college at the preparatory department of Earlham College of which Institution he was also a member three years. He entered Amherst in September, 1861.

For about a year after graduation he was an assistant of the State Geologist of Maine. He was then connected with the Freedman's Aid Society, 1864-1865; was a book-seller in Richmond, Ind., 1865-1869; was a teacher and later a principal in the public schools of Richmond, 1869-1876; a pharmacist from 1876-1886; a minister and teacher in the same city, 1887-1891; and an instructor in English branches in a business university in Brooklyn, N. Y., 1891-1906. He then retired on account of impaired health, continuing his residence in Brooklyn. In November, 1907, he went to Wachula, Fla. where he died of dysentery, April 27, 1908.

Mr. White was the author of a *Report of Geological Explorations* in the State of Maine, incorporated with the annual report of the Department of Agriculture of that State, 1862.

Mr. White was married, Feb. 13, 1865, to Mary C., daughter of Thomas Cotton of Shelbyville, Ind., who, with three of their four children survives him.

CLASS OF 1867.

DWIGHT STILES HERRICK, the son of John and Fidelia (Stiles) Herrick, was born in Chicopee Falls, Mass., Dec. 12, 1845, and was fitted for college at the Chicopee High School and at Williston Seminary.

The first three years after graduation he was a teacher of the classics in Peekskill Military Academy, N. Y. He then studied law with Edward Wells, Esq., in Peekskill, and was admitted to the bar in Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 15, 1870. He practiced

his profession in Peekskill from that year until his death from cerebral hemorrhage at Peekskill, May 9, 1908.

Mr. Herrick was a trustee of the Peekskill Military Academy from 1876 and a member of the Board of Education, School District No. 7, for many years.

“Mr. Herrick was profoundly interested in everything that touched the welfare of this village. No good cause lacked his intelligent and loyal support, nor any bad cause his fearless and outspoken opposition. For about thirty-five years and at the time of his death he was a member of the First Presbyterian church, highly esteemed in its councils, active in its affairs, and from time to time superintendent and a teacher in its Sunday school, work which he found most congenial and in which he was very successful. He was a man of wide culture and scholarly tastes and an accomplished musician.”¹

Mr. Herrick was married, Dec. 6, 1871, to Sarah F., daughter of John Simpson of Peekskill, N. Y., who, with three of their four children, survives him. His son, John R. Herrick, M. D., is a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1901.

CALVIN GROUT HILL, the son of George and Sylvia (Grout) Hill, was born in Elmore, Vt., May 10, 1842, but from the age of four years his home was in West Medway, Mass. He was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy and Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Mass.

The first two years after graduation he was principal of the high school at East Attleboro, Mass., during which time he also pursued in private the first year's studies of the theological course. He was then a member of Bangor Theological Seminary two years, and graduated there in 1871.

After preaching about nine months at Waterville, Me., he was ordained at Hamilton, Mass., Sept. 5, 1872, and was pas-

¹ *The Highland Democrat*, Peekskill. N. Y.

tor of the Congregational church there until 1876. His subsequent pastorates were at Walpole, Mass., 1876—1881; at Milton, Mass., 1881—1888, and at Malden, Mass., from December, 1890, to June, 1898.

From that time he preached in various places for a longer or shorter time, as his health allowed, with his residence in Milton. He died there of heart-failure, Oct. 11, 1907.

“Mr. Hill was an instructive and scholarly preacher. He was wise in his practical administration as well as ‘gentle and easy to be entreated,’ though firm in matters of principle. The more he came to be known in the churches he served, the more he was respected for his sterling worth and genuine Christian character.”¹

Mr. Hill was married, Dec. 1, 1868, to Mary A. B., daughter of Gustavus A. Reed of Rehoboth, Mass., who, with their two children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1868.

DANIEL COLLAMORE HEATH, the son of Daniel and Mila Ann (Record) Heath, was born in Salem, Me., Oct. 26, 1843, and was fitted for college at Nichols Latin School, Lewiston, Me.

After graduation, he was principal of the high school, Southboro, Mass., 1868—1870; was then a member of Bangor Theological Seminary one year, and was licensed to preach May 30, 1871. After one year of travel in Europe, he was Superintendent of Schools, Farmington, Me., 1872—1873. From 1873 to 1875 he was an agent in New York City of Ginn Brothers, booksellers and publishers, Boston, and was a member of the firm of Ginn & Heath from 1876 to 1886. He then established the firm of D. C. Heath & Co., publishers, in

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

the same city, and continued in that business the rest of his life, with his residence in Newtonville, Mass. He died of hemorrhage of the brain at his home in Newtonville, Jan. 29, 1908.

Mr. Heath was president of the Pine Tree State Club, one of the founders of the Twentieth Century Club, and a member of the Every Saturday Club, the Tuesday Club, the Newton Club, the Brae-Burn Club, (all of Newton); also of the City Club, the Civic League, the University Club, the Massachusetts Schoolmasters' Club, and the Congregational Club, (all of Boston), and the Aldine Association of New York.

"Mr. Heath's death removes from the Boston publishing world one of its most eminent and most honored members. For more than twenty years he had been the head of the house of D. C. Heath & Co., and for ten years before that he had been a member of the firm of Ginn & Heath. In both connections, during this long period, his name has stood pre-eminently for the best scholarship, the best taste, the most progressive spirit and the highest honor in the educational publishing field. It has stood equally for good citizenship, public spirit and the most faithful social service in Boston and Newton, for Mr. Heath's community interests were of the broadest, his identification with useful and advanced movements was constant, his industry and organizing power were notable, and his natural qualities of leadership were recognized and utilized in every circle which he touched.

In his home politics his position was always independent and courageous. He was actively devoted for many years to the cause of a purer civil service: and he was a sharp critic of the imperialist and military tendencies of these later years. To local affairs he gave the same faithful attention as to national and international interests, and Newton and Boston lose

in his death an exemplary citizen, as the American educational world loses one of its most faithful servants." ¹

Mr. Heath was the author of many valuable reports of the various organizations and philanthropies with which he was connected, such as *Old Home Day in Salem, Maine*, and *The Work of a Village Education Association*.

At a meeting of the members of the Aldine Association and representatives of all the principal publishing houses in New York City, Jan. 31, 1908, the following tribute to the memory of Mr. Heath was unanimously adopted :

Resolved, That the death of Daniel Collamore Heath has brought a serious loss upon the publishing trade and the educational interests of the country and upon the community as a whole. The life and work of Mr. Heath gave evidence of a high ideal for citizenship and for business, and his career as a publisher, in which his distinctive abilities secured a well-earned prestige and success, was characterized by a consistent integrity of purpose and of action. His kindly heart and sympathetic nature won for him an ever widening circle of attached friends." ²

Mr. Heath was married, Jan. 6, 1881, to Mrs. Nelly Lloyd Knox, daughter of J. C. B. Jones of Memphis, Tenn., who, with three of their four sons, survives him.

CHARLES FRANKLIN WELLS, the son of Aldrich and Lora M. (Case) Wells, was born in Buffalo, N. Y., April 24, 1845.

In April, 1861, he enlisted in the 27th Regt., New York Volunteers, and served in the war until July, 1863. He then completed his preparation for college in private, was a mem-

¹ *Boston Transcript*.

² *The Publisher's Weekly*, New York.

ber of Genessee College two years, and entered the Junior class in Amherst in September, 1866.

After graduation, he studied law with Hon. E. M. Morse of Canandaigua, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar at Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 8, 1870. He practiced his profession in New York City from 1871 until his death from apoplexy, July 25, 1907.

From about 1891 to the summer of 1906 he was legal adviser to the Sheriffs of New York county. In the law and procedure of sheriffs he became an expert, and was regarded as a high authority on the subject.

Mr. Wells was never married.

CLASS OF 1870.

FRANCIS FORDYCE COBURN, the son of Fordyce and Lorraine (Breed) Coburn, was born in Lowell, Mass., Nov. 12, 1849, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native city.

After graduation, he was a civil engineer, Illinois Central R. R., 1871—1877.

He was principal of the Franklin Grammer School in Lowell, 1878—1880. He was then assistant master in the High School in the same city until 1883. From that year until 1897 he was principal of the same school. He was principal of the State Normal School in Lowell from 1897 until his death from heart disease, Feb. 11, 1908.

"Mr. Coburn's administration of the High School was upon a high plane. He enjoyed the coöperation of both teachers and pupils, and was eminently successful. To the work of the Normal School he gave the same conscientious effort and capable judgment."

Mr. Coburn was married, Nov. 28, 1871, to Mary S., daughter of Horace Ward of Amherst, Mass., who died June 19, 1898. His two sons survive him.

CLASS OF 1871.

JOHN EDDY DAY, the son of Augustus E. and Lucy A. (Short) Day, was born in South Killingly, Conn., March 26, 1851, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

After graduation, he was principal of the Westboro, Mass., High School, 1871—1874, and Superintendent of Schools in the same town, 1874—1875. During the same period he also engaged in the study of law, and was a member of Boston University Law School, 1875—1876, was admitted to the bar in 1876, and practiced his profession in Worcester, Mass., (and for some time also in Webster,) making a specialty of real estate law, in which he was an authority. He died of chronic nephritis at Worcester, Mass., Nov. 12, 1907.

“During his study of law he made a specialty of real estate law, and early in his practice he was recognized as an authority on matters pertaining to real estate transactions. He was one of the most prominent members and a trustee for many years of Union Congregational church, and a generous contributor to its support. He was a member of Worcester Board of Trade, the Amherst Club, Tatnuck Country Club, Commonwealth Club, and Worcester County Bar Association.”¹

Mr. Day was married, Dec. 7, 1876 to Abbie F., daughter of Hamilton B. Fay of Worcester, who, with five of their six children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1872.

CONSTANT COOK HODGMAN, the son of Lansing D. and Abby (Cook) Hodgman, was born in Bath, N. Y., Sept. 6, 1850, and was fitted for college at the high school in Canandaigua, N. Y.

From 1872 to 1875 he was in mercantile business, and also

¹ *Worcester Magazine*, Dec., 1907.

assistant cashier of the First National Bank, Bath, N. Y. After traveling in Europe about a year he was agent for Tompkin's coal mine, Pittsburg, Pa., 1878; president of the New York Stamping Co., 1879—1880; manufacturer and president of the Newark, N. J., Stamping Co., 1882—1888, and then in business in New York City, 1888—1902. From that time he was in retirement, residing in Bath, N. Y., until 1905, and the rest of his life in Yonkers, N. Y. He died of endo-carditis, Jan. 13, 1908.

Mr. Hodgman was never married.

CLASS OF 1873.

FRANKLIN SAMUEL HATCH, the son of Samuel W. and Laura C. (Dickinson) Hatch, was born in Chelsea, Vt., Aug. 12, 1846, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

His theological education was obtained at Hartford Seminary, where he graduated in 1876. He was ordained, June 7, 1876, at West Hartford, Conn., and was pastor of the church there until 1883. He was then financial secretary of Hartford Theological Seminary, 1883—1886, during which period he was also stated supply of the church at Ware, Mass., from January to May, 1886, and several months at Colchester, Conn.

From 1887 to 1900 he was pastor of the church in Monson, Mass., and was a trustee of Monson Academy from 1887 to 1901. After serving a few months as president of the Massachusetts Christian Endeavor Society, he was elected general secretary of the Union Christian Endeavor Society for the countries of India, Burmah and Ceylon. In this service he continued until 1903. Returning to this country, he was acting pastor of the Eliot church, Newton, Mass., Nov., 1904—Jan., 1907; of the Central church, Middleboro, Mass., Feb., 1907—

Oct., 1907, and of Winslow church, Taunton, Mass., from Nov., 1907, until his death from pneumonia at Brookline, Mass., Dec. 24, 1907.

“He was a genuine pastor, in the warmth of his sympathies with all sorts and conditions of people, a wise counsellor and an affectionate friend, while an unfailing fund of good humor and his invariably cheerful outlook upon life made him welcome in every home circle. He was distinctively a gospel preacher, and whether in India or America, in general work or in the regular ministry, his warm evangelistic impulses found frequent expression.”¹

“He was a man of fine nature and true Christian spirit, who sought to incorporate into his life the principles of the Golden Rule. He was a gentle soul, and ‘in his tongue was the law of kindness.’ He was too noble to blame others and too busy for that which did not help to high living and the good of man, a man charitable in judgment and genuine in friendship. While deeply evangelical in temper, he was broad and tolerant in his sympathies and ever ready to note the good and not the ill in conduct or belief, possessing that charity which ‘suffereth long and is kind.’ Mr. Hatch combined in rare measure the cultivated mind and the sympathetic heart. In the sick-room and the house shadowed by death he was a veritable ‘son of consolation.’ In later years his work with the young people of the Christian Endeavor societies of the State led to a renewal of his youth and his consecration. A vision of larger service led him to India, whither he went, not from love of novelty or adventure, but with the true missionary spirit. His life grew richer and nobler with the advancing years, and his last days were his best.”²

Mr. Hatch was married, Oct. 29, 1879, to Helen, daughter

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

² *Rev. F. L. Goodspeed, D. D.*

of Rev. William L. Gage of Hartford, Conn., who, with their two children, survives him.

ANDREW JACKSON HIRSCHL, the son of Samuel and Therese (Kohn) Hirschl, was born in Davenport, Ia., April 30, 1852, and was fitted for college in the preparatory department of Griswold College in that city.

He studied law in Iowa State University, received from it the degree of LL. B. in 1875, and was admitted to the bar in Scott Co., Iowa, in February of the same year. He practiced his profession in Davenport, Ia., from 1875 to 1891, and in Chicago, Ill., from 1891 until his death from acute thyroidism in a hospital in the same city, Feb. 7, 1908.

He was professor of the Law of Torts in Iowa State University, 1886—1888, and professor of the Law of Corporations in Chicago Law School from 1900 until the failure of his health in 1907.

In 1898 he enlisted in the 1st Regt., Illinois Cavalry, in the Spanish-American war, was promoted Corporal, and served until peace was declared.

Professor Hirschl was the author of *Law of Fraternities and Societies*; *Legal Hygiene, or How to Avoid Litigation*; *Combination, Consolidation and Succession of Corporations*, and *Trial Tactics*.

Mr. Hirschl was a member of the Press Club, Masonic order, Turnverein, Chicago and Illinois Bar Associations, Hamilton Club, Medico-Legal Club, Woodlawn Park Club, Marquette Club, Illinois Athletic Club, and the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

Professor Hirschl was married, Sept. 27, 1876, to Charlotte, daughter of Louis Schreiner of Bentonsport, Ia., who, with three of their five children, survives him.

LUTHER JOSEPH WARNER, the son of Joseph and Jane A. (Barnard) Warner, was born in Northampton, Feb. 17, 1851, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native city and at Williston Seminary.

"In college he was prominent in athletics to a degree which brings a wide fame to college men of the present day. He was stroke oar of the first Amherst College crew, and possessed so much natural skill and strength in some forms of athletic competition that, as Amherst men of his day recall, he so plainly outclassed his fellow members of the college that he was not allowed to compete."¹

After graduation he was associated with his father in the manufacture of silk at Florence, Northampton, and after his father's death in 1877, continued in the same business until the destruction of the factory by fire in 1894. He then retired from active business.

"Mr. Warner was a director of the First National Bank and a member of the Northampton Board of Health. The management of that part of the Warner estate which was under cultivation gave him an interest in agriculture, and he was formerly active in the Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden Agricultural Society, and at one time its president. He was a man of vigorous manner and open-hearted disposition, whereby he gained a wide acquaintance and a host of friends. He was a member of Jerusalem Lodge of Freemasons and of Northampton Commandery of Knights Templar."

He died of cirrhosis of the liver, at Northampton, Mass., Sept. 15, 1907.

Mr. Warner was married, Oct. 5, 1879, to Mary W., daughter of Seth Hunt of Northampton, who, with their three children, survives him.

¹ *Northampton Daily Herald.*

CLASS OF 1876.

ANDREW JACKSON GEORGE the son of Amos and Dorothy (Turner) George, was born in Goffstown, N. H., Feb. 16, 1854 and was fitted for college at Francestown, N. H. Academy.

After graduation he was principal of the High School in Ashland, Mass., 1876—1882, and sub-master of the Brookline, Mass. High School, 1882—1887. From 1887 he was head master of the English department of the Newton, Mass. High School until the end of his life, although ill-health caused his retirement from active service at the close of the school year in June, 1907. "A unique feature of his work there was the establishment of literature classes for parents, to enable them to study with pleasure and with profit what their sons and daughters were interested in at school. His illustrated lectures on 'Oxford,' the 'English Lake District' and the 'Development of the English Drama' are well known. His talks on educational topics were remarkable for the deliberate presentation of opinions that were suggestive and unhackneyed." During this period he was also acting professor of English Literature in Boston University, 1887—1888, lecturer on English Literature in Clark University, Worcester, 1902—1905. The degree of Litt. D. was conferred upon him by Amherst College in 1903.

He died of myocarditis at Brookline, Mass., Dec. 27, 1907.

Professor George was the author of *Optimism of Wordsworth and Browning*, *The Educational Value of the Study of Literature* (an address before the chapter of Phi Beta Kappa in Yale University) and *Syllabus of English History and Literature*. He also edited with introduction and notes more than twenty volumes of English and American classics. Among these were the following: *Wordsworth's Prelude*, *Selections from Wordsworth*, *Wordsworth's Prefaces and Essays on Poetry*, *Select*

Poems of Robert Burns, Tennyson's Princess, Coleridge's Critical Essays, Burke's Speeches on the American War and Letter to the Sheriffs of Bristol, Burke's Speech on Conciliation with America, Select Speeches of Daniel Webster, The Bunker Hill Oration, Carlyle's Essay on Burns, Coleridge's Ancient Mariner.

Professor George was a member of the American Antiquarian Society and of the Brae-Burn Country Club.

Professor George was married, July 11, 1888, to Alice N. daughter of Melburn A. Vant of Milford, Mass., who with one son, Robert H. George, a member of the class of 1911, Amherst College, survives him.

CLASS OF 1878.

HORACE HALL BUCK, the son of Rev. George and Lucy F. (Hall) Buck, was born in Hartford, Conn., June 28, 1855 and was fitted for college at the high school in his native city.

His theological education was obtained at Berkeley Divinity School, Middletown, Conn., where he graduated in 1882. He was ordained at New Haven, Conn., June 6, 1883. He was assistant rector of St. Thomas' Church, New Haven, Conn., 1882—1883; rector of St. George's Church, Austin, Nevada, 1883—1886; missionary in charge of St. James' Church, Eureka, Nevada, 1886—1888; rector of St. John's Church, Olympia, Wash., 1888—1892; missionary at Pocatello, Idaho, 1892—1893; missionary, St. Mark's Church, Foxboro, Mass., 1893—1900, having charge also of the Church of the Epiphany, Walpole, ten months, and from that time of Trinity Church, Wrentham. He was rector of St. Peter's Church, Cheshire, Conn., 1900—1907.

He died of uraemia, consequent upon an operation, at Baltimore, Md., Nov. 11, 1907.

Mr. Buck was married, June 26, 1884, to Harriet G., daughter

of George Sumner, M. D. of Hartford, Conn., who with four of their five children, survives him.

GEORGE WARREN STEARNS, the son of Rev. George I. and Amelia D. (Jones) Stearns, was born in Windham, Conn., Dec. 24, 1856, and was fitted for college at Phillips Academy, Andover.

His theological education was obtained at Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1881. After preaching about two years at Patton Me., he was ordained there Aug. 1, 1883, and was acting pastor and afterwards pastor at Patton and at Island Falls until 1885. His subsequent pastorates were at Hadley, Mass., 1885-1887, at Acton, Mass., 1887-1891, at Middleboro, Mass., 1891-1905, and at Lanesville, Gloucester, Mass., 1906-1907.

He was the author of *Two Hundredth Anniversary of the First Congregational Church in Middleboro, Mass.*, 1894, containing historical discourses: *Two Centuries in God's Work*.

He died of intestinal tuberculosis, at Walpole, Mass., Aug. 10, 1907.

"Mr. Stearns was a man of rare culture, who had preserved a love for classic learning and acquired an elegant English style. His preaching was earnest and true to the heart of the Gospel. His faith was clear and simple, and it made the path into the 'valley of the shadow' bright and hopeful."¹

"Mr. Stearns was a graceful writer, and for many years had been a frequent contributor to the Boston Transcript. Fond of classical studies he made himself familiar with Latin authors whose works are usually laid aside with the college diploma. Courteous and self-depreciatory in manner, it was always his aim to be of service to others, and he never shrank from the humblest task if only another's burden might be made lighter."²

¹ *The Congregationalist*.

² *Boston Transcript*.

Mr. Stearns was married, Oct. 21, 1887, to Sarah E., daughter of the late Oliver Smith Dow of Island Falls, Me., who, with their two children survives him.

CLASS OF 1883.

FRANK HERBERT FITTS, the son of Charles H. and Emeline A. (Richards) Fitts, was born in Rockville, Mass., April 30, 1861, and was fitted for college at Walpole and Holliston High Schools.

From 1883 to 1891 he was chemist for the Bowker Fertilizer Co. He then entered the grain business, Chamber of Commerce, Boston and continued in it the rest of his life.

He died of typhoid fever at Brighton, Mass., Jan. 1, 1908.

Mr. Fitts was prominently connected with the Brighton Congregational Church and Sunday School, for twenty years. During a large part of that period he was superintendent of the School and was deacon in the church for twelve years.

Mr. Fitts was married, (1) June 21, 1888, to Mary G., daughter of Abraham W. Collins of Brighton, Mass., who died May 13, 1901; (2) August 28, 1907, to Ida F., daughter of Henry W. Goodspeed of Sandwich, Mass., who survives him. One daughter also survives her father.

DAVID BRAINARD HOWLAND, the son of Rev. William W. Howland, class of 1841, and Susan (Reed) Howland, was born in Conway, Mass., May 8, 1861 and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

He was a reporter for and later part owner of the Hampshire Daily Herald, Northampton, Mass., 1883—1885, and then night editor of the Rutland, Vt. Herald, 1885—1887. He was on the staff of the Springfield Republican, Mass., 1887—1896, and next was editor of the Worcester Evening Gazette, Mass., 1896—1899. After spending about two years in Conway,

Mass., on account of impaired health, he was editor of the *Woman's Home Companion*, Springfield, O. from 1901 two years, was employed for a short period on the *Providence Journal*, R. I., served on the *National Republican Press Bureau*, New York, during the campaign of 1904. and was then connected with the *Pittsburg Gazette*, Penn. until the entire failure of his health in December, 1905.

After an illness of about two years. he died of pneumonia in Worcester, Mass., May 27, 1908.

Mr. Howland was married, Nov., 14, 1901, to Emily B., daughter of Charles G. Starkweather of Northampton, Mass., who with their only child, a son, survives him.

Four brothers of Mr. Howland also graduated at Amherst.

CLASS OF 1885.

GEORGE ENOS GARDNER, the son of Enos A. and Caroline (Porter) Gardner, was born in East Brookfield, Mass., April 6, 1864, and was fitted for college at the high school, Worcester, Mass.

The first year after graduation he taught school in Gouverneur, N. Y. He then studied Law in Chicago, Ill. and Worcester, Mass., 1886—1887, and was admitted to the bar in Worcester, April 1, 1887. He practiced his profession in Worcester until 1892, and was also a teacher in the high school in that city, 1887—1897. He was professor in the Illinois University Law School at Champagne, 1897—1898, dean of the University of Maine Law School at Bangor, 1898—1902, and professor in the Boston University Law School the rest of his life. From 1905 he also practiced law in Boston. He died of cancer in Worcester, Mass., Dec. 17, 1907.

Professor Gardner was married, May 1, 1888, to Mary M., daughter of William L. Knowles of Potsdam, N. Y., who died in December, 1907. Three children survive their father.

CLASS OF 1894.

ALLEN AUGUSTUS BROWN, the son of William H. and Frances (Clark) Brown, was born in Chicago, Ill., March 17, 1872, and was fitted for college at the high school in Evanston, Ill.

The first year after graduation he was cashier of the advertising department of the *Chicago Daily News*. From 1895 to 1896 he was the private secretary of Horace Morehead, Esq., at Pittsburg, Pa., and from 1896 to 1898 secretary of the Board of Trade in Chicago.

He was in the employ of Swift & Co., in Chicago, 1898—1900; from 1900 to 1906 he was an importer of and wholesale dealer in cutlery in the same city. From that time he was "claim adjuster" for the Western Electric Co. until his death from tuberculosis at Chicago, Aug. 13, 1907.

Mr. Brown was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1896.

HENRY NELSON BULLARD, the son of Rev. Henry Bullard, D. D. (class of 1860) and Helen (Nelson) Bullard, and grandson of the late Rev. Artemas Bullard, D. D. (class of 1826), was born in St. Joseph, Mo., Nov. 19, 1874, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native city.

From 1896 to 1899 he was professor of Greek in Park College, Parkville, Mo. In this period he was one of the founders of *Park College Review*, and was one of its editors for eight years.

He studied theology at Auburn Seminary, and graduated there in 1902. He was ordained by presbytery at St. Joseph, Mo., May 15, 1902, and was installed pastor of the Presbyterian church of Mound City, Mo., June 11, 1902, and continued in that relation until November, 1906. He was pastor of the Mellier Place Presbyterian church, Kansas City, Mo.,

from Dec. 13, 1906, until his death from pneumonia, Feb. 12, 1908.

In 1899 the degree of Ph. D. was conferred on him by the University of Kansas City.

"In his two short pastorates, Dr. Bullard was singularly successful. In each he soon more than doubled the membership, organized and led the church in efficient service along many lines, and left it in ideal condition for the coming of his successor.

In the larger work of the kingdom, Dr. Bullard's zeal for the Master resulted in wide and varied effort. All through his ministry he was evangelistic in method, both in his own church and in frequent special services with brother pastors. While doing full work in his church at Mound City and preaching regularly on Sabbath afternoons in school houses in the surrounding country, he also made his influence felt throughout the presbytery of Platte as chairman of the Committee on Foreign Missions. At Kansas City he soon took his church off of the Board of Home Missions, and also induced it to send the Rev. John W. Creighton as its own Foreign Mission pastor in Yeung Kong, China. Always in demand for offices requiring efficient though often unrecognized labor, he was at the time of his death a member of the Church Extension Committee of the Kansas City Presbyterian League, of the Committee of the Presbyterian Alliance on Work among the Foreigners in Kansas City and Vicinity, and of the Executive Committee of the Missouri Presbyterian Assembly and Summer Schools. He was also the Stated Clerk of the presbytery of Kansas City and the Permanent Clerk of the Synod of Missouri."¹

Dr. Bullard was also a frequent contributor to many religious and secular papers and magazines during his ministerial life.

Dr. Bullard was married, Aug. 20, 1902, to Mary A., daughter of Rev. Henry N. Payne, D. D., of West Point, Miss., who, with their two children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1902.

LEWIS GILLINGHAM BREARLEY, the son of Edward P. and Louisa (Mersohn) Brearley, was born in Lawrenceville,

¹ *The Cumberland Presbyterian.*

N. J., April 30, 1877, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town.

After graduation he was vice-principal of Morris Academy, Morristown, N. J., until July, 1906. From September, 1906, he was a teacher in St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., until June, 1907.

He died of acute miliary tuberculosis at Bismarck, N. Dak., Sept. 4, 1907.

"No place ever produced a character of finer Christian and manly type than this young gentleman. As a boy he was studious and always stood high in his classes; as a teacher, he was painstaking and thorough."

"Mr. Brearley was a young man of exceptionally fine spirit and in every respect a high-toned Christian gentleman. When he went to Morristown, he entered at once into the religious, educational and social life of the community, exerting an uplifting influence upon all with whom he came in contact."

Mr. Brearley was not married.

RECORD OF GRADUATES WHOSE DEATHS

HAVE NOT BEEN PREVIOUSLY REPORTED.

CLASS OF 1844.

HENRY KINGMAN EDSON, the son of Noah and Huldah (Kingman) Edson, was born in Hadley, Mass., Oct. 5, 1822, and was fitted for college at Hopkins Academy in his native town.

From 1844 to 1849 he was principal of Hopkins Academy, Hadley. He then studied theology a part of a year at Union Seminary, one year at Andover Seminary, and one year at East Windsor (now Hartford) Theological Institute, and was licensed to preach in April, 1852.

After preaching a number of months at Westhampton, Mass., he was principal of Denmark Academy, Ia., from 1852 to 1879. From 1879 he was professor of Pedagogy in Iowa College until 1892. After his resignation he continued to reside in Grinnell, Iowa, until his death from heart failure, March 13, 1906.

Professor Edson was the author of *School Discipline; Relation of Academies to Colleges*; and *Classical Study: Means of Securing it in the West*.

Professor Edson was married (1) Aug. 30, 1852, to Mrs. Celestia A. Maynard, daughter of Joseph Kirk of New York Mills, N. Y., who died Jan. 16, 1889; (2) March 20, 1890, to Lizzie, daughter of William Scanneran of Saco, Me., who, with one son, survives him.

CLASS OF 1852.

SIDNEY KELSEY SMITH, the son of Martin and Mary (Holcomb) Smith, was born in Brandon, Vt., Nov. 6, 1828, and was fitted for college at St. Lawrence Academy, Potsdam, N. Y. He was a member of Middlebury College two years, and entered Amherst in September, 1850.

He was a member of the University of Munich, Ger., and received from it the degree of Ph.D. in 1859. Returning to America, he taught a school in South Carolina about two years.

On the breaking out of the Civil War he went to Philadelphia, Pa., and was a teacher in the Polytechnic Institute there for a number of years. Subsequently he removed to Pemberton, N. J., and lived for some years upon his father's farm. During his residence in Pemberton he was for some time the editor of a periodical entitled *The Agricultural Chemist*, and afterwards devoted himself to printing, photography and wood-engraving.

He died of pneumonia at Pemberton, N. J., March 25, 1906. Dr. Smith was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1861.

EDWIN RUFUS LEWIS, the son of James E. and Sophronia S. (West) Lewis, was born in Madison, Ind., April 2, 1839. He fitted for college in the preparatory department of Wabash College, was a member of that institution two years, and entered the Junior class at Amherst in September, 1859.

Entering the army after graduation, he was commissioned 1st Lieut. and Aid-de-camp to Gen. Lew Wallace, Sept. 1, 1861, and resigned that office in December of the same year. Aug. 23, 1862, he enlisted in the 21st Regt., Mass. Vols., was promoted Sergt.-Major Dec. 3, 1862, was commissioned 1st Lieut. and Adjutant April 26, 1863, and Captain, June 18,

1864. He participated in the battles of Fredericksburg, Blue Springs, Tenn., Campbell's Station, Knoxville, Wilderness, Va., Antietam, Spottsylvania, Shady Grove Road, Cold Harbor, Petersburg Mine and Weldon R. R.; and was wounded at Fredericksburg and in the siege of Knoxville. He was mustered out of service Aug. 30, 1864.

He studied medicine one year with Dr. T. T. Seelye of Cleveland, Ohio, was a member of Harvard Medical School two years, and received from it the degree of M. D. in 1867. After practicing his profession at Amherst one year, he was a member of Union Theological Seminary, 1868—1869, ordained in the Presbyterian church, Nov. 7, 1870, and was professor of Chemistry and Geology in the Syrian Protestant College, Beirut, Syria, 1871—1883.

Returning to the United States, he practiced medicine in Wabash, Ind., from 1883 to 1887, and during the same period was also professor of Chemistry and Geology in Wabash College. From 1887 to 1896 he practiced his profession in Indianapolis, Ind. From 1896 to 1906 he was in retirement from his profession, with his residence in Washington, D. C. He died of Bright's disease at Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 31, 1907.

Dr. Lewis was the author of *Elementary Music Book*; *Chemical Analysis*; *Elementary Chemistry*; *Geology*; *A Hymn and Tune Book* (in Arabic), and *An Analysis of Sentences in English* (for natives studying English).

Dr. Lewis was married (1) Feb. 23, 1864, to Harriet E., daughter of Noble Goodell of Amherst, Mass., who died April 11, 1878; (2) Dec. 31, 1885, to Mrs. Ellen W. Milford, daughter of Mr. Poole of Philadelphia, Pa., who died April 13, 1889; (3) April 19, 1892, to Rose, daughter of James Baldwin, who survives him. Of his five children, three survive their father.

CLASS OF 1867.

EDWARD BELA FENNER, the son of Abel L. and Marietta (Russell) Fenner, was born in West Henrietta, N. Y., March 10, 1839, and was fitted for college at Genesee Wesleyan Seminary, Lima, N. Y. He was a member of Genesee College, 1863—1866, and entered the Senior class at Amherst in September, 1866.

He studied law with Hon. Henry R. Selden and H. H. Woodward, 1867—1868, and was admitted to the bar in Rochester, N. Y., June 4, 1868. He practiced his profession in Rochester until his death from Bright's disease, March 28, 1907.

He was Collector of Canal Tolls, Rochester, N. Y., 1873; Commissioner of Excise for the City of Rochester, 1876—1878, and District Attorney, Monroe Co., N. Y., 1876—1882.

At a meeting of the Monroe County Bar, held on the 29th day of March, 1907, a memorial on the death of Mr. Edward B. Fenner was adopted, which is in part as follows :

"Edward B. Fenner reflected the life of one who actively and assiduously follows the practice of the law. He accepted its successes and compensations without undue elation. Having done his best, he shared its defeats without depression. He endeavored to do his whole duty to his client. As a public officer he has left his impress upon the office he so successfully filled. He endeavored to perform his civic duties, not after motives of policy but, as he believed, for the public good."

Mr. Fenner was married, Dec. 2, 1868, to Margaret Virginia, daughter of Enoch Taylor of Cattaraugus, N. Y., who died Aug. 4, 1899. Of three children, two sons survive their father,

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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF AMHERST COLLEGE,

FOR THE

ACADEMICAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1909.

[FIFTH PRINTED SERIES No. 7.]

AMHERST, MASS.
PUBLISHED BY THE COLLEGE,
MDCCCIX.

NOTE

In connection with the editing of the Triennial Catalogue in Latin, in the year 1862-1863, the undersigned was directed by the Faculty to prepare and have printed an obituary record of graduates deceased during that year; and subsequently he was instructed to prepare a similar record annually.

This has been done, and four series of ten years each were completed in 1902, containing accounts of eleven hundred and eighty-three graduates, and numbering in all, ten hundred and seven pages. Nine numbers, from 1877 to 1885 inclusive, were edited by the late Prof. J. K. Chickering of the class of 1869. To the first two series and also to each of the third and fourth series, alphabetical indexes have been added.

The oldest alumni in graduation are Rev. Artemus Dean, D. D., Mt. Carmel. Pa. and Issachar Lefavour, Esq., Beverly, Mass. the surviving members of the class of 1842. Mr. Lefavour, who was born Dec. 30, 1816, is the oldest living graduate.

In this number of the *Obituary Record*, the facts in each instance have been obtained by correspondence with relatives or other intimate acquaintances of the subjects of these notices.

E. P. CROWELL,
AMHERST COLLEGE.

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Roll of Graduates Deceased During the Year 1908—1909.

GRADUATION	AGE
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1841. ANDREW BLAIKIE, [See page 305] . .	88
1846. REV. SERENO EDWARDS BISHOP, D. D. .	82
1848. REV. ROBERT DEXTER MILLER, . .	84
1849. REV. AUGUSTUS WARREN GOODNOW, . .	84
1849. REV. CHARLES DEXTER LATHROP, . .	80
1851. REV. JOHN HYRCANUS MELLISH, M. A., [See p. 305]	84
1851. MAJ. BENTLEY HOWARD SMITH, M. A., .	77
1852. REV. FRANKLIN PERRY CHAPIN, . .	81
1854. ALBERT WINGFIELD MAYES, . . .	75
1855. ALBERT HENRY BRIDGMAN, LL. B. . .	76
1855. PROFESSOR WILLIAM LEWIS MONTAGUE, M. A., Ph.D.,	77
1859. REV. HENRY JAMES BRUCE, [See page 306] .	74
1861. REV. AUSTIN DODGE, [See page 307] . .	70
1861. GEORGE WHITE WAITE, M. A., . . .	72
1862. WILLIAM JOHNSON BINNEY, LL. B., . .	66
1862. REV. FRANK GRAY CLARK, M. A., . .	71
1862. REV. JAMES BYRON FINCH, D. D. . .	76
1864. REV. FREDERICK EUGENE STURGIS, D. D. .	67
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1869. REV. ROBERT MCEWEN WOODS, D. D., [See p. 308]	62
1870. AZRO LEWIS BLAKE, ESQ., . . .	62

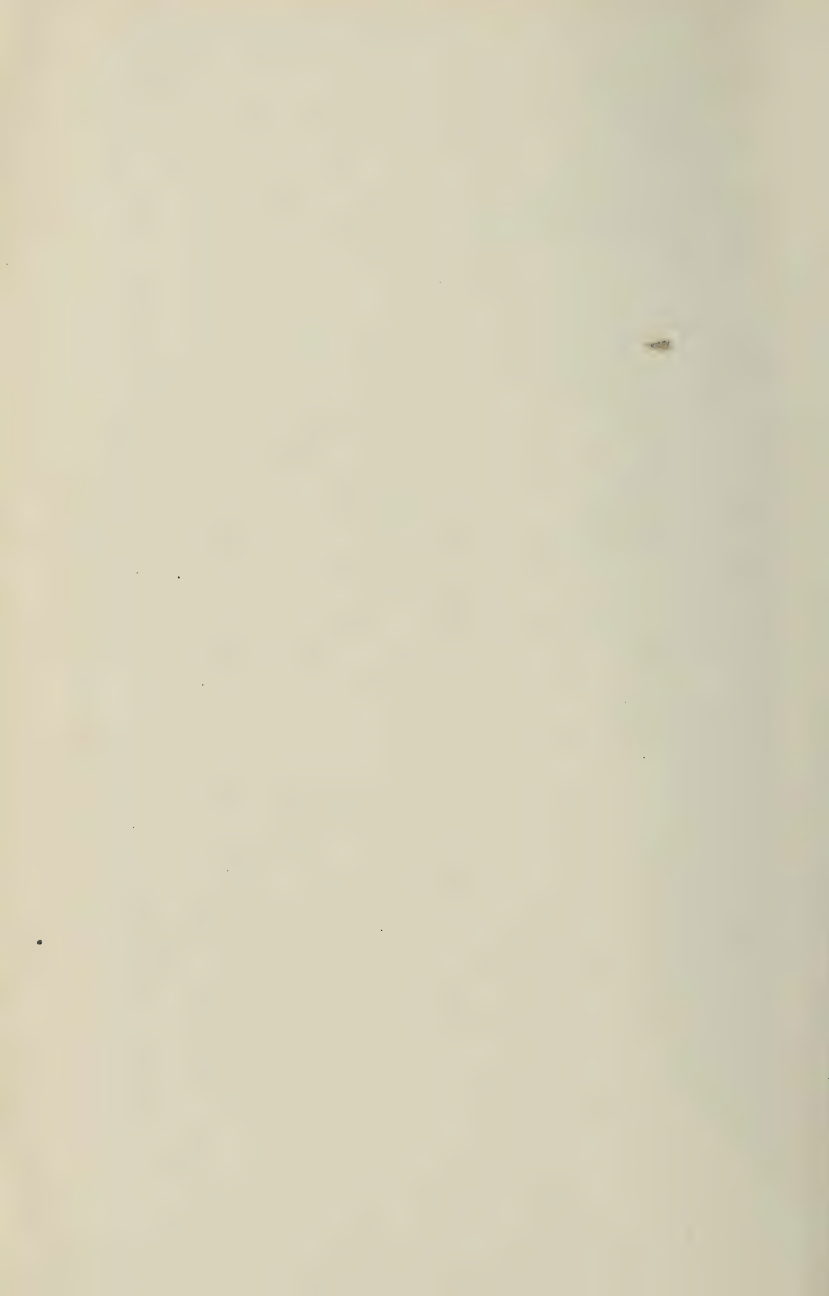
1870.	WILLIAM ALDRICH DUDLEY,	.	.	.	61
1871.	REV. CALVIN KEYSER, M. A.,	.	.	.	62
1871.	REV. ISRAEL NEWTON TERRY, D. D.	.	.	.	57
1872.	PROFESSOR SOLON TENNEY FRENCH, M. A.	.	.	.	57
1874.	CHARLES ALDEN SMITH, M. A.,	.	.	.	56
1876.	WINFRID ALDEN STEARNS,	.	.	.	56
1877.	WILLIAM HENRY ELY, ESQ.,	.	.	.	52
1877.	EDWARD OLCOTT CHASE,	.	.	.	43
1877.	JOHN THOMAS KEATING, ESQ.	.	.	.	44
1888.	EDWARD FRANKLIN GAGE, M. D.,	.	.	.	46
1888.	GEORGE SANBORN TENNEY,	.	.	.	43
1890.	REV. ROBERT ANDREW MACFADDEN, M. A.	.	.	.	44
1893.	HERBERT AUSTIN RUSSELL, M. D.,	.	.	.	37
1898.	WILLIAM EMRICH WALKER, M. D.	.	.	.	34
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	Average age,			64	

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1840.	WILLIAM SNELL,	.	.	.	.	86
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| 1840. Bachelder, J. L. | 1887. Keating, J. T. |
| 1862. Binney, W. J. | 1871. Keyser, C. |
| 1846. Bishop, S. E. | 1849. Lothrop, C. D. |
| 1841. Blaikie, A. | 1890. MacFadden, R. A. |
| 1870. Blake, A. L. | 1854. Mayes, A. W. |
| 1855. Bridgman, A. H. | 1851. Mellish, J. H. |
| 1859. Bruce, H. J. | 1848. Miller, R. D. |
| 1852. Chapin, F. P. | 1855. Montague, W. L. |
| 1887. Chase, E. O. | 1893. Russell, H. A. |
| 1862. Clark, F. G. | 1866. Seiple, H. F. |
| 1865. Clark, W. B. | 1851. Smith, B. H. |
| 1861. Dodge, A. | 1874. Smith, C. A. |
| 1870. Dudley, W. A. | 1840. Snell, W. |
| 1877. Ely, W. H. | 1876. Stearns, W. A. |
| 1862. Finch, B. F. | 1864. Sturgis, F. E. |
| 1876. Fiske, J. W. | 1888. Tenney, G. S. |
| 1862. Fox, D. W. | 1871. Terry, I. N. |
| 1872. French, S. T. | 1898. Walker, W. E. |
| 1888. Gage, E. F. | 1861. Waite G. W., |
| 1849. Goodnow, A. W. | 1869. Woods, R. M. |



RECORD OF GRADUATES DECEASED

DURING THE YEARS 1908-1909.

CLASS OF 1840.

JAMES LOCKE BACHELDER, the son of Jeremiah S. and Sarah (Fletcher) Bachelder, was born in Newburyport, Mass., July 19, 1816, and fitted himself for college in private.

After graduation he spent about a year in teaching in Townshend Female Academy, Vt. In 1841, he established the Classical and English School at Livingston, Ala., and conducted it until 1844. He then organized and conducted for some time a school for colored children in Cincinnati, Ohio, after giving freedom to two slaves inherited by his wife. He next was a teacher in Lebanon and principal of Hamilton and Rossville Female Academies in succession, in the same State, from 1844 to 1847. During this period he originated, with the late Dr. W. H. Brisbane, *The Christian Politician*, in Cincinnati.

He also studied theology in private, and was licensed to preach June 23, 1844, but was never ordained. At different times he occupied pulpits in Ohio, LaCrosse, Wis., and Chicago, Ill.

From 1847 to 1850 he was editor and proprietor of *The Baptist Journal*, Columbus, Ohio. In 1850 he united it with *The Messenger* of Indiana and published *The Journal and Messenger* in Cincinnati, Ohio, from 1850 to 1856, and in LaCrosse, Wis., from 1856 to 1858. From 1858 to 1859 he he was associate editor of the *American Baptist* in New York City, and from 1859 to 1862 in LaCrosse, Wis. From 1862 to 1864 he was editor and part proprietor of the *Dairy Journal* in Lafayette, Ind., and from 1864 to 1871 he was engaged in the book publishing business in Chicago, Ill.

From 1871 he was engaged in literary pursuits, with his residence in Ravenswood, a suburb of Chicago, after 1886. He was the author of *An Address to Southern Baptists in Behalf of an Anti-Slavery Convention, Ohio and the Western States as Missionary Fields*, *The Genius of Edmund Burke*, *Societyism and the Instrumentality of Individuals and Churches in the World's Evangelization*, *The Light of Life* and *Christ in Life*.

After his retirement he continued to reside in Ravenswood until his death from old age, April 4, 1909.

Mr. Bachelder was married (1) Sept. 30, 1841, to Rebecca D., daughter of John Bradford of Livingston, Ala., who died June 30, 1848; (2) April 22, 1850, to Margaret P., daughter of Robert Cloud of Columbus, Ohio, who, with four of his nine children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1846.

SERENO EDWARDS BISHOP, the son of Rev. Artemus and Elizabeth (Edwards) Bishop, was born at Kealakekua, H. I., Feb. 7, 1827, and was fitted for college at Rochester Collegiate Institute, N. Y.

He studied theology in Auburn Seminary, and graduated there in 1851. After preaching about a year in Fulton, N. Y., he was ordained as an evangelist by presbytery June, 1852, and was acting pastor at Chestertown, N. Y., about a year. From 1853 to 1862 he was seamen's chaplain at La Haina, H. I. From 1862 to 1865 he was a missionary of the American Board of Missions at Hana, Maui, H. I. From 1865 to 1877 he was principal and pastor of Lahainaluna Seminary, Mani, in the same islands, and during a part of that period was again, also, seamen's chaplain. From that time he resided during the most of the rest of his life in Honolulu.

"On account of continued bad health, he supported himself for a number of years by land surveying, and for several years.

was editor of *The Friend*. He gained a great literary reputation during his life both as a scientist and as a literary man. In 1884 he won the third Warner prize for an essay on the Krakatoa Glows. Among his essays, one on *Recent Progress in Solar Physics as Bearing Upon the Cause of the Ice Age*, published in *Science*, May, 1891, received marked attention in the International Conference of Geologists at Washington. It was on account of his being the first observer of the phenomenon, that the temporary corona about the sun, caused by the Krakatoa dust, received the name of 'Bishop Rings.'

An article of sixteen pages by Dr. Bishop, upon the Hawaiian islands, appeared in the *Review of Reviews* for September, 1891."¹

He died of apoplexy at Honolulu, H. I., March 23, 1909. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Amherst College in 1896.

Dr. Bishop was married, May 31, 1852, to Cornelia A., daughter of Rev. John Sessions of Albany, N. Y., who, with two of their three children, survives him. One son, Edward Fletcher Bishop, a member of the Amherst class of 1876, died in his junior year in college.

CLASS OF 1848.

ROBERT DEXTER MILLER, the son of Thomas and Harriet (Gates) Miller, was born in Dummerston, Vt., Sept. 23, 1824, and was fitted for college at Brattleboro, Vt., Academy. He was a member of Middlebury College one year, and entered the Sophomore class at Amherst in September, 1845.

After graduation he was principal of an academy in Purdy, Tenn., until 1850, and then studied theology at East Windsor (now Hartford) Seminary, where he graduated in 1852.

¹ *The Pacific Commercial Advertiser, Honolulu, H. I.*

After preaching for a time in Rushford, N. Y., and in 1855 at Jamaica, Vt., he was ordained, July 2, 1856, at North Wardsboro, Vt., and was pastor of the church there until 1859. He was acting pastor at Peru, Vt., 1860—1863; at Pelham, Mass., 1863—1865; at Hawley, Mass., 1866—1870; at West Newbury, Vt., 1870—1875; at Gill, Mass., in 1875; at Hartland, Vt., 1875—1880; at West Hartford, Vt., 1880—1885, and at Williamstown, Vt., 1885—1888.

In May, 1888, he retired from the active work of the ministry, with his residence for four years at Melrose, Mass., and from that time at Malden, Mass., where he died of paralysis, Jan. 25, 1909.

Mr. Miller was the author of *Life and Remains of Rev. C. D. Jefferds* (Amherst College, Class of 1855), and of a sermon on *The Great Rebellion*.

Mr. Miller was married (1) Aug. 8, 1853, to Sarah L., daughter of Samuel Dutton of Brattleboro, Vt., who died Oct. 7, 1853; (2) July 17, 1855, to Eliza C., daughter of Franklin Cook of Newfane, Vt., who died Dec. 20, 1908. Of six children, one survives his father.

CLASS OF 1849.

AUGUSTUS WARREN GOODNOW, the son of Holland and Priscilla (Mann) Goodnow, was born in New Salem, Mass., March 25, 1824, and was fitted for college at the academy in his native town. At the end of his Junior year he transferred his college membership to Colgate University, N. Y., and graduated there in 1849. From Amherst he received the degree of A. B. in 1851.

He studied theology in private, and was ordained, Feb. 25, 1852, at Royalston, Mass., where he was pastor of the Baptist church until 1853. His subsequent pastorates were at Stamford Vt., 1854—1860; at Wilmington, Vt., 1860—1876; at

North Sunderland, Mass., 1876; at Bernardston, Mass., 1877—1878; at Shutesbury, Mass., 1878—1887, and at Halifax, Vt., 1887—1892.

After his retirement from the active duties of a pastorate, Mr. Goodnow resided at Wellesley, Mass., from October, 1892, until his death from pneumonia, Feb. 18, 1909. During this period he established and superintended a home school for girls, with his daughter, Miss Anna M. Goodnow, as the principal.

"Our citizens esteemed him chiefly for the integrity of his character, the self-depreciating modesty of his demeanor and the unwavering faith in Christ which so characterized his life and speech. A man of positive convictions, clear-cut thinking and long tested beliefs, he was singularly free from the taint of uncharity toward those who did not share his opinions. He believed with all his heart in Christian fellowship. His ministry was always evangelistic in spirit, and was very fruitful. The best years of his ministerial life, twenty in both pastorates, he gave to the church in Wilmington, Vt."

Mr. Goodnow was married (1) Aug. 26, 1851, to Susan A., daughter of Stephen White of Colerain, Mass., who died March 19, 1873; (2) Nov. 3, 1874, to Sarah G., daughter of Jason W. Rice of Shelburne Falls, Mass., who survives him. Four daughters survive their father.

CHARLES DEXTER LOTHROP, the son of Cyrus and Abigail W. (Seabury) Lothrop, was born in Taunton, Mass., April 16, 1828, and was fitted for college at Bristol Academy, in his native town.

He studied theology at Andover Seminary, and was graduated there in 1853. After preaching about a year in Sterling, Mass., he was ordained, Dec. 14, 1854, at East Attleboro, Mass., and was pastor of the Congregational church there until 1856. He was acting pastor in succession of the South Church, North Bridgewater (now Brockton) and at Globe vil-

lage, Southbridge, in 1857; at Raynham, Mass., 1857—1858; of the First church, Berkeley, Mass., 1858—1860, and at Somerset, Mass., 1860—1861. He was without charge, with his residence at Norton, Mass., 1861—1865; at Amherst, Mass., 1865—1875; at Salem, Mass.; at Dorchester, Mass., 1893—1904, and at Los Angeles, Cal., the rest of his life. He died there of disease of the kidneys, Jan. 3, 1909.

Mr. Lothrop was married (1) to Anna C., daughter of Charles Gilman of Epping, N. H., who died Oct. 30, 1864; (2) Aug. 1, 1865, to Mrs. Mary G. Underhill, daughter of Capt. Israel Ward of Salem, Mass., who died May 6, 1906. Of five children, four survive their father.

CLASS OF 1851.

BENTLEY HOWARD SMITH, the son of Levi B. and Emily (Badger) Smith, was born at Mount Airy, Union township, Pa., Dec. 6, 1832, and was fitted for college at New London Academy, Chester county, Pa. Having continued his studies, he entered the Sophomore class in 1848.

The greater part of his life he was engaged in the iron manufacturing business, principally at the family seat at Joanna Furnace. At a later period he was for several years a partner in a firm operating the Temple Furnace, Muhlenberg township.

At the outbreak of the Rebellion he enlisted in the first three months' service as a corporal, Company A, Fourteenth Regiment, Pennsylvania Vols., April 27, 1861, and was promoted second lieutenant, Company K. The service of the regiment was in the Valley of Virginia. In June, 1863, at the time of Lee's invasion of Pennsylvania, he raised one company of the Forty-second Regiment, Pennsylvania Militia, enlisted for State defence for three months, but honorably discharged by

the Governor after six weeks' service. In this regiment he held the rank of Major.

In the year 1899 he retired from business, retaining only his directorship in the Second National Bank of Reading. During the rest of his life he devoted himself to general literature, with which he had a wide and most intelligent acquaintance.

"His reading embraced not only the best works of the masters of fiction but those of the great writers of the age in science and theology. Of ecclesiastical lore he had an accumulation which would have qualified him for a professorship of Christian Evidences in the faculty of a university. In addition to habits of close and careful reading he was a profound thinker and clear reasoner, ever searching for truth, and rejecting the illogical and unscientific. His many admirable qualities of heart and mind won and retained for him the friendship of all who knew him. One of his most marked traits was his benevolence toward his fellowmen, and there have been hundreds of unfortunates of all classes and conditions who were aided by his open-handed and unostentatious charities."¹

After about two years of failing health Major Smith died of arterio-sclerosis at Reading, Pa., Jan. 19, 1909.

Major Smith was never married.

CLASS OF 1852.

FRANKLIN PERRY CHAPIN, the son of Ebenezer and Sarah (Robinson) Chapin, was born in Gill, Mass., Aug. 14, 1827, and was fitted for college at Shelburne Falls (Mass.) Academy.

The first two years after graduation he was a teacher, first in Williston Seminary and then in a Young Ladies' Institute at Pittsfield, Mass.

He studied theology at Bangor Seminary, and graduated there in 1857. Nov. 14 of that year he was ordained at Cam-

¹ *The Reading Times.*

den, Me., and was pastor of the Congregational Church there until September, 1867. He was pastor of the Second Congregational Church of Amherst from 1867 to April, 1871; of the First Congregational Church of North Weymouth, Mass., from September, 1873, until April, 1885; of the church at Easton, in the same State, from July, 1885, until April, 1890, and of the church at East Milton from Sept., 1890, to 1892. After a year of rest on account of impaired health he was pastor at Hudson, N. H., from April, 1893 to April, 1907. He then retired from active service in the ministry, and resided during the rest of his life at Campello, a part of the city of Brockton, Mass. He died there of Bright's disease, March 7, 1909.

In 1871 and 1872 he was superintendent of public schools in Amherst.

Mr. Chapin was married (1) Dec. 2, 1857, to Sarah S., daughter of Addi Wallace of Hadley, Mass., who died Jan. 22, 1868; (2) Jan. 11, 1870, to Margaret, daughter of Robert McFarlane of Camden, Me., who died Oct. 25, 1882. Of five children, four survive their father.

CLASS OF 1854.

ALBERT WINGFIELD MAYES, the son of George W. and Mary E. (Stephenson) Mayes, was born in Ashwood, Tenn., Sept. 8, 1833, and was fitted for college at Stephenson Academy, (of which Mr. D. R. Arnell was principal), Maury county, in the same State.

After graduation, he studied law for a time with Judge S. D. Frierson, in Columbia, Tenn., but was never admitted to the bar. He next taught school two years, and then became a farmer in his native town.

In the Civil War he was a conscript in the Confederate army, and served for about a year, being then discharged on account of disability resulting from a railroad wreck. During

the rest of his life his residence was in Ashwood, where he died of indigestion, Nov. 18, 1908.

Mr. Mayes was for twenty years one of the ruling elders of Zion Church, Ashwood, and for seventeen years the superintendent of its Sabbath school, and was loved and honored by all who knew him.

Mr. Mayes was never married.

CLASS OF 1855.

ALBERT HENRY BRIDGMAN, the son of Henry A. and Mary (Strong) Bridgman, was born in Belchertown, Mass., Jan. 6, 1832, and was fitted for college at Amherst and Monson Academies.

After graduation, he studied law in the University of Albany (N. Y.) Law School, 1855—1856, received from it the degree of LL. B. in 1856, and was admitted to the bar of the Supreme Court, Albany, N. Y., the same year. After spending about a year in the office of J. W. Boyden, Esq., of Amherst, he practiced his profession at Maysville, Ia., from 1857 to 1862. During this period he was postmaster and also notary public. He enlisted at Maysville, Ia., in Co. H, 32d Iowa Vols., Aug. 14, 1862, and was promoted Sergeant. He served most of the time in hospital and as clerk in the Provost Marshal's office at Island No. 10, and was with his regiment in the 16th Army Corps, Army of the Tennessee, on two expeditions through Mississippi in pursuit of Gens. Forrest and S. D. Lee. He was furloughed from Memphis, Aug. 29, 1864, and served with the superintendent for forwarding troops. He was mustered out of service at Cairo, Ill., July 21, 1865.

From 1865 to 1869 he was a farmer in Kier, Ia., and from 1869 to 1873 editor of the Paxton (Ill.) *Record*. He was then mail agent from Bloomington, Ill., to Muncie, Ind., from 1873 to about 1892. From that time his route was from Pekin to

Chicago on the Santa Fe railroad, until his last illness, with his residence the last year or two at Streator, Ill. Mr. Bridgman died of a cancerous tumor at Crystal Lake, Ill., Aug. 2, 1908.

"Mr. Bridgman was for twenty years a useful member of the Congregational Church. At Streator he was superintendent of the Sunday school. The faith which inspired his life made him an earnest and helpful Christian."

Mr. Bridgman was married, Feb. 10, 1859, to Josephine, daughter of Dr. Thomas L. Hartness of New York City, who died Oct. 13, 1894. Of nine children, five survive their father.

WILLIAM LEWIS MONTAGUE, the son of Dea. Ephraim and Laura (Sabin) Montague, was born in Belchertown, Mass., April 6, 1831. He prepared for college at Hopkins Academy, Hadley, Mass., and at Williston Seminary, and after graduation was a very successful teacher of Latin and Greek in Williston for two years. "In his college course he had won by his assiduous and faithful devotion to the scholarly duties of the curriculum, the second rank of commencement salutatorian, then a much coveted honor.

He was tutor in college, 1857—1858, and instructor in Latin and French, 1858—1862. During this period he also studied theology privately and for some weeks at Andover Seminary, was licensed to preach by the Hampshire East Association, Feb. 14, 1860, and thereafter supplied various pulpits occasionally in the vicinity of Amherst in connection with his college duties. From 1862 to 1864 he was assistant professor of Latin and instructor in French; from 1864 to 1868 professor of French and also Librarian from 1864 to 1878. He was appointed professor of French, Italian and Spanish in 1868, and served in this capacity until his resignation in 1895.

During the first part of this period he was given frequent leaves of absence for foreign study to equip his departmental work. Besides the work of his chair he was college Registrar for twenty years, and at the head of the large Summer School for thirteen years. After he retired from his professorship he went to Paris and spent four years in study, in teaching English to Parisians and French to foreigners, in authorship and editing the works of others. Some fifteen separate works came from his busy hand and active brain, some grammatical and philological, and others biographical and statistical. He was a member of several learned associations both at home and abroad, among them the Société de Linguistique de Paris, the American Philological Association, and the Modern Language Association of America. He was the painstaking secretary of the class of 1855, whose members will ever cherish a grateful memory of his enthusiastic class spirit.

He was a sincere Christian from his early boyhood. Through his college course and ever after he was an earnest promoter of all the interests of the College Church, of which he was a deacon for twenty years. He had an effective hand in securing class scholarships, conducting the correspondence of the committees for raising the needed funds. He was not only a college man, but was warmly interested in all village improvements and in civic righteousness. He was a modest, unassuming, careful scholar, and a faithful friend.”¹

The list of Professor Montague's publications is as follows:

Manual of Italian Grammar, 1870 (third edition 1881); *Catalogue of Books Added to Amherst College Library from 1855 to 1871* (14,300 volumes), 1871; *Comparative Grammar of the Spanish Language*, with an historical introduction, 1873; *Introduction to Italian Literature*, 1875; *Sketch of Amherst College Library (in Public Libraries of the United States)*, 1876; *The French*

¹ Rev. Asa S. Fiske, D. D., Class of 1855.

Language in Literature (in *Johnson's Cyclopaedia*), 1876; *Manual of the Church of Christ in Amherst College*, 1878; *Quarter-Centennial Record of the Class of '55, Amherst College*, 1880; *The Montague Family in England*, an address, 1882; *Biographical Record of Non-graduate Members of Amherst College*, 1821-1871, 1881; *Biographical Record of Alumni of Amherst College*, 1821-1871, 1883; *History and Genealogy of the Montague Family in America*, with George W. Montague, the compiler, 1885; *Modern Italian Readings in Prose and Poetry*, 1893; *La Fille de Roland par Bornier*, with notes and introduction, 1895; *Biographical Record of Alumni and Non-graduate Members of Amherst College, Vol. II, 1871-1896*, 1901. He also contributed articles to the *New England Magazine*, *The Academy*, and newspapers.

Professor Montague was married, Aug. 19, 1858, to Rebecca W., daughter of Capt. Henry Pope of Halifax, Mass., who, with their two adopted children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1861.

GEORGE WHITE WAITE, the son of George and Melissa (Preston) Waite, was born in Hatfield, Mass., July 12, 1836, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

From 1861 to 1882 he was a teacher in Ashtabula, Ohio, and from 1882 to 1900 was superintendent of schools at Oberlin, in the same State. He then retired from active service on account of failing health, residing at Oberlin until 1904. From that year his residence was in Tallapoosa, Ga., in the winter and Bay View, Mich., in the summer. He died in Lakeside Hospital, Cleveland, Ohio, of embolism in the brain following a surgical operation, Sept. 2, 1908.

Mr. Waite was the author (in conjunction with Prof. George White of Oberlin), of *The Straight Road to Caesar*. "Mr. Waite was for many years a prominent member of the Presbyterian

Church in Georgia, and was very highly esteemed for his consistent and devoted Christian character."

Mr. Waite was married (1) Jan. 1, 1863, to Helen M., daughter of Moses Morton of Hatfield, Mass., who died Dec. 16, 1887; (2) July 6, 1891, to Delia, daughter of Hamilton G. Skinner of Cleveland, Ohio, who survives him. Of six children, five survive their father.

CLASS OF 1862.

WILLIAM JOHNSON BINNEY, the son of Horace and Eliza F. (Johnson) Binney, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 5, 1842, and was fitted for college with a private tutor and at the academy of the Episcopal Church, in his native city. Continuing his studies at home, he entered the Sophomore class in September, 1859.

He studied law in the Columbia University Law School, and received from it the degree of LL. B. in 1867. He was admitted to the bar in New York City in June, 1867, where he practiced his profession until February, 1870. From that time he practiced law in Philadelphia until July, 1876.

After July, 1876, he lived chiefly in Europe, returning to Philadelphia every few years for a stay of some months' duration.

"During this period he devoted himself exclusively to travel and the study of languages, making himself thoroughly familiar with German, French, Italian and Spanish, and also acquiring considerable familiarity with Portuguese, Dutch, Norwegian, Swedish, Russian, Hungarian, Arabic, Turkish, Algerian Arabic, Hindustani, Sanskrit (mastering the Rig-Veda), Japanese and Chinese. About the year 1900 he took up the study of Hebrew. He originally intended to make this linguistic knowledge subservient to some lines of research, with a view to writing, but ill-health prevented his carrying out this plan." ¹

¹ Charles C. Binney, Philadelphia.

In 1889 he returned to Europe by way of Japan, China and India, remaining some time in each country. He spent several winters in London, several in Vienna, and one or two in Buda-Pesth. In 1904—1905 he went from Europe to South America, ultimately going around Cape Horn and returning east across the Andes. In consequence of a stroke of paralysis, he returned to America in October, 1906, and from April, 1907, he resided at Media, Pa. He died of pneumonia at Media, Dec. 27, 1908.

Mr. Binney was never married.

FRANK GRAY CLARK, the son of James L. and Hannah (Baldwin) Clark, was born in Lyndborough, N. H., Feb. 22, 1832, and was fitted for college at Appleton Academy, Mt. Vernon, N. H.

From 1862 to 1867 he was principal of the high school at Francestown, N. H. In the summer of 1864 he was in the service of the Christian Commission in front of Petersburg and Richmond.

He was a member of Andover Theological Seminary two years and graduated there in 1869. In September of that year he was ordained in Francestown, N. H., and was city missionary at Manchester, in the same State, until 1873. He was pastor of the Congregational Church at Rindge, N. H., 1873—1879; at Gloucester, Mass., 1879—1888; at Arlington, in the same State, 1889, and at Plymouth, N. H., 1890—1904. He then retired from active service in the ministry on account of impaired health, and resided at Wellesley, Mass., until his death from anaemia, May 20, 1909.

“Mr. Clark was widely known and loved throughout New Hampshire. He was a moderator of the State Association of Congregational Churches, was superintendent of the Home Department of the State Sunday School Association, was presi-

dent of the Central New Hampshire Congregational Club, and was the State champion of Home Mission interests. Faithfulness was a marked characteristic of the man and his ministry. He was a sterling man, filled with the purest New England ideals, and his life was at once a power for righteousness and a benediction in the private walks of life."

Mr. Clark was married, Aug. 11, 1864, to Charlotte, daughter of Samuel McCoy of Peterboro, N. H., who, with an adopted child, survives him.

JAMES BYRON FINCH, the son of James B. and Ursula (Slack) Finch, was born in Southampton, Mass., Dec. 29, 1832, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

He was a member of the class of 1862 during the first two years of the college course. The degree of A. B. was conferred upon him in 1871, and he was enrolled with the class of which he had been a member.

He studied theology at Union Seminary, and graduated there in 1863. He was ordained the same year. He was acting pastor at Orient, Long Island, N. Y., from 1863 to 1865, and at Nebraska City, Neb., from 1865 to 1867. He was pastor at Hempstead, Long Island, from 1867 to 1875. During this period he also completed his college course at the University of the City of New York, and graduated there in 1869.

He was acting pastor at Greenport, Long Island, 1875—1876, and at Middle Island, N. Y., 1877—1878. He was pastor at Amagansett, Long Island, N. Y., from 1879 to 1903, and pastor emeritus of the same church during the rest of his life.

He died of angina pectoris at Amagansett, April 6, 1909. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Franklin College in 1899. He was the author of a translation of Caesar and of several articles in the *Homeletic Monthly*.

Dr. Finch was married, Jan. 11, 1864, to Adelaide V., daughter of Henry H. Terry of Orient, Long Island, who died Oct. 24, 1899. Of six children, five survive their father.

CLASS OF 1864.

FREDERICK EUGENE STURGIS, the son of Nathan P. and Charlotte C. (Abbott) Sturgis, was born in Riverside, Me., Oct. 1, 1841, and was fitted for college at the high school in Augusta, in the same State.

After a year devoted to psychology and philosophy, he studied theology in Bangor Seminary, and was graduated there in 1868. He was ordained at Skowhegan, Me., Oct. 1, 1868, and was pastor of the Congregational Church there until December, 1869, resigning then on account of ill health. After a tour of about a year in Europe, Egypt and Palestine, he preached in succession in Augusta, Bangor and Gardiner, all in the State of Maine. For nearly seven years thereafter he was in retirement on account of the state of his health. He was pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Knoxville, Tenn., from 1877 to 1883, and of the First Church in Natick, Mass., from 1884 to 1902, when failing health compelled him to withdraw. From 1902 until 1908 he was acting pastor of various churches in Boston and vicinity in succession.

He was acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Westfield, N. J., from May, 1908, until his death there from pneumonia, Dec. 23 of that year. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by the University of Tennessee in 1882. Dr. Sturgis was the author of a memoir of Hon. Horace Maynard of the class of 1838, and other memoirs, also of a number of sermons published in pamphlet form.

"Deaf to the call of wealth and fame, he devoted his life to the service of the Master; modest, almost bashful, his only aim was to fit the exalted ideal he had of what a minister should be: studious,

magnetic, unselfish. Repeated calls to churches of high rank and salary were declined, and Dr. Sturgis gave his energy, seldom equalled, never excelled, to humbler fields. When feeble health for a time laid him aside, it failed to abate one jot of his fervor, and he fell at the post of duty. He had the voice and temperament of an orator, the courage and sympathy of a champion."¹

Dr. Sturgis was married, Dec. 3, 1878, to Lou L., daughter of A. A. Barnes of Knoxville, Tenn., who, with their five children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1865.

WILLIAM BRADLEY CLARK, the son of Rev. William and Elvira L. (Hurd) Clark, was born in Fryeburg, Me., Jan. 13, 1842, and was fitted for college at Phillips Andover Academy.

After teaching school about three years he studied law with Hon. A. H. Waldo, at Milwaukee, Wis., from 1868 to 1870, and was admitted to the bar there Sept. 12, 1870. He practiced his profession in Milwaukee from 1870 to 1871, and in Bloomington, the same State, where he was also a banker and held many local political offices, from 1871 to 1883. He then removed to Minneapolis, Minn., where he continued in the banking business, until 1904. In that year he removed to Dallas, Tex., and spent the remainder of his life there in the book publishing business.

He died in Dallas, of chronic bronchitis, Dec. 26, 1908.

Mr. Clark was married (1) July 17, 1872, to Lucy E., daughter of John O. David of Amherst, N. H., who died in 1893; (2) Sept. 11, 1895, to Florence G., daughter of Oscar J. Stilwell of Hudson, Wis., who survives him. No children.

¹ Rev. Charles B. Travis, Class of '64.

CLASS OF 1866.

HENRY FRANKLIN SEIPLE, the son of John and Susan (Bleam) Seiple, was born in Catasauqua, Pa., Feb. 17, 1843, and was fitted for college at Weaversville Academy, Pa.

"He studied law with Gen. W. H. Gibson at Tiffin, Ohio, during 1866 and 1867; was admitted to the bar Aug. 24, 1867; practiced his profession at Bowling Green, Ohio, from 1867 to 1869, and at Tiffin, Ohio, during 1869 and 1870; was appointed notary public Aug. 30, 1869. He studied theology privately during the year 1871 and in 1872 and 1873 with the late Rev. J. H. A. Bomberger, D. D., president of Ursinus College. He was licensed to preach by the Philadelphia Classis of the Reformed Church, June, 1873; was principal of the Woodbury graded schools during 1874 and 1875; was ordained by the Mercersburg Classis Dec. 10, 1874, and was pastor at Woodbury from 1874 to 1879."¹

He was pastor at Hilltown, Pa., from 1879 to 1897, when he retired from active service on account of the failure of his health. During the rest of his life he resided at Lansdale, Pa., and died there of diabetes, Oct. 22, 1908.

Mr. Seiple was married, April 16, 1868, to Salome, daughter of Rev. Jacob Gross of Beamsville, Ontario, Canada, who, with three of their four children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1870.

AZRO LEWIS BLAKE, the son of Lewis and Mary J. (Bostin) Blake, was born in Hopkinton, N. Y., April 22, 1846, and was fitted for college at Lawrenceville Academy, N. Y.

Before entering college he served for a short period in the U. S. army in the Civil War.

¹ *Reformed Church Messenger.*

After graduation, he studied theology in Union Seminary, New York City, about two years. He then abandoned the purpose of entering the ministry, and in partnership with his father engaged, first, in the manufacture of lumber, shingles, clapboards, etc., and afterward of potato-starch and in the raising of hops.

In the year 1900 he entered upon the study of law in the Albany, (N. Y.), Law School, and was admitted to the bar in 1902. He practiced his profession in Massena, N. Y., for two years, and from that time at Lake Placid, in the same State. While on a business trip he died of apoplexy at Plattsburg, N. Y., Nov. 7, 1908.

Mr. Blake was married (1) Dec. 5, 1870, to Bessie D., daughter of David S. Cowles of Hadley, Mass., who died April 4, 1888; (2) Nov. 3, 1891, to Ella, daughter of Mark White of Nicholville, N. Y., who survives him. Of his six children, four survive their father.

WILLIAM ALDRICH DUDLEY, the son of Charles and Clarissa (Wilmarth) Dudley, was born in Providence, R. I., Dec. 7, 1847, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native city. He was a member of Brown University two years, and entered the Junior class at Amherst in September, 1867. He was absent one year on account of sickness, but returned to college in September, 1869.

After graduation he was engaged in the wholesale dry goods business in Providence, R. I., until May, 1886. He then removed to Marlboro, Mass., and engaged in the retail dry goods business until 1898. Returning to Providence he was a book-keeper for the Allen Fire Dept. Supply Co. for four years. From 1902, he resided again in Marlboro, Mass., and was city auditor there until his death after a long illness from valvular heart disease, Feb. 25, 1909. Mr. Dudley was a prominent member of the Union Congregational Church in Marlboro.

"He was ever highly regarded as an official and a man. Whether he is considered as a citizen, official, a church man, family man, or neighbor, the world is the better for his having lived in it."¹

Mr. Dudley was married, Nov. 19, 1872, to Jennie L., daughter of John C. Church of Providence, R. I., who, with seven of their nine children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1871.

CALVIN KEYSER, the son of Smiley and Margaret (Galloway) Keyser, was born in Bellaire, Ohio, Jan. 30, 1846, and was fitted for college at Vermillion Institute, Hayesville, Ohio, and in the preparatory department of Washington and Jefferson College, Pa. He spent the first year of his college course at Washington and Jefferson, and entered Amherst in September, 1868.

He studied theology at Union Seminary, and graduated there in 1875. He was ordained at Fall River, Mass., Dec. 28, 1875, and was pastor of the Third Church there until 1883. His subsequent pastorates were at Alden, N. Y., 1884—1886; South Egremont, Mass., 1886—1890; Dighton, Mass., 1890—1892; Solon, Me., 1895—1896, and at Goshen, Mass., from 1898 until his death there from Bright's disease, Sept. 30, 1908.

"Mr. Keyser was a close student of the Bible, a man of fine scholarship, an earnest and impressive preacher, a faithful and much beloved pastor and efficient in his constant service for the welfare of the whole community."

Mr. Keyser was married, Nov. 23, 1886, to Winifred M., daughter of Frederick Thatcher of Alden, N. Y. Mrs. Keyser, with their two sons, survives him.

¹ *Marlboro Times.*

ISRAEL NEWTON TERRY, the son of Rev. James P. and Catherine A. (Matson) Terry, was born in South Weymouth, Mass., Feb. 20, 1851, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town and at Norwich, Conn.

After engaging in business a year in New York City, he studied theology at Hartford Seminary, graduating there in 1875, and then took a post-graduate course in Union Seminary, New York City.

On Oct. 2, 1876, he was ordained at New Hartford, N. Y., and was pastor of the Presbyterian Church there until 1890. After preaching in various churches in that vicinity, he was installed as assistant pastor of the Westminster Church, Utica, N. Y., in 1891, and continued in that relation until 1904. Jan. 19, 1905, he became pastor of the same church, and remained in that office until the failure of his health compelled his resignation in June, 1908. He died of uraemia in Utica, July 16th.

The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Hamilton College in 1898.

"Dr. Terry's sunny, sympathetic disposition and his attractive personality attached to him by warm ties every one with whom he came in contact. The occasion of his resignation of the pastorate was taken by his church to record publicly their expression of appreciation of his pastoral service and devotion."¹

Dr. Terry was married, Sept. 28, 1880, to Emily H., daughter of Francis Butler of New Hartford, N. Y., who survives him. His only child died at an early age.

¹ *Utica Herald-Dispatch.*

CLASS OF 1872.

OLON TENNEY FRENCH, the son of Rev. James and Nancy S. (Tenney) French, was born in Exeter, N. H., Oct. 15, 1851, and was fitted for college at Phillips Exeter Academy. He was a member of Rochester University one year, and entered the Sophomore class at Amherst in September, 1869.

During the year 1874—1875, he was professor of Latin and Greek in Colorado College. From 1875 until 1896 he was in the service of the Rock Island, Northwestern and Grand Trunk railroads in succession. From 1896 to 1903 he was the general western agent at Chicago, Ill., of the White Star line of Atlantic steamers.

After his retirement from active business he resided for a time at Philadelphia, Pa., and afterward at Los Angeles, Cal., where he was in a continued state of ill health until his death from bronchitis, with heart complications, Dec. 27, 1908.

Mr. French was married (1) July 13, 1878, to Mathilde Hachnel of Berlin, Germany, who died Sept. 13, 1886; (2) Oct. 13, 1887, to Laura, daughter of Lowell Shumway of Philadelphia, Pa., who survives him. Of two daughters, one survives her father.

CLASS OF 1874.

CHARLES ALDEN SMITH, the son of James Hyde and Delia A. (Alden) Smith, was born in Princeton, Ill., Nov. 8, 1852, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town. He was a member of Knox College, Galesburg, Ill., one year, and entered the Sophomore class at Amherst in September, 1871.

After graduation, he was a teacher in Kingston, Tenn., 1874—1875; in Princeton, Ill., 1875—1878; in Ottawa, Ill., 1878—1879, and was principal of the Peoria, Ill., High School

1879—1882. After engaging in business from 1882 to 1885, he was principal of the high school at Rockford, Ill., 1885—1890; of the Lake Forest Academy, Ill. (the preparatory department of Lake Forest University), 1890—1897; of the military academy at Orchard Lake, Mich., 1897—1899, and of the Central High School at Duluth, Minn., the rest of his life. He died of cirrhosis of the liver and tubercular peritonitis at Duluth, Feb. 15, 1909.

“Mr. Smith was actively engaged in church work, and was a member of the board of directors of the local Y. M. C. A. The responsibilities of his position in the high school were many and arduous. The wisdom with which he dealt with the difficulties that arose, gained him universal respect, and his never-failing, gentle courtesy won the hearts even of those who for a moment may have differed with him.”

The following resolution was passed by the church of which he was a member, soon after his death :

“We desire to put on record the expression of our sense of the great loss sustained, not only by the church, but by the community at large, in the death of our brother beloved, Charles Alden Smith. As a member of the church for nearly ten years, and a deacon for the past five years, we came to know him, and to know him was to love and honor him. Behind and above every service he rendered to the church, and through his position as principal of the high school, to the whole community, was the man himself, kindly and true, gentle in his firmness and firm in his gentleness, the Christian gentleman, without fear and without reproach.”

Mr. Smith was married, Sept. 5, 1882, to Mary L., daughter of Rev. J. A. Mack, D. D., of Chicago, Ill., who, with their three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1876.

WINFRID ALDEN STEARNS, the son of President William A. and Rebecca A. (Frazar) Stearns, was born in Cambridgeport, Mass., July 13, 1852, and was fitted for college at the Amherst High School.

After graduation he was manager of *The Salem Press* one year. For three years thereafter he was connected with the scientific department of the Massachusetts Agricultural College. He was curator of the Agricultural Museum at Cambridgeport, from 1881 to about 1890. During that period he made an expedition to Labrador, returning to this country in 1884.

From 1891 to 1896 he was connected with Atlanta (Ga.) University, being superintendent of its printing office and for the last two of those years instructor in science also. After this period he continued to reside in Atlanta until about 1902. For several years he was a journeyman printer in the office of the *Riverside Press*, in Cambridge, Mass., with his residence in Boston, Mass. He died of valvular disease of the heart at Worcester, Mass., May 10, 1909. Mr. Stearns was the author of *New England Bird Life*, 1881; *Labrador, A Sketch of its People, its Industries and its Natural History*, 1884; and *Wrecked off Labrador*.

CLASS OF 1877.

WILLIAM HENRY ELY, the son of William B. and Elizabeth (Morgan) Ely, was born in Hartford, Conn., Nov. 27, 1856, and was fitted for college in the high school of his native city.

He studied law in the office of Briscoe and Malthe, in Hartford, 1877—1879, and was admitted to the bar there May 27, 1879. He practiced his profession in Winsted, Conn., from

1879 to 1884, and in New Haven, Conn., from 1884 to the end of his life. Mr. Ely died of pleuro-pneumonia in New Haven, Conn., May 26, 1909.

"Mr. Ely was active in fraternal organizations. He was a member of Wooster Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and was once Master of that lodge. He was also a Knights Templar. He was much interested in the New England Order of Protection, and was a member of Elm Tree Lodge and actively identified with the affairs of the Grand Lodge of that order. In his career as a lawyer he handled a great many important cases, and he was a man who stood high in the estimation of the legal profession in Connecticut."

"For a quarter of a century he has been an example to New Haven of the value and nobility of the lawyer's work at its best. His groundwork of study was thorough. He was a well-rounded man. He knew his law well. He had the ability which is needed to raise the practice above pettifogging. His services as an adviser, an interpreter and a pleader have been of inestimable value in the whole State as well as New Haven. For four years he occupied the important position of corporation counsel, a position more important through his occupancy than it has ever been in recent years. His judgment was always clear, honest and altogether good. The esteem in which he is held by his associates of the bar, in this city and county and throughout the whole State, is abundant proof of his ability and integrity."

Mr. Ely was married, Oct —, 1881, to Mary G., daughter of Lucius Little of Sheffield, Conn., who survives him. His only child, William Brewster Ely, also survives him.

CLASS OF 1887.

EDWARD OLCOTT CHASE, the son of Charles C. and Julia M. (Sawyer) Chase, was born in Chicago, Ill., July 8, 1865, and was fitted for college at Lake View High School, Ill., and Holderness School for boys at Plymouth, N. H.

After graduation, he was connected with the "Title Guarantee and Trust Co." of Chicago until 1903, and was for a number of years its secretary and treasurer. From that year he conducted the "Emmett County Abstract and Title Co.," at Petoskey, Mich., "perfecting its system until the abstracts issued from his office were equalled by few and excelled by none." He died of tuberculosis at Petoskey, Nov. 6, 1908.

"Mr. Chase possessed a valuable and rare library, and had many souvenirs of the Revolutionary War, throughout which his grandfather Chase had served. Mr. Chase was a man of the strictest integrity and believed in high standards of life and conduct."

Mr. Chase was married, Sept. 1, 1892, to Lydia G., daughter of Stephen L. Robinson of Petoskey, Mich., who survives him. Of three children, two survive their father.

JOHN THOMAS KEATING, the son of Michael and Mary (Malone) Keating, was born in Northampton, Mass., July 20, 1864, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native city.

He studied law with Judge W. G. Bassett of Northampton, and was admitted to the bar there in 1889. For about seven years thereafter he was associated with Judge Bassett in the practice of his profession, and after that time continued in practice without a partner the rest of his life. He died of disease of the kidneys, in Northampton, April 9, 1909.

"In the practice of his profession Mr. Keating was recognized to be one of the brightest and best-informed of the

younger members of the Hampshire county bar, and some of the cases in which he was victorious attracted unusual attention. He had a deep knowledge of law and a sound judgment, which made him a safe counsellor. He was of scholarly inclination and had a sufficient mastery of French and German to give addresses in those languages."¹

Mr. Keating was married, Sept. 7, 1892, to Annie I., daughter of Michael Cooney of Northampton, who survives him.

CLASS OF 1888.

EDWARD FRANKLIN GAGE, the son of Daniel K. and Nancy H. (Dickey) Gage, was born in North Andover, Mass., Jan. 10, 1863, and was fitted for college at Phillips Andover Academy.

He was physical director of the Y. M. C. A. in New Britain, Conn., 1888—1889, and in Fort Wayne, Ind., 1889—1890. He studied medicine at Harvard University Medical School, and received the degree of M. D. from it in 1893. He practiced his profession for a short period in Boston, and afterward in Winthrop, Mass., the rest of his life. He died of pneumonia at Winthrop, June 1, 1909.

Dr. Gage was married (1) Oct. 17, 1888, to Lura W., daughter of Edwin Nelson of Amherst, who died Aug. 16, 1897; (2) Dec. 18, 1907, to Mary E., daughter of Merrill W. Nourse of Charlestown, Mass., who survives him. His four children also survive their father.

GEORGE SANBORN TENNEY, the son of Daniel W. and Sarah J. (Sanborn) Tenney, was born in Chicago, Ill., Aug. 2, 1865, and was fitted for college at Phillips Andover Academy.

¹ *Springfield Republican.*

The first year after graduation he was in the service of the American Exchange National Bank, New York City, and in the employ of C. H. Tenney & Co., commission merchants, in the same city, from 1889 until his death from pneumonia in New York City, March 3, 1909.

Mr. Tenney was married, Feb. 17, 1896, to Sadie L., daughter of Charles F. Gauss of St. Louis, Mo., who, with their two children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1890.

ROBERT ANDREW MACFADDEN, the son of Andrew A. and Mary L. (Parker) MacFadden, was born in Harrisburg, Pa., May 2, 1864, and was fitted for college in the preparatory department of Dickinson College. He was a member of Dickinson College two years and entered Amherst College in September, 1887, but was absent during the year 1888—1889, when he served as secretary of the Indian Commission among the Sioux Indians.

He spent the year 1890—1891 at Amherst in graduate study and in teaching. From 1891 to 1893 he was secretary of the Y. M. C. A. of Brooklyn, N. Y., and during a part of that time was also a student in the Law School of Columbia University. He was a member of Andover Theological Seminary, 1893—1894, home missionary in Maine in 1894, and acting pastor of the United Congregational Church in Lawrence, Mass., 1895—1896. He was ordained June 12, 1896, and was pastor of the church in West Andover, Mass., 1896—1898. He was pastor of the Central Church, Chelsea, Mass., from 1898 to 1902, and pastor of the Maple Street Church, Danvers, Mass., from October, 1902, until his death from pneumonia. March 29, 1909.

“Without neglecting the educational side of his work, he had in recent years particularly emphasized the evangelistic note, and from time to time young and middle aged persons in considerable numbers

joined the church on confession. He was exceptionally gifted in being able to approach men personally on the subject of religion, and they responded to his manly, straightforward presentation of the cause of Christianity. He was also a staunch champion of temperance, and made himself felt also in the forwarding of other moral reforms. He had a bright, effective pulpit style, and was a ready speaker on all occasions. Intense earnestness in the pursuit of that to which he had devoted his life was his chief characteristic." ¹

Mr. MacFadden was married, June 18, 1896, to Edith, daughter of C. H. Hamilton of Brooklyn, N. Y., who, with their four children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1893.

HERBERT AUSTIN RUSSELL, the son of Austin N. and Susan (Sanderson) Russell, was born in Shelburne Falls, Mass., Feb. 10, 1871, and was fitted for college at Arms Academy, in his native town.

He studied medicine in Long Island College Hospital, and received the degree of M. D. from it, March 25, 1896. He practiced his profession in Brooklyn, N. Y., from 1896 to 1901, and the rest of his life in New York City, continuing also to have many patients in Brooklyn. He died of pneumonia in New York City, Oct. 14, 1908.

Dr. Russell was married, April 27, 1904, to Hannah, daughter of Maier Kahn of New York City, who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1898.

WILLIAM EMRICH WALKER, the son of George W. and Elizabeth (Emrich) Walker, was born in Warren, Mass., May 21, 1874, and was fitted for college at the high school in Amherst.

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

He studied medicine in the medical school of Harvard University, and received from it the degree of M. D. in 1902. He practiced his profession at Fairhaven, Mass., from 1902 (with the exception of a brief period at Long Plain, Acushnet, Mass., in 1904), until his death from pleuro-pneumonia, Nov. 30, 1908.

"It was my privilege to be a classmate of William E. Walker during his course in the Amherst High School. Few boys had more friends or warmer ones. An ideal New Englander, with all the good qualities of the race, he lacked the angularity of mind and character which sometimes accompany them. Of perfect good breeding, there was no company to which he was not a welcome addition. As a conversationalist, there was always the right word and the right turn for every phrase. There was no appearance of effort, no display of learning, with never the remotest suspicion of talking for momentary effect. With his pen he was equal to what he was in speech. Walker was the one to whom all turned when difficult exercises or critical essays were to be written. He had a breadth of nature difficult to describe, but impossible not to feel. He had much school spirit, and entered with zeal into all school affairs. His presence at every function seemed indispensable to its completeness. At times it seemed as if he was called on to do more than could fairly be asked of him, but he never measured the time or counted the cost.

The first dark cloud of the future appeared during his Sophomore year, when in a coasting accident he sustained grievous injuries, from which he never fully recovered. But he stood the test, during the long weeks of suffering, borne with calm courage. In after years his unfailing cheerfulness never deserted him. His quick sympathy, his unfailing readiness to assist those in need, and his attractive personality gave him an exceptionally strong hold upon the affections of instructors and schoolmates.

At the Harvard Medical School, his services, frequently sought by his classmates, were always cheerfully given. Repeatedly, almost daily, he turned aside from his work to render assistance to others. In his professional life, his precept and example have been a constant stimulus to genuine, thorough and finished work. Instead of concentrating his energies on attaining fame and fortune for himself, he preferred to render, unpaid, a service to his friends, declining in great

degree the society of the cultivated and refined that he might help the needy and friendless.”¹

Dr. Walker was married, July 19, 1904, to Myra S., daughter of George E. Field, of Leverett, Mass., who, with their only child, survives him.

CLASS OF 1841.

ANDREW BLAIKIE, the son of George D. and Mary M. (Brown) Blaikie, was born at Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 8, 1821, and was fitted for college by John T. Halsey of Elizabeth City, N. J.

After graduation he was engaged in the iron business in Chicago, Ill., until 1851, and in real estate business and the negotiation of securities in the same city from 1852.

He died at Chicago, Ill., April, 1909.

Mr. Blaikie was married, July 16, 1845, to Mary J., daughter of Andrew Elmer of Western, N. Y., who survives him. Of three children, one son, George A. Blaikie, survives his father.

CLASS OF 1851.

JOHN HYRCANUS MELLISH, the son of John and Cyrene (Smith) Mellish, was born at Oxford, Mass., Aug. 30, 1824, and was fitted for college at Leicester Academy, Mass.

He studied theology at Andover Seminary, and graduated there in 1854. He was ordained Feb. 14, 1855, at Kingston, N. H., and was pastor of the church there until 1868. His

¹ W. T. Linehan, Class of 1900.

subsequent pastorates were at Dayville, Killingly, Conn., 1868—1871; at North Scituate, R. I., 1871—1880; at West Tisbury, Mass., 1880—1882; at Temple, N. H., 1883—1886; at Chepachet, R. I., 1887—1888, and again at North Scituate, R. I., 1887—1892. After preaching a short time at Putnam, Conn., he was without charge, with his residence at Dayville, Killingly, Conn., from 1892 until his death from paralysis, May 26, 1909.

Mr. Mellish was the author of an *Historical Address on the One Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary of the Church at Kingston, N. H.*

Mr. Mellish was married, Jan. 1, 1856, to Sarah A., daughter of David W. Lane of North Brookfield, Mass., who survives him. Of his two children, one survives him.

CLASS OF 1859.

HENRY JAMES BRUCE, the son of Timothy and Sally (Kimball) Bruce, was born in Hardwick, Mass., Feb. 5, 1835, and was fitted for college at Brattleboro (Vt.) Academy.

He studied theology at Bangor Seminary one year and two years at Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1862. He was ordained as an evangelist at Springfield, Mass., Sept. 11, 1862. He went to India as a missionary of the A. B. C. F. M., arriving there in March, 1863, and was stationed in the Ahmednagar district until 1872. He then visited the United States, remaining about three years, during which time he learned the art of printing. Returning then to India, he was stationed in the Satara district from 1875. He died of old age at Pauchgani, Satara, Bombay Presidency, May 4, 1909.

“Mr. Bruce’s two principal lines of work were evangelistic and literary. He had great faith and delight in communicating the gospel message by the tongue, the magic lantern and the printed page. In the latter part of his life his specialty was the press. When and

where he could not personally go he delighted in sending the Good News by tract and leaflet. With private funds he bought and long conducted a small printing press, from which he sent forth tens of thousands of pages of short leaflets on simple, vital, Christian themes. He also published a creditable number of books in the Marathi language, which were an abiding fruit of his painstaking labors, viz.: *A Bible Dictionary*, *Law in its Relation to Salvation*, *An Inquiry for Brahmists*, a considerable volume on *Astronomy*, and another on *Anatomy*. The latter volume was also printed in English, as well as a series of *Letters about India*. For many years he was the editor of the annual report of the Mission.

Mr. Bruce always took endless pains to select what seemed to him advantageous out-stations, and to secure for Indian Christians the recognition and exercise of all civil rights. Because the Home Board was unable to supply the needed funds for maintaining all the undertakings which he superintended, with a generous hand he supplied personally funds for the work. Year after year when the reduced appropriations compelled a reduction of undertakings it was with pathetic sadness that he reluctantly yielded to such measures. He who seeth in secret can alone adequately appreciate the value of Mr. Bruce's diligent and devoted service."¹

Mr. Bruce was married, Oct. 7, 1862, to Hepzibeth P., daughter of Nahum Goodnow of South Sudbury, Mass., who, with their six children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1861.

AUSTIN DODGE, the son of Moses and Susan (Webster) Dodge, was born in Newburyport, Mass., March 4, 1839, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native city.

He studied theology at Andover Seminary, and graduated here in 1865. He was in the service of the U. S. Christian Commission during a part of the same year. He was ordained, Oct. 9, 1866, and was pastor of the church in Winchendon, Mass., until 1867. His subsequent pastorates were at Globe

Dnyanodayi (the organ of the Marathi Mission.)

Village, Southbridge, Mass., 1867—1870; at East Bridgewater, Mass., 1870—1874; at Barton, Vt., 1874—1877; at Putney, Vt., 1878—1881; at Dennis, Mass., 1881—1887; at Boylston, Mass., 1887—1892; at Shelburne, Mass., 1892—1895; at Burlington, Vt., 1895—1902, and at Lyndeboro, N. H., 1902—1906. He was without charge, with his residence at Schenectady, N. Y., from 1906 until his death from Bright's disease, March 4, 1909.

Mr. Dodge was married, Oct. 11, 1866, to Sarah S., daughter of Dana Richardson of Dracut, Mass., who, with three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1869.

ROBERT McEWEN WOODS, the son of Hon. Josiah B. and Frances C. (Belcher) Woods, was born in Enfield, Mass., Jan. 24, 1847, and was fitted for college at Highland Military Academy, Worcester, and with Prof. Josiah Clark at Northampton.

He studied theology at Union Seminary 1869—1870, at Andover Seminary 1870—1871, and at Yale Divinity School 1874—1875. From 1871 to 1873 he was instructor in English, and from 1872 to 1873 also in mathematics, in Amherst College. He then spent fifteen months in travel in Europe, Egypt and Palestine.

After preaching about a year in Hatfield, Mass., he was ordained and installed pastor of the Congregational Church there Nov. 21, 1877, and continued in this pastorate the rest of his life. He died in Hatfield, June 19, 1909.

Mr. Woods was a trustee of Smith College from 1877, one of the overseers of the Charitable Fund of Amherst College from 1882, trustee of the Dickinson Hospital, Northampton, trustee and treasurer of Smith Academy, Hatfield, and trustee of the Hatfield Public Library. In 1904 he was presidential elector from the First Massachusetts district. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Amherst College in 1906.

"Mr. Woods brought to his work at Hatfield at its beginning a breadth of human sympathy, devotion to his service as pastor and a

quick and ready interest in all the affairs of the community. These traits and characteristics and this attitude had grown in richness and influence through the third of a century of his ministry. It is no exaggeration to say that the Hatfield of today in its social life and community ideals is largely the result of the influence of Robert M. Woods. He endeared himself not only to the members of his congregation, but to every man, woman and child in Hatfield. His personality thus became an element for unity, which has enabled Hatfield through all the changes in her population to maintain the best ideals and standards of the New England community of the olden times. In his work as preacher and pastor Mr. Woods always showed a spirit of the broadest tolerance and of the widest sympathy with humanity." ¹

Dr. Woods was married, Oct. 29, 1879, to Anna, daughter of Rev. S. B. Fairbank, D. D., of Ahmednagar, India, who, with eight of their nine children, survives him.. His son, Josiah B. Woods, is a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1905.

¹ *The Springfield Republican,*

RECORD OF GRADUATES WHOSE DEATHS

HAVE NOT BEEN PREVIOUSLY REPORTED.

CLASS OF 1840.

WILLIAM SNELL, the son of Thomas and Susanna (Allen) Snell, was born at Ware, Mass., May 4, 1817, and was fitted for college at Hopkins Academy, Hadley, Mass.

The first six years after graduation he was a bookseller in Newburyport, Mass. From 1847 to 1861 he was a photographer in Salem, Mass., and from 1861 so 1865 he engaged in the same business in Chester, Pa. For some time thereafter he was soliciting agent for *The Puritan*, and was a newspaper correspondent in Washington, D. C., during the Civil War. From 1865 he was a school teacher in Palmer, Mass., and other places for several years.

He next engaged in the photograph business in New York City until the failure of his health, and then resided for about a year in the family of a neice in Ware, Mass. The rest of his life he was an inmate of the Old Men's Home in New York City, where he was supported by funds furnished by his relatives.

He died there of old age, Jan. 17, 1904.

Mr. Snell was married, June 26, 1849, to Helen M., daughter of Rev. Edwin M. Stone of Providence, R. I. Of five children, two survive their father.

CLASS OF 1862.

DANIEL WORDEN FOX, the son of Albert M. and Maria (Worden) Fox, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 5, 1838, and was fitted for college at Bartlett High School, New London, Conn.

He studied theology at Union Seminary, and was graduated there in 1865. He was ordained at Newton, Conn., Aug. 15, 1865, and was pastor of the church there until 1867. His subsequent pastorates were at South Royalton, Vt., 1868—1870; at Lyndonville, Vt.; at Flanders, N. J., and at Lyndhurst, N. J. From 1887 to 1894 he was connected with the Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute, Va. From 1894 to 1905 he had several pastorates in North Carolina, the last of them being at Pinehurst. He then retired from the ministry on account of the failure of his health, and resided at Walpole, N. H., until his death there from apoplexy, Aug. 6, 1907.

Mr. Fox was married (1) Nov. 1, 1865, to Abby F., daughter of John Sidney Adams of Amherst, who died Dec. 11, 1886; (2) May 12, 1906, to Mrs. Diantha E. Fletcher, who survives him. He is also survived by his only child, Albert M. Fox.

CLASS OF 1876.

JOHN WINTHROP FISKE, the son of John O. and Mary A. (Tappan) Fiske, was born in Bath, Me., Oct. 1, 1856, and was fitted for college at Phillips Exeter Academy.

After teaching school at Bethel and Fryeburg, Me., from 1876 to 1879, he studied law at Harvard University Law School and graduated there in 1882, receiving the degree of LL. B. He was admitted to the bar of New York in November of the same year, and practiced his profession in New York City from 1882 to 1901. In 1901 he sailed from New York for San Francisco, Cal. In a few days after his arrival in that city he disappeared. Every endeavor to ascertain anything further respecting him has been unsuccessful.

Mr. Fiske was never married.

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1909/10

OBITUARY RECORD

OF

Graduates of Amherst College,

FOR THE

ACADEMICAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 29, 1910.

[FIFTH PRINTED SERIES No. 8.]

AMHERST, MASS.
PUBLISHED BY THE COLLEGE.
MDCCCCX.

NOTE.

In connection with the editing of the Triennial Catalogue in Latin, in the year 1862-1863, the undersigned was directed by the Faculty to prepare and have printed an obituary record of graduates deceased during that year; and subsequently he was instructed to prepare a similar record annually.

This was done, and four series of ten years each were completed in 1902, containing accounts of eleven hundred and eighty-three graduates, and numbering in all, ten hundred and seven pages. Nine numbers, from 1877 to 1885, inclusive, were edited by the late Prof. J. K. Chickering, of the class of 1869. To the first two series and also to each of the third and fourth series, alphabetical indexes were added.

The oldest alumni in graduation are Rev. Artemus Dean, D. D., Mt. Carmel, Pa., and Issachar Lefavour, Esq., Beverly, Mass., the surviving members of the class of 1842. Mr. Lefavour, who was born Dec. 30, 1816, is the oldest living graduate.

In this number of the *Obituary Record*, the facts in each instance have been obtained by correspondence with relatives or other intimate acquaintances of the subjects of these notices.

E. P. CROWELL,
AMHERST COLLEGE.

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Roll of Graduates Deceased During the Year

1909—1910.

GRADUATION.	AGE.
1848. REV. HENRY JOHNSON PATRICK, M. A., D. D.,	81
1848. REV. JAMES WHEELER RAYNOR, M.A. [See p. 360.]	87
1849. JOHN HENRY WASHBURN, ...	81
1850. JAMES JOHN HOWARD GREGORY, M. A. . .	82
1852. REV. HERMAN NORTON BARNUM, M. A., D. D.	83
1854. REV. MILAN HUBBARD HITCHCOCK, . .	79
1854. REV. JOHN CALVIN KIMBALL, ...	77
1855. GEORGE EDWARD DUNLAP, ...	77
1855. JOHN LOREN WILSON, ...	80
1856. BENJAMIN MATTICE, ESQ. [See p. 372.]	80
1857. REV. HENRY DAVENPORT NORTHROP, . .	73
1858. REV. ALFRED AUGUSTUS ELLSWORTH, . .	77
1858. PROF. JESSE FRANKLIN FULLER, M. A. . .	77
1858. DANIEL WALDO HASKINS, ESQ. . . .	81
1860. REV. WILLIAM BROWN, ...	71
1860. REV. JOSEPH BREWSTER LITTLE, D.D. [See p. 360.]	74
1861. REV. FRANCIS HAYDEN BOYNTON, ...	70
1861. REV. MOSES PORTER SNELL, M. A. . . .	70
1862. ZECHARIAH EDWARDS LEWIS, M. A., M. D. .	69
1866. PROF. ELISHA HUBBARD BARLOW, M. A., Ph. D.	70
1866. REV. ERASTUS WILLIAM TWITCHELL. [See p. 361.]	68
1867. CHARLES LYSANDER STORRS, ...	70
1868. REV. ALBERT LIVERMORE, M. A. . . .	66
1869. REV. ALFRED EDWARDS TRACY, ...	64
1872. PROF. THOMAS ROBINSON, M. A. . . .	66
1874. GEORGE EDWIN BREWER. [See p. 361.]	60
1874. PROF. CHARLES SPRAGUE-SMITH, M. A.,	56
1875. HENRY SARGENT KNIGHT, M. D. . . .	55
1877. FREEMAN EVANS SMALL, M. D. . . .	55
1879. PROF. HENRY EVARTS GORDON, M. A. . .	54
1881. REV. EDGAR COPE, M. A., B. D., . . .	51

1881.	GEORGE PORTER HILTON,	.	.	.	.	50
1883.	JOHN ROGERS AYER,	.	.	.	.	53
1886.	WILLIAM CLYDE FITCH, M. A.	.	.	.	.	44
1888.	REV. GEORGE CORNWELL,	.	.	.	.	43
1890.	REV. FRANK BUTLER DOANE,	.	.	.	.	44
1891.	FRANK MONROE TIFFANY, M. A., M. D.,	.	.	.	.	41
1891.	REV. HERBERT DEWITT WILLIAMS,	.	.	.	.	41
1895.	GEORGE STEVENS FAIRBANKS, M. A.	.	.	.	.	36
1899.	PAUL THEODORE BLISS WARD,	.	.	.	.	31
1901.	HENRY MARSH KITTREDGE,	.	.	.	.	31
1905.	ALAN MARSHALL STORKE,	.	.	.	.	25
1909.	CHARLES GATES MECKLEM,	.	.	.	.	22
	Whole Number,				43.	
	Average Age,				62.	

Roll of Graduates Whose Deaths Have Not Been Previously Reported.

GRADUATION.	AGE.
1846. FRANCIS CHAMPION BLISS, ESQ.	87
1851. REV. WILLIAM OTIS BALDWIN, M. A.	81
1851. D'ESTAING SALISBURY COVERT, FSQ.	64
1851. REV. LAFAYETTE DUDLEY, ...	77
1854. ADONIRAM JUDSON GOODENOUGH, M. A.	75
1858. REV. ALVIN BANISTER GOODALE, M. A., M. D.	77
1859. WILLIAM HENRY GODDARD, M. A.	71
1862. OLIVER WHITE, B. S.	71
1864. JONAS GUILFORD, LL. B.	69
1865. REV. ALVIN CUTLER CAMPBELL, ...	72
1867. COL. JOHN BARNARD FAIRBANK, LL. B.	64
1869. JUDGE CHARLES RANSOM PRATT, ...	60
1878. ALFRED RALEIGH BARKER, ESQ.	52
1885. EDWARD MILLER, ESQ.	42
1903. ROBERT WALTER BELL, B. S.	27
1905. RALPH WALDO EMERSON EDGECOMB, ...	26

ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

1883. Ayer, J. R.
1851. Baldwin, W. O.
1878. Barker, A. R.
1866. Barlow, E. H.
1852. Barnum, H. N.
1903. Bell, R. W.
1846. Bliss, F. C.
1861. Boynton, F. H.
1874. Brewer, G. E.
1860. Brown, W.
1865. Campbell, A. C.
1881. Cope, E.
1888. Cornwell, G.
1851. Covert, D'S S.
1890. Doane, F. B.
1851. Dudley, L.
1855. Dunlap, G. E.
1905. Edgecomb, R. W. E.
1858. Ellsworth, A. A.
1867. Fairbank, J. B.
1895. Fairbanks, G. S.
1886. Fitch, W. C.
1858. Fuller, J. F.
1859. Goddard, W. H.
1858. Goodale, A. B.
1854. Goodenough, A. J.
1879. Gordon, H. E.
1850. Gregory, J. J. H.
1864. Guilford, J.
1858. Haskins, D. W.

1881. Hilton, G. P.
1854. Hitchcock, M. H.
1854. Kimball, J. C.
1901. Kittredge, H. M.
1875. Knight, H. S.
1862. Lewis, Z. E.
1860. Little, J. B.
1868. Livermore, A.
1856. Mattice, B.
1909. Mecklem, C. G.
1885. Miller, E.
1857. Northrop, H. D.
1848. Patrick, H. J.
1869. Pratt, C. R.
1848. Raynor, J. W.
1872. Robinson, T.
1877. Small, F. E.
1861. Snell, M. P.
1874. Sprague-Smith, C.
1905. Storke, A. M.
1867. Storrs, C. L.
1891. Tiffany, F. M.
1869. Tracy, A. E.
1866. Twitchell, E. W.
1899. Ward, P. T. W.
1849. Washburn, J. H.
1862. White, O.
1891. Williams, H. D.
1855. Wilson, J. L.

RECORD OF GRADUATES DECEASED

DURING THE YEARS 1909—1910.

CLASS OF 1848.

HENRY JOHNSON PATRICK, the son of Rev. Joseph H. and Mary (Patrick) Patrick, was born in Warren, Mass., Sept. 20, 1827, and was fitted for college at Wilbraham and Amherst Academies.

He was a teacher in the High School in Conway, Mass., 1848—1849, and in a school in South Amherst, Mass., in 1851. He studied theology at Union Seminary, 1849—1851, and at Andover Seminary 1851—1853. After teaching several months in the Merrimack Normal Institute, N. H., he was ordained at Bedford, Mass., Nov. 16, 1854, and was pastor of the Congregational church there until 1860. While there he represented the town in the Legislature one year. Sept. 26, 1860, he was installed pastor of the Congregational church in West Newton, Mass., and continued in that relation until 1894, when failing eyesight caused his resignation. He was, however, made pastor *emeritus*, and continued to preach occasionally until his death there from inflammation of the bladder, July 16, 1909.

During the civil war, in 1865, he was an agent of the Christian Commission at City Point, Va., with the army of the Potomac. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Amherst College in 1890.

“ Dr. Patrick retained his interest in current affairs and in the movements of the church, transplanting himself from the generation in which he took a prominent part into the one which came after, so that he was welcomed as a beloved comrade at the annual Amherst

alumni reunions, at church councils and associations, at the Congregational club and at the weekly Boston Ministers' Meeting. For a number of years he was a guest of honor at the annual Amherst dinners in Boston, and the recipient of enthusiastic greetings from his fellow-alumni. He held a serene and vital faith in the gospel he had long preached, but he kept his mind open to new knowledge of God and men, and was as good a parishioner as he had been pastor. He was a helpful counselor of young ministers, and all who knew him honored and loved him."¹

Dr. Patrick was married, Sept. 13, 1860, to Martha A., daughter of Rev. Aretas Loomis, of Bennington, Vt., who, with their five children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1849.

JOHN HENRY WASHBURN, the son of Rev. Royal and Harriet W. (Parsons) Washburn, was born in Amherst, Mass., Oct. 27, 1828, and was fitted for college at Amherst Academy and Williston Seminary.

The first year after graduation he spent in the study of law at Rutland, Vt., and Granville, N. Y. From 1850—1853 he was employed in the office of the Washington County Mutual Insurance Company at Meriden, Conn. From 1854—1859 he was secretary of the Bridgeport, Conn., Fire and Marine Insurance Co. From 1859 he was connected with the Home Insurance Co. of New York City, holding the office of secretary from 1867—1886, of vice-president 1886—1901, and of president 1901—1904. He then resigned this office on account of ill-health, but was chairman of the company's board of directors the rest of his life. At one time he was president of the tariff association, president of the association of western underwriters and of the New York board of fire underwriters, and president of the national board of fire underwriters. He

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

was also a member of the Chamber of Commerce and was on the directorate of the Chatham National Bank. He was a deacon in the Broadway Tabernacle from 1878.

He was elected a member of the executive committee of the American Missionary Association in 1876, was made chairman of this committee in 1881, and remained in that position until he resigned from the committee in the fall of 1892. He was elected a corporate member of the American Board in the year 1887, and served until he resigned in 1904. He was a member of the Lotus club, the City club, the Chamber of Commerce, the Board of Trade and Transportation, the New England Society, the Sons of the Revolution, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the Society of Colonial Wars, the Society of Mayflower Descendants, the Order of Founders and Patriots, and the Society of Descendants of Colonial Governors.

He died of bronchitis and heart disease in New York city, Dec. 23, 1909.

Mr. Washburn was married, Oct. 17, 1853, to Jane A., daughter of William Ives, Esq., of New Haven, Conn., who died Oct. 21, 1898. He is survived by his son, William I. Washburn, of the class of 1876, and by his grandson, William I. Washburn, Jr., of the class of 1908.

CLASS OF 1850.

JAMES JOHN HOWARD GREGORY, the son of James and Ruth (Roundy) Gregory, was born in Marblehead, Mass., Nov. 7, 1827, and was fitted for college at the Academy in his native town. The first two years of his college course were spent in Middlebury College, and he entered Amherst in 1848.

After graduation, he taught school at Marblehead, Mass., one year, and was principal of Derby Academy, Hingham, Mass., and of Lunenburg Academy, Mass., about three years.

From 1854 he engaged in the cultivation and sale of seeds on a large scale in Marblehead. He retired from active business, July, 1907.

He died of pneumonia at Marblehead, Mass., Feb. 20, 1910.

"At first, Mr. Gregory transacted the seed business in his home, then he took a small building which had been used by his father as an office. In 1863 he built a store, which he enlarged from time to time, his business becoming one of the largest of the country. He sent his goods to all parts of the United States and to Canada and the Provinces. During the famine in India he was especially active and benevolent. He sent from his storehouses large quantities of seed corn, aiding materially in securing a new crop for the relief of the starving people. He sent large quantities of seed gratuitously to the citizens of Nebraska, a few years ago, after a period of agricultural depression.

In 1873, he established a bread station in Marblehead, giving away daily many loaves of bread during that time of financial depression. Many men in Marblehead owe their success in life to his thoughtfulness and kindness in advancing them money to obtain their college education.

He took much pleasure and satisfaction in giving away funds for southern colleges and churches and in similar good works. He presented every male member of the graduating classes of the colored colleges of the South a character forming book, and established a fund to continue this gift for all future time. He gave books of advantage to the public, at times as many as 3000 volumes per annum, for a number of years, sending them to jails, individuals, etc. He gave recently a number of fine engravings to the schools of Marblehead and the Young Men's Christian Association, and twenty oil paintings to the different churches and chapels. He was for many years a collector of Indian relics, of which he had over 2000, and also of shells, of which he had a large collection. He gave the bell and clock in Abbott Hall tower to the town and gave the town a fund of \$2000, the income to be used for a public library.

He also gave a large headland with a magnificent water view, now known as Fountain Park. Many of the steel engravings and oil paintings in the reading room at Abbott Hall are the gifts of Mr. Gregory to the town, the most noted picture of this collection being that of William the Silent pawning his jewels.

At one time his extensive seed farms were located in Middleton, comprising over 400 acres, and he made a specialty of growing particular varieties for market garden purposes. During the time he was in business he made a specialty of introducing new varieties of vegetables, previously unknown to the public. He wrote, published and sold many thousands of copies of works on agriculture, and lectured extensively on this subject before the colleges and seminaries throughout the northern states. To show his interest in the development of the horticulture of his country, note the following :

NOTICE.

To the Farmers of Maine. Better Fruit for the States.

Mr. James J. H. Gregory, of Marblehead, Mass., has deposited a \$1000 bond with the Maine Department of Agriculture, the interest of which, to the amount of \$200, shall be paid in five years to the farmer showing the most excellent acre of apple trees planted on his own land, set in the spring of 1910, from his own selection of the standard varieties, the Ben Davis apple alone excluded..

[Signed],

E. F. HITCHENS.

Department of Agriculture, Augusta, Me.

Mr. Gregory served the town of Marblehead as a selectman, a trustee of Abbott library, as a school committeeman, and as one of the committee to seek a water supply for the town. In 1876 and 1877, he was nominated and elected as the joint candidate of the Republican and Prohibitionist party, as a state senator for the district, including the city of Salem and the towns of Beverly and Marblehead. He served with credit to his constituents, and was the cause of bringing the state board of agriculture into a higher state of efficiency. He was the vice president of the Essex County Agricultural society for many years. For many years he was superintendent of the Old South Church Sunday School. After the destruction of that church by fire he joined the Congregational church, and was a member until the day of his death. He was very much interested in the Y. M. C. A. work, and was for many years an active worker in their behalf."

Mr. Gregory was married (1) Dec. 31, 1863, to Eliza C., daughter of John Bubier, of Jamaica Plain, Mass., who died Aug. 15, 1876; (2) June 17, 1878, to Mrs. Harriet Knight, daughter of Thomas Roundy of Marblehead, Mass., who died November, 1904; (3) Sept. 30, 1905, to Sarah L., daughter of John C. Caswell of Marblehead, Mass., who, with his four adopted children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1852.

HERMAN NORTON BARNUM, the son of Daniel T. and Polly A. (Tomlinson) Barnum, was born in Auburn, N.Y., Dec. 5, 1826, and was fitted for college with Rev. C. H. Buckley of Mt. Morris, N. Y.

He studied theology at Andover Seminary, and was graduated there in 1855. He was ordained by the Ontario presbytery at Mt. Morris, N. Y., Sept. 6, 1855, and was home missionary at large in Vermont, 1855—1856. After traveling in Europe and the East, 1857—1858, he was appointed a missionary of the A. B. C. F. M. In 1858, he was stationed at Harpoot, Turkey, and resided there the rest of his life. He was also a constant adviser of the Turkish officials sent from Constantinople for the government of Armenia, for a period of twenty years or more.

“ Dr. Barnum became a master of the Turkish language, and his facilities in the use of that language, together with his calm, judicial spirit, kindly and yet firm, led to his becoming the agent for the mission in all matters relating to the Turks and the Turkish government. He could preach in Armenian, though his language was Turkish. He had his hand on educational work, both in Euphrates College and the theological seminary, as well as schools, and was greatly trusted and beloved by the people as well as the officials.”

“ During his long and useful life he had many thrilling experiences. At one time the city was beset by an angry mob and, after three days of carnage and bloodshed, he was ordered to surrender the college building, into which he had gathered the missionary coterie and hundreds of terrified Armenians. To the Turkish official whose troops were waiting to fire the premises he coolly replied: ‘ If the government intends to protect Americans they can do so as easily here as anywhere else. If you do not intend to protect us, we can die here as well as elsewhere. We will not leave this building, do what you will.’ Their lives were saved, and in subsequent years he was the re-

ipient of many honors from Turkish officials, who learned to recognize his real greatness. He was one of the ablest missionaries of the Board and much beloved by all who knew him.”¹

The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Amherst and Middlebury colleges in 1873 during a visit to this country.

He died of old age and heart failure at Harpoot, Turkey, May 19, 1910.

Dr. Barnum was married, July 6, 1860, to Mary E., daughter of Rev. William Goodell, D.D., of Constantinople, Turkey, who, with three of their nine children, survives him. Two of his sons are graduates of this college: Edward H. Barnum of the class of 1898, and Dr. Francis G. Barnum of the class of 1901.

CLASS OF 1854.

MILAN HUBBARD HITCHCOCK, the son of Abner and Irene (Miller) Hitchcock, was born in Marshall, N. Y., Jan. 27, 1831, and was fitted for college at Brockport Collegiate Institute and Cary Collegiate Seminary, N. Y.

He was a member of Hamilton College three years and entered Amherst, September, 1853.

He studied theology at Bangor Seminary, and graduated there in 1857. In August of that year he was ordained as a missionary at North Bergen, N. Y., and was stationed at Jaffna, Ceylon, 1857—1860. Returning to this country, he was acting pastor at West Boylston, Mass., 1861—1862; Westminster, Mass., 1862—1867, and Winchendon, Mass., 1867—1869. Resuming missionary service, he was stationed at Constantinople, Turkey, 1869—1882. He was then released from his connection with the American Board, was pastor at Hubbardston, Mass., six years, and after that was city missionary ten years in Worcester, Mass., laboring for the Armenians in that city

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

and Boston. He was again pastor at Hubbardston from 1898—1901. In that year he was prostrated by a nervous disease, from which he never fully recovered. From the year 1904 he resided in Winchendon, Mass., until his death from apoplexy, Jan. 28, 1910.

Mr. Hitchcock was married, Sept. 24, 1857, to Lucy A., daughter of Rev. Benjamin Rice of Winchendon, Mass., who survives him. No children.

JOHN CALVIN KIMBALL, the son of John and Rebecca (Gould) Kimball, was born at Ipswich, Mass., May 23, 1832, and was fitted for college at the grammar school in his native town.

The first two years after graduation he was a teacher in the University of Texas, at Marshall, Texas. After studying law for a time at Worcester, Mass., he entered Harvard Divinity School and graduated from it in 1859. He was ordained at Beverly, Mass., Dec. 28, 1859, and was pastor of the First church there until 1870. Obtaining a leave of absence, he was commissioned chaplain of the 8th Regt, Mass. Vols., Oct. 2, 1862. He served in the 8th army corps at Newbern, Roanoke Island, Elizabeth City, Baltimore, and in the Army of the Potomac after the battle of Gettysburg, and was mustered out Aug. 7, 1863. From 1870 to 1872 he was general agent of the American Unitarian Association on the Pacific coast. He was subsequently pastor of the First Unitarian church, Newport, R. I., 1873—1878; of the Unity church, Hartford, Conn., 1878—1888, and acting pastor of the Unitarian church, Sharon, Mass., 1900—1904. From 1888 to 1900 he was lecturer on Evolution in the University of Michigan and in the Meadville Theological School, Penn. From 1904 his residence was at Greenfield, Mass., until his death from heart disease, Feb. 16, 1910.

"In his prime Mr. Kimball was counted one of the strong preachers of the denomination. Liberal and tolerant in his religious views, he was an independent in politics, an evolutionist in philosophy and science, and interested in all reformatory work. He was a strong anti-imperialist in the days of our aggression in the Philippines, and since, and he was a long-time advocate of peace.

Mr. Kimball was a frequent contributor on timely topics to many periodicals and magazines after giving up the active work of preaching."

"In his will Mr. Kimball bequeathed \$1000 to Amherst College, the income to be given to any morally worthy poor student who fails to get a prize or secure other aid. He also bequeathed the family homestead at Ipswich to the historical society of that town; the income of \$500 annually to the town of Ipswich for books on evolution and the natural sciences; to the society for prevention of cruelty to animals, \$300; to the Harvard Divinity School, \$500, the income to go to any worthy poor student who is preparing for the Unitarian ministry; to the American Unitarian Association the sum of \$3000, to keep in print and circulate such selections from his writings as the publication committee of the association, together with the executors, think would promote liberal religion; if not accepted, the executors are authorized to do good with it as they may see fit. One-half the residue of the estate is left to Lyman W. and Grace K. Griswold in trust, to be given to such reforms, benevolences and deserving individuals as Mr. Kimball had been interested in, or others like them that they may learn of." ¹

Mr. Kimball was the author of *The Evolution of a New England Town*, *Anarchism and the Anarchists*, *The Evolution of Arms and Armor*, *Zoology and Evolution*, *Moral Questions in Politics*, *Natural Factors in American Civilization*, *The Ethics of Evolution*, and *The Humanitarian Side of Religion*.

Mr. Kimball was married, Feb. 1, 1860, to Emily O., daughter of Charles Richardson of East Alstead, N. H., who died

¹ *Springfield Republican*.

Oct. 16, 1902. One of his two children (an adopted daughter) survives him.

CLASS OF 1855.

GEORGE EDWARD DUNLAP, the son of George and Electa (Edwards) Dunlap, was born in Huntington, Mass., Oct. 2, 1832, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

He was engaged in teaching in Illinois and Massachusetts, 1855—1861, the last two years having charge of the academy in Rochester, Mass. He enlisted August, 1862, in Co. C, 51st Regt. Mass. Vols., and was promoted Orderly Sergeant. He served in the expedition to Goldsboro, N. C., and was in the battles of Kingston, Whitehall and Goldsboro, under Gen. Foster. He was stationed at Beaufort and Fort Macon, N. C., at the time of the battle of Gettysburg, and was at Baltimore searching for concealed arms and prisoners. He was mustered out July 27, 1863.

The next eight years he was engaged in business, the first five, 1863—1868, as an accountant in the office of the Crompton Loom Works, Worcester, Mass., and the next three, 1868—1871, as an agent of the Continental Life Insurance Co. of Boston. From 1871—1875 he was the principal teacher in the N. Y. Juvenile Asylum, and was then appointed superintendent of the N. Y. Orphan Asylum, a position which he held until 1883.

After that time he was in municipal employment in the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, N. Y. City, the rest of his life. He died of pulmonary œdema and heart failure in Brooklyn, N. Y., March 30, 1910.

Mr. Dunlap was married, June 2, 1857, to Julia E., daughter of Simeon Clapp, of Worcester, Mass., who survives him. Their only child died Aug. 6, 1864. An adopted son survives him.

JOHN LOREN WILSON, the son of John T. and Sarah (Mason) Wilson, was born in Macomb, N. Y., April 17, 1829, and was fitted for college at Ogdensburg Academy and Potsdam Normal School, N. Y.

After graduation, he taught school in Springfield, Ill., until 1862. He enlisted as a private, Aug. 5, 1862, raised a company, which was mustered in Sept. 18, 1862, as Co. G, 114th Regt, Ill. Vols., and was commissioned its captain. This regiment became a part of Sherman's corps of Grant's army. It took an active part in the siege of Vicksburg, and in the battle at Jackson, Miss. Later, it served under Gen. Hurlbut at Oak Ridge, Miss., and other battles in that vicinity. Capt. Wilson was promoted Asst. Provost Marshal at Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 27, 1864, and Provost Marshal October, 1864. He was mustered out Aug. 15, 1865.

He then taught school one year, was engaged in the wholesale hay business at Pana, Ill., and in February, 1879, he became a farmer in Waco, Neb. Several years later, he removed to York, in the same state, where he died of kidney disease, Nov. 9, 1909. In 1884 he was elected county commissioner, and was a representative in the State Legislature from the county of York for two years from 1886,*and afterward filled various town and county offices.

"During his residence in Pana, Ill., he was a deacon in the Congregational church, yet his Christian sympathy was broad and liberal, and while a resident of Waco, Neb., he was a member of the Methodist church. He organized Sunday schools and helped sustain them in various places in the state of Illinois in those pioneer days." ¹

Mr. Wilson was married (1) Dec. 5, 1878, to Mary A., daughter of Gershom Keyes of Pana, Ill., who with an infant son died

York, Nebraska, Times.

Jan. 1, 1880; (2) Oct. 13, 1881, to Mrs. E. C. Bresee, daughter of George B. Nolton, of DePeyster, N. Y., who with one of their three children and a step-daughter survives him.

CLASS OF 1856.

BENJAMIN MATTICE, the son of Peter and Catharine (Zeh) Mattice, was born in Middleburgh, N. Y., April 8, 1830, and was fitted for college at Schoharie, N. Y.

After graduation, he was a teacher in Gallia Academy, Gallipolis, Ohio, two years, and was principal of Wainwright Institute, Middleburgh, N. Y., about one year. He then studied law, and was admitted to the bar at Albany, N. Y., in 1863. He practiced his profession in Middleburgh, N. Y., for nearly a year, was a clerk in the Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., 1864—1866, and again practiced law in Mascoutah, Ill., 1866—1873. During this period he was also Register in Bankruptcy, 1867—1873. He then removed to Pueblo, Colo., and practiced law there the rest of his life. For a time he was a member of the City Council.

He died at East Pueblo, Colo., May 14, 1910.

Mr. Mattice was married, May 27, 1869, to Sarah L., daughter of Charles Rayhill, of Mascoutah, Ill.

CLASS OF 1857.

HENRY DAVENPORT NORTHROP, the son of Daniel and Sophia (Williams) Northrop, was born in Poultney, N. Y., March 10, 1836, and was fitted for college at Cortland Academy, Homer, N. Y.

Having completed the studies of the first year he entered Amherst in September, 1854. The first year after graduation, he was acting pastor of the Congregational church in Seymour, Conn. He studied theology at Union and Yale Seminaries,

graduating at Yale in 1860. He was ordained Oct. 22, 1860, and was pastor of a Congregational church in Brooklyn, N. Y., until 1862. His subsequent pastorates were in London, Eng., where he founded the Victoria Park Congregational church, 1863—1867; of the West Twenty-third Street Presbyterian church, New York City, 1868—1874; of the Fourth Congregational church in Hartford, Conn., 1874—1879. After an acting pastorate in New Haven, Conn., in 1880, he was pastor of the Tenth Street Presbyterian church in Philadelphia, Pa., 1881—1886, and at Ridley Park, Pa., 1887—1891.

He devoted the later years of his life to literary work, and was connected with the National Publishing Co. of Philadelphia for many years from 1892. He retired from active literary work in 1907, and removed to Yonkers, N. Y., where he died of kidney disease, Aug. 28, 1909.

“Mr. Northrop was a preacher of great power and eloquence, and was also a writer of exceptional ability. For the work of both preacher and author he was fitted by rare intellectual attainments.”¹

One of his works was a novel entitled *John Winslow*; all the others were on religious subjects, and are as follows: *Earth, Sea and Sky*; *Bible Stories for the Young*; *The Golden Manual*, and *Beautiful Gems of Thought and Sentiment*.

Mr. Northrop was married, May 30, 1862, to Josephine L., daughter of George H. Merrick of Seymour, Conn., who, with their three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1858.

ALFRED AUGUSTUS ELLSWORTH, the son of Jeremiah and Martha H. (Trott) Ellsworth, was born in Bath, Me., July 12, 1832, and was fitted for college at Lewiston Falls Academy, Me.

¹ *Ansonia, Conn., Sentinel.*

He studied theology one year at Union Seminary and two years at Andover, graduating there in '1861. For about a year thereafter he preached at Dracut, Mass., was ordained at Milford, Mass., Sept. 4, 1862, and was pastor of the Congregational church there until 1865. He was acting pastor at Newbern, N. C., 1865—1867; pastor of the Union church, Weymouth, and Braintree, Mass., 1867—1871; acting pastor at Waterloo, Ia., 1871—1876; pastor at Galesburg, Ill., 1876—1885, and at Braintree, Mass., 1885—1900. From that year he was without charge, supplying the pulpit in Southern Pines, N. C., 1903—1904, and preaching occasionally in other places.

His residence was at Quincy, Mass., until his death from angina pectoris, Jan. 12, 1910.

During the summers of 1863 and 1864 he was in the service of the Christian Commission, and while located at Newbern, N. C., he acted as president of the Freedman's bank. He was the author of a number of published sermons, and was editor of *The Radical*, in Newbern, N. C., and *The Golden Censor* in Weymouth, Mass., and in Galesburg, Ill.

Mr. Ellsworth was married, Dec. 2, 1862, to Angelina G. C., the daughter of John Cook, M. D., of Auburn, Me., who, with their six children, survives him.

JESSE FRANKLIN FULLER, the son of Abijah and Abigail F. (Weston) Fuller, was born in Middleton, Mass., March 4, 1832, and was fitted for college at Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Mass.

The first year after graduation he taught school in Gloucester, Mass. He was then teacher and superintendent of schools at Appleton, Wis., until 1870. He was next Professor of Mathematics in Straight University, New Orleans, La., until 1876. From that time he was Professor of Mathematics in Atlanta University, Ga., until 1880. He was

principal of the high school and superintendent of schools at De Pere, Wis., 1881—1883. In 1884 he removed to Appleton, in the same state, where he engaged in business as an accountant until about 1897. He died of heart disease, at Appleton, Wis., Aug. 31, 1909.

During his entire residence in Appleton Mr. Fuller was a member of the First Congregational church, was for many years its clerk, and published in 1900 a history of the church, entitled, "Fifty Years of Church Life." He also published a genealogy of the Fuller family, from the first emigrant in 1638 to the present time, and contributed many articles to the newspapers on current historical topics.

Mr. Fuller was married (1) Nov. 27, 1860, to Sarah A., daughter of Joseph McNeil of Waukesha, Wis., who died Jan. 22, 1876; (2) Sept. 4, 1878, to Sarah S., daughter of John A. Learoyd, of Danvers, Mass., who, with their only child, a daughter, survives him.

DANIEL WALDO HASKINS, the son of Joel and Maria (Williams) Haskins, was born in Hardwick, Mass., Jan. 19, 1829, and was fitted for college at Leicester Academy, Mass. He was a member of Antioch College, Ohio, one year, and entered Amherst in September, 1855. The first year after graduation he was teacher of a grammar school in Worcester, Mass.

He studied law with Bacon and Aldrich in Worcester, Mass., and was admitted to the bar March 29, 1862. He practiced his profession in Worcester until 1890, in Boston 1890—1905, during which period he was one of the counsel for the West End Street Railway Co. of that city, 1893—1897, and in Charlestown, Mass., 1905—1909. He then retired from practice, and resided in Worcester until his death from myocarditis, April 13, 1910.

"For many years Mr. Haskins found a pleasure in the study of many of the ancient and oriental languages of the world, among which were Welsh, Manx, Cornish, Finnish, Ancient Gaelic, Anglo-Saxon, Hungarian, Russian, Norwegian, Swedish, Esthonian, Polish, Egyptian, the Ancient Cuneiform, Assyrian, Syrian, Armenian, Turkish, Arabic, Sanscrit, Persian, Thibetan, Hindostani, Pali, Khassi, Parijabi, Gujarati, Malagassy, Bengalese, Japanese, Chinese, and even some of the African dialects. In the prosecution of these linguistic studies he accumulated a library which in this particular department was equaled by few, if any, of the libraries of the country. The three most famous collections of books—the Boston Public Library, the library of Harvard University, and the Congressional Library at Washington—are far inferior in the department of oriental and Asiatic languages to this almost unknown collection."

Mr. Haskins was married (1) March 1, 1865, to Hattie D., daughter of Newell S. Smith of Orleans, Mass., who died Dec. 22, 1865; (2) Oct. 18, 1870, to Charlotte A., daughter of Matthew Woods of Lancaster, Mass., who, with one of their two children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1860.

WILLIAM BROWN, the son of James P. and Susan (Baker) Brown, was born in Concord, Mass., Sept. 10, 1838, and was fitted for college at North Bridgewater Academy, Mass.

He studied theology at the Divinity School of Harvard University, and graduated there in 1863. He was ordained Nov. 5th of that year, and was pastor of the First Congregational (Unitarian) church, Sherborn, Mass., 1863—1872; pastor in Walpole, N. H., 1873—1883; in West Bridgewater, Mass., 1883—1888; in East Marshfield, Mass., 1888—1890, and in

Tyngsboro, Mass., 1890—1902. He then retired from the ministry and resided at Tyngsboro until his death there from heart failure, March 25, 1910.

“For twenty years he was an honored resident and useful citizen of the town. During the larger part of this period he had served the parish as its pastor. His was the longest pastorate in the history of the parish and of the town, with but one exception. The Tyngsboro pastorate was also Mr. Brown’s longest term of service. During the last eight years, since the close of his last pastorate, he was active in every good work in the parish and the town. He was a regular and inspiring attendant at the Sunday services in the church where he had formerly ministered, and for a number of years was on the board of trustees, which was strengthened by his calm counsel and wise judgment. In town affairs, which in a sense became his larger parish, he served on the school committee. At the time of his release he was chairman of the library board of trustees.”¹

Mr. Brown was the author of several sermons and the compiler of “Proceedings at the Centennial Anniversary of Tyngsboro, 1809—1909.”

Mr. Brown was married, June 15, 1865, to Salome S., daughter of Francis D. Williams of Taunton, Mass., who, with their three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1861.

FRANCIS HAYDEN BOYNTON, the son of Benjamin H. and Louisa (Dean) Boynton, was born in Troy, N. Y., March 14, 1839, and was fitted for college at the Fitchburg, Mass., high school.

He studied theology at Andover Seminary, and graduated there in 1864. He was ordained Oct. 20, 1864, was pastor of

¹ *The Christian Register.*

the church in Rehoboth, Mass., 1864—1867, and at Assonet, Mass., 1867—1870. The next year he spent in foreign travel. His subsequent pastorates (or acting pastorates) were at Mill River, New Marlboro, Mass., 1872—1875; at Raynham, Mass., 1875—1879; at Essex, Mass., 1879—1882; at Rye, N. H., 1882—1886; at West Newbury, Mass., 1886—1888; at the United church, Lawrence, Mass., 1888—1892; at Ludlow, Vt., 1893—1894, and at New Braintree, Mass., 1895—1903, residing at Florence, Mass., from 1898. The rest of his life he was without charge but preached occasionally in various churches. He died of heart disease in Florence, Mass., Feb. 15, 1910.

Mr. Boynton was married, May 24, 1866, to Emily A., daughter of Deacon Simeon Clark, of Amherst, Mass., who, with their five children, survives him.

MOSES PORTER SNELL, the son of Rev. Thomas and Lucretia C. (Porter) Snell, and nephew of Prof. Ebenezer S. Snell, of the class of 1822, was born in North Brookfield, Mass., May 31, 1839, and was fitted for college at Burr and Burton Seminary, Manchester, Vt.

He enlisted, Aug. 6, 1862, in the 36th Regt, Mass. Vols. April 26, 1864, was commissioned 1st Lieut., 39th U. S. Colored Infantry, at Baltimore, Md., and served in the Wilderness campaign and the siege of Petersburg. Sept. 23, 1864, he was detailed as acting aid-de-camp to Major General Crawford, and fought in the first and second battles of Hatcher's Run, White Oak Road, Five Forks, and at Appomattox Court House when Gen. Lee surrendered. For services in this campaign he was promoted Brevet Captain. He afterward served as acting aid-de-camp to Gen. Duncan at Newbern, N. C., and was mustered out in 1865. The same year he was superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau in Washington, D. C.

He studied theology at Hartford Seminary 1866—1868. From May 8, 1867, when he was licensed to preach, he was engaged in missionary work in Hartford, Conn., until February, 1871, was acting pastor in the Talcott Street church in 1868, and chaplain of the Y. M. C. A. in the same city, in 1869. He was ordained as an evangelist at North Brookfield, Mass., May 10, 1870. From 1871—1878 he was a missionary in and around Washington, D. C., was connected with the Citizens' Relief Association, 1872—1873, was clerk of the Internal Revenue 1873—1879, and financial agent of the Y. M. C. A. 1876—1878. From 1879—1888 he was collecting and distributing agent of the Washington City Bible Society. He was acting pastor at Hermon, Md., 1888—1896; at Clifton, Va., 1889—1894, and at Riverdale, Md., 1897—1902. He was again in the government service until May 2, 1909.

July 2, 1909, he went to the Merriam Home for Presbyterian ministers, Newton, N. J., and died there of dilatation of the heart, caused by paralysis, Dec. 31, 1909.

Mr. Snell was married, Aug. 31, 1862, to Mary C., daughter of Gerard Hallock of New Haven, Conn., who, with seven of their nine children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1862.

ZECHARIAH EDWARDS LEWIS, the son of John N. and Sarah H. (Edwards) Lewis, was born in Geneseo, N. Y., Nov. 5, 1840, and was fitted for college at Greenwich Academy, Conn., and at Williston Seminary.

He studied medicine in the medical department of the University of the City of New York, and graduated there in March, 1868. He was commissioned Asst. Surgeon, U. S. A., June 17, 1864, and served at the Jefferson General Hospital, Jeffersonville, Ind., resigning Sept. 7, 1864, to return and complete his studies.

From September, 1865—September, 1867, he was in the New York Hospital, sixteen months as externe and eight months as interne surgeon; assistant demonstrator of anatomy in the University of the City of New York, 1866—1867, and demonstrator in full charge of the department 1867—1868, also surgeon to Annexed District Dispensary, North New York.

He practiced his profession in New York City from September, 1867—June, 1868; in West Farms, N. Y., June, 1868—1874; in Morrisania, N. Y., 1874—1883, and in New Rochelle, N. Y., 1883—1907. He then retired from practice on account of his health, and resided at Southampton, N. Y., until his death from uraemic gangrene following an attack of the grip, Jan. 12, 1910.

From 1875—1876, he was president of the Medical Society of Westchester county, N.Y.; secretary New Rochelle Medical Society; consultant New Rochelle Hospital; president Law and Order League of New Rochelle; member of Citizens' League, same; member Society Alumni, New York Hospital; organized Charity Society of New Rochelle; president Independent Citizens' Association of New Rochelle; elder in Presbyterian church in West Farms, New York City and in First Presbyterian church in New Rochelle. He was the author of various papers on surgical subjects in medical journals and read before medical societies, winning N. Y. Medical Journal prize for best paper on "Treatment of Silver Fork Fracture of the Radius."

Dr. Lewis was married, Dec. 2, 1880, to Mrs. Hannah Ogilvie, daughter of James Buchanan, of New York City, who survives him. One daughter died in infancy. He is also survived by his brother, Rev. Henry A. Lewis, Class of 1873.

CLASS OF 1866.

ELISHA HUBBARD BARLOW, the son of Seth and Margaret G. (Hubbard) Barlow, was born in Lee, Mass., April 18, 1839, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town.

He was a teacher in the Normal School at Bridgewater, Mass., 1866—1868. The next year he was principal of the North Brookfield, Mass., high school. He was Instructor in English, 1869—1870, in Amherst College, and the second of these years was also Instructor in Elocution and Rhetoric in the Mass. Agricultural College. He was Professor of Rhetoric, Elocution and Physical Culture in Lafayette College, Easton, Pa., 1871—1879; associate principal of Tilden Female Seminary, West Lebanon, N. H., 1879—1881; principal of the same institution, 1881—1890. He then retired and resided in Boston until June, 1909, when he removed to North Brookfield, Mass., where he died of tuberculosis, Dec. 20, 1909.

Prof. Barlow was the author of "A Manual of Gymnastics."

The degree of Ph. D. was conferred upon him by Lafayette College in 1880.

Prof. Barlow was married, Nov. 25, 1867, to Abby J., daughter of Augustus Smith of North Brookfield, Mass., who, with their two children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1867.

CHARLES LYSANDER STORRS, the son of John and Melancia (Bowker) Storrs, was born in Holliston, Mass., Nov. 18, 1839, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

He was a member of college 1859—1861. Obtaining a leave of absence he enlisted, Sept. 20, 1861, in the 27th Regt., Mass. Vols., was promoted 2d Sergeant in November of the same year, 1st Sergeant July, 1862, was commissioned Captain

March 1, 1864, and was mustered out October, 1864. He served in the battles at Roanoke Island, Newbern, Kingston, Whitehall, Goldsboro, and in the siege of Washington under Gens. Burnside, Butler, Gilmore and Foster. He then returned to college and completed the course.

In 1868—1870 he was associate editor of the *Amherst Record*, Amherst, Mass. He was editor and publisher of the *South Boston Inquirer*, 1871—1890. He continued to reside in South Boston until July, 1909. On account of feeble health he was from that time an inmate of the Soldiers' Home, Chelsea, Mass., until his death from old age, Feb. 16, 1910.

Capt. Storrs was married, May 12, 1869, to Harriet H., daughter of Daniel Cowles of Hadley, Mass., who died Sept. 17, 1886. His three sons survive him, two of whom are graduates of Amherst: Rev. Charles L. Storrs of the class of 1896, and Henry J. Storrs, M. D., of the class of 1899. He is also survived by his brother, Prof. Henry E. Storrs of the class of 1864.

CLASS OF 1868.

ALBERT LIVERMORE, the son of Lorenzo O. and Chloe D. (Bemis) Livermore, was born in Spencer, Mass., Sept. 3, 1843, and was fitted for college at Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Mass.

He entered college in 1863, but withdrew in July, 1864, for service in the civil war. He enlisted in the 60th Regt, Mass. Vols., at Worcester, July 16, and assisted in guarding rebel prisoners, and at Cape Concord, Indianapolis, Ind. He was mustered out at Boston in December of the same year, but was in the service of the Christian Commission at City Point, Va., until the close of the war, and then re-entered college in 1865.

After graduation, he was a teacher in New York City, Morristown, N. J., White Plains Academy, N. Y., and Nichols

Academy, Dudley, Mass., in succession, until 1870. He studied theology at Bangor Seminary one year and at Andover Seminary two years, graduating there in 1873.

After preaching at Millers Falls, Mass., about a year, he was ordained Nov. 18, 1874, and was pastor of the church there 1874—1875. From 1876—1879 he was acting pastor at New Richmond, Wis., and at St. Ignace, Mich., 1880—1882. He was pastor at Nashville 1883—1885, and at Williamstown, 1885, both in the same state. He was acting pastor of the Presbyterian church in Spencer, N. Y., 1885—1898; at Montour Falls, N. Y., 1898—1901, and at Canaseraga, N. Y., 1902—1904. He resided in Geneva, N. Y., 1904—1906, supplying various churches. From that time he resided in Spencer, N. Y., without charge.

He died of pernicious anemia at Clifton Springs Sanitarium, N. Y., Dec. 4, 1909.

Mr. Livermore was married, Aug. 9, 1884, to Mrs. Mary E. (Austin) Bell, daughter of Alvah Austin of Spencer, N. Y., who, with a stepson, survives him.

CLASS OF 1869.

ALFRED EDWARDS TRACY, the son of Rev. Ira and Adeline (White) Tracy, was born in West Brookfield, Mass., July 2, 1845, and was fitted for college at Platteville and Lancaster, Wis., Academies.

In May, 1864, he enlisted in Co. A, 41st Regt., Wis. Vols., for 100 days' service. He was employed in picket duty at Memphis, Tenn., and in repelling Forrest's raid on that city. He was mustered out September, 1864.

After a membership of one year in Beloit College, he entered the Sophomore class of Amherst College in 1866. He studied theology at Chicago Seminary 1869—1870, and at Andover Seminary 1870—1872. He was ordained at Harvard, Mass.,

Sept. 4, 1872, and was pastor of the Congregational church there until 1874. From 1874—1878 he was acting pastor at Oconomowoc, Wis., and after preaching several months in Springfield, Mo., from 1879—1885 pastor at Wilton, N. H. From May, 1885—October, 1888, he was pastor of Bethany church, Foxboro, Mass.; from 1888—1898 pastor of a Home Missionary church in Ontario, Cal.; from October, 1900—1904 again pastor at Wilton, N. H.; from 1904—1908 pastor at Chula Vista, Cal., and for eight months thereafter at La Jolla, Cal.

For many years he was one of the trustees of Pomona College, Cal., and for a considerable time secretary of the Board.

After a long illness he died of acute Bright's disease and uric acid poisoning at Los Angeles, Cal., July 5, 1909.

Mr. Tracy was the author of several historical sermons.

Mr. Tracy was married, July 2, 1872, to Katherine S., daughter of Hiram Harwood of Springfield, Mo., who, with two of their five children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1872.

THOMAS ROBINSON, the son of Amos and Mary A. (Pontin) Robinson, was born in Salisbury, England, May 30, 1843, and was fitted for college at Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H. In the Civil War he was for a time a member of the Christian Commission.

During the year 1870—1871 he was absent from college and engaged in missionary work in Labrador. He was again a member of college 1871—1872, but did not graduate. The honorary degree of M. A. was conferred upon him in 1877. From 1872—1874 he was a member of Andover Theological Seminary, spending the summers of 1872 and 1873 again in missionary work in Labrador. He was professor of Natural Philosophy and Chemistry in Howard University, Washington,

D. C., 1874—1887, also principal of the Normal department, 1875—1881. From 1887—1898 he was assistant civil engineer, U. S. Engineer Department, in Georgia, Alabama and Florida; at Cushing's Island, Portland, Me., 1898—1902, and in charge of reservoirs at the head waters of the Mississippi, Minn. 1902—1909. He then retired from active service and

CLASS OF 1870.

REV. WILLIAM D. PERRY died in a hospital in New York city, June 20, 1910.

the Scandinavian languages 1880—1882, professor of Modern Languages and Foreign Literature 1882—1890, and professor of Romance Languages and Literature 1890—1891.

From 1891—1898 he was lecturer upon Comparative Literature in Columbia, Harvard and Brown Universities and Wellesley College. In 1895 he was the organizer of the Comparative Literature Society, and was its president the remainder of his life. In 1897 he was the organizer and managing director of the People's Institute in Cooper Union. The successful aspects of this work which were developed were: The Cooper

Sept. 4, 1872, and was pastor of the Congregational church there until 1874. From 1874—1878 he was acting pastor at Oconomowoc, Wis., and after preaching several months in Springfield, Mo., from 1879—1885 pastor at Wilton, N. H. From May, 1885—October, 1888, he was pastor of Bethany church, Foxboro, Mass.; from 1888—1898 pastor of a Home

Meriden, N. H. In the Civil War he was for a time a member of the Christian Commission.

During the year 1870—1871 he was absent from college and engaged in missionary work in Labrador. He was again a member of college 1871—1872, but did not graduate. The honorary degree of M. A. was conferred upon him in 1877. From 1872—1874 he was a member of Andover Theological Seminary, spending the summers of 1872 and 1873 again in missionary work in Labrador. He was professor of Natural Philosophy and Chemistry in Howard University, Washington,

D. C., 1874—1887, also principal of the Normal department, 1875—1881. From 1887—1898 he was assistant civil engineer, U. S. Engineer Department, in Georgia, Alabama and Florida; at Cushing's Island, Portland, Me., 1898—1902, and in charge of reservoirs at the head waters of the Mississippi, Minn., 1902—1909. He then retired from active service and resided at Grand Rapids, Mich., about a year, and then at Irving, Tex., until his death from heart disease, Feb. 1, 1910.

Mr. Robinson was married, May 22, 1872, to Mary M., daughter of Capt. George E. Nudd, of Wolfborough, N. H., who, with their two children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1874.

CHARLES SPRAGUE-SMITH, the son of Charles and Caroline L. (Sprague) Smith, was born in Andover, Mass., April 27, 1853, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy. The first six years after graduation he spent in study at the Universities of Berlin, Paris, Rome, Madrid, Oxford and Copenhagen, Lund (Sweden) and Reikjavik (Iceland.)

In 1880 he was the organizer of the Modern Language department in Columbia University, and was professor of the German Language and Literature and instructor in Italian, Spanish and the Scandinavian languages 1880—1882, professor of Modern Languages and Foreign Literature 1882—1890, and professor of Romance Languages and Literature 1890—1891.

From 1891—1898 he was lecturer upon Comparative Literature in Columbia, Harvard and Brown Universities and Wellesley College. In 1895 he was the organizer of the Comparative Literature Society, and was its president the remainder of his life. In 1897 he was the organizer and managing director of the People's Institute in Cooper Union. The successful aspects of this work which were developed were: The Cooper

Union Forum ; the People's Church ; Club A, all in 1897—1898 ; also, the People's Institute League ; the Drama and Music department ; the First Voters' Festival, and numerous civic clubs for children and young men.

In 1900 he was the organizer of the People's Institute Club, and in 1901 became superintendent of the Cooper Union. In 1907 he organized the Marine League for the purpose of securing reforms in the laws safeguarding life and protecting seamen in American waters. In 1908 he created the Ethical Social League and became its director. He served on the Wall Street Commission to investigate the Stock Exchange, 1905—1909. In April, 1909, he organized and became executive chairman of the National Board of Censorship of Moving Pictures.

Prof. Sprague-Smith was the author of *Barbizon Days*, 1902, *Working with the People*, 1904, and *Poems*, 1908, and of numerous articles in magazines.

He died of pneumonia, March 29, 1910, at Montclair, N. J.

"He was the directing genius of a movement which in the 'welter of tongues and melting of the races' of the metropolis, afforded a temple of undenominational religion, a place for the free discussion of public problems, an opportunity for seeing clean theatrical performances, and hearing good music. Moreover, as the *World* notes, it has grown into a centre of after-hours education, with numerous clubs and miscellaneous helpful activities."¹

"Charles Sprague-Smith spent his life as a civilizer.

He was a great conciliator.

He used all the resources of an exceptionally liberal culture in obliterating the lines of misunderstanding between opposing interests and classes.

He achieved a great success as an interpreter of contrasting points of view, because his passion for making men intelligible to one another was uncompromising. It asked no sacrifices of sincerity.

He had a great faith.

¹ *The Literary Digest.*

He was convinced that there is a moral order in the world, and that at bottom there really are no divisions of interest. He brought men together by making them share this faith.

He believed in a self-vindicating power of righteousness and that happiness consists in allying oneself with this sovereign authority.

Consequently, he threw himself into political movements—as that for municipal ownership in 1905 and the Civic Alliance campaign of 1909—with an enthusiasm and abandon such as are rarely to be found in men of his deliberate and modulated temper.

The People's Institute is his characteristic creation. It is to be hoped that it will continue as his enduring monument.

Into the welter of tongues and the melting-pot of races this cosmopolitan democrat cast the gage of a great goodness and an accomplished talent.

His whole career as a scholar and traveler had prepared his mind for the role that was in his heart to play.

He summoned the teaching of ten universities to the task of interpreting New Yorkers to one another and to the soul of the city.

His professorship of modern languages and literatures, his participation in the peculiar spirit and genius of many peoples, could not content itself with academic seclusion and cloistered ease.

He brought to the People's Institute the culture of Amherst and Columbia and of the Universities of Berlin, Paris, Rome, Madrid, Copenhagen and Oxford.

From Athens to Iceland he had compassed Europe in his student's gown—that he might understand the idioms of all the races that have flowed into the Western cosmopolis.

The People's Institute will fulfill the purpose of Charles Sprague-Smith if it can be made a perpetual witness to the unity of the common life in this city—if it can stand as a continuing protest against those acrimonious divisions of race and class, of sect and party, that threaten us with the curse of Babel.”¹

“The People's Institute, which he organized and carried on for a number of years past, had its system of weekly lectures and classes, with charges for tuition, where there was any charge, so insignificant as to make it a people's institute of learning open to all alike. We are more familiar with the Sunday evening addresses which, from November to May, constituted a unique feature in the

¹ *The American.*

life of the metropolis. On Sunday evenings there gathered in Cooper Union an audience in which Jew and Gentile, Protestant and Roman Catholic, Socialist and Anarchist, Traditionalist and Agnostic, mingled, united by nothing else than the common bond of humanity. No religious ceremonies accompanied these meetings; no reading of Scripture, prayer, or sacred music. There was music of the piano, the violin or the voice, and later, congregational singing, but it was not, properly speaking, worship. The address always dealt with some religious or ethical subject, was probably more frequently delivered by a clergyman than by a layman, by a Christian than by a Jew, and by a Protestant than by a Roman Catholic. But all teachers of all forms of religious faith who earnestly desired the betterment of their fellowmen were welcomed on this catholic platform."¹

A full account of the life and unique work of Prof. Sprague-Smith was published in the April number of the *Century Magazine*.

Prof. Sprague-Smith was married, Nov. 11, 1884, to Isabella J., daughter of Dr. Benjamin W. Dwight of Clinton, N. Y., who, with their one daughter, survives him.

CLASS OF 1875.

HENRY SARGENT KNIGHT, the son of Franklin H. and Sarah E. (Hood) Knight, was born in Worcester, Mass., Sept. 24, 1853, and was fitted for college in the high school of his native city.

He studied medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York city, and at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa., and received the degree of M. D. from the latter institution in 1878. He practiced his profession in Worcester, Mass., from 1878 until his death from apoplexy, Aug. 22, 1909. Dr. Knight was a member of Union church, Worcester, a past master of Montacute lodge, A. F. and A. M., a member of Worcester County Commandery, K. T., a member of Loyal

¹ *The Outlook*.

Bay State, Harmony and Enterprise lodges, I. O. O. F., M. U., and at one time the head of the state organization of this order, and a member of the Mass. Medical Society.

He was a member of the Worcester school committee more than twelve years, and his services on that board were highly appreciated. For about twenty years he was a member of the U. S. Board of Pension Examiners, and a life insurance examiner in the service of the Prudential Life Insurance Co. fifteen years, and of the Provident Life and Trust Co., several years. He was highly respected and very successful as a physician.

Dr. Knight was married, May 17, 1883, to Sara B., daughter of Hon. Samuel M. Griggs of Westboro, Mass., who, with their son, survives him.

CLASS OF 1877.

FREEMAN EVANS SMALL, the son of Henry A. and Fannie D. (Evans) Small, was born in Stoneham, Me., July 24, 1854, and was fitted for college at Gould's Academy, Bethel, Me. He studied medicine at Maine Medical School of Bowdoin College, and received the degree of M. D. from it in 1879. He practiced his profession at Rumford Center, Me., 1879—1886, and at Portland, Me., the rest of his life. In 1892 he was appointed adjunct surgeon of the Maine General Hospital.

He died at Portland, Me., in 1910.

Dr. Small was married, Nov. 4, 1879, to Mary E., daughter of Rev. Patrick Hoyt. One child.

CLASS OF 1879.

HENRY EVARTS GORDON, the son of James M. and Mary E. (Clarkson) Gordon, was born in Auburndale, Mass., Sept. 27, 1855, and was fitted for college at the high school in Newton, Mass. He also attended the Curry School of Express-

sion in Boston, his inclination toward public speaking thus early displaying itself.

He was principal of Tillotson Academy, Trinidad, Colo., 1880—1896.

"This institution was organized by him, and under his leadership grew in excellence, and upon its consolidation with Cutler Academy, at Colorado Springs, grafted into that institution the excellency breathed into it by his work and management in previous years." ¹

He was next professor of Rhetoric and instructor in Spanish in Colorado College, Colorado Springs, 1896—1900. He was professor of Public Speaking in Iowa College, Iowa City, from 1900 until his death from typhoid fever, Sept. 18, 1909.

"The importance of Prof. Gordon's work for the university can hardly be estimated. Under his management the efficiency of the Public Speaking department was greatly increased. Proof of this is found in the excellent record the university has made in debate. Another monument to him is the Iowa state high school debating association, which was organized largely through his efforts. He was also one of the organizers of the Quintangular debating league of Iowa, Minnesota, Illinois, Nebraska and Wisconsin, which today stands as a monument to his keen executive brain and energy." ²

From 1891—1893 he was a trustee of the University of New Mexico. Prof. Gordon was ordained at Colorado Springs, Colo., in 1898, a minister in the Congregational church, and frequently engaged in preaching, though he never held a pastorate.

Professor Gordon was married, Dec. 26, 1881, to Susan W., daughter of Rev. Lewis Benedict of Aurora, Ill., who, with three of their four children, survives him.

¹ *The Daily Iowan.*

² *Iowa City Citizen.*

CLASS OF 1881.

EDGAR COPE, the son of William and Eliza (Lea) Cope, was born in Kidderminster, Eng., June 20, 1858, and was fitted for college at the preparatory department of Philadelphia, Pa., Divinity School.

He studied theology at the Philadelphia Divinity School, and was graduated there in 1884. He was ordained deacon Nov. 4, 1883, was advanced to the priesthood Nov. 9, 1884, was assistant minister of the Church of the Incarnation, Philadelphia, Pa., 1883—1887; minister in charge of the Mission of St. Simeon, Philadelphia, Pa., 1887—1891, and first rector of the Church of St. Simeon, in the same city, 1891—1910.

During the same period he was also rector of St. Peter's-in-the-Great-Valley, 1899-1905, and was founder and minister in charge of St. Simeon's-by-the-Sea, Wildwood, N. J., 1899—1905.

He died of splenic anemia, in Philadelphia, Pa., March 28, 1910.

“It was through Mr. Cope's executive ability that the funds were obtained for the erection of the costly church of St. Simeon, with its rectory and parish house. Mr. Cope enlarged the work of the parish by his executive ability, until it became recognized as one of the greatest institutional parishes in America. As superintendent of the Sunday-school, he raised it to such a high state of efficiency that it has gained international reputation. In different ways he was associated with the work of the diocese, as a vice-president of the Sunday-school Association, as a member of a committee of the Diocesan Convention, and as a member of the Board of Council of the Free and Open Church Association.”

Mr. Cope was married, Nov. 17, 1891, to Jane D., daughter of Dr. Thomas J. Yarrow of Philadelphia, Pa., who, with their three children, survives him.

GEORGE PORTER HILTON, the son of Charles and Mary E. (McWhorter) Hilton, was born in Albany, N. Y., March 19, 1859, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native city.

He studied bridge engineering, and carried on that business with the Hilton Bridge Construction Co., of Albany, N. Y., 1883—1900. In January, 1900, he became partner and manager of the John G. Myers Co., dry goods merchants, and continued in that business the rest of his life. He was also vice-president of the First National bank and of the Albany Trust Co., president of the Chamber of Commerce, trustee and treasurer of the Corning Foundation, trustee of the Albany Medical College, member of the American Association of Engineers, director of the National Exchange, and of the Schenectady Trust Co. He was also chairman of the finance committee of the Hudson-Fulton celebration in 1909.

Mr. Hilton was for many years treasurer and a prominent member of the congregation of All Saints Cathedral. In 1898 he was colonel and inspector-general of the State National Guard.

He died of cerebral hemorrhage at Albany, Oct. 7, 1909.

Mr. Hilton was married, Sept. 14, 1899, to Jessie K., daughter of John G. Myers, of Albany, N. Y., who, with their only son, survives him.

CLASS OF 1883.

JOHN ROGERS AYER, the son of Rev. Charles L. and Mary (Bishop) Ayer, was born in South Killingly, Conn., Feb. 15, 1856, and was fitted for college at the high school in Hartford, Conn.

After graduation he engaged in farming until 1890. He then became a civil engineer, residing at Peekskill, N. Y., until 1893, and at Yonkers, N. Y., from that time until 1903. He

then purchased a country place at Richmond, Mass., and resided there the rest of his life. On his way to superintend a Sunday school at Richmond Furnace, he was killed while walking on the railroad track, Oct. 17, 1909.

Mr. Ayer was married, Sept. 23, 1885, to Caroline H., daughter of Rev. Edward E. Rankin, D. D., of Newark, N. J., who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1886.

WILLIAM CLYDE FITCH, the son of William G. and Alice M. (Clark) Fitch, was born in Elmira, N. Y., May 2, 1865, and was fitted for college at the Holderness School, Plymouth, N. H.

After graduation, he devoted himself to literary pursuits, chiefly to the writing of plays, in New York city.

"He made a close study of the theatrical affairs of every nation, and became an authority on the subject, apparently having in mind a career as playwright. Instead of writing plays immediately following his college days, however, he confined himself to turning out poetry and children's books. He spent several months as a painter and decorative worker. Richard Mansfield in 1889, upon the advice of a friend, selected Fitch to write "Beau Brummel." Mansfield had already devised the character he wished to portray, and Fitch's work was more or less subsidiary.

The work he put upon the play, however, had the effect of turning the young author's wavering purpose permanently to playwriting. During the interval between the writing of "Beau Brummel" and its production, Mr. Fitch wrote his first original play. It was called "Betty's Finish," and was produced in Boston. It was a comedy in four acts and was successful. Recently the play was produced by Augustus Pitou under the new title of "A Modern Match."

After his first effort, Fitch wrote "Frederick La Maitre," "A Wave of Life," and "The Knighting of the Twins," and a few years later, "Some Correspondence and Conversations" and "The Smart Set." "Beau Brummel" was produced by Mansfield at the Madison Square theatre in 1890. The actor's great success in the play gave Fitch his real start as a dramatist."¹

He died of appendicitis at Chalons-Sur-Marne, France, Sept. 4, 1909.

Mr. Fitch was never married.

"The light touch, the fluent pen and the overflowing humor of Clyde Fitch made it easy to underestimate the 60 plays he has placed on the American stage in less than twenty years, but the assured literary criticism of the future will do him justice as the most notable playwright of his land and one of the more notable of his tongue. He stands alone in our own stage, and in his own day and generation few anywhere matched his work. He had the deft stage aptitude of a man like Scribe."²

Critical estimates of Mr. Fitch also appeared in *The Independent* of July 15, *The Literary Digest* of July 19, and *Current Literature* for September. The following is a complete list of Mr. Fitch's plays and the year of the production of each:

"Betty's Finish," 1890, a one-act play for the Boston Museum Stock.

"Beau Brummel," 1890, for Richard Mansfield.

"Frederic Lemaitre," 1890, a one-act play, for Felix Morris.

"A Modern Match," 1891, for Jacob Litt's Stock.

"Pamela's Prodigy," 1891, for Mrs. John Wood, produced in London.

"The Masked Ball," from the French, 1892, for John Drew.

"The Harvest," 1893, for the Theatre of Arts and Letters.

"A Shattered Idol," from the French, 1893, for the Litt Stock.

¹ *Amherst Student*.

² *Philadelphia Press*.

"The American Duchess," from the French, 1893, for the Lyceum Theatre Company.

"The Social Swim," 1893, for Marie Wainwright.

"Mrs. Grundy, Jr.," from the French, 1893, special Frohman production, headed by Henrietta Crosman.

"His Grace de Grammont," 1894, for Otis Skinner.

"April Weather," 1894, for Sol Smith Russell.

"Mistress Betty," 1895, for Madame Modjeska.

"Gossip," written in collaboration with Leo Ditrichstein, 1895, for Mrs. Langtry.

"Bohemia," from the French, 1896, for the Empire Theater Company.

"The Liar," from the French, 1896, special Frohman production headed by Fritz Williams and Katherine Florence.

"A Superfluous Husband," with Leo Ditrichstein, 1897, for E. M. and Joseph Holland.

"Nathan Hale," 1898, for Nat. C. Goodwin.

"The Moth and the Flame," elaborated from his earlier "The Harvest," 1898, for Herbert Kelcey and Effie Shannon.

"The Head of the Family," from the German, with Leo Ditrichstein, 1898, for William H. Crane.

"The Cowboy and the Lady," 1899, for Nat. C. Goodwin.

"Barbara Fritchie," 1899, for Julia Marlowe.

"Sapho," from the novel, 1900, for Olga Nethersole.

"The Climbers," 1901, for Amelia Bingham.

"Captain Jinks of the Horse Marines," 1901, for Ethel Barrymore.

"Lovers' Lane," 1901, special Brady production, with a cast headed by Ernest Hastings and Nanette Comstock.

"The Last of the Dandies," 1901, for Beerbohm Tree, and played only in London.

"The Way of the World," 1901, for Elsie de Wolfe.

"The Girl and the Judge," 1901, for Annie Russell.

"The Marriage Game," from the French, 1901, for Sadie Martinot.

"The Stubbornness of Geraldine," 1902, for Mary Mannering.

"The Girl with the Green Eyes," 1902, for Clara Bloodgood.

"The Frisky Mrs. Johnson," from the French, 1903, for Amelia Bingham.

"The Bird in the Cage," 1903, Frohman production, headed by Guy Bates Post, Arnold Daly, Edward Harrigan and Sandol Milliken.

- "Algy," 1903, for Vesta Tilley.
- "Her Own Way," 1903, for Maxine Elliott.
- "Major Andre," 1903, for Arthur Byron.
- "Glad of It," 1903, Frohman production, headed by Edward Abeles and Millie James.
- "The Coronet of a Duchess," 1904, for Clara Bloodgood.
- "Granny," 1904, for Mrs. Gilbert.
- "Cousin Billy," 1904, for Francis Wilson.
- "The Woman in the Case," 1905, for Blanche Walsh.
- "Her Great Match," 1905, for Maxine Elliott.
- "Wolfville," from the novel, with Willis Steel, 1905, for Nat. C. Goodwin.
- "The Toast of the Town," a new version of "Mistress Betty," 1905, for Viola Allen.
- "The Girl who has Everything," 1906, for Eleanor Robson.
- "Toddles," from the French, 1906, produced in London by Cyril Maude and in New York by Charles Frohman, with John Barrymore leading the cast.
- "The House of Mirth," from the novel, with Edith Wharton, 1906, for Fay Davis.
- "The Truth," 1906, for Clara Bloodgood.
- "The Straight Road," 1906, for Blanche Walsh.
- "Her Sister," in collaboration with Cosmo Gordon-Lennox, 1907, for Ethel Barrymore.
- "Girls," 1908, special Shubert production, headed by Charles Cherry and Laura Nelson Hall.
- "The Blue Mouse," 1908, Shubert production, with Harry Conor and Mabel Barrison.
- "The Happy Marriage," 1909, Frohman production, with Edwin Arden and Doris Keane.
- "The Bachelor," 1909, for Charles Cherry.

CLASS OF 1888.

GEORGE CORNWELL, the son of George J. and Sarah K. (Dickerman) Cornwell, was born in Peekskill, N. Y., Jan. 13, 1866, and was fitted for college at Hillside Academy, Norwalk, Conn.

He studied theology at Union Seminary, graduated there in 1891, was ordained by presbytery June 18 of the same year at Pound Ridge, N. Y., and was pastor there 1891—1892. He then entered the service of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, sailed for China September, 1892, and was stationed at Chefoo from 1892 until his death from cholera, Aug. 26, 1909. From October, 1900, until September, 1901, he was in this country on leave of absence, residing in Yorktown, N. Y.

"Mr. Cornwell was engaged in both educational and evangelistic work. He often preached in both English and Chinese on Sunday, superintended the Sabbath School, and during the week took long itinerating trips. In later years he had charge of a reading room and night school for the benefit of the 700 employes in the silk factory at Chefoo. He rendered special service at the time of the Boxer outbreaks. He was chosen by the U. S. Consul as the leader of an expedition sent out for the rescue of the missionaries. Through his tact, wisdom and efficiency, not to mention great courage in several critical instances, he was enabled to rescue all the Province of Shantung. In the summer of 1908, on a trip from Vladivostock, Siberia, to Chefoo, he was shipwrecked on the coast of Korea. With the assistance of one of the engineers of the steamship, he succeeded in saving the lives of 600 Chinese who had been left to perish by the crew."¹

Mr. Cornwell was married, June 11, 1891, to Mary W., daughter of William L. Mead, of Yorktown, N. Y., who died Aug. 30, 1909. They are survived by seven of their nine children.

CLASS OF 1890.

FRANK BUTLER DOANE, the son of James W. and Angie E. (Butler) Doane, was born in Hawley, Mass., Sept. 12, 1865, and was fitted for college at Hopkins Academy, Hadley, Mass.

He studied theology at Yale Divinity School, 1890—1894, and was ordained June 14, 1893. He was acting pastor at

¹ *Peekskill, N. Y., Democrat.*

Bridgewater, Conn., 1893—1894, and at Dayton, Wash., 1894—1897. He was pastor at Cheney, Wash., from 1897 for several years, and afterward at Chino, Cal., where he died June 9, 1910.

Mr. Doane was married, Oct. 3, 1894, to Leigh J., daughter of Daniel W. Bemis of Shrewsbury, Mass.

CLASS OF 1891.

FRANK MONROE TIFFANY, the son of Loomis T. and Elizabeth S. (Marks) Tiffany, was born in Granby, Mass., Dec. 27, 1868, and was fitted for college at Mount Hermon School, Mass.

He studied medicine in the University of Pennsylvania, and received the degree of M. D. from it in 1896. He practiced his profession in Stamford, Conn., from 1896 until his death from cancer, May 18, 1910.

He was a member of the Connecticut Medical Association from 1897, Fellow of the American Academy of Medicine, was on the staff of physicians, Stamford Hospital, from 1897, and of the Children's Home from 1898.

"Dr. Tiffany was an earnest, consistent, conscientious man, and a physician of great ability. His quiet kindness, allied with devotion to duty, won for him the affection of a very wide circle of people. He was a member of St. John's church, and for several years served upon its vestry. His work in the Stamford Hospital, for St. John's church house and other institutions, and his labors in connection with various philanthropic and charitable agencies will be remembered with keen appreciation."¹

Dr. Tiffany was married, Oct. 25, 1898, to Anna L., daughter of Col. William J. Cousins of Newport, R. I., who survives him.

¹ *Stamford Daily Advocate.*

HERBERT DEWITT WILLIAMS, the son of Leonard K. and Nancy (Morse) Williams, was born in Bethel, Vt., April 26, 1868, and was fitted for college at St. Johnsbury Academy, Vt.

He studied theology at Andover Seminary 1891—1892, and for some time thereafter was a member of Hartford Seminary. After serving as acting pastor at Plainfield and Marshfield, Vt., he was ordained, Sept. 8, 1893, and was pastor of the churches in these towns until 1895. He was pastor of Glenwood Congregational church (now Pilgrim church), Hartford, Conn., 1895—1900; of the church at South Britain, Conn., 1900—1904, and junior pastor of the Second Congregational church, Waterbury, Conn., from 1904 until his death after a surgical operation for hernia, Jan. 18, 1910.

Mr. Williams was married, Dec. 29, 1891, to Anne L., daughter of Rev. John L. Jones, of Solomon City, Kans., who, with their three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1895.

GEORGE STEVENS FAIRBANKS, the son of Rev. Francis J. Fairbanks, of the class of 1862, and Abbie S. (Russell) Fairbanks, was born in Ayer, Mass., Aug. 2, 1873, and was fitted for college at the Amherst high school.

The first year after graduation he was principal of the high school in Naugatuck, Conn., and a part of the time he was studying theology at Hartford Seminary. From 1896—1898 he was instructor in the Boys' High School, Brooklyn, N. Y.; from 1898—1900 he was the head of the English department of the Columbia Grammar School, New York city. During this same period he studied Literature in New York University three years.

After spending a year in travel in the United States, he removed to Philadelphia and engaged in journalism, serving suc-

cessively upon *The North American*, *The Public Ledger* and *The Evening Times*.

He died of acute Bright's disease at Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 10, 1909.

In connection with his work as a teacher, Mr. Fairbanks gave numerous lectures upon Literature and kindred subjects. In connection with his journalistic work, he wrote numerous sketches of public men in Philadelphia.

Mr. Fairbanks was married, Aug. 31, 1898, to Dorothy, daughter of William E. Schaffer of Naugatuck, Conn., who, with one of their two children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1899.

PAUL THEODORE BLISS WARD, the son of Langdon S. and Laura A. (Bliss) Ward, was born in Brookline, Mass., July 5, 1878, and was fitted for college at the Newton, Mass., high school.

He was an instructor in Robert College, Constantinople, Turkey, 1899—1902. Returning to this country, he was a member and a prominent director of the Samuel Ward Co., Stationers, of Boston, the rest of his life, with his residence in Medford, Mass.

He died of pneumonia at Medford, Mass., April 29, 1910.

"A young man of unusual dignity and fidelity to responsibilities of home, church and business life, of great conscientiousness, of wide Christian interests."¹

Mr. Ward was married, June 16, 1904, to Helen A., daughter of Samuel Ward, of Newton Centre, Mass., who, with their three children, survives him. He is also survived by his four brothers, who are graduates of this college: Rev. Landon L. Ward of the class of 1879, Edwin S. Ward, M. D., of the class of 1900, Mark H. Ward and William E. D. Ward of the class of 1906.

¹ *Medford Mercury*.

CLASS OF 1901.

HENRY MARSH KITTREDGE, the son of Dr. Charles M. and Marcella (Conant) Kittredge, was born at Fishkill-on-Hudson, N. Y., May 25, 1878, and was fitted for college at Riverview Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

After graduation, he was a member of the Universities of Berlin and Jena, Germany, for about five years. Returning to this country, he was instructor in German at the College of the City of New York from September, 1906, until his death.

He died of heart disease at Mt. Vernon, N. H., Oct. 19, 1909.

Mr. Kittredge was married, Aug. 24, 1901, to Helene, daughter of Dr. Carl G. Becker of Altona, Germany, who, with their one child, survives him.

CLASS OF 1906.

ALAN MARSHALL STORKE, the son of Frederic E. Storke, of the class of 1876, and Kathleen S. (Davie) Storke, was born in Auburn, N. Y., Sept. 27, 1884, and was fitted for college at the Auburn Academic high school.

After graduation he entered Harvard University Law School. In his senior year there he died of empyema in the hospital at Newton Center, Mass., March 18, 1910.

Mr. Storke was a brother of the late Paul D. Storke, of the class of 1904.

CLASS OF 1909.

CHARLES GATES MECKLEM, the son of Henry C. and Louisa S. (Harding) Mecklem, was born in East Orange, N. J., July 7, 1887, and was fitted for college at the High school in his native town.

After graduation he was employed in the office of his brother, Horace Mecklem, with the Columbia Life and Trust Co., at Portland, Ore.

He died of acute peritonitis at Portland, Ore., May 23, 1910.

CLASS OF 1848.

JAMES WHEELER RAYNOR, the son of Nathan and Sarah B. (Cooper) Raynor, was born in Montrose, Penn., Dec. 26, 1822, and was fitted for college at the academy in his native town.

While teaching in Brooklyn, N. Y., he studied theology, was acting pastor at Franklin, Penn., 1854—1856, and was ordained at Great Bend, Penn., April, 1856. He was pastor at Springfield, Penn., 1856—1866, LeRaysville, Penn., 1866—1870, and at Pleasant Mount and Union Dale, Penn., 1870—1872. He was then tract missionary at Montrose, Penn., and acting pastor at Upsonville, in the same state.

He died at Montrose, Penn., Jan. 7, 1910.

Mr. Raynor was married, April 17, 1850, to Julia L., daughter of Henry Mumford of Providence, R. I. Nine children.

CLASS OF 1860.

JOSEPH BREWSTER LITTLE, the son of Rev. Dr. Henry Little and Susan N. (Smith) Little, was born in Oxford, Ohio, Oct. 25, 1835, and was fitted for college at Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H.

He studied theology at Lane Seminary, Cincinnati, Ohio, 1860—1863, and was ordained by presbytery Sept. 8, 1863. He was pastor at Lima, Ohio, 1863—1867; Dayton, Ohio, 1867—1869; afterwards at Mankato, Minn.; Adrian, Mich.; Davenport, Ia.; Shenandoah, Ia.; Vancouver, Wash., and Middlebury, Conn., in succession.

The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Parsons College in 1891.

He retired from the ministry in 1906, and resided at Indianapolis, Ind., until his death from paralysis, May 19, 1910.

Dr. Little was married (1) Nov. 27, 1866, to Mrs. Mary A. Crowell, daughter of Amos Alfred of Newton, Ia., who died Dec. 12, 1892; (2) Oct. 1, 1894, to Julia S., daughter of Will-

iam R. McAllister, of Davenport, Ia., who with one of his four children survives him.

CLASS OF 1866.

ERASTUS WILLIAM TWITCHELL, the son of Lemuel H. and Hannah (Phillips) Twitchell, was born in Springville, N. Y., Aug. 22, 1841, and was fitted for college at Springville Academy.

He studied theology at Auburn Seminary, and was ordained at Alleghany, N. Y., by presbytery in September, 1869. After preaching one year at Alleghany, N. Y., he was pastor at Burdett, N. Y., 1870—1880, was without charge at Auburn, N. Y., 1880—1881, was a preacher in the Reformed church, Cato, N. Y., 1882, and was pastor at Lyndonville, N. Y., from 1883.

He died at Auburn, N. Y., May 12, 1910.

Mr. Twitchell was married, Oct. 7, 1869, to Sarah F., daughter of Charles H. Garlock of Auburn, N. Y. Three children.

CLASS OF 1874.

GEORGE EDWIN BREWER, the son of Charles N. and Louisa (Crosby) Brewer, was born in Southboro, Mass., Oct. 1, 1849, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Exeter) Academy.

The first year after graduation he was principal of the grammar school in Southboro, Mass. He was agent for Ginn Bros., Boston, 1875—1876, teacher at Bergen Point, N. J., in 1876, principal of Bernon grammar school, Woonsocket, R. I., 1876—1879, and was a member of the Woonsocket school committee, 1879—1882. He then engaged in the fire insurance business in Woonsocket until 1884, and was special agent for New England of the Sun Fire Insurance Co. of New York city from 1884, residing in Springfield, Mass., about 1895.

At a later period, on account of the failure of his health, he removed to Albuquerque, New Mexico, and died there June 13, 1910.

While residing in Woonsocket, R. I., Mr. Brewer was married to Abbie Carpenter of Cumberland, R. I., who, with their one daughter, survives him.

RECORD OF GRADUATES WHOSE DEATHS

HAVE NOT BEEN PREVIOUSLY REPORTED.

CLASS OF 1846.

FRANCIS CHAMPION BLISS, the son of Elisha and Almyra (Sykes) Bliss, was born in Springfield, Mass., April 16, 1819, and was fitted for college with Mr. Otis Lombard of Springfield. He was a member of Oberlin College 1843—1845, and entered Amherst in September, 1845.

He studied law in New York city two years, was admitted to the bar in 1852, and practiced his profession there until 1868. He then engaged in the business of book publishing at Newark, N. J., afterward at Hartford, Conn., and again in Newark, N. J., with his residence in Bloomfield, N. J., during which period he was for a time agent for the American Book Co. About 1890 he went to Helena, Mont., and resided there the rest of his life. He died of old age at Helena, Mont., Aug. 15, 1906.

Mr. Bliss was the author of *The Campaign Hand Book, St. Paul, Past and Present, Our Country and Government, Queen Esther and Other Poems*, and in part compiled *The Life Work of David Livingstone*.

Mr. Bliss was married Nov. 4, 1846, to Mary L., daughter of John C. Ellis, of Syracuse, N. Y., who died July 19, 1906. Two children survive their father.

CLASS OF 1851.

WILLIAM OTIS BALDWIN, the son of Samuel and Mary (Dane) Baldwin, was born in Greenfield, Mass., Aug. 25, 1821, and was fitted for college at Lawrence Academy, Groton, Mass.

He studied theology at Bangor Seminary, and graduated there in 1854. He was ordained Oct. 4 of the same year, and was a missionary on the Island of Maui, Hawaiian Islands, until 1860.

Returning to this country, he was acting pastor in succession at Enfield, N. H., West Fairlee, Vt., St. Johnsbury, Vt., East Arlington, Vt., West Groton, N. Y., LeRaysville, Penn., and Maine, N. Y., until 1878. He then retired from the ministry, and engaged in farming in Groton, N. Y., until his death from sclerosis of the arteries, Aug. 25, 1902.

Mr. Baldwin was married (1) Oct. 4, 1854, to Mary, daughter of Edmund Proctor of Lunenburg, Mass., who died Jan. 23, 1872; (2) Sept. 10, 1873, to Lettie A., daughter of Charles Gillam of Groton, N. Y., who survives him. Two sons survive their father.

D'ESTAING SALISBURY COVERT, the son of Rev. John and Lorinda (Salisbury) Covert, was born in Jordan, N. Y., Jan. 23, 1833, and was fitted for college at College Hill Academy, Ohio. He was a member of Marietta College three years and entered Amherst in September, 1850.

He studied law with Hon. Caleb B. Smith and Hon. Salmon P. Chase of Cincinnati, Ohio, one year each, was a member of Harvard University Law School one year, was admitted to the bar by the Supreme Court of Ohio Jan. 23, 1854, and practiced his profession in Cincinnati three years.

From 1857—1861 he was president of Lyons Female College, Iowa, and from 1861—1866 was in charge of Western Union College and Illinois Military Academy, Fulton, Ill.

He then engaged in business in New York city, 1866—1868; in Chicago, Ill., 1868—1880, and in mining business in Leadville, Colo., for some years from 1880. After his retirement from business, he resided at Marion, Ohio.

He died of disease of the kidneys at Scranton, Penn., Feb. 15, 1897.

Mr. Covert was married, June 5, 1855, to Eunice, daughter of Col. W. W. Concklin, of Marion, Ohio, who, with their three children, survives him.

LAFAYETTE DUDLEY, the son of John and Elizabeth (Rowe) Dudley, was born in Bath, N. Y., July 2, 1825, and was fitted for college at Franklin Academy, Plattsburg, N. Y.

He studied theology at Union Seminary, 1851—1854, was a teacher at Davenport, Ia., 1854—1855, and was a preacher in the same city, 1855—1856. After preaching at Cedar Rapids, Ia., one year, 1856—1857, he was ordained at Iowa City, Ia., by presbytery Feb. 8, 1857, and was pastor in that city until 1859. He was then acting pastor at Atalissa, Ia., 1859—1861; teacher at Bath, N. Y., 1862—1864, and at Cornwall, Conn., 1865—1876; evangelist in the same town 1876—1878; acting pastor at Freeman, Sharon and Bethel, Mo., 1878—1880; Lyndon, Kans., 1880—1881; Big Creek, Kans., 1881—1882; Hartford and Elmendaro, Kans., 1882—1883; evangelist at Hartford, Kans., 1883—1894, and at Toledo, Ohio, for some time. After his retirement from the ministry in 1904 he resided in Platteville, Wis.

He died of old age at Independence, Kans., January, 1903. Mr. Dudley was married, May 2, 1855, to Sarah A., daughter of Israel Welles of Castile, N. Y., who died Jan. 30, 1879. Of his five children, four survive him.

CLASS OF 1854.

ADONIRAM JUDSON GOODENOUGH, the son of Dr. Levi and Cynthia (Rice) Goodenough, was born in South Sudbury, Mass., Aug. 6, 1833, and was fitted for college at Warren Academy, Woburn, Mass.

After graduation, he studied medicine with his father, 1854—1856, and also attended lectures in medical schools at Boston and Pittsfield, Mass. Without finishing his medical studies he engaged in business in Macon, Ga., 1857—1863; in Dayton, Ohio, 1862—1865, and again in Macon, Ga., 1865—1866. He then removed to Providence, R. I., where he was for some time in the employment of the Rhode Island News Co., and afterward was connected with Gregory's book store. He was compelled to retire from business on account of disease of the eyes in 1900. He died of a complication of diseases at Providence, R. I., June 18, 1909.

Mr. Goodenough was married, May 13, 1862, to Hattie M., daughter of Alexander Marsh of Worcester, Mass., who, with one son, survives him.

CLASS OF 1858.

ALVAN BANISTER GOODALE, the son of Solomon and Fanny (Banister) Goodale, was born in Potsdam, N. Y., May 22, 1829, and was fitted for college at St. Lawrence Academy, Potsdam, N. Y.

He studied theology at Union Seminary 1858—1860, and was ordained by the Third Presbytery of New York city, Feb. 5, 1860. During the same period he studied medicine at the New York Medical College, and received the degree of M. D. in 1860.

He was a missionary of the A. B. C. F. M. at Marash, Central Turkey, 1861—1865. Returning then to this country, he was acting pastor of a church in Belle Plain, Minn., 1865—1867; president of Parsons College, Cedar Rapids, Ia., 1867—1869, and pastor at Marshalltown 1869—1873, Cedar Falls 1873—1878, Wyoming 1878—1882, all in the same state; of the Hodge Presbyterian church, Trenton, Mo., 1883—1885; acting pastor at Mirabile, Lincoln and Kingston, Mo., 1885—

1886; at Palmyra, Kans., 1886—1888, and at Baldwin and Black Jack, Kans., 1888—1893. In 1894 he retired from the ministry and resided in Pomona, Cal.

He died of diabetes at Pomona, Cal., Jan. 9, 1907.

Dr. Goodale was married, Jan. 10, 1860, to Mary E., daughter of Horace Linsley of Millville, N. Y. Six children.

CLASS OF 1859.

WILLIAM HENRY GODDARD, the son of Paul and Diantha (Grover) Goddard, was born in York, N. Y., Jan. 28, 1837, and was fitted for college at Middlebury Academy, Wyoming, N. Y.

He was a member of Rochester University, N. Y., two years and entered Amherst in September, 1857. After graduation he became a farmer in York, N. Y. In 1880 he removed to Sioux Falls, So. Dakota. The last years of his active life were spent in the laundry business.

He died of Bright's disease at the home of his daughter, in Morgan Park, Ill., Jan. 31, 1908.

"Mr. Goddard was a member of the convention which framed the constitution of South Dakota on its admission to the Union. He was active in Sunday-school and church work until his health failed, and was interested in the welfare of the community in which he lived, doing what he could for its prosperity."

Mr. Goddard was married, Jan. 6, 1864, to Elizabeth J., daughter of William H. Harmon of Wheatland, N. Y., who, with three of their four children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1862.

OLIVER WHITE, the son of Josiah and Esther (Hiatt) White, was born in Milton, Ind., Aug. 21, 1836, and was fitted for college in the preparatory department of Earlham College.

The first three years of his college course he was a member of Earlham College, and entered Amherst in September, 1861. He graduated with the degree of B. S. From 1862—1865 he was a teacher in schools in Wabash, Richmond and Winchester, Ind., in succession. He then withdrew from teaching on account of his health, and became a bookseller on a large scale in Richmond, Ind., and continued in that business there until 1876, and in Dublin, in the same state, until 1886. He then became a recognized minister in the Society of Friends, and engaged in religious work in that denomination in the middle west and in New York and Brooklyn, being engaged as a teacher in a large mercantile educational institution. His social and religious activities there were also extended to settlement and mission work. He was a member during this time of the New York Friends Meeting.

In 1906 he returned to his home in Richmond, Ind. In the autumn of the next year he went to Wauchula, Fla., and died there of dysentery, April 27, 1908.

“Mr. White was a man of brilliant mental processes, artistic temperament and marked erudition, and had a wide circle of friends, among whom he was popular and much admired.”

Mr. White was married, Feb. 13, 1865, to Mary C., daughter of Thomas Cottom of Winchester, Ind., who, with two of their four children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1864.

JONAS GUILFORD, the son of Asa and Mary (Adams) Guilford, was born in Spencer, Mass., Sept. 17, 1839, and was

fitted for college at the Spencer High school and Leicester Academy.

Immediately after graduation, he enlisted in Co. F, 60th Regt., Mass. Vols. He served in the Army of the Potomac and the army of Ohio, and was chiefly engaged in guarding rebel prisoners at Camp Carroll, Ohio, and in suppressing "The Knights of the Golden Circle," a treasonable organization in Indianapolis. Later, he was on guard duty at Camp Morton, Ohio., and was mustered out Nov. 13, 1864.

He then studied law at the University of Albany, and received the degree of LL. B. from it in 1866. After practicing his profession at St. Louis and St. Anthony, Mo., about a year, he removed to Minneapolis, Minn. There he was engaged as counsel in much of the important litigation of the day, and continued in active practice until 1900, when failing health compelled him to retire. He continued to reside in Minneapolis until his death from sclerosis of the arteries and heart disease, May 15, 1909.

"Mr. Guilford was active in the Republican party, but never held a political office. In religious matters he affiliated with the Congregationalists, and was a member of the Lowry Hill Congregational church."¹

Mr. Guilford was married, Sept. 29, 1869, to Helen, daughter of Trew Morrell, of Danville, Vt., who, with their three children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1865.

ALVIN CUTLER CAMPBELL, the son of James and Margaret (Murphy) Campbell, was born in Whiting, Me., Oct. 20, 1836, and was fitted for college at the Brooklyn High school, N. Y.

¹ *The Minneapolis Journal.*

He studied theology at Princeton Seminary, and was ordained as an evangelist June 30, 1868. He was acting pastor at North Point and Renova, Penn., 1868--1871, and continued at the latter place until 1872. He was acting pastor at Pulaski, Penn., 1872—1874, and pastor at the same place 1874—1875. He was pastor at Montgomery, Penn., 1876—1880, and acting pastor at Northumberland, Penn., from 1880.

He died at Northumberland, Penn., Jan. 27, 1909.

Mr. Campbell was married, May 10, 1869, to Martha, daughter of Peter Hunselman of Northumberland, Penn.

CLASS OF 1867.

JOHN BARNARD FAIRBANK, the son of James C. and Lurana (Robinson) Fairbank, was born in Oakham, Mass., Aug. 8, 1843, and was fitted for college at Monson Academy, Mass. He was a member of Middlebury College one year, and entered Amherst in September, 1861.

Obtaining a leave of absence, he enlisted, Aug. 1, 1862, in the 36th Regt., Mass. Vols., was promoted Sergeant Sept. 10, 1862, 2d Lieut. May 2, 1863, 1st Lieut. Aug. 23, 1863, and Captain May 13, 1864. For gallantry at Petersburg he was commissioned by President Lincoln Brevet Major of Volunteers, and afterward for other meritorious service Brevet Colonel. He served at Fredericksburg, Vicksburg, Jackson, Knoxville, the Wilderness, Petersburg and Antietam under Genrs. Burnside, McClellan, Meade, Grant and Schofield. He was wounded at Knoxville, the Wilderness and Petersburg, and was mustered out at Alexandria, Va., June 8, 1865. He then returned to college and finished his course in 1867.

He studied law in Columbia University Law School, received the degree of LL. B. in 1869, and was admitted to the bar the same year. He practiced his profession in New York city, 1869—1870; in Winfield, Kans., 1870—1875, and in Oak-

ham, Mass., 1875—1881. He then removed to Deadwood, So. Dakota, where he practiced law the rest of his life. During the last years of his life he resided in Portland, in the same state, and died there of heart disease, April 29, 1908. In 1878—1879 he was a member of the Massachusetts Legislature. In 1896 he was a senator in the So. Dakota Legislature. For several years he was superintendent of schools in Deadwood. Col. Fairbank was the author of "History of Oakham" in Jewett's History of Worcester County.

Col. Fairbank was unmarried.

Resolutions passed by the Lawrence County Bar Association contain the following tribute to his memory:

"We desire to express our sincere appreciation of his most excellent qualities of head and heart; his uniform kindness and gentlemanly deportment; his rare literary attainments and fine legal equipment; his uniform courtesy and consideration; his conscientious discharge of duty well done, in times of war and peace, whether in the humbler or higher callings, and all that goes to make up the honest, patriotic citizen, the safe counsellor, the inalienable friend."

CLASS OF 1869.

CHARLES RANSOM PRATT, the son of Ransom and Sarah (Alvord) Pratt, was born in Elmira, N. Y., Jan. 24, 1847, and was fitted for college at the Union School, Schenectady, N. Y. He was a member of Union College three years, and entered Amherst in 1868.

After graduation, he studied law in Elmira, N. Y., was admitted to the bar January, 1872, and practiced his profession there the rest of his life.

In September, 1879, he became cashier of the Second National Bank of Elmira, but continuing his law practice. In January, 1886, he became vice-president of the bank. In 1891

he was a professor in the law department of Cornell University one term. In 1894 he was a member of the N. Y. State Constitutional Convention engaged in revising the constitution of that state. In 1897 he was elected County Judge and Surrogate of Chemung county, N. Y., for a period of six years.

He died of apoplexy at Elmira, N. Y., Nov. 22, 1907.

Judge Pratt was married, April 10, 1879, to Jane E., daughter of Philo Carrier of Cuba, N. Y., who, with two of their three children, survives him. One of his sons, Alvord Pratt, is a graduate of Amherst in the class of 1904.

CLASS OF 1878.

ALFRED RALEIGH BARKER, the son of Edwin and Lydia J. (Poyntze) Barker, was born in Birmingham, Eng., Sept. 4, 1856, and was fitted for college at Monson Academy, Mass.

He studied law, and practiced his profession at Holyoke, Mass., and afterward at Vacaville, Cal., from 1888.

He died at Vacaville, Cal., Nov. 21, 1908.

CLASS OF 1885.

EDWARD MILLER, the son of John C. and Anna M. (Campbell) Miller, was born in Torresdale, Penn., July 22, 1863, and was fitted for college at Rugby Academy, Philadelphia, Penn.

He studied law in Columbia College Law School, New York city, 1886—1888, and was admitted to the bar in 1888. He practiced his profession in New York City, 1888—1905, retiring then on account of ill-health.

He died of consumption in New York City, May 24, 1906.

Mr. Miller was married, Oct. 1, 1892, to Bettine I., daughter of Casper M. Wines, of Philadelphia, Penn., who, with four of their five children, survives him.

CLASS OF 1903.

ROBERT WALTER BELL, the son of Robert W. and Christine (Kent) Bell, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., March 3, 1881, and was fitted for college at the Polytechnic Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y.

He was engaged in the insurance business from September, 1903, until his death from tuberculosis of the throat at Brooklyn, N. Y., April 4, 1908.

Mr. Bell was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1905.

RALPH WALDO EMERSON EDGEComb, the son of Samuel M. and Georgia (Milliken) Edgecomb, was born in Worcester, Mass., Sept. 18, 1882, and was fitted for college at the Classical High school of his native city.

After graduation, he was a member of Union Theological Seminary.

On account of the failure of his health, he went to Phoenix, Ariz., where he died of tuberculosis of the lungs, March 31, 1909.

Mr. Edgecomb was unmarried.

CORRECTIONS.

CLASS OF 1856—

Benjamin Mattice, admitted to the bar in 1864, practiced law in Mascoutah, Ill., 1866—1871, Register in Bankruptcy 1867—1871, practiced law in Pueblo, Col., until 1884.

Mrs. Mattice, with six of their nine children, survives him.

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1910/11

OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF AMHERST COLLEGE,

FOR THE

ACADEMICAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 28, 1911.

[FIFTH PRINTED SERIES No. 9.]

AMHERST, MASS.
PUBLISHED BY THE COLLEGE.

MDCCCCXI.

NOTE.

In connection with the editing of the Triennial Catalogue in Latin, in the year 1862-1863, the late Prof. E. P. Crowell was directed by the Faculty to prepare and have printed an obituary record of graduates deceased during that year: and subsequently he was instructed to prepare a similar record annually.

This was done, and four series of ten years each were completed in 1902, containing accounts of eleven hundred and eighty-three graduates, and numbering in all, ten hundred and seven pages. Eight numbers of the fifth series were also prepared by Prof. Crowell, and for this number—the ninth—nearly all the material was collected and arranged by him. Nine numbers, from 1877 to 1885, inclusive, were edited by the late Prof. J. K. Chickering, of the class of 1869. To the first two series and also to each of the third and fourth series, alphabetical indexes were added.

The oldest alumnus in graduation is Rev. Artemus Dean, D. D., Mt. Carmel, Pa., the surviving member of the class of 1842. Rev. Elijah W. Stoddard, D. D., of Succasunna, N. J., who was born April 23, 1820, is the oldest living graduate.

In this number of the *Obituary Record*, the facts in each instance have been obtained by correspondence with relatives or other intimate acquaintances of the subjects of these notices.

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Roll of Graduates Deceased During the Year 1910—1911.

GRADUATION.	AGE.
1842. ISSACHAR LEFAVOUR, ESQ., M. A.	94
1849. PROF. EDWARD HITCHCOCK, M. A., M. D., LL.D.	83
1849. WILLIAM JAMES ROLFE, M. A., LL.D.	83
1850. REV. DANIEL WORCESTER FAUNCE, D. D.	82
1853. PROF. EDWARD PAYSON CROWELL, M. A., D. D.	80
1853. REV. ELBRIDGE PEPPER, M. A.	84
1854. HEMAN GLASS, M. A.	80
1855. HON. RUFUS CHANDLER BAILEY, ESQ.	77
1855. REV. HORACE SINGLETON, ...	76
1856. REV. JOHN WILLIAM LANE, M. A.	83
1857. PRES. JACOB CRAWFORD CLAPP, D. D.	78
1857. JOHN DEWITT WEAVER, ...	77
1858. HORACE SMITH FULLER, M. A., M. D.	75
1860. REV. HENRY BULLARD, M. A., D. D.	71
1862. JOSEPH WILLARD BROWN, M. A.	71
1862. HON. GEORGE MILTON REED, ESQ.	71
1862. LUTHER DIMMICK SHEPARD, M.A., D.D.S., D.M.D.	73
1865. REV. MARTIN KELLOGG PASCO, ...	69
1867. WILLIAM WILDER WILKINS, ESQ.	65
1870. CORNELIUS GILMAN TROW, M. A., M. D.	63
1871. REV. GEORGE CRAWFORD ADAMS, M. A., D. D.	60
1872. MOSES MONTAGUE HOBART, M. A., LL. B.	65
1873. REV. RAYMOND DEWITT MALLARY, M. A., D. D.	59
1873. REV. WILLIAM VAIL WILSON DAVIS, M. A., D. D.	59
1874. GEORGE HALL BAKER, M. A.	61
1874. EMORY ADAMS HARTWELL, M. A., ...	61
1875. ARTHUR EUGENE CHAPMAN, M. A., M. D.	59
1876. MILTON BRAYTON MCKNIGHT, ...	54
1877. ROBERT ORLANDO GRAHAM, M. A., Ph. D.	58

1877.	JONATHAN LAMSON,	.	.	.	54
1881.	DANIEL NASON, ESQ.	.	.	.	52
1885.	REV. HENRY HARVEY MORSE,	.	.	.	50
1908.	WALTER LUCIEN GRAVES,	.	.	.	25
1910.	EDWARD BALDWIN,	.	.	.	21

Whole number,	34.
Average age,	66.8.

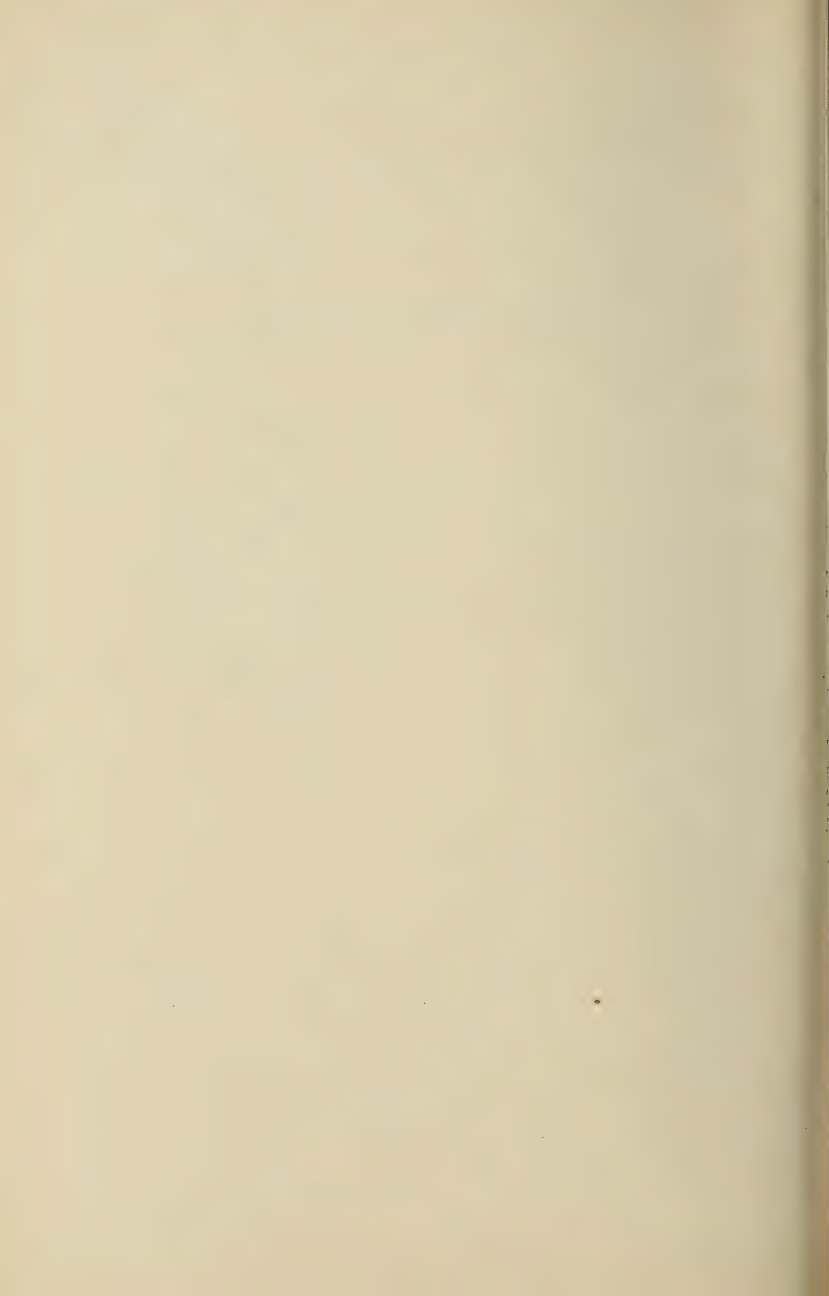
Roll of Graduates Whose Deaths Have Not Been Previously Reported.

GRADUATION.	AGE.
1863. JONATHAN GORDON BIGELOW,	70
1863. FRANKLIN CHARLES SEVERANCE, Phar. D.	72
1870. REV. WILLIAM D. PERRY,	64

Whole number,	3.
Average age,	68.6

ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

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|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1871. Adams, G. C. | 1872. Lamson, J. |
| 1855. Bailey, R. C. | 1856. Lane, J. W. |
| 1874. Baker, G. H. | 1842. Lefavour, I. |
| 1910. Baldwin, E. | 1872. Mallary, R. DeW. |
| 1863. Bigelow, J. G. | 1876. McKnight, M. B. |
| 1862. Brown, J. W. | 1885. Morse, H. H. |
| 1860. Bullard, H. | 1881. Nason, D. |
| 1875. Chapman, A. E. | 1865. Pasco, M. K. |
| 1857. Clapp, J. C. | 1853. Pepper, E. |
| 1853. Crowell, E. P. | 1870. Perry, W. D. |
| 1873. Davis, W. V. W. | 1862. Reed, G. M. |
| 1850. Faunce, D. W. | 1849. Rolfe, W. J. |
| 1858. Fuller, H. S. | 1863. Severance, F. C. |
| 1854. Glass, H. | 1862. Shepard, L. D. |
| 1877. Graham, R. O. | 1855. Singleton, H. |
| 1908. Graves, W. L. | 1870. Trow, C. G. |
| 1874. Hartwell, E. A. | 1857. Weaver, J. DeW. |
| 1849. Hitchcock, E. | 1867. Wilkins, W. W. |
| 1872. Hobart, M. M. | |



RECORD OF GRADUATES DECEASED

DURING THE YEAR 1910—1911.

CLASS OF 1842.

ISSACHAR LEFAVOUR, the son of Amos and Abigail (Dodge) Lefavour, was born in Beverly, Mass., Dec. 30, 1816, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

From 1842 to 1856 he was principal of the Briscoe grammar school, Beverly, Mass., and afterwards of the Academy in the same town, with the exception of 1846—1847, when he was a member of Andover Theological Seminary. From 1856—1874 he was principal of the high school in Ipswich, Mass., residing in Beverly. He was then a private teacher and an insurance agent and conveyancer until March, 1903. In consequence of a stroke of paralysis he was an invalid from that time until his death at Beverly, Mass., July 17, 1910.

“Mr. LeFavour always took a deep interest in the affairs of his native town, and had been on several of the town boards before Beverly was made a city. He had also been active in the religious life of the community, and was the oldest member of the Washington Street Congregational church, of which he served as deacon for more than fifty years.”

He was one of the founders and a charter member of the Gamma chapter (at Amherst) of the Psi Upsilon fraternity.

Mr. Lefavour was married, Feb. 8, 1853, to Lydia A., daughter of Asa Ober of Beverly Farms, Mass., who died June 29, 1895. Three of his five children survive him.

CLASS OF 1849.

EDWARD HITCHCOCK, the son of Edward Hitchcock, President of Amherst College, 1845—1854, and Orra (White) Hitchcock, was born in Amherst, Mass., May 23, 1828, and

was fitted for college at the Amherst Academy and Williston Seminary. He studied medicine with Doctors D. and J. Thompson, of Northampton, Mass., and in 1850 became a member of the Harvard Medical School, receiving the degree of M. D. from that institution in 1853.

From 1850—1852 he was instructor in Chemistry, Natural History and Elocution at Williston Seminary, and again from 1853—1860. From 1860—1861 he studied in London, England, as a private pupil of Sir Richard Owen, of the British Museum. In 1861 he became professor of Hygiene and Physical Education in Amherst College, and held that position until his death from angina pectoris, Feb. 15, 1911.

The Barrett gymnasium had been built in 1859, and after it had been for a short time in charge of Dr. J. W. Hooker, a graduate of Yale, it became the scene of Dr. Hitchcock's earliest labors in spreading the gospel of sound physical health among college students. He was a pioneer in the work, and the elaborate systems of physical training now in general use in colleges and universities are founded largely on his methods.

His object is thus stated, in his own words: "This department was not created, nor has it been developed for the purpose of extraordinary attention to the muscular system. Its sole object has been to keep the bodily health up to the normal standard, so that the mind may accomplish the most work, and to preserve the bodily powers in full activity for both the daily duties of college and the promised labor of a long life. At the same time, it has been equally desired that the so-called exercises of the department should be mentally as well as physically enjoyed by the students, and not be made a tedious, mechanical or heavy drill."

In the fall of 1861 Dr. Hitchcock began a great work which was to add to his fame. At this time he began to note, in the case of each freshman, the age, weight, girths of chest,

arm and forearm, and strength of upper arms, repeating the examinations at the end of each year of the course. Other measurements were added from time to time, and about twenty years later the list was considerably extended. The results first appeared in tabulated form in the *Anthropometric Manual*, published in 1887, and in the revised editions of 1889, 1893 and 1900. This system of anthropometric measurements has since been adopted by very many colleges and universities. He also originated the comparative strength tests, now in general use, and during the civil war he organized a military drill, which was of great advantage to the many students who enlisted in the Union armies.

Doctor Hitchcock was dean of the Faculty of Amherst College from 1898—1909; one of the founders, in 1885, of the American Association for the Advancement of Physical Education; its president for its first three years, and a member of its National Council for ten more.

In 1901 he was the guest of honor at a dinner of the association, at which the following vote was passed: "We express our judgment that the long-continued and high place that has been given to physical training at Amherst has been one of the strong factors in securing for physical training its present status in educational circles." In 1905 the association voted him an honorary member, in company with Dr. Sargent of Harvard, the Crown Prince of Sweden, Prof. Angelo Musso of Turin, Italy, and Prof. F. S. Schmidt of Bonn, Germany.

From 1864—1879 he was a trustee of the Northampton Lunatic Hospital, and from 1879—1906 a member of the Massachusetts State Board of Health, Lunacy and Charity. He was a member of the Board of Trustees of Mount Holyoke College from 1869 until his death; a trustee of Clark Institute, Northampton, Mass., and also a trustee of Williston Seminary from 1891. The degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him

by Amherst College in 1899 "for conspicuous services in the field of physical education." At the same Commencement a silver loving-cup was presented to him by the alumni as a token of esteem and in grateful recognition of thirty-eight years of service in Amherst College.

But one book came from the pen of Dr. Hitchcock, a work on human physiology. His contributions to the periodicals of physical education, however, have been frequent and important. A short time ago the *Physical Education Review* published a list of articles written by him which comprised eight pages of titles.

It was a short time previous to his college course that he started one of the works which made him famous. There were large quantities of papers, programs and like matter scattered about his father's house and the college buildings. He conceived the idea, which he carried out, of collecting this material and systematizing it. From this beginning grew over two hundred volumes of memorabilia, which he personally collected and arranged, covering a period of seventy-five years.

In addition to these volumes of memorabilia which the college now owns as one result of Dr. Hitchcock's work, there is another collection of a much different character and of a different kind of value. This is the collection of Indian relics which he started some years ago and which now numbers over eight thousand specimens. These are from all over the country, and the collection is considered to be one of the most complete, if not THE most complete, in the country. The memorabilia and the Indian relics were his two hobbies—a gift for either made a gift which could not be repaid.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Faculty of the college respecting Dr. Hitchcock, soon after his death :

"Called to part for a season with our beloved colleague, Edward Hitchcock, we, the Faculty of Amherst College, bid

him farewell with sorrow and with joy ; sorrow, that we must go our way bereaved of the sight of his face and the cheer of his companionship ; joy that for so long a time, until indeed we could revere him as the teacher and father of us all, a strong helpful fellow spirit has been vouchsafed us, and that in his ripe and fruitful life is so abundantly fulfilled the promise, 'Thou shalt come to thy grave in a full age, like as a shock of corn cometh in in his season.'

As teacher and leader, as brother and neighbor, as citizen and fellow-townsmen, in every relation full of the large spirit of Christ, he will henceforth be to us not a fading memory but a living presence, through the healthful inspiration that his life and work have bequeathed to us. With profound thankfulness for all this to our Heavenly Father, we lay him to rest."

At the funeral service, which was held in the College church, Feb. 18, President Harris spoke of Doctor Hitchcock as follows :

"We have come together to show our regard, yes, our reverence, for a great and noble man, whose childhood's home was here, who was graduated from this college, and who for fifty years was identified with the college, a teacher and leader of more than four thousand young men.

A life is measured not merely by its length, but even more by breadth and depth. The life of Dr. Hitchcock was not short in the reckoning of time ; yet the length of days is significant only in that which fills the speeding years. The breadth of his interest included home, the community of his neighbors in which he lived, the college he loved, the nation in its peril and in its development, the world of men. Yet his was a deep life. There was not merely breadth but intensity, keen insight, intelligent and profound sympathy.

He had a great capacity for friendship, binding everyone to him with hooks of steel. A wise man said of old, as though of him :

‘A faithful friend is a strong covert, and he that hath found him hath found a treasure.

There is nothing that can be taken in exchange for a faithful friend, and his excellency is beyond price.

He that feareth the Lord directeth his friendship aright, for as he is, so is his neighbor also.’

Dr. Hitchcock was never old; in years only was he old; in life, ever young, buoyant, hopeful, eager. He was so human, could understand another’s feelings, could get the other’s point of view, knew how boys think and act, and could help them, could steer them, and awaken them to the best things. Mentally alert, shrewd, discerning, yet kindly, sympathetic, uplifting; he was broad-minded and large-hearted. He did not know how great he was. He did not think of himself at all. He was always thinking of somebody else, giving out, helping; a humble, unselfish soul, a real Christian if ever there was one.

But he was great, in the greatness of simplicity. We think, not so much of what he did as of what he was. What he was, himself, was the power for what he did, and there was no other, nor ever will be, like him.

He had the great gifts of faith, hope, love, the love that beareth all things, believeth all things, hopeth all things, endureth all things.

So he went his large way on through the years, on the path of the just that shineth more and more unto the perfect day and now has passed on into light, an entrance surely administered abundantly to him into the everlasting kingdom of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.”

The following are among the many tributes which appeared in the daily and weekly newspapers throughout the country:

“Dr. Hitchcock will be remembered all over the land as the pioneer and Nestor of physical education. No one ever met him without being impressed by his unique personality, his keen, kindly eye, his

vigorous Anglo-Saxon speech, his shrewd common sense, his knowledge of and power over men, his overflowing vitality, his resolute honesty, his earnestness and courage, his loyalty to truth and fidelity to duty. All were compelled to recognize the reality of his religion, his child-like faith, and his close friendship with God, his Father, 'before Whom he stood,' Many a man who has struggled through college against overwhelming odds of financial, moral or spiritual difficulties or hindrances will never forget the help which he received from Dr. Hitchcock, a help known only to the two. We Amherst men know and recognize all this : but we remember him as our doctor, the one and only doctor ; and we love him most of all for his great heart. His great heart and big life infected a host of men, and won for him more friends than any other teacher in Amherst College has ever gained. To every one of us his friendship was a great and unmixed blessing. Such a life is the final and irrefutable argument for immortality."

"The death of Dr. Hitchcock, unexpected at least by us who are far from the Pelham hills, has brought sorrow, deep and sincere, to every Amherst heart. During many generations of boys at Amherst, the virile character of the Dean, his quaint mannerisms, his inspiring loyalty, his vigor unimpaired by the passing years, first compelled their interest, then won their admiration and finally gained for him a place unique in their affections. He loved the boys and they loved him.

What team came back victorious during your four years that the college did not call with one voice for a speech from "Old Doc?" What alumni dinner was a success without him? How many times do you call to mind your college days that your thoughts are not shot through with cross-lights from his personality? None, I dare say. His life is inseparably linked with the life of the college. It covered many years, and they were without exception years of hard, devoted work for the college of his choice. We find it well-nigh impossible to think of Amherst without him. Indeed, it is not without him. His hand is still, but the work in which he was the pioneer, not only at Amherst but in the United States, and which he lived to see flourishing the country over, will go on and on, an ever increasing tribute to his foresight and sound judgment. We have seen his face for the last time, but with us we have ever his examples of unswerving loyalty and devotion, of strength of character and of warmth of heart, and we, with Amherst's other sons, come to pay him homage."

"His life was largely in and of the college, but the town of Amherst, as the home of the college, shared deep in his affections. He loved Amherst; he loved the hills and the valleys, the rivers and the forests in and about it, and with them he was familiar by intimate association. No other man did more to maintain cordial relations between the town and the college. He noted with concern that the college seemed gradually drawing away from the town, and he did all in his power to counteract the tendency. He also strove to restrain the undergraduates from acts that would bring them into conflict with the townspeople.

When in 1903 Amherst decided to have an old home week celebration, Dr. Hitchcock was made a member of the committee of arrangements, and it was his earnest appeal at a special town meeting that induced the town to appropriate the money to defray the expenses. He was an enthusiastic worker, and much of the success of the celebration was due to him. He was afterward chosen president of the Old Home Week association, and at the time of his death was one of the directors and historian of the Amherst Historical Society. He was deeply interested in Amherst history and thoroughly acquainted with its traditions. He was a regular attendant at town meetings, and frequently spoke on matters that he considered of importance. He was keenly interested in the public school system, and from 1872—1875 served as a member of the school committee. He favored liberal appropriations for school teachers and school buildings, believing that it is as an educational center that the town will gain its largest growth and attain its greatest prosperity. He was a loyal friend of village improvement, advocating all measures looking toward the beautifying of the town. He was one of the incorporators of the First National bank, and served for many years on its board of directors. He was also a director of the Amherst Water company."

Doctor Hitchcock was married, Nov. 30, 1853, to Mary L., daughter of David Judson of Stamford, Conn., who with seven of their ten children survives him.

Two of his sons are graduates of the college, Doctor Edward Hitchcock, Jr., of the class of 1878, and Doctor John S. Hitchcock of the class of 1889. He is also survived by a brother, Professor Charles H. Hitchcock, LL.D., of the class of 1856, formerly Professor of Geology in Dartmouth College.

WILLIAM JAMES ROLFE, the son of John and Lydia D. (Moulton) Rolfe, was born in Newburyport, Mass., Dec. 10, 1827, and was fitted for college at the high school in Lowell, Mass.

He entered college in 1845 and took a dismissal from it in 1848 on account of ill health. The degree of A. B. was conferred upon him in 1871, and he was enrolled with his class. After teaching two months in Kirkwood Academy, Md., in 1848, he was principal of Day's Academy, Wrentham, Mass., until Dec., 1852; master of Dorchester, Mass., High School, 1852—1857; master of the High School, Lawrence, Mass., 1857—1861; principal of the High School, Salem, Mass., 1861—1862, and master of the High School, Cambridge, Mass., 1862—1868. After resigning this position he devoted himself to editorial and literary work the rest of his life.

Dr. Rolfe received the honorary degree of A. M. at Harvard in 1859, and the same degree in 1865 at Amherst, where in 1887 he received the further honor of LL.D. From 1882—1888 he was president of the Martha's Vineyard Summer Institute. He was also an instructor in the summer session of the State University of Illinois and several other summer schools, and in 1903 he was elected president of the Emerson School of Oratory. He held this office until 1908, and the rest of his life he was a lecturer in the same institution.

Dr. Rolfe died of an internal hemorrhage of the intestines at Eastville (Oak Bluffs), Mass., July 7, 1910.

“From 1869—1903 Dr. Rolfe was one of the editors of the *Popular Science News*, and for more than twenty years had charge of the department of ‘Shakespeariana,’ in the *Literary World* and the *Critic*, as one of the staff contributors of the latter. He also wrote many articles for the *North American Review*, *Arena*, *Harper's*, and other literary, scientific and educational journals.

In 1865 he published a 'Handbook of Latin Poetry,' in conjunction with J. H. Hanson, A. M., of Waterville, Me. Between 1867 and 1869, in connection with J. A. Gillet, he brought out the 'Cambridge Course in Physics,' in six volumes.

Dr. Rolfe was the author of an 'English History for Schools,' 'The Elementary Study of English,' 1896; a 'Life of Shakespeare,' 1902; 'Shakespeare, the Boy,' 1896, and 'Shakespeare Proverbs,' 1908. His first Shakespearian work was the bringing out of the edition of 'Craik's English of Shakespeare,' in 1867. Since then he may be said to have 'given his days and nights to William Shakespeare.'

In 1870, Dr. Rolfe made a school edition of 'The Merchant of Venice,' which was followed by editions of 'The Tempest,' 'Julius Caesar,' and 'Henry VIII.' An insistent call for more came from every quarter, and the edition was finally completed in forty volumes. This edition was revised in 1903—1907. No other American edition has ever met with such sales—more than half a million volumes finding ready market. It pleased Mary Cowden, an English Shakespearian, to call this the 'Friendly Edition.'

With his son, John C. Rolfe, Ph.D., professor of Latin in the University of Pennsylvania, he edited Macaulay's 'Lays of Ancient Rome.' He published a series of elementary English classics in six volumes."¹

"He also issued numerous volumes of selections from poets, Goldsmith (1875), Gray (1876), Scott (1887), Milton (1887), Wordsworth (1889), Macaulay (1888), Mrs. Browning's 'Sonnets from the Portuguese' (1886), Browning (1887), and Byron's Childe-Harold. In all these he showed taste and discretion, and some of them were widely used. A more ambitious work was the complete edition of Tennyson in twelve volumes, which he published in 1896. He also edited the Cambridge edition of Tennyson in one volume, which appeared in 1899.

¹ *Boston Evening Transcript.*

In addition to all this editorial labor, which involves an amount of work which only those who have been occupied in the same field can appreciate, he found time for a great deal of miscellaneous writing, chiefly on subjects relating to English and American literature in general and Shakespeare in particular. Many of his essays and letters used to appear in the *Critic*, and the *Nation* and the *New York Evening Post* also published many. The original book by which he is best known is his admirable 'Satchel Guide' to Europe, which he revised annually down to 1909."²

"Dr. Rolfe was a man to whom many hundreds of pupils gave credit for their appreciation of the English classics, and in whom Shakespearian students the country over recognized a master. Few men, if any, did more to popularize standard English literature in America than Dr. Rolfe, and the popularity of Shakespeare as a classic in the schools of America was due in great measure to him."¹

Dr. Rolfe was married, July 30, 1856, to Eliza J., daughter of Joseph Carew of Mattapan, Mass., who died March 19, 1900. His three sons survive him. Services in memory of Dr. Rolfe were held in Chickering Hall, Boston, Oct. 27, 1910, and a full report of the addresses on that occasion was given in a memorial number of the *Emerson College Magazine*, published November, 1910. The same periodical also contains an autobiography of Dr. Rolfe and reminiscences by John Orne, "A Life-long Friend."

CLASS OF 1850.

DANIEL WORCESTER FAUNCE, the son of Peleg and Olive (Finney) Faunce, was born in Plymouth, Mass., Jan. 3, 1829, and was fitted for college with Rev. A. Harvey in his native town.

² *Springfield Daily Republican*.

¹ *Boston Evening Transcript*.

He was a member of Columbian University, Washington, D. C., one year, and entered Amherst in 1847. He was a member of Newton Theological Seminary two years, was ordained at Somerville, Mass., June 14, 1853, and was pastor of the Baptist church there one year. His subsequent pastorates were at Worcester, Mass., 1854—1860; Malden, Mass., 1860—1866; Concord, N. H., 1866—1875; Lynn, Mass., 1875—1881; Washington, D. C., 1881—1889; West Newton, Mass., 1889—1894, and Pawtucket, R. I., 1894—1899.

He was for several years a member of the board of managers of the American Baptist Missionary Union. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Amherst College in 1880.

He died of old age and a complication of diseases in Providence, R. I., Jan. 3, 1911.

Dr. Faunce was the author of "The Christian in the World," 1875, which received the Fletcher prize of \$500 at Dartmouth College; "Words and Works of Jesus," 1867; "Words and Acts of the Apostles"; "A Young Man's Difficulties with his Bible" 1877; "The Resurrection in Nature and Revelation," 1884; "Prayer as a Theory and a Fact," 1890, which also received the Fletcher prize; "Hours with a Sceptic," 1898; "Inspiration Considered as a Trend," 1897; "Shall we believe in a Divine Providence?"; "The Christian Experience," 1880; "Advent and Ascension," and "A Mature Man's Difficulties with his Bible," 1908.

"Dr. Faunce was virile, clear, incisive and thorough as a thinker, speaker and writer. He had something to say and said it in a direct, forcible way, that left a deep and abiding impression on his hearers and readers. Dr. Faunce was an ideal Christian gentleman. None who ever knew him will forget the dignity, grace, courtliness, kindness and persuasiveness of his manners, which were but the reflex of his heart and life. In all his important pastorates his clear and sympathetic judg-

ment was highly valued, not only by his people but by the leaders of the Baptists and by the communities in which he lived, and long after leaving, his advice and opinions were sought and valued by those to whom he had formerly ministered." ¹

Dr. Faunce was married, (1) Aug. 15, 1853, to Mary P., daughter of Meltiah Perry of Bristol, R. I., who died May 7, 1888; (2) Oct. 12, 1891, to Mrs. Mary E. Tucker, daughter of William Burns of Halifax, Vt., who with four of his five sons and a step-daughter survives him.

One of his sons is Rev. William H. P. Faunce, D. D., President of Brown University.

CLASS OF 1853.

EDWARD PAYSON CROWELL, the son of Rev. Robert and Hannah (Choate) Crowell, was born in Essex, Mass., Sept. 7, 1830, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

After graduation he taught Latin and Greek in Williston Seminary for two years, and was then a tutor in Latin, Greek and Mathematics in Amherst College until December, 1856, when he became a member of Andover Theological Seminary, remaining there one year. He then returned to Amherst as instructor in Latin and German. His instructorship in German lasted until 1864. At the Commencement in 1858 he was appointed professor of the Latin Language and Literature, and held that position until 1908, when he resigned from active duty and was made professor emeritus by the trustees, "in recognition of a life work of untiring energy."

Having finished his theological studies privately, he was licensed to preach in 1859, and from 1863—1883 was one of the six stated preachers in the college chapel and church. He

¹ *The Watchman.*

also supplied the pulpits of various churches in the vicinity of Amherst, as well as at a distance, from 1859—1884. From 1880—1894 he was dean of the Faculty.

Professor Crowell was lecturer on Latin Literature at Smith College in 1876, 1877, 1880 and 1888; representative in the Massachusetts Legislature in 1879; a trustee of Monson Academy, 1882—1884; president of the Amherst Academy Trustees from 1897 until his death; a member of the American Philological Association from its founding until 1885; corresponding member of the Essex Institute, Salem, Mass., from 1859; member of the Webster Historical Society, Boston, from 1883; member of the American Philosophical Society, Philadelphia, Penn., from 1898; president of the Massachusetts Beta of Phi Beta Kappa, 1905—1907, and member of the National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C., from 1906.

The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Williams College in 1880.

He died of arterio-sclerosis in Amherst, Mass., March 25, 1911.

Professor Crowell was the editor of the *Triennial Catalogues of Amherst College*, in Latin, 1863, 1866, 1869; in English, *with addresses and occupations of the alumni*, 1875; of the *Semi-Centennial Catalogue of Amherst College*, 1872; of the *Roll of Graduates and Undergraduates of Amherst College in the U. S. Army or Navy in the Civil War*, 1871; revised and enlarged edition, 1905; of the *Annual Obituary Record of Graduates of Amherst College*, 1863—1876, and 1886—1911; and associate editor of the *Biographical Record of Alumni of Amherst College during its First Half-Century*, 1883.

He was also the editor of the following text books:

Cicero: *De Senectute* and *De Amicitia*, 1871; revised in 1873 and 1883.

Cicero: *De Officiis*, 1873; revised in 1882.

Terence: *Andria* and *Adelphoe*, 1874.

Cicero: *De Oratore*, 1879; revised in 1895; Book I, revised and enlarged in 1895.

Selections from Latin Poets, 1882; revised in 1889; Catullus revised and enlarged in 1889.

Petronius: *Cena Trimalchionis*, 1895; revised edition, 1901.

The following are some of the papers and pamphlets which he edited:

Topics connected with the origin and early history of the Latin language, 1882; revised in 1888.

Introduction to the history of Latin literature, 1884.

Chief peculiarities of the syntax and use of words in Quintilian, 1887.

Poetical selections from the Latin Bible, 1888.

Fragments of the satires of Lucilius, with notes, 1888.

Selections relating to topics in Law-Latin, 1888; revised and enlarged in 1893 and again in 1904.

The text of the *Monumentum Ancyranum*, with a brief introduction, 1889.

Introduction to the study of the Silver Age of Roman literature, 1890.

Clue to an elementary acquaintance with Latin epigraphy, 1894; revised and enlarged in 1903.

Clue to the prose writings and satire of the Silver Age of Roman literature, 1897.

Early Christian Latin prose and Biblical and early and mediaeval Christian Latin poetry, 1899.

Selections from the *De Consolatione Philosophiae* of Boethius, with brief introduction and notes, 1899.

Modern legal Latin terms and phrases, 1904.

History of the town of Essex, Mass.; completed and edited, 1868.

Biographical sketch of Hon. David Choate; reprinted from *Congregational Quarterly*, 1875.

Historical discourse at the bi-centennial anniversary of the Congregational church, Essex, Mass., 1883.

Sketch of Rev. John Cleaveland appended to "an epicedium on Mr. Josiah Cleaveland, his father, 1752," reprinted from *Transactions of Essex Institute*, Salem, 1883.

Memorial of Rev. Aaron Warner, D. D., with a partial genealogy of the Warner, Atwood and Burns families, 1884.

The commission of a privateer captain in the Revolutionary war, and a genealogy of the Salem branch of the Crowell family, 1897.

Biographical sketch of Rev. Elias Riggs, D. D., LL. D., (class of 1829, A. C.), 1899.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Faculty soon after the death of Professor Crowell :

“ Edward Payson Crowell, 1853, for fifty years professor in the college, an aggressive Christian, an appreciative scholar, a forceful teacher and preacher, a devoted and fearless citizen, an inspiring example of fortitude and cheerfulness in affliction—the Faculty of Amherst College desire to record their sense of personal loss in the death of their friend and associate, and to express their deep sympathy to the members of his family.”

At the service in the College church on Easter Sunday, April 16, President Harris in his sermon said in part :

“ When a Christian teacher, scholar, preacher, philanthropist, leader, is taken away, in the midst of his power, in the very prime of life, we have one great compelling thought of him, in spite of grief and loss, that he is transferred to some larger work, that the earthly training is preparation for a greater service. We dwell on the good things he did, on the character he had, rather than on the accidents of fortune and position, because these are the permanent things of undying value.

Or in the ripeness of years such a one is taken : Professor Crowell, a scholar, a man alive to the great social, political, religious movements of the times, groping in darkness with the loss of physical sight, yet illumined by the inner light of wisdom and wit, do we not know that he is now in the freedom of the light, that he has emerged into the perfect day ? ”

The following appreciation of Professor Crowell was written by Professor William L. Cowles :

“ Almost before some of the floral emblems seen at the funeral of Dr. Hitchcock have lost their beauty comes the sad news to Amherst

College alumni that another of the honored teachers of their student days has gone to the reward of those who have done good and faithful service. Two years ago last June Professor Crowell was made professor emeritus. After that date he had no regular class-room work, but did not lose in the slightest degree his interest in keeping thoroughly informed about all that was going on in the college world.

At the alumni dinner in June, which marked the date of his retirement, a loving cup filled with gold coin was presented to him from the large number of graduates who had taken his courses, and who thus expressed their appreciation for a teacher who for more than half a century had loyally devoted all his strength and thought to the education of young men for good citizenship. With the gifts for the cup came hundreds of letters with affectionate words of greeting and praise from a long list of men now doing splendid work in this and foreign lands. Professor Crowell might well be proud of these marks of appreciation, and his last three years were undoubtedly made much brighter by the knowledge of what these letters contained. Like Dr. Hitchcock, he also had the great privilege of knowing the feeling of the alumni for himself and his work, before it was too late to derive well-earned satisfaction from it. Professor Crowell had a very alert mind, and until quite recently an untiring energy, a combination which enabled him to perform a great amount of work. Even to the very last he kept acquainted to an amazing degree with the best literature of the day, and had a remarkable knowledge of current events.

His religious nature was highly developed and very manifest in all that he did. He had a profound love for the church and all its ordinances. Nothing but illness ever kept him away from all religious services; till the very last of his life, only a week or two, he could regularly be found in his accustomed place. For many years he was an acceptable preacher in the college pulpit, and was often asked to supply in the neighboring parishes when they were without a settled pastor. All who heard him preach will recall his forceful, rapid utterance, and the clear, definite language in which he expressed his thoughts. His hearers never had any difficulty in understanding his views concerning any subject upon which he spoke. In the mid-week meeting he was always ready to do his part and contribute to the interest and spiritual value of the assembly, and the sincerity of what he said was most apparent. He was especially interested in

the students who were studying for the ministry, and many graduates of the college now in that profession will gratefully testify to his readiness and desire to assist them in any possible way.

Although naturally his most absorbing thought was for the college and his work in it, he was also very public-spirited. All his friends and acquaintances knew that they could count on him to support any measures which promised to contribute to the welfare and prosperity of the town, whether it be by casting his vote, by generous contributions when funds were needed, by writing articles for the local paper, by discussion with the best and most influential citizens, or by the use of all his personal influence. He seemed to consider it his solemn duty not only to do all in his power for the community, but also to urge others to do the same. How much he rejoiced in any evidence of real prosperity in the town; how impatient he was when citizens seemed too indifferent to needed reforms! And his interest extended beyond the town of Amherst, for he served most acceptably in the public capacity of representative in the State Legislature.

In the death of Professor Crowell, Amherst suffers the loss of one of its most highly respected and valued citizens. Amherst college is poorer by the departure of one of its most scholarly, conscientious and loyal teachers, who for more than fifty years devoted all his thought and energy to its service; his many friends are deprived of a man who has been a strong influence in their lives for higher ideals of scholarship, for nobler living, and who by his wonderful fortitude in meeting misfortunes has given them greater courage to face the trials which come into the life of every one—a man whose memory will be cherished for years to come, and whose departure from this mortal life will bring a deep sense of personal loss to a large number outside of his own family circle."

The class of 1910 dedicated their annual, the *Olio*, to Professor Crowell. In speaking of him, the editors say:

"It seems to us, and to all who have felt its influence, a life typical of the studious gentleman and the earnest Christian, a life helpful to many and detrimental to none, a life which in its steadfast singleness of purpose and devotion to duty we may well emulate. We cannot add anything to so rich and profitable a life, but we can express our appreciation of it and our esteem for the man who is living it, by dedicating to him, who has dedicated so many years of his life to the service of our alma mater, this our undergraduate record of the past year."

Another undergraduate tribute is as follows :

"For an even half century Edward Payson Crowell was known to successive generations of Amherst men as a teacher and a friend, and although of late years we had been deprived of his guidance in the class-room, yet his presence among us has still been felt, and his influence has still been potent. He was one of the old guard of Amherst men and teachers, one of those who had grown up with the college and had seen its rise almost from its humble beginnings through its vicissitudes of growth to its present position of power. He loved the college and all who were connected with it, and his dearest work, to which he gave his untiring efforts, was for the preservation of the records of its early years and of those who had been sheltered within its walls.

The value of his life and work to Amherst is inestimable. Steadfast in purpose and devoted to duty, his life was an ever-present source of inspiration for the better things to all who knew him, to every Amherst man. Trained from youth for the ministry and the teaching profession, throughout his life, a life typical of the scholar and of the gentleman, in the highest sense he ministered to all, and by his own example taught to all who came in contact with him the lesson of true, earnest and Christian living."

Professor Crowell was married, Aug. 13, 1861, to Mary H., daughter of Rev. Aaron Warner, D. D., (Professor of Rhetoric and Oratory and English Literature in Amherst College, 1844—1853), who died March 9, 1903. Four of his five children survive him. His son, Robert W. Crowell, is a graduate of Amherst, of the class of 1889.

ELBRIDGE PEPPER, the son of John and Eunice (Hutchinson) Pepper, was born in Ware, Mass., April 20, 1827, and was fitted for college at Worcester, Mass., Academy.

After graduation, he taught for a few months in South Amherst, Mass., and then for a year in Winchester, Ill. From 1855—1857 he was in feeble health, spending part of the time in travel, and for a year he resided in Chicopee and Ware, Mass.

In 1857, after teaching for a few months in Webster, Mass., he became a member of Newton Theological Seminary, graduated there in 1860, was ordained at Effingham, N. H., on Dec. 5 of that year and was pastor there until 1863. His subsequent pastorates were at Farmington, Me., 1863—1867; Eastport, Me., 1867—1871; Bradford, N. H., 1871—1882, and at South Norridgewock, Me., 1882—1890. From 1890—1893 he was postmaster at South Norridgewock, Me., and then lived in retirement in that place until 1904. From 1904 he resided in Madison, Me., until his death in 1911.

Mr. Pepper was married, May 10, 1864, to Hannah M., daughter of George W. Lincoln of Albion, Me., who

He is survived also by a brother, Rev. George D. B. Pepper, D. D., LL. D., of the class of 1857.

CLASS OF 1854.

HEMAN GLASS, the son of George W. and Eunice H. (Jones) Glass, was born in Stephentown, N. Y., Oct. 1, 1830, and was fitted for college at the Genesee Wesleyan Seminary, Lima, N. Y.

He was a member of Williams College three years, and entered Amherst in the fall of 1853.

After graduation, he was a teacher in the Henry Street grammar school, New York city, for one year, studied law for two years at Honeoye Falls, N. Y., was admitted to the bar at Rochester, N. Y., in March, 1857, and practiced his profession in Omaha, Neb., 1858—1864.

He was an editor in New York city one year, but in 1865 moved to Rochester, N. Y., and engaged in the hardware business for about two years. He then retired from business on account of ill health and engaged in farming at Hanford's Landing, N. Y. (making a particular study of seeds and fruit

culture) until 1881, when he organized the Heman Glass Seed Company, and was its president until 1905.

Mr. Glass was a member of the New York Assembly 1875—1876, edited a political paper and often wrote for the press.

He became a member of the Central Presbyterian church of Rochester, N. Y., in 1865, was one of its elders for thirty-five years, established the Friendship Bible class of its Sunday School, and was its teacher for thirty-two years.

“His early culture and broad education, both in the schools and in the world of affairs, eminently fitted Mr. Glass for the counsel and direction of the young. He was not only a cultured and competent instructor, but was also a sympathetic friend. His influence was ever for good, and his precept and example had a definite and marked effect upon the community with which he was so intimately associated for nearly half a century.”¹

He died of neuralgia of the heart at Greece (a suburb of Rochester), N. Y., March 4, 1911.

Mr. Glass was married May 10, 1859, to Lucy A., daughter of Hon. T. G. Goodwill of Omaha, Neb., who with five of their six children survives him.

CLASS OF 1855.

RUFUS CHANDLER BAILEY, the son of Moses and Anne (Chandler) Bailey, was born in Auburn, Me., July 28, 1833, and was fitted for college at Littlefield, Waterville and Auburn, Me., Academies. He entered the Scientific Department at Amherst in 1854.

After graduation he was engaged in civil engineering until 1858. During a part of this time he was surveyor for the Rockford and Kenosha R. R. (now a part of the Northwestern), residing in Rockford, Ill. He then studied law with Hon.

¹ *Rochester Union and Advertiser.*

William Lathrop of Rockford, Ill., and was admitted to the bar Aug. 18, 1860. He practiced his profession in Rockford, Ill., until Aug. 15, 1873, when he was appointed Judge of Probate of Winnebago Co., Ill., a position which he held until Dec. 3, 1906. After his retirement he continued to reside in Rockford until his death from old age in the Pennoyer Sanitarium at Kenosha, Wis., Oct. 29, 1910.

"As judge of the probate court, Judge Bailey did more to conserve the property rights and interests of the widows and minor children than any other man in the county. The confidence they had in his judgment and their respect for the man obtained throughout his long term of public service, and he could have remained upon the bench until the close of his days, had his health permitted. It was his privilege to keep people out of court, and he did it in the gentlest manner, forcing them to adjust their differences peaceably.

He was always considerate for the insane, and he seemed to exercise a comforting influence over the poor nerve-racked patients brought before him. He was instrumental in having passed the humane law whereby a patient could be examined by a medical commission instead of a public ordeal of a jury and a crowded court room.

When an obstreperous boy or girl was brought into court, he was not a stern judge, but a kind father who looked into the future of the child, and instead of a jail or reform school sentence, they were generally sent back to their homes for another trial.

His integrity was incorruptible, and his friendship disinterested and loyal to the end. Judge Bailey's life was law in its highest and most dignified expression, and the justice of his rulings and fairness to all the people regardless of party, will remain a living tribute to his memory."¹

¹ *The Rockford Daily Register-Gazette.*

Judge Bailey was married, Oct. 5, 1885, to Mrs. Emma L. Trufant, daughter of Joseph Faulkner of Rockford, Ill., who died April 11, 1905. He is survived by a step-daughter, Mrs. Henry Burpee of Rockford, Ill.

HORACE LEONARD SINGLETON, the son of Henry and Mary A. W. (Reynolds) Singleton, was born in Portsmouth, Va., Dec. 27, 1833, and was fitted for college with Edward Wyman, LL. D., class of 1835, principal of the St. Louis, Mo., English and Classical High School.

He studied theology at Princeton Seminary, 1856—1859, and was ordained as evangelist by the Presbytery of Upper Missouri in October, 1860. He was acting pastor at Chilliscothe, Mo., 1860—1862; pastor of Broadway Presbyterian church, Baltimore, Md., 1862—1863; acting pastor at Bel Air, Md., 1863—1864; at Baltimore, Md., 1864—1865; and pastor at Wilmington, N. C., 1866—1871. He was editor of *Good News* and *The Alliance*, Baltimore, Md., 1872—1874. From that time he was without charge, residing in Baltimore, Md., 1874—1887, and then in New York city until his death from heart disease, July 13, 1910. Mr. Singleton was joint author of *The Monumental City; its Past History and Present Resources*.

Mr. Singleton was married, Oct. 20, 1863, to Martha C., daughter of George W. Morling of Baltimore, Md., who with their two children survives him.

CLASS OF 1856.

JOHN WILLIAM LANE, the son of Charles and Hannah (French) Lane, was born in South Newmarket (now Newfield's), N. H., Sept. 7, 1827, and was fitted for college at the Merrimac Normal Institute, Pembroke Academy and Franklin Seminary, N. H. He was a member of Princeton University one year, and entered Amherst in the fall of 1853.

After graduation, he studied theology at Andover Seminary, and graduated there in 1859. Mr. Lane was instructor in Elocution at Amherst College from 1858—1861, carrying on this work for two years after he became pastor at Whately, Mass., where he was installed and ordained Oct. 17, 1860. This pastorate lasted until May 1, 1878, when he became pastor of the church in North Hadley, Mass. He continued in that relation until May 7, 1911, when he resigned his pastorate, only a week before his death.

He died of pneumonia in North Hadley, Mass., May 13, 1911.

Mr. Lane served in the Civil War for some time, under the auspices of the U. S. Christian Commission.

During his pastorate in North Hadley, Mr. Lane was instructor in Elocution at the Massachusetts Agricultural College, Amherst, from 1885—1890. He was a member of the Hadley, Mass., school board for a number of years, vice-president of the board of trustees of Hopkins Academy, Hadley, and a member of the same board at the time of his death.

“ Mr. Lane’s was a rounded-out life, eighty-three years, spent largely in doing for others. Often it was done at the sacrifice of his own strength and time, but where he felt that there was an opportunity to be of service, there he was always found. His was a versatile character. He was a superior teacher of elocution, having taught that subject in both colleges in Amherst, and helped many a man to win the prize at the annual prize-speakings. He was a skilled carpenter, and most of his spare moments were spent in making repairs about the parsonage or church. Bartlett chapel might almost be called a memorial to him, for it was the product of many months of thought, planning and faithful labor on his part. He could not tolerate half-heartedness in his work. The plans must be carried out to full completeness. He always aimed toward perfection.

He was an enthusiastic gardener, and the friends who received gifts of fruit and vegetables which his hands had cultivated are numberless. He was also a competent advisor in matters pertaining to schools.”¹

Mr. Lane was married Aug. 26, 1868, to Mary, daughter of Samuel Haynes of Townsend, Mass., who with five of their eight children survives him.

CLASS OF 1857.

JACOB CRAWFORD CLAPP, the son of Capt. Joshua and Delilah (Hoffman) Clapp, was born in Alamance, N. C., Sept. 5, 1832, and was fitted for college with Rev. George W. Walker, D. D., and at Catawba College Preparatory Dept., Newton, N. C.

After graduation he was a teacher, one year each, at Alamance, N. C., and at Bolton's Depot, Miss.

He studied theology privately, was ordained in May, 1869, was pastor of the German Reformed church in Newton, N. C., 1867—1890, and frequently preached in other churches the rest of his life.

He was professor of Latin and Greek, and later professor of Mental and Moral Science and History in Catawba College, 1860—1868. He was president of the same institution 1868—1908, continuing to teach there from that time until his death from disease of the heart, July 2, 1910.

The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Ursinus College, Penn., in 1883.

Dr. Clapp was constable and lieutenant under the Confederate government during the Civil War, and afterward justice of the peace and register, under the U. S. government. He was editor-in-chief of the *History of the German Reformed Church in North Carolina*.

¹ *The Springfield Republican.*

Dr. Clapp was married, July 4, 1860, to Emma S., daughter of Pearson V. Lewis of Bolton's Depot, Miss., who with eight of their eleven children survives him.

JOHN DEWITT WEAVER, the son of John and Sally (Kellogg) Weaver, was born in Penfield, N. Y., May 16, 1833, and was fitted for college at Penfield Academy and the Grammar school in Rochester, N. Y. He was a member of Genesee College one year, and entered Amherst in 1854.

He studied medicine at Worcester, Mass., 1858—1859. On account of the failure of his health he abandoned medical studies and was a farmer in Penfield, N. Y., until 1893, when he removed to Rochester, N. Y.

Mr. Weaver was stricken with apoplexy March 17, 1906, and after several attacks of paralysis at intervals, he died at the Hahnemann Hospital in Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 29, 1910.

Mr. Weaver was married, March 19, 1862, to Nancy E., daughter of Phedrus Carter of Penfield, N. Y., who with their seven children survives him.

CLASS OF 1858.

HORACE SMITH FULLER, the son of Joseph and Cordelia (Smith) Fuller, was born in Suffield, Conn., April 10, 1835, and was fitted for college at the Connecticut Literary Institution in his native town.

After graduation, he was a teacher in Williamsburg, Mass., 1859—1860, in Kentucky 1860—1861, in the Literary Institution, Suffield, Conn., 1861—1862, and in Prof. Charlier's French Institute, New York city, in 1864.

He studied medicine at Harvard Medical School, 1863—1864, and at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York city, 1864—1865, receiving the degree of M. D. from that institution in 1865. Dr. Fuller was commissioned Acting Asst.

Surgeon, U. S. A., March 30, 1865, was ordered to McDougal General Hospital, Fort Schuyler, N. Y., Harbor, and was honorably discharged at the closing of the hospital, Aug. 18, 1865. He was a practicing physician in Hartford, Conn., from 1865 until his death from heart disease, Dec. 30, 1910.

In 1876 he was made a member of the health committee of Hartford, and was its chairman about seven years.. In 1879 he was appointed Surgeon-General on the staff of Gov. Charles B. Andrews, his classmate in college. He was coroner of the city for many years, and after a change in the law was appointed medical examiner, and held that office until his death. For more than a quarter of a century he was visiting physician at the Hartford hospital. He was president of the Hartford County Medical Society for several years, and was a member of the examining committee of the Connecticut Medical Society from its beginning until his death, and its chairman four years. From 1873—1885 he was a member of the Board of U. S. Pension Examiners. He was dean of the medical profession in Hartford from Jan. 3, 1910.

He was a member of the Robert O. Tyler Post, No. 50, G. A. R.

Dr. Fuller made valuable contributions to medical literature, and his practice was extensive until the gradual failure of his eyesight. He was a recognized authority in local medical circles on affections of the heart, and was frequently called in consultation in such cases. Dr. Fuller was connected with the Hartford Archaeological Society, was especially known as a collector of old porcelain and pottery, and was a pioneer in that line of antiquarian research. He gave his collection, which was one of the best of its kind in New England, to the Wadsworth Athenaeum in 1905.

From 1867 he was a member of the Central church in Hartford, Conn.

Dr. Fuller was never married.

CLASS OF 1860.

HENRY BULLARD, the son of Rev. Artemas Bullard, D. D., class of 1826, and Anne T. (Jones) Bullard, was born in St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 23, 1839, and was fitted for college at Webster College, Webster, Mo.

After graduation, he studied theology at Andover Seminary, graduating there in 1863, and was ordained Oct. 1 of that year. He was pastor at Wayland, Mass., 1863—1868, and then of the Westminster Presbyterian Church in St. Joseph, Mo., until his death from gastritis, May 17, 1911.

The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Westminster College, Penn., in 1883. In 1863 and again in 1865 he was in the service of the U. S. Christian Commission.

Doctor Bullard served for several terms on the board of directors of the St. Joseph, Mo., public library.

He was greatly interested in educational work, and was a trustee for three colleges—that at Highland, Kan., and of the Westminster and Park Colleges in Missouri. He was also a moderator of the Missouri synod when it met in St. Louis. In many ways he was the most influential member of the presbytery of St. Joseph, being chairman of its foreign missionary committee, and frequently giving illustrated lectures on the mission work in China.

Doctor Bullard was married Aug. 30, 1871, to Helen N., daughter of Rev. Henry A. Nelson, D. D., of Geneva, N. Y., who died Dec. 31, 1900. Two of his four children survive him. One son, Henry N. Bullard, a member of the class of 1896, died in 1908.

CLASS OF 1862.

JOSEPH WILLARD BROWN, the son of Joseph and Mary (Porter) Brown, was born in Abington, Mass., May 21, 1839, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

He entered college in 1858 and remained one year. Obtaining leave of absence, he taught in Abington, Mass., until May 24, 1861, when he enlisted in Company K, Seventh regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, was transferred to the U. S. Signal Corps and served as Sergeant until July 15, 1864, when he was promoted Second Lieutenant, and served under Generals McClellan, McDowell, Hunter and Dix, at Washington, Fredericksburg, Shenandoah Valley, Beaufort and in the siege of Suffolk.

In 1865 he was assigned to the staff of General P. E. Connor, as chief signal officer of the Powder River Indian Expedition through Wyoming and Montana. It was during this expedition that he was known by the Indians as "Chief Walk-Fast." He was in command of Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., Fort Leavenworth, Kans., and Fort Laramie, Wyoming.

He was mustered out at Washington, D. C., Dec. 19, 1865.

After engaging in the grocery business at Abington, Mass., 1865—1868, he was a teacher in Derby Academy, Hingham, Mass., 1868—1870, and in the high schools of Milton and Hyde Park, Mass., 1870—1874. He became sub-master of the Emerson School, East Boston, Mass., in 1874, and was made master of the same school in 1890, which position he held until Aug. 31, 1910, when he retired from teaching, and resided in Stoneham, Mass., until his death from heart disease, Dec. 7, 1910.

Amherst College conferred upon him the honorary degree of M. A. in 1871, and the degree of B. A. in 1889, and enrolled him with his class.

Mr. Brown was the organizer of the U. S. Veteran Signal Corps Association in 1867, and its first president. He was again president in 1868, 1881 and 1882, and for many years its historian. He was the author of the history, "*The Signal Corps, U. S. A., in the War of the Rebellion*," which was published in 1896.

At the time of his death he was department commander of the G. A. R. in Massachusetts, to which position he had been elected in April, 1910.

National Commander-in-Chief John E. Gilman of the G.A.R. in speaking of Mr. Brown, said: "What can I say of Commander Brown except that he was a perfect man, a splendid soldier, an honest citizen, a manly man and a most excellent and prudent commander. He was beloved by all his comrades, but besides that, he was greatly beloved and revered by the thousands of Bostonians who were under his direction during their school days in the schools of Boston, where he had been an eminent educator for many years."

Mr. Brown was married, June 11, 1861, to Lucia E., daughter of Matthew Reed of Abington, Mass., who died April 10, 1889. Five of his six children survive him.

GEORGE MILTON REED, the son of Samuel and Caroline (Nash) Reed, was born in Weymouth, Mass., Jan. 8, 1840, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town and at Hanover Academy, Hanover, Mass.

After graduation he taught school for one year, and then studied law in the office of Chandler and Shattuck, Boston, Mass., and six months in the Harvard Law School.

He was admitted to the bar in January, 1871, and practiced his profession in Boston from that time until his death, which resulted from a surgical operation at the Charlesgate Hospital, Cambridge, Mass., April 11, 1911.

Since 1870 he had been Associate Justice of the Dorchester, Mass., Municipal Court.

"At the Harvard School of Law, Judge Reed, as he had been called by his associates and friends for well-nigh a generation, not only displayed an unremitting zeal, but developed a particularly legal acumen which always stood him in good stead.

For a considerable period he represented the Boston *Advertiser* in the higher courts in a reportorial capacity, The quality of this service was so unusual at that period that his reports savored of authority. His increasing practice, however, subsequently compelled him to abandon this field of action and to devote his time to purely professional work, in which he was eminently successful. Even in the later years of his life he remained the confidential adviser to many considerable estates, which was the special line of his life's work.

Mr. Reed had the confidence and friendship of many of the old-school merchants and traders, actively identified with the city's progress in the seventies and eighties.

Personally, Judge Reed was a man of quiet, unostentatious social enjoyment, beloved and revered by his community, always sterling in his honesty and endeared to the hearts of those who knew him best."

Mr. Reed was married, Jan. 28, 1903, to Emma M. Estabrooks, daughter of John W. Estabrooks, of Dorchester, Mass., who survives him. No children.

LUTHER DIMMICK SHEPARD, the son of Rev. John W. and Eliza (Burns) Shepard, was born in Windham, Maine, Sept. 11, 1837, and was fitted for college at Nashua, N. H. High School and Phillips (Andover) Academy.

He entered college in 1858, obtained leave of absence at the end of sophomore year, but, owing to adverse circumstances, was unable to return. In 1868 he received the degree of M. A., and in 1871 the degree of B. A. was conferred upon him and he was enrolled with his class.

He was a member of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, and received from it the degree of D. D. S. in 1861. He practiced his profession in Bristol, N. H., 1861—1862, in Amherst, Mass., 1862—1865, in Salem, Mass., 1865—1867, and

in Boston, Mass., from 1867 until his death from angina pectoris, January 26, 1911.

He was one of the organizers of the Connecticut Valley Dental Association, and its secretary and afterward its president; first vice-president of the American Dental Association, and in 1879 its president; corresponding secretary of the Massachusetts Dental Society; president of the Merrimac Valley Dental Association; recording secretary of the American Academy of Dental Science; president of the Massachusetts Board of Registration in Dentistry, 1887—1892; president of the National Association of Dental Examiners of the World's Columbian Dental Congress, Chicago, 1893; and a member of the Boston Society of Natural History.

He was one of a committee appointed by the Massachusetts Dental Society in 1867 to prepare and lay before the government of Harvard University a memorial on the subject of organizing a dental department; and on the establishment of this department he drafted the plan of the Dental School, and was appointed in 1868 to the chair of adjunct professor of Operative Dentistry, which he held until 1882.

He edited and published the transactions of the American Dental Association for the years 1865—1866, and contributed largely to various professional journals. The degree of D.M.D. was conferred upon him by Harvard University in 1879.

Doctor Shepard was married, Oct. 5, 1871, to Josephine, daughter of Edwin C. Bailey of Boston, who with one of their two sons survives him.

CLASS OF 1865.

MARTIN KELLOGG PASCO, the son of Theodore P. and Fanny (Kellogg) Pasco, was born in Hadley, Mass., Dec. 15, 1841, and was fitted for college at Hopkins Academy in his native town.

The first year after graduation he was principal of Penfield Seminary, N. Y. He was a member of Hartford Theological Seminary 1866—1867, was licensed to preach in June, 1867, studied at Lane Theological Seminary, Cincinnati, Ohio, 1868—1869, was ordained at Vermilion, Ohio, Nov. 23, 1869, and was pastor there 1869—1870. The next year he spent in Minnesota. He was pastor at Marysville, Ohio, 1871—1872; at St. Johns, Mich., 1872—1873; at West Williamsfield, Ohio, 1873—1875; acting pastor at Belpre, Ohio, 1877—1879; at Glyndon, Minn., 1881—1883; at Brownston, Minn., 1883—1893, and at Berea, Ky., 1893—1909. He then retired from the active ministry on account of ill-health. For a short time he also taught in Berea College, Ky.

He died of cystitis at Berea, Ky., March 31, 1911.

Mr. Pasco was married, May 21, 1872, to Ellen P., daughter of Deacon John Guthrie of Marysville, Ohio, who with four of their five children survives him.

CLASS OF 1867.

WILLIAM WILDER WILKINS, the son of James W. and Julia A. (Gould) Wilkins, was born in Peabody, Mass., Dec. 7, 1845, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town.

After graduation, he studied law with Hon. J. C. Perkins of Brockton, Mass., and Hon. John D. Long of Boston, 1871—1872, was admitted to the bar in November, 1872, and practiced his profession at Brockton, Mass. 1873—1888.

In 1888 he retired from active practice of the law, and removed to Comstock, Texas, where he engaged in the ranch business.

He died of Bright's disease at Little Rock, Ark., Feb. 6, 1911.

Mr. Wilkins was never married.

CLASS OF 1870.

CORNELIUS GILMAN TROW, the son of Doctor Nathaniel G. and Catherine (Brooks) Trow, was born in Buckland, Mass., March 1, 1847, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

He studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University, New York City, and received the degree of M. D. from it in 1872. He practiced his profession in Sunderland, South Deerfield, Whately and other neighboring towns in Massachusetts during the rest of his life.

He died of oedema of the lungs in Sunderland, Mass., Oct. 7, 1910.

For twenty-five years Doctor Trow was a member of the school board of Sunderland, and for a large part of that time its chairman. He was a trustee and the treasurer of the Graves library for a number of years. During the long residence of Dr. Trow in Sunderland he enjoyed an extensive practice and entered into those confidential and intimate relations between physician and patient which arise during a long career as practitioner. On his sixtieth birthday Dr. Trow was tendered a reception in the town hall by the people of the towns where he practiced, which was a fine tribute to a faithful physician and citizen.

"The occasion was in every respect a most happy one, and the modest recipient of the honors so freely showered on him could but feel deeply touched by the manifestations of friendship and regard shown by so large a number of those among whom his lot was cast for so many years. Aside from the verbal expressions of congratulation and esteem, there were tokens of a substantial nature."¹

Dr. Trow was married (1) June 5, 1872, to Genevra A., daughter of Samuel A. Shaw of Springfield, Mass., who died Feb. 20, 1904; (2) to Almira B., daughter of Jehial H. Baker of Oakland, Cal., who survives him. No children.

¹ *Springfield Republican.*

CLASS OF 1871.

GEORGE CRAWFORD ADAMS, the son of Samuel and Mary B. (Martin) Adams, was born in Castine, Me., March 7, 1850, and was fitted for college in the high school in his native town.

After teaching one year at Meriden and Wallingford, Conn., he studied at Yale Divinity School, and graduated there in 1875. Aug. 18, 1875, he was ordained at Hillsboro, Ill., was pastor there until 1877, at Alton, Ill., 1877—1881, and at St. Louis, Mo., 1881—1896. There he established Pilgrim Church Mission, which developed into Compton Hill Congregational Church. From 1896 he was pastor of First Church, San Francisco, Cal., until his death from apoplexy, Sept. 3, 1910.

“Dr. Adams was a man of such abounding vitality that more years of fruitful activity seemed probable in his case. Undoubtedly the strain of the past few years connected with reorganizing his great church in San Francisco after the disaster wrought by the earthquake told upon an unusually vigorous constitution.

He fulfilled worthily the ministerial calling devoted chiefly to leadership of two of the greatest cities of the land, St. Louis and San Francisco. He also participated in denominational affairs, and was a frequent attendant upon national and state meetings.”¹

A GREAT WORK FOR “FRISCO.”

By Rev. George L. Parker.

“Dr. Adams was a warrior-minister of God and a Christian gentleman. His geniality was one of his outstanding traits and connected of course with other qualities, that warmth of his has shone from West to East, kindling responses from other hearts all the way across our continent. He was a good

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

listener to the cry of need, perplexity and sorrow. I remember going to him once with a problem. He did not lift his voice until I had entirely finished all that I had to say, never once interrupted me with a question. He was studying *me* rather than the *problem*, in order to base his reply, not on circumstances, but on the personality in the center of the circumstances. When I was through he said little more than 'I will do what you wish.' But he made me feel that he well understood his reasons for this brief but vital conclusion.

Behind the sunlight of his nature there was also great power. He built up a midweek meeting of large proportions, where men were conspicuous by their presence, in the city where other churches are often amazed at a bare handful of men even on Sunday. His Bible-teaching and his sermons were a fine combination of doctrine and practical helpfulness. One has reported to me her conclusion thus: 'He never preached anything but Christ.'

The First Congregational Church was only a little shaken by the earthquake, while the fire at least left the walls standing. Dr. Adams saw here a vast opportunity, and his people, catching his inspiration, caused First Church to be indeed first in rising from the ruins. It was done; there was power in the man. One cannot speak briefly of his long pastorate, nor of his larger influence in San Francisco. Suffice it now to say that church and city have lost a leader, one who by quiet persistence made not himself but his Master better known on both sides of our land. With his gentleness upholding one side of his character and consecrated power strengthening the other, 'his hands were steady until the going down of the sun.'

When God's Israel shall prevail against evil in San Francisco, as it surely is doing, it will be because George C. Adams was one of the chief of those who stood visibly forward and cried, so that men understood him, that a better day was bound to come."¹

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

Doctor Adams was a trustee of Illinois College, which conferred the degree of D. D. upon him in 1888, and was also a trustee of Drury College, Mo. He was especially active in the missionary enterprises of the Congregational Church, as a member of the Board of Directors of the St. Louis Congregational City Missionary Society, and as chairman of the State Home Missionary Society of Missouri.

Doctor Adams was the author of 'Life of Hon. Warren Currier, an Honest Lawyer.'

Doctor Adams was married, May 22, 1875, to Mercie P., daughter of Otis S. Shepardson of West Brooksville, Maine, who with seven of their eleven children survives him.

CLASS OF 1872.

MOSES MONTAGUE HOBART, the son of Edmund and Esther P. (Montague) Hobart, was born in Amherst, Mass., March 26, 1846, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

He was a member of Columbia University Law School, 1872—1873, travelled in Europe for a year, again studied at Columbia University Law School, 1874—1875, receiving the degree of LL.B. from that institution June 15, 1875, and was admitted to the bar in New York and Massachusetts in the same year.

He practiced his profession at Cleveland, Ohio, from 1875—1904, when he retired from active practice. He died of a complication of diseases at Cleveland, Ohio, May 13, 1911.

Mr. Hobart was appointed by President Hayes supervisor of the United States census for the sixth district of Ohio in 1880, was clerk to the mayor of Cleveland, 1881—1882, and in 1888 was elected president of the Cleveland City Council.

Mr. Hobart was married, Dec. 5, 1882, to Elizabeth W., daughter of James M. Peckham of Lebanon, Conn., who with their two children survives him.

RAYMOND DEWITT MALLARY, the son of Lyman and Theresa (French) Mallary, was born in Fulton, N. Y., Sept. 28, 1851, but his infancy and boyhood were spent in Brooklyn, N. Y. He was fitted for college at Genesee Wesleyan Seminary, Lima, N. Y., and Adelphi Academy, Brooklyn, N. Y. He was a member of Genesee College (afterward Syracuse University) one year, and entered Amherst in 1869.

After studying law one year in New York city, he entered Union Theological Seminary, and graduated from there in 1876. He was ordained Oct. 12, 1876, at Williamsport, Pa., was pastor there 1876—1878; of the Woodward Avenue Congregational Church, Detroit, Mich., 1878—1879; at Lenox, Mass., 1879—1888, and at Housatonic, Mass., 1899—1908.

In July, 1908, Doctor Mallary was inaugurated president of the American International College, Springfield, Mass., and held that position until his death from dilation of the heart, Jan. 29, 1911.

“A great part of his work at the International College will never be realized, for the reason that he gave so much of himself to the interests of the students. But in the institution itself the idea with which he began his work and which became the spirit of the college was ‘To raise through its college and missionary departments an educated Christian leadership among the immigrant population; to develop among them an intelligent American citizenship by indoctrinating their minds and hearts with the spirit of American institutions.’ He was so proud of his American citizenship that his enthusiasm was as influential as the college teachings in bringing young men and women to the knowledge of the best principles of citizenship.

He often said that the International College was serving the country by solving one of its greatest problems, ‘What to do with the emigrant.’ With this in view he took up the work of education and toward the close of his career in the institution

he made this doctrine popular among even citizens who did not look favorably on the inrush of foreigners. He built up the college's department of citizenship and added to it institutions that would make the students familiar with conditions of American life." ¹

The February issue of *Immigration*, a magazine published monthly by the American International College, which was in part a memorial number to Doctor Mallery, contained a short sketch of his life, resolutions by the Board of Trustees, Faculty and students, and numerous individual expressions of esteem. The following extracts are from this issue, the latter from the resolutions of the Board of Trustees.

"With much to contend against, Doctor Mallery had gathered helpers around him, had given the college a new impetus toward the achievement of its unique work, and had won a large place in the hearts of the Trustees, of the Faculty and of the students. The obstacles which had faced him were going out one by one, as the catholic temper of the man and the deep and enduring significance of the work made their impression on the public mind. To him was given the vision of a great work for the foreign peoples in our land ; it remains for others to take up the unfinished task and realize the dream."

"Doctor Mallery came in response to our call at a time when the college was at an almost desperate crisis in its history. He saw clearly the situation and he saw also the great significance of the work which the college was to undertake. With courage and consecration he accepted what has proved to be the final achievement of his life. With a large and just comprehension of the unique mission of the college in its ministry to the needs of our foreign-born peoples, he gave himself to it with high devotion, unflagging enthusiasm and too strenuous

¹ *The Springfield Union.*

labor. He overcame opposition and indifference; he compelled men to recognize the importance of the cause; he imparted to the enterprise his own catholic temper; and, in these last days, had arrived at a point where he felt that his endeavor would soon be crowned with success."

From 1888—1899 he devoted himself to literary pursuits, writing his two books, "*Lenox and the Berkshire Highlands*," and "*Country Parish Life*"; a pamphlet, "*Family Worship*," and many magazine articles.

It was in Berkshire county and the western part of the state in general that he was widest known. For over twenty years his life centered around Lenox and Housatonic, and every one in that region knew Doctor Mallary intimately. As pastor of two of the churches, as author and hymn writer, and as an enthusiast for rural uplift, village improvement, and, in fact, for all civic movements, he was brought prominently before the attention of the people.

While in Lenox Doctor Mallary was manager of the Lenox Library for twenty years and its treasurer for some time, and he was the instigator of the movement which resulted in the first memorial statue in this country to Elihu Burritt, erected at New Marlboro, in Berkshire county. He was also a member of the Lenox school board for three years. Doctor Mallary was an accomplished linguist, and in Lenox often preached to the French people in their own language. After going to Springfield he took up Italian and could converse fluently in that language.

He was an accomplished musician, and his chief recreation was in the composing of hymns. His compositions are in many of the widely-used hymn books of the Protestant churches. Perhaps the three best known are found in the volume entitled "In Excelsis": "Springcroft," named after his home in Lenox; "Erskine Park," named after the home of Mr. and

Mrs. George Westinghouse of Lenox, with whom he was on intimate terms, and "Sojourner," the first line of which is the familiar "A pilgrim and a stranger." He did not write much music except in the way of hymns, but he composed the song of the American International College, "Clasp Hands Across the Sea," which is sung on all possible occasions. For this he wrote both words and music. The last music that he wrote before he died was a song for Amherst College, his Alma Mater.

The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by Howard University in 1896.

Doctor Mallary was married (1) April 15, 1879, to Alice M. Davis, who died Feb. 24, 1881; (2) Jan. 16, 1883, to Lucy A., daughter of Richard Walker, Esq., of Lenox, Mass., who with five of his seven children survives him.

CLASS OF 1873.

WILLIAM VAIL WILSON DAVIS, the son of David H. and Jane E. (Wilson) Davis, was born in Wilson, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1851, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

The first year after graduation he was instructor of Greek in Robert College, Constantinople, Turkey. He was a member of Andover Theological Seminary 1874—1876, and an instructor in Latin and Greek, Amherst College, 1876—1877. He was ordained Sept. 12, 1877, was pastor of the Franklin Street Congregational Church, Manchester, N. H., 1877—1882; of the Euclid Avenue Presbyterian Church, Cleveland, Ohio, 1882—1887; of the Union Congregational Church, Worcester, Mass., 1887—1893, and of the First Congregational Church, Pittsfield, Mass., from 1893 until his death, Aug. 25, 1910. While on an excursion with his children to Bash-Bish Falls, in the town of Mount Washington, Mass., he

was instantly killed by falling twenty feet down a precipice, his skull being fractured by striking on a jagged rock.

The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him in 1890 by Western Reserve University, of which he was a trustee. Doctor Davis was a corporate member of the American Board of Missions. During his residence in Pittsfield he was president of the Church Federation of that city, was especially interested in its Board of Trade and was a strong advocate of no-license.

"Dr. Davis was a minister of rare scholarship, extraordinary virility, a deep thinker, a man of unimpeachable probity, a public-spirited citizen and a person of wide influence. He was big in soul as he was large in physique, and in him was centered every quality which we admire and respect in a man of large calibre. In his sudden tragic death the city of Pittsfield has lost a loyal citizen and the First church a minister who preached the true gospel of Christ without sensationalism. In every way Rev. Dr. Davis measured up grandly to the responsibilities of his position."¹

Doctor Davis was married, July 20, 1876, to Rebecca F., daughter of President W. A. Stearns of Amherst College, who died Nov. 18. 1907. His three children survive him.

CLASS OF 1874.

GEORGE HALL BAKER, the son of George and Mary (Bement) Baker, was born in Ashfield, Mass., April 23, 1850, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary. He took a post-graduate course of one year at Amherst, and then was a student in the University of Berlin, Germany, 1875—1877.

From 1877—1883 he was a private teacher and writer in Boston, Mass., and a member of the staff of the Century Dictionary for six months in 1883. He was assistant librarian of

¹ *The Pittsfield Journal.*

the Columbia University Library, New York City, 1884—1889, librarian-in-chief of the same library, 1889—1899, and librarian emeritus from that time until his death from a complication of diseases, in New York City, March 27, 1911.

"It was in his administration that the library had its most rapid growth, and at his instigation that some of the most valuable collections were acquired. He instituted a new cataloguing system. After he retired in 1899 he engaged in literary work, and was the editor-in-chief of the Cosmo Collection."¹

Mr. Baker was married, July 14, 1875, to Ellen E., daughter of J. F. Adkins of West Brattleboro, Vt., who with four of their five children survives him.

EMORY ADAMS HARTWELL, the son of Leonard and Martha S. (Adams) Hartwell, was born in Fitchburg, Mass., April 24, 1850, and was fitted for college at the high school of that city. While finishing his high school course he also completed the studies of the freshman year at Amherst, and entered college in the fall of 1871.

After graduation, he taught one term at a private school in Rutland, Mass., and one in the high school at Ashburnham, Mass. In 1875, he accepted the position of teacher of Science in the Fitchburg, Mass., High School, which he held until June, 1907.

In 1905 he suffered a stroke of paralysis, from the effects of which he partially recovered and was able to resume his work, until a second stroke compelled him to resign his position. He died of cerebral hemorrhage at Fitchburg, Mass., April 2, 1911.

Mr. Hartwell was the author of a "*Catalogue of the flowers in Fitchburg and its surroundings*," 1885; and of two essays, "*The Pearl Hill Pothole*," and "*The Birds the Farmers Hate*."

¹ *N. Y. Sun.*

" Few teachers in the history of the Fitchburg high school have given more in conscientious effort or faithful service than Mr. Hartwell ; few have followed their life work with more enthusiasm or interest, giving both time and talent in a degree possible only to one whose soul was in his work ; and few, indeed, have so enjoyed the respect and esteem of his pupils, taking a personal interest in each and every individual student, both in and out of school, and ever seeking opportunities to further their welfare.

Having charge of the sciences and their instruction for over thirty years, his was the task of fitting up the laboratories of the new high school building, designing their apparatus, and ever planning for the extension of the advantages and facilities offered his classes.

Always a conscientious teacher, he was an equally conscientious student in his special lines of work. He was deeply versed in the geological characteristics of Fitchburg and its vicinity, and was well equipped to apply the principles of botanical study to the flower and plant life available in this immediate locality.

Mr. Hartwell was always an extensive traveler, devoting practically every vacation period to a trip to some section of the country in which he could continue his scientific research along those lines in which he was especially interested, spending two summers in Yellowstone park, making several visits to California and other Western states, spending much time in various localities of the South. He had made an extensive study of the Pennsylvania mining country, visited all the states of the middle West, and constantly added to his fund of knowledge along geological and botanical lines, and to his many superior collections of specimens, leaving one of the most complete herbariums in the country, with over one thousand different species of plant life to be found in the United States.

He also extended his research beyond the confines of his own country, taking several trips to the Hawaiian Islands and to Europe, confining his visits to the latter continent principally to the British isles and France. All of these many trips, extending over his entire teaching period, were taken primarily for educational purposes. His Alma Mater granted him the degree of M. A. in 1884 for his scientific research and, more particularly, for his original methods of teaching botany.

From his early life he had been a helpful member of the First Unitarian parish, served in many minor offices, and efficiently filled the office of superintendent of the Sunday school for several years. His church life was characterized by the same faithfulness and high ideals as his school work, his interest and manner of performing his duties in each, as well as his private life, having been such as to win universal respect throughout the community.”¹

Mr. Hartwell was never married.

CLASS OF 1875.

ARTHUR EUGENE CHAPMAN, the son of James M. and Emily L. (Remington) Chapman, was born in Bloomfield, Conn., May 15, 1852, and was fitted for college at Monson Academy, Mass.

After graduation, he taught in Springfield, Mass., 1875—1876; in Mount Vernon, N. H., 1876—1877; in Fulton, N. Y., 1877—1878; and in Brewster, N. Y., 1878—1879. He studied medicine privately for one year, and then was a member of the Homoeopathic Medical College of New York and of the Long Island Hospital College, 1879—1881, receiving the degree of M. D. from the former institution in April, 1881, and from the latter in June of the same year.

¹ *Fitchburg Daily Sentinel*.

He practiced his profession in New York city from 1881 until 1906, when failing health obliged him to retire from active practice.

He died of heart failure in New York City May 4, 1911.

Doctor Chapman was never married.

CLASS OF 1876.

MILTON BRAYTON McKNIGHT, the son of David and Elizabeth B. (Heister) McKnight, was born in Reading, Penn., Sept, 30, 1855, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native city.

After graduation, he studied law in the office of Charles H. Schaeffer, Esq. of Reading, Penn., 1876—1878, and was admitted to the Berks county bar in November, 1878.

From 1878—1879 he practiced his profession in Reading, Penn., and from 1879—1880 in Georgetown, Colo. Returning then to Reading, he resumed the practice of law for a year, and then was secretary and treasurer of the Mt. Penn Stove Works until 1907, when he was elected its president, which position he held until his death from a complication of diseases of the throat and heart, in Ridgewood, Penn., July 9, 1910.

Mr. McKnight was a prominent citizen in the social and business life of Reading, and was identified with its various business enterprises.

“He was a director of the Mt. Penn. Gravity Railroad, Reading and Temple Railway, Reading Hospital, Charles Evans Cemetery Company and Reading Sanitarium for the Treatment of Tuberculosis, and was a member of the Berks County Historical Society, the Pennsylvania-German Society, the Pennsylvania Forestry Association, Berks County Club and Wyomissing Club. He was a consistent member of Christ Episcopal Church.”¹

¹•*Reading Telegram.*

Mr. McKnight was married (1) Dec. 15, 1880, to Ida M., daughter of Jacob Geise of Reading, Penn., who died Jan. 11, 1883; (2) March 3, 1898, to Wilhelmina H., daughter of Robert Holmes of Reading, Penn., who died Nov. 3, 1901. Two children survive their father.

CLASS OF 1877.

ROBERT ORLANDO GRAHAM, the son of Malcolm and Mary (Boggs) Graham, was born in Petersburg, Penn., Jan. 10, 1853, and was fitted for college at the high school in New Brighton, Penn., and at Witherspoon Institute, Butler, Penn.

After graduation, he taught in Monson Academy, Mass., one year, and then became professor of chemistry in Westminster College, New Wilmington, Penn. He held this position until 1886, when he took a post-graduate course of two years at Johns Hopkins University, receiving the degree of Ph. D. from that institution in 1888. From that year Dr. Graham was professor of Chemistry and Geology in Illinois Wesleyan University, Bloomington, Ill., until his death from disease of the lungs, May 26, 1911.

At the time of his death Doctor Graham was dean of the faculty of the non-resident and post-graduate department of Illinois Wesleyan University, and a director of the Bloomington Public Library; president of the College Alumni Club of Bloomington, which included representatives of twenty-three colleges, and a member of the American Chemical Society. He served on the City Council for some time, and was acting mayor 1897—1899.

"It was under Dr. Graham's influence that the Wesleyan reading room was organized and established and that the Wesleyan lecture course, so successfully managed for six years, was undertaken. His services as expert chemist were in great de-

mand in Central Illinois. All during his regime in the chemical department of Wesleyan University, the department was sought for answers to critical questions from courts, institutions and people, who sought by chemical analyses and other ways to solve critical problems. As dean of the non-resident and post-graduate department he showed rare skill and ability.

Along with his school work, Prof. Graham devoted much time and study to the practical side of horticulture. He was one of the organizers of the Lilly Orchard Company, the largest fruit growing enterprise of this section, and for a time its general manager. For many years he was interested in the State Horticultural Society, and for several terms its president, holding that position when he died. In the matter of fruit culture, as in all other things he touched, Prof. Graham did his work thoroughly, sparing neither time or pains to go to the root of any question arising in the business in either its theoretical or practical side.

Prof. Graham served in the city council for several terms as alderman from the Sixth ward, and his work there was especially valuable on the water board. Prof. Graham was a member and officer of the Second Presbyterian church and one of its most enthusiastic supporters." ¹

He was the author of *Chemical Experimentation*, a laboratory guide; *Metallic Notes*, a thesis in *American Chemical Journal*, and various magazine articles.

Doctor Graham was married, June 23, 1881, to Eleanor S., daughter of William A. Campbell of Mount Auburn, Iowa, who with their two sons survives him. The older son, Chester C. Graham, is a graduate of Amherst in the class of 1907.

¹ *The Pantagraph.*

JONATHAN LAMSON, the son of Jarvis and Esther (Woodbury) Lamson, was born in Hamilton, Mass., Oct. 9, 1856, and was fitted for college at Dummer Academy, Byfield, Mass.

After graduation, he studied law in the office of Charles Sewall, Esq., of Salem, Mass., and was admitted to the bar March 7, 1880. He practiced his profession in Marblehead, Mass., 1879—1881, and for a short time in Asbury Grove, Hamilton, Mass.

After retiring from his profession he engaged in farming in Hamilton until his death from hemorrhage of the throat, Jan. 3, 1911.

He was a member of the Board of Selectmen of Hamilton for three years; a member of the School Committee for three years, and of the Board of Assessors for three terms.

Mr. Lamson was married, March 24, 1883, to Hattie A., daughter of James P. Dodge of Salem, Mass., who with their son survives him.

CLASS OF 1881.

DANIEL NASON, the son of Noah and Hannah R. (Kelham) Nason, was born in Kennebunk, Me., Aug. 22, 1858, and was fitted for college at Westboro, Mass., High School.

After graduation, he studied law in Worcester, Mass., 1881—1882, was a member of the Harvard Law School 1882—1883, of the Columbia Law School 1883—1885, and was admitted to the bar in 1885. From that time he practiced his profession in New York City, first in partnership with W. T. Jerome, Esq., Amherst Hon. 1892, and later alone, until his death from apoplexy, March 14, 1911.

Mr. Nason was president of the Jérôme Park Railroad Company, and president and a director of the Eaton Gold Mining Company.

Mr. Nason was married, Jan. 15, 1902, to Caroline T., daughter of James R. Plum of New York City, who with their two children survives him.

CLASS OF 1885.

HENRY HARVEY MORSE, the son of Francis B. and Alice N. (Burnham) Morse, was born in New Haven, Conn., Oct. 11, 1860, and was fitted for college at the Watertown Academy, Mass.

He studied theology at the Yale Divinity School, graduated there in 1888, was ordained in Rockford, Ia., Sept. 29 of that year, and was pastor there 1888—1891. He was subsequently pastor at Omaha, Neb., Milford, Conn., 1891—1906, and of the Calvary Congregational Church in Danbury, Conn., 1906—1907, and associate pastor of the First Congregational Church in the same town from 1907 until Jan. 1, 1910, when he retired from the active ministry.

He died of Bright's disease at Danbury, Conn., March 12, 1911.

Mr. Morse was the author of several pamphlets in reference to Bible teaching.

Mr. Morse was married, Nov. 7, 1895, to Alice G., daughter of Ezra B. Dibble of New Haven, Conn., who with their daughter survives him.

CLASS OF 1908.

WALTER LUCIEN GRAVES, the son of Rev. Lucien C. and Anne M. (Dixon) Graves, was born in Bowdoinham, Me., Nov. 26, 1885, and was fitted for college at Gilmanton Academy, N. H., and Farmington, Me., high school.

After graduation, he taught one year in Quincy, Mass.,

High School, and then was a member of the Harvard Law School until his death at a hospital in Cambridge, Mass., March 30, 1911. While crossing the railroad tracks at the North Cambridge, Mass., station, Mr. Graves was struck by a loose engine, and died a few hours later from fracture of the skull.

The following resolutions were passed by the second year men of the Harvard Law School :

“Whereas, Almighty God in His infinite wisdom has seen fit to remove from us for a while our friend ; be it

Resolved, That we, the members of the Second Year Class of the Harvard Law School, do take this occasion to express our feeling of deepest sorrow and loss. We sorrow as having lost from among us a man honorable and upright in all his relationships ; a loyal friend ; a cheerful companion ; a diligent student, who promised much in our chosen profession.”¹

The Blackstone Law Club, of which Mr. Graves was a member, passed the following resolutions :

“The Blackstone Law Club has lost by death one of its best beloved members, Walter Lucien Graves. To his memory we wish to pay this tribute, expressing our love, esteem and sense of loss. Of love, for he was one of the kindest and most cheerful of our associates, ever ready with a gay and kindly word to brighten a dark day. Of esteem, for his worth as a man and a student ; a man fair and honorable in all his relations and possessed of a sound judgment ; a student diligent in his work and ready and resourceful in argument. Of our sense of loss, in having a man whom we were proud to number among the charter members of our club lost to us and to the profession in which he seemed destined to play so fair a part.”¹

¹ *Contributed.*

CLASS OF 1910.

EDWARD BALDWIN, the son of Gen. William H. and Isabella C. (Butterfield) Baldwin, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, Aug. 11, 1889, and was fitted for college at the Horace Mann School, New York City, and at Williston Seminary.

After graduation, he studied in Leipsic, Germany, until January, 1911, when he engaged in business with the Triumph Electric Company of Cincinnati, Ohio, until his death from blood poisoning, resulting from an operation on his nose, Feb. 15, 1911.

ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS.

CLASS OF 1881—

THATCHER THAYER THURSTON, the son of Rev. Eli and Julia A. (Sessions) Thurston, was born in Fall River, Mass., Nov. 18, 1859, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

From 1881—1884 he engaged in business, was assistant editor of the Fall River, Mass. *Globe* and correspondent of the Providence, R. I. *Journal*, 1884—1895, later the editor of the *Herald*, Fall River, Mass., and at the time of his death associate editor of the Providence, R. I. *Tribune*.

He died in Providence, R. I., June 21, 1911.

Mr. Thurston was married in February, 1894, to Ada E. Dunn of Fall River, Mass.

CLASS OF 1853—

Elbridge Pepper, retired from the active ministry in 1892.

He died of Bright's disease, Nov. 13, 1910, at Madison, Me.

Mrs. Pepper with their son survives him.

RECORD OF GRADUATES WHOSE DEATHS HAVE NOT BEEN PREVIOUSLY REPORTED.

CLASS OF 1863.

JONATHAN GORDON BIGELOW, the son of Jonathan and Malissa (Abbey) Bigelow, was born in St. Albans, Me., July 16, 1839, and was fitted for college at the academy in his native town and at Bloomfield Academy, Skowhegan, Me.

He took a leave of absence from college and enlisted, June 5, 1861, in the Third Regiment, Maine Volunteers, was promoted captain, and received a gold medal for gallantry at Fredericksburg. He was commissioned colonel of the 65th Regt., U. S. Colored Infantry in 1863. He served under Generals McClellan, McDowell, Pope, Burnside, Hooker and Banks, and was in the siege of Yorktown and in the battles of First and Second Bull Run, Williamsburg, Fair Oaks, Glendale, White Oak Swamp, Malvern Hill, Chantilly and Fredericksburg, was wounded three times, and was mustered out in the spring of 1865.

The degree of B. A. was conferred upon him by the college in 1866, and he was enrolled with his class.

He studied law with Hon. James C. Abbott of Lowell, Mass., and was admitted to the bar of the Supreme Court of Maine at Norridgewock, Sept. 21, 1866. He practiced his profession in Washington, D. C., from 1866—1904, when he retired on account of the failure of his health.

He died of cerebral hemorrhage at Washington. D. C., Dec. 29, 1909.

Colonel Bigelow tried many cases of more than local importance, and was the author of one hundred and twenty-eight

U. S. Supreme Court Reports. He was a lawyer of superior ability, and always advocated justice, peace, harmony and all things tending to better the human race.

Colonel Bigelow was married (1) Aug. 12, 1866, to Lydia A., daughter of David Given of St. Albans, Me., who died Jan. 18, 1890; (2) to Lula L., daughter of James T. Knight of Winchester, Va., who with two of his three children survives him.

FRANKLIN CHARLES SEVERANCE, the son of Ptolemy Philadelphus and Margaret (Caldwell) Severance, was born in Greenfield, Mass., Dec. 24, 1837, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native town.

He was a member of college from 1859—1862. In July of that year, he enlisted in the 52d Regiment, Mass. Volunteers. He was promoted sergeant, and in September was commissioned second lieutenant. He served in General Banks' expedition to New Orleans, in the Western Louisiana campaign, the capture of Port Hudson, under General Grover, the battles of Bowling Green and Fort Donelson, and in the siege of Vicksburg. He was mustered out at Greenfield, Mass., in August, 1863.

After studying medicine one year in New York City, he was appointed Hospital Steward, U. S. A., in that city in March, 1865. He served in the U. S. General Hospital at Knoxville, Tenn., and in the medical director's office at Knoxville, Memphis and Nashville, in the same state; at Louisville, Ky., and in the Department of the Cumberland, and was mustered out in April, 1867.

In 1866 the degree of B. A. was conferred upon him by the college, and he was enrolled with his class.

He went to Chicago, Ill., and engaged in the drug business until 1871, when he was burned out. He also served in the postoffice in that city, 1867—1871. Removing then to Wash-

ington, D. C., he served in the Census Office, 1871—1872, and then as clerk in the Fourth Auditor's Office, Treasury Department, from 1872 during the rest of his life, with the exception of five years, when he resided in Philadelphia, Penn., and engaged in the insurance business there.

He died of arterio-sclerosis at Gaithersburg, Md., May 12, 1910.

Mr. Severance was prominent in church work, particularly as a member of the First Congregational Church in Washington, D. C.

Mr. Severance was married, May 28, 1868, to Sarah J., daughter of Thompson Thurman of Rogersville, Ky., who with two of their three children survives him.

CLASS OF 1870.

WILLIAM D. PERRY, the son of Oliver H. and Christina (Hall) Perry, was born in Perrysville, Md., Nov. 1, 1845, and was fitted for college at Cooperstown Seminary, N. Y.

He enlisted in Company F, 15th Regiment, New York Engineers, Sept. 8, 1864, and served as hospital steward in and about camps and trenches before Petersburg and Richmond, Va. He was discharged in June, 1865.

After studying law a short time in Pittsfield, Mass., he was a member of Union Theological Seminary, 1870—1872 and 1873—1874. The year 1872—1873 he spent in study in Paris, France, and Hanover, Germany.

After serving as missionary of Madison Avenue Memorial Church, New York City, he was ordained Jan. 13, 1875, by the North Classis of Long Island, and was pastor of St. John's Reformed Church, Laurel Hill, Long Island, and First Reformed Church, Long Island City, during that year. From 1875—1882 he was principal of Hudson (N. Y.) Academy. He was pastor of the Reformed Dutch Church in Greenport,

N. Y., 1882—1885; North Reformed Church 1885—1888, Bedford Church 1888—1889, Anderson Memorial Church 1889—1890, and Christ Church 1890—1902, all in Brooklyn, N. Y., and Grace Church, New York City, 1902—1904. He then resided in New York City, without charge, until his death from diabetes, June 20, 1910.

Mr. Perry was married, Nov. 24, 1875, to Katherine W., daughter of John White of New York City, who with their three children survives him.

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AMHERST COLLEGE BULLETIN

Published by the College in November. December,
January, April, May and June

OBITUARY RECORD

1912



VOLUME 1 " NUMBER 6 " JUNE, 1912

Amherst, Massachusetts

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at Amherst, Massachusetts.



OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF AMHERST COLLEGE,

FOR THE

ACADEMIC YEAR ENDING JUNE 26, 1912.

[FIFTH PRINTED SERIES NO. 10.]

AMHERST, MASS.
PUBLISHED BY THE COLLEGE.

MDCCCXII.

NOTE

In connection with the editing of the Triennial Catalogue in Latin, in the year 1862—1863, the late Prof. E. P. Crowell was directed by the Faculty to prepare and have printed an obituary record of graduates deceased during that year ; and subsequently he was instructed to prepare a similar record annually.

This was done, and four series of ten years each were completed in 1902, containing accounts of eleven hundred and eighty-three graduates, and numbering in all ten hundred and seven pages. Eight numbers of the fifth series were also prepared by Prof. Crowell, and for the ninth number nearly all the material was collected and arranged by him. Nine numbers, from 1877 to 1885, inclusive, were edited by the late Prof. J. K. Chickering, of the class of 1869. To the first two series and also to each of the third and fourth series, alphabetical indexes were added.

The oldest alumnus in graduation is Rev. Artemus Dean, D. D., Mt. Carmel, Pa., the surviving member of the class of 1842. Rev. Elijah W. Stoddard, D. D., of Succasunna, N. J., who was born April 23, 1820, is the oldest living graduate.

In this number of the *Obituary Record*, the facts in each instance have been obtained by correspondence with relatives or other intimate acquaintances of the subjects of these notices.

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Roll of Graduates Deceased During the Year 1911—1912.

GRADUATION.		AGE.
1845.	FRANCIS ANDREW MARCH, M.A., LL.D., L.H.D., Litt.D., D.C.L., ...	86
1848.	MARTIN LUTHER GAYLORD, M. A., ...	86
1848.	FRANCIS AUGUSTINE HOWE, M. A., M. D., ...	84
1849.	HENRY SUMNER HUDSON, ...	87
1853.	GEORGE WHITEFIELD CLARK, M. A., D.D., ...	80
1854.	FRANKLIN HUBBARD, M. A., ...	84
1855.	ELBERT ELI FARMAN, M. A., LL.D., ...	80
1855.	WILLIAM ALLEN HALLOCK, ...	79
1855.	JOHN ORNE, Ph.D., ...	77
1856.	JOSIAH HAMILTON GODDARD, M. D., ...	82
1856.	SAMUEL AUGUSTUS GOULD, ...	75
1857.	GEORGE TRASK HIGLEY, ...	75
1859.	RICHARD MORRIS WYCKOFF, M. D., ...	72
1860.	OLIVER BROWN MERRILL, ...	72
1861.	ELIJAH HARMON, M. A., ...	77
1862.	ALVAH MILLS RICHARDSON, ...	79
1863.	CHARLES SYLVESTER BROOKS, ...	71
1863.	WALTER MORTON HOWLAND, M. A., ...	71
1864.	DAVID SMITH FARNHAM, M. A., ...	77
1866.	JOHN PLINY BARTLETT, ...	67
1866.	VINCENT MOSES, M. A., ...	67
1868.	JOSEPH STILLMAN JONES, ...	66
1869.	RICHARD GOODMAN, LL.B., ...	65
1869.	JOHN WILLIAM QUINBY, ...	77
1870.	CHARLES HENRY AMES, M. A., ...	64
1870.	ARTHUR CROSMAN BRADLEY, M. A., LL.B., ...	62
1870.	SAMUEL WHITTLESEY HOWLAND, M. A., D. D., ...	64
1870.	WALTER WYMAN, M. A., M. D., ...	62

1871.	MAURICE DWIGHT CLARKE, M. D.,	.	.	60
1872.	STEVEN ALVAH THURLOW, M. A.,	.	.	69
1874.	JOSIAH KEEP, M. A.,	.	.	62
1876.	MCGEORGE BUNDY,	.	.	56
1877.	FRANK NEWHALL LOOK,	.	.	56
1878.	FREDERICK SPENCER BRONSON,	.	.	55
1879.	NEAL MITCHELL, M. A., M. D.,	.	.	56
1882.	FLETCHER DUTTON PROCTOR, LL.D.,	.	.	50
1884.	WILLIAM EDWARD PARKER, M. A.,	.	.	50
1900.	THEODORE STORRS LEE, B. D.,	.	.	38
1906.	EDSON ALEXANDER MCRAE,	.	.	29
1907.	HARRY TEACHOUT BEACH,	.	.	27

Whole number,	40.
Average age,	65.6

Roll of Graduates Whose Deaths Have Not Been Previously Reported.

GRADUATION.	AGE.
1857. ARTHUR FOLSOM,	76
1859. FREDERICK AUGUSTUS BILLINGS,	73
1861. JOHN PERKINS APTHORP,	69
1861. GEORGE CHAMPION BOWERS,	71
1862. DAVID IRVINE BIGGAR,	76
1862. WILLIAM MCGLATHERY, M. A.,	71
1866. LEWIS FOSTER MORRIS,	64
1884. SAMUEL EDWARDS APPLETON,	47

Whole number,	8.
Average age,	68.

ALPHABETICAL INDEX

1870. Ames, C. H.
1884. Appleton, S. E.
1861. Apthorp, J. P.
1866. Bartlett, J. P.
1907. Beach, H. T.
1862. Biggar, D. I.
1859. Billings, F. A.
1861. Bowers, G. C.
1870. Bradley, A. C.
1878. Bronson, F. S.
1863. Brooks, C. S.
1876. Bundy, McGeorge
1853. Clark, G. W.
1871. Clarke, M. D.
1855. Farman, E. E.
1864. Farnham, D. S.
1857. Folsom, A.
1848. Gaylord, M. L.
1856. Goddard, J. H.
1869. Goodman, R.
1856. Gould, S. A.
1855. Hallock, W. A.
1861. Harmon, E.
1857. Higley, G. T.

1848. Howe, F. A.
1870. Howland, S. W.
1863. Howland, W. M.
1854. Hubbard, F.
1849. Hudson, H. S.
1868. Jones, J. S.
1874. Keep, J.
1900. Lee, T. S.
1877. Look, F. N.
1845. March, F. A.
1862. McGlathery, W.
1906. McRae, E. A.
1856. Merrill, O. B.
1879. Mitchell, N.
1866. Morris, L. F.
1866. Moses, V.
1885. Orne, J.
1884. Parker, W. E.
1882. Proctor, F. D.
1869. Quinby, J. W.
1862. Richardson, A. M.
1872. Thurlow, S. A.
1859. Wyckoff, R. M.
1870. Wyman, W.

RECORD OF GRADUATES DECEASED

DURING THE YEAR 1911—1912.

CLASS OF 1845.

FRANCIS ANDREW MARCH, the son of Andrew and Nancy (Parker) March, was born in Millbury, Mass., Oct. 25, 1825, and was fitted for college at Worcester (Mass.) High School.

After graduation he taught for a few months at Swanzev, N. H., and then became a teacher in Leicester (Mass.) Academy where he remained until the fall of 1847, when he was appointed a tutor at Amherst College, which position he held for two years. Having studied law by himself at intervals during his teaching, 1845—1849, and in vacations in the office of Judge F. H. Dewey, of Worcester, he entered the office of Barney & Butler, New York City, as law-student in 1849, and was admitted to the bar of New York that same year. In 1850, in partnership with Gordon L. Ford, Esq., he began the practice of law in New York City, but in 1852 was obliged to give up practice on account of ill-health. He then returned to teaching and accepted a position in an academy in Fredericksburg, Va. where he remained for three years.

In 1855 he was called to Lafayette College, Easton, Penn., as a tutor; in 1856 he became Adjunct Professor of Belles Lettres and English Literature there; and in 1857 he was appointed Professor of the English Language and Comparative Philology, which position was the first of the kind in any college in the country, and which he held until 1906, when he was made professor emeritus. From 1857 to 1877 he was also lecturer on Constitutional and Public Law and the Roman Law.

During his long term of service at Lafayette, Dr. March conducted many courses outside of his own department for varying periods: courses in Mental Philosophy from 1865 to 1905; in the Christian Classics; in Blackstone; in Political Economy; in the Constitution of the United States; in Botany; in Latin, Greek, French and German, studying the comparative philology of each language, in connection with a classic in that language.

Dr. March died of exhaustion, Sept. 9, 1911, at his home in Easton, Penn., after a long confinement to the house as the result of falling and breaking his hip the preceding January.

Dr. March received the degree of LL. D. from Princeton University in 1870, and from Amherst in 1871; the degree of L. H. D. from Columbia University in 1887; and the degree of Litt. D. from Princeton University in 1896. In the same year he also received the degree of Litt. D. from Cambridge University, England, and the degree of D. C. L. from Oxford University, England. Few Americans have received either of these honors from these great English universities, and that both should be conferred on Dr. March emphasized the great prominence that he had attained in the world of letters.

Dr. March was the author of: *Method of Philological Study of the English Language*, 1865; *A Parser and Analyzer for Beginners*, 1869; *A Comparative Grammar of the Anglo-Saxon Language*, 1870; *An Anglo-Saxon Reader*, 1870; *Latin Hymns*, with English notes, 1870; *The Ecclesiastical History of Eusebius*, 1874; *Select Works of Tertullian*, 1875; *Athenagoras*, 1876; *The Apologies of Justin Martyr*, 1877; *The Relation of the Study of Jurisprudence to the Roman Period*; *Hamilton's Theory of Perception*; and of about two hundred articles and addresses in encyclopedias and periodicals and transactions of learned societies on philosophical and philological subjects, particularly Anglo-Saxon and Spelling Reform. In 1902 Dr.

March published *A Thesaurus Dictionary of English*, in collaboration with his son, Dr. F. A. March, Jr.

Dr. March was Director of the American Editors of the Oxford Dictionary, (England), 1888, and was Consulting Editor of the Standard Dictionary of the English Language, 1893.

Dr. March had been chairman of the Commission of the State of Pennsylvania on Amended Orthography. He was a member of, and president from 1873 to 1874 and from 1895 to 1896, of the American Philological Association; member of the Modern Language Association of America, and from 1891 to 1893 its president; the only American honorary member of the Philological Society of London, England; honorary member of L'Association Fonetique de Professeurs de Langues Vivants, Paris; member and vice-president of the New Shakespeare Society, London, England; member of the National Council of Education; of the American Philosophical Society; of the American Antiquarian Society; of the Spelling Reform Association, and its president from 1876 to 1895; and a senator of Phi Beta Kappa. In 1904 Dr. March was a member of the International Congress of Arts and Sciences at the St. Louis Exposition.

When a student at Amherst College, he was active in athletics and excellent in scholarship, and was prize speaker and valedictorian when he graduated in 1845. His entire record at college was one of indefatigable effort and constant study. His mind was of literary bent, and this was disclosed in his work in the literary societies and in the writings required of him by the college curriculum.

In 1848 he took the degree of Master of Arts, his oration winning the praise of Choate. He delivered the Master's oration for his class. His subject was, "The Relation of the Study of Jurisprudence to the Baconian Philosophy," and it is not a little significant that at this early period in his career

this oration should have dealt with a subject of such wide scope and in such close contact with the more brilliant literary work of Dr. March that future years were to produce. This essay attracted unusual attention at that time, was sought for publication in the *New Englander*, and was the first article in a prominent review from the pen of the man who subsequently was to have contributed more than 200 papers and addresses disclosing eminent thought and masterful conception of the subjects.

"At about the time of the breaking out of the Civil War, Dr. March prepared a scheme of amendments to the Constitution of the United States, intended to bring about a peaceful settlement of the difficulties between the North and the South, which he advocated by letters to the press. These amendments attracted much attention, and were introduced in Congress, in the Virginia Legislature and elsewhere."

"Francis Andrew March, the 'Grand Old Man of Lafayette College,' the eminent philologist and one of the American pioneers in his field, was of the generation of American scholars who turned their attention to philology at a time when it was greatly neglected. He did good service in the study and teaching of Anglo-Saxon, and was an early and devoted advocate of spelling reform. For over a half century he was Professor of Comparative Philology at Lafayette College, with which his name is indissolubly associated."

"Dr. March was regarded as the first authority on derivation, spelling, definition and grammar, and as a linguist he has had no equal since the death of Max Mueller. As an encyclopedist and lexicographer, Professor March is justly world-famous, and as an authority on English Literature he is, perhaps, without a compeer."

Notwithstanding that Dr. Marsh suffered practically all his life from his weak lungs, he accomplished a prodigious amount

of work in the class rooms and in his writings and preparation for addresses of highest character before the various bodies with which he was connected. He also wrote for periodicals and his contributions were always read by those for whom they were intended with the greatest appreciation and benefit. It was in this way that he became recognized as the foremost English scholar of his day, and received the name of one of the greatest philologists of his era throughout the world.

“He was a friend of his students, always willing to assist them and encourage them, and ever ready to receive them and give them the benefit of his advice, a characteristic all the more remarkable when it is considered in connection with the prodigious amount of literary and philological writing which he accomplished. His wonderful mind was always working and it was always ready to advance the interests and the education of the students at the college he so much loved.”

The following extracts are taken from addresses at the celebration in honor of the completion of forty years at Lafayette College by Dr. March:

“We find him not only foremost in English and comparative philology, but taking high rank as a clear and profound thinker and worker in other directions: in philosophy, in pedagogy, in natural science, in lexicography. He has classes regularly in psychology, and we should not want to exchange him for Sir William Hamilton. He taught political economy for years, and we should not have been willing to exchange him for John Stuart Mill or Adam Smith; and there is no page of literature—Greek, Roman, Anglo-Saxon, or English,—that does not open its hidden treasures under the searching insight of the Master.”¹

“Dr. March’s influence has been felt in a commanding way, all these years and always for good, throughout the teaching and governing forces of the institution, moulding its curricu-

lum, its discipline, its policy, and its educational methods. Add to this the charm of a modest simplicity—never doing anything for effect—no slightest taint of vanity or self-seeking. Add to this, further, the question of a warm and true affection, combining tender solicitude with the just requirements of discipline, kindly and sympathetic as well as wise. Such a man can see for many and give them good counsel.”²

“At home and abroad he has won the distinction of a great scholar, and his name is everywhere associated with definite events in the history of English studies. For America he stands as the pioneer and first master in the scientific study of the vernacular, and the European nations admit him to the company of the leading philologists of the period reaching from the ‘Compendium’ of Schleicher to Brugman’s ‘Indo-European Grammar.’”³

“Amherst is proud to number among her sons the leading English scholar and philologist of the country, and I am glad to have the opportunity, in behalf of that college, to unite with you of Lafayette in doing him honor.”⁴

“Many of Professor March’s pupils have gone out to teach English, and have rejoiced to think of themselves as his intellectual sons. Many have gone out to preach the gospel, and have been no less sure of being in harmony with the supreme enthusiasms of his life. And whatever we have been called to do, whether to us the English language has been a field of instruction or a medium of the truth most needed by men, all of us have been glad to acknowledge our great and constant obligation to the man whom we honor as one of the greatest of philologists and the philologist whom we loved as one of the truest of men.”⁵

¹ Dr. W. C. Cattell.

² Dr. W. C. Cattell.

³ Dr. J. W. Bright.

⁴ Rev. W. H. Ward, D.D., LL. D.

⁵ Rev. S. G. Barnes, Ph.D.

Dr. March was married, Aug. 12, 1860, to Margaret Mildred S., daughter of Hon. Walter P. Conway of Fredericksburg, Va., who died Feb. 11, 1911. Eight of his nine children survive him.

Dr. March was the last surviving member of his class.

CLASS OF 1848.

MARTIN LUTHER GAYLORD, the son of Jesse and Dema (Cowles) Gaylord, was born in Otisco, N. Y., June 17, 1823, and was fitted for college at Cortland Academy, Homer, N. Y., entering Amherst as Sophomore.

After graduation he taught for one year in Onondaga Academy, Syracuse, N. Y. He then studied theology at Auburn (N. Y.) Theological Seminary for two years, 1849—1851, and was licensed to preach in the latter year. On account of ill-health he was obliged to give up the ministry, but from 1851 to 1852 he served as colporteur for the American Tract Society and also for the American Sunday School Union, organizing Sunday schools in various parts of the country, especially in Central and Northern New York. From 1852 to 1854 he was in the Newfoundland fisheries, going to the Banks. He then went to Atchison, Kans., where from 1854 to 1857 he was Superintendent of Schools. In 1857 he took up a claim of 160 acres near Topeka, Kans., and started a nursery of fruit trees, in which business he continued for seven years. He then removed to Atchison where he was employed in the offices of the Kansas and Pacific Railroad for four years.

In 1868 Mr. Gaylord left Kansas and moved to Easthampton, Mass. where he established a nursery of fruit trees, engaging in this work until 1896, when he retired from business life.

Mr. Gaylord died of old age, May 7, 1912, in Easthampton, Mass.

While living in Atchison Mr. Gaylord was a member of the school board a number of years and its secretary at the time of his removal to Easthampton in 1868.

He had been a resident of Easthampton 44 years, and held the high regard and friendship of the townspeople and all who knew him. He had been active in town affairs and church work, and was a member of the school board for a number of years.

"While in Auburn Theological Seminary he taught in the Sunday school of the State prison, and all his life he treasured a table made for him by the prisoners. When his health failed and he was obliged to give up the ministry, he shipped in the Newfoundland fisheries, going to the Banks. He then took up land in Kansas and went through all of that terrible outlaw period when slavery was desperately trying to hold the state for its own and the anti-slavery men were pouring in to keep it for freedom. He was one of those on guard for protection of the free state Legislature. Missouri was just across the river from his home, and he helped defend the border. He knew the Indians staying in their villages, and John Brown was a guest in his cabin. With the latter he was interested in the operation of the 'underground railroad.' He and his brother did all in their power to aid runaway slaves, and both nearly paid for it with their lives. Mr. Gaylord was captured and sentenced to be shot, but his captors got drunk and he escaped. He was in Lawrence, Kans., at the time of the Lawrence massacre. Few realized that this quiet man had passed through such scenes, for he said little about it. He was a fine influence in Easthampton for temperate living, a rational, natural religion, and a love of nature."

Mr. Gaylord was married, Nov. 16, 1858, to Elizabeth, daughter of Col. Elisha Edwards of Southampton, Mass., who survives him. Of his three children one son survives him.

FRANCIS AUGUSTINE HOWE, the son of Rev. James and Harriet (Nason) Howe, was born in Pepperell, Mass., April 20, 1827, and was fitted for college at the academy in his native town.

After graduation he studied for one year at Union Theological Seminary, 1848—1849, but on account of ill-health was obliged to give up the ministry for a profession which would give him more outdoor life. The next two years, 1849—1851, he lived with his father at Harvard, Mass., recuperating, and studying medicine. He then studied medicine one year at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City, and two years at the Harvard Medical School, Cambridge, Mass., receiving the degree of M. D. from the latter institution in March, 1854.

Dr. Howe practiced his profession in Pepperell, Mass., 1854—1857, and then located in Newburyport, Mass., where he continued to practice until the spring of 1862. From May 17 to June 17 of that year he served as Volunteer-Surgeon at Wheaton Hospital (U. S. A.), Yorktown, Va., but was unable to renew his contract on account of illness, and returned home dangerously sick with malarial fever. On his recovery, he resumed his practice in Newburyport where he remained in active work until 1904, when he was obliged to retire because of ill-health, resulting from blood-poisoning contracted in surgical work, which affected his eyesight. Although nearly blind he had kept about his duties until failing health rendered further service impossible.

After seven years of invalidism, Dr. Howe died of old age, July 28, 1911, at his home in Newburyport, Mass.

"Dr. Howe was a member of the American Medical Association, and of the Massachusetts Medical Society, and was for two years president of the Essex North District Medical Society. In 1892 he was elected vice-president of the Massachusetts Medi-

cal Society, and in 1881 he was appointed by the governor to the board of consulting physicians of the Danvers Hospital. He was president of the corporation, and was one of the trustees of the Anna Jaques Hospital in Newburyport from its organization, and was prominently instrumental in its foundation. For many years he was a member of the board of trustees of the Putnam free school and served on the school board in 1859 and 1860, and in 1881 and 1882. He was president of the Y. M. C. A. for several years, 1887—1891, and was senior deacon of the Belleville church in which he was much interested. In 1888 he was elected a member of the board of aldermen, serving one year. He was a member of the Fort-nightly Club for many years; Newburyport Lodge, Knights of Honor; Essex Council, Royal Arcanum; and the Merrimack Bible Society of which for many years he was a trustee."

Dr. Howe was an occasional contributor to medical journals and magazines.

"A wise and skilled physician, a competent surgeon in general practice, a kindly friend and counsellor in affliction, and a cheering presence in the sick room, he was a model of the good physician who deserved the affectionate respect which he had gained years ago and which grew as time passed to his old age."

"Dr. Howe took a deep interest in public affairs, and was prominent in whatever tended to promote the social welfare of the city. He was a man of refined taste and lofty character, kindly, social, and firmly fixed for what he deemed to be the right and the truth."¹

"Always abreast of the times, respected and honored in his profession, tolerant of the opinions of others, yet firm and decided in his own, full of public spirit, but giving as unsparingly of himself to the humblest individual as to his city or his

¹ *The Newburyport Daily News.*

church, wise in council, courteous and generous to a fault, Dr. Howe fulfilled one's ideal of a Christian gentleman." ²

"Dr. Howe's most distinguished intellectual quality was the even balance of his mind. What he saw he saw clearly, and in his judgments was generally right. Doubtless this was largely due to a feature of his moral character, for Dr. Howe had learned tolerance, and could sympathize with the other side. A gentle humor lightened the dignity of his presence and the gravity of his speech." ³

Dr. Howe was married, Jan. 10, 1857, to Mary F., daughter of James Lewis, Esq., of Pepperell, Mass., who died Feb. 15, 1895. Two of his three children survive him.

His son, James Lewis Howe, Ph.D., is a graduate of Amherst, of the class of 1880.

CLASS OF 1849.

HENRY SUMNER HUDSON, the son of Joseph and Rachel (Eddy) Hudson, was born in Oxford, Mass., May 13, 1825, and was fitted for college at Leicester (Mass.) Academy.

After graduation he studied law in the office of Judges Barton and Bacon of Worcester, Mass., until December, when he became principal of the Newton (N. J.) Academy in which position he remained for one year. While teaching he continued the study of law with Judge Linn of Newton. Returning to Worcester, he was admitted to the bar in December, 1851. He practiced his profession in Worcester from 1852 to 1854, entering into partnership with Hon. John H. Matthews. In 1854 he removed to Chicago, Ill., where he was for a time in partnership with Hon. E. G. Hooke, and later a member of the firm, Garrison and Hudson, which afterwards became Garrison, Hudson and Anderson. In 1862 he removed to

² *The Congregationalist.*

³ *The Newburyport Herald.*

Oswego, Ill., where he practiced his profession until 1865. He then accepted the appointment of Probate Judge of Kendall County (Ill.) Court, having already been admitted to practice in the United States Courts in 1857, and served ten terms—thirty seven years. During those years Judge Hudson resided in Yorkville, Ill., at first, and afterwards in Bristol, Ill.

When he retired from the bench, he resumed the practice of law in a measure, both in Chicago and in Kendall County, until failing health compelled him to retire from active life. He died of old age, Jan. 12, 1912, in Yorkville, Ill.

“Judge Hudson held the position of judge on the bench longer than any county judge of Illinois, and longer than any judge in the State with one exception. His practice in the Chancery Courts was very extensive. He was also prominent in politics, and was for many years a member of the judicial committee and a delegate to the district and state conventions.”

Judge Hudson was married, Nov. 25, 1857, to Hannah E., daughter of Rev. Moses Dayhuff of Fremont, O., who with his two children survives him.

CLASS OF 1853.

GEORGE WHITEFIELD CLARK, the son of John B. and Rebecca A. (Ball) Clark, was born in South Orange, N. J., Feb. 15, 1831, and was fitted for college at the public schools in his native place.

After graduation he studied theology at Rochester, (N. Y.) Theological Seminary, graduating from there in 1855, in which year he was also ordained as a Baptist minister at New Market, N. J. He was settled over the Baptist church in New Market, 1855—1859; in Elizabeth, N. J., 1859—1868; in Ballston Spa, N. Y., 1868—1873; and in Somerville, N. J., 1873—1877. He remained in Somerville three years longer, but was without charge. In 1880 he was appointed financial agent and mis-

sionary of the American Baptist Publication Society for New Jersey, which position he held until his death from acute Bright's disease, Nov. 10, 1911, at his home in Hightstown, N. J.

During his pastorate in Elizabeth, N. J., Dr. Clark taught the classics in the Young Ladies' Institute in that town for one year, 1864—1865.

He spent a great many years in exegetical study, and was the author of : *New Harmony of the Four Gospels in English* ; *Notes on the Four Gospels* ; *Harmony of the Acts*, and revised editions of the same ; *A People's Commentary on the New Testament*, in nine volumes, (being assisted in the last two volumes by Dr. O. P. Eaches). He also wrote *Theophilus Correctly Informed*, an introduction to Luke's Gospel ; *Glory Revealed*, an introduction to John's Gospel ; *A Synopsis of the Life of Christ* ; as well as articles for Reviews. While living in Elizabeth, N. J., Dr. Clark compiled a *History of the First Baptist Church, Elizabeth, N. J.*

To the end of his life he carried on work among Sunday schools and weak churches, among native and foreign born, white and colored.

Dr. Clark was married, Sept. 6, 1855, to Susan C., daughter of Rev. Samuel Fish of Halifax, Vt., who died Feb. 7, 1911. Of his four children two survive him.

CLASS OF 1854.

FRANKLIN HUBBARD, the son of Dickman and Elizabeth C. (Field) Hubbard, was born in Leverett, Mass., July 13, 1827, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

For a few months after graduation he engaged in the leather business in Adrian, Mich., but early in 1855 he gave this up and became superintendent of the public schools there, which position he held for eleven years. In 1866 he removed to Toledo, O., where he became the head of the firm of Hub-

bard, Graves & Edwards, wholesale dealers in leather. After twenty years he retired from mercantile life and was appointed manager of the business affairs of the Toledo public schools, in which capacity he served until 1906. Mr. Hubbard continued to reside in Toledo until his death from arterio-sclerosis, Jan. 7, 1912.

Mr. Hubbard became actively identified with the educational and social interests of the city as well as with the business enterprises. Very early in his residence in Toledo he was made one of the trustees and deacons of the old First Congregational church, offices which he has filled ever since. For twelve years he served as president on the Toledo board of education and for three terms he was business manager of the Toledo schools. He was also a member of the library board, and since retiring from active business pursuits devoted himself to the interests of the church and the library.

"Of remarkable virility and vitality, physical and mental, he held almost to the last an absorbing interest in the march of events, and rounded out a long and honorable career, to the end impressing his personality and the ripe knowledge of an alert mind on all with whom he was brought into association."¹

Mr. Hubbard was married, Nov. 29, 1860, to Sarah R., daughter of Alonzo Lyman of South Hadley, Mass., who died March 19, 1899. His three daughters survive him.

CLASS OF 1855.

ELBERT ELI FARMAN, the son of Zadok and Martha (Dix) Farman, was born in New Haven, N. Y., Apr. 23, 1831, and was fitted for college at Genesee Wesleyan Seminary, Lima, N. Y. After two years at Genesee College, he entered Amherst as Junior, graduating with the class of 1855.

¹ *Toledo Times.*

After graduation he went to Warsaw, N. Y., and from 1856 to 1858 studied law there in the office of F. C. D. Mackay, Esq., with whom on admission to the New York bar in 1858 he entered into partnership for the practice of law. In 1862 he was admitted to the United States courts. He spent the years 1865—1867 in travel and study in Europe, attending lectures on criminal, international and civil law at the Universities of Berlin and Heidelberg, Germany. Having returned to America, he was appointed, in 1868, district attorney of Wyoming county (N. Y.), a position he held by election and reelection for seven years, and also continued his private practice in Warsaw. In 1872 he was a delegate to the Republican convention in Philadelphia.

In March 1876 Judge Farman was appointed diplomatic agent and consul-general of the United States at Cairo, Egypt, and continued in that position until July 1881, when he was promoted to the position of judge of the mixed tribunals of Egypt—a life position. He had previously been appointed to represent the United States on an international commission instituted to revise the civil code for the use of these tribunals.

In 1883 Judge Farman was appointed United States Commissioner on the international commission of eleven members established to examine all claims arising from the late war in Egypt. A few months after the close of this work, in 1884, he resigned his position as consul-general and returned to America, gave up active work in the law and thereafter devoted himself to lecturing and to making political addresses, especially in presidential campaigns.

From 1894 to 1900 he spent his winters in Europe engaged in literary work.

He died of pneumonia, Dec. 30, 1911, at his home in Warsaw, N. Y.

Judge Farman was one of the publishers of *The Western New Yorker*, 1859—1861. He was the author of *Along the*

Nile with General Grant, 1904; *Egypt and its Betrayal*, 1908; and *A Genealogy of the Farman Family*, 1911.

Judge Farman received the degree of LL. D. from Amherst in 1882. On leaving Egypt he was honored by the Sultan through the Khedive with the decoration of Grand Officer of the Imperial Order of the Medjidieh. He was a member of the Union League Club, of the Sons of the Revolution, New York City, and of the New York Bar Association.

"From the time of his arrival in Egypt he discharged the duties of his office, which were chiefly diplomatic, with eminent success, with the approval of the home government and of all Americans in Cairo. He sent home during his consulate voluminous reports upon the agriculture, the people, the commerce, the politics and finance of Egypt. His personal relations with the Khedive and the members of his government were also friendly and intimate. He took a prominent part in the reception of General Grant at Cairo, presented him to the Khedive, and in all their interviews acted as interpreter. His attention was not limited to Americans, but his interest in humanity led him to help the oppressed in Egypt. He negotiated a treaty relating to the extinction of the slave traffic in Egypt, and fifteen slaves gained their freedom through his efforts. Among the negotiations successfully carried on by him were those for the increase in the number of American judges in the international tribunal of Egypt. Another very important service was rendered by him in securing the granite obelisk, known as Cleopatra's Needle, which stood so long in front of the temple of Caesar in Alexandria. To his discreet zeal and diplomatic tact the city of New York is indebted for the gift from the Khedive, in 1879, of this interesting monument, which is now the most valuable ornament in Central Park.

During his term of service he made and classified a large and valuable collection of ancient coins, scarabei, bronzes, ob-

jects of porcelain and other antiquities, which may now be seen in the Farman collections in the Metropolitan Museum, New York City.”¹

Judge Farman was married (1) Dec. 24, 1855, to Lois P., daughter of Tilly Parker of Gainesville, N. Y., who died June 28, 1881; (2) Oct. 8, 1883, to Adelaide F., daughter of Hon. David H. Frisbie of Galesburg, Ill., who with his three children survives him.

WILLIAM ALLEN HALLOCK, the son of Leavitt and Elizabeth P. (Snell) Hallock, was born in Plainfield, Mass., Aug. 27, 1832, and was fitted for college at Hinsdale (Mass.) Academy.

After graduation he spent one year in travel for his health. From 1856 to 1859 he studied theology, one year each at Yale Seminary, Union Seminary and East Windsor Theological Institute (now Hartford Seminary). Early in 1860 he began to preach in Gilead, Conn., was ordained and installed over the Congregational church there the following fall, and remained as pastor for four years. For two years, 1864—1866, he was unable to preach in consequence of an injury received in a railroad accident. He was stated supply at Kiantone, N. Y., 1866—1869; for Chautauqua County, N. Y., 1869—1872; at Jamestown, N. Y., 1872—1875; and acting pastor in Bloomfield, Conn., 1875—1876.

In 1887 Mr. Hallock returned to Jamestown to live, preaching occasionally. He was active in founding and establishing the Pilgrim Congregational church and did a great deal for the Y. M. C. A.

His death was due to old age and occurred Sept. 4, 1911, in Buffalo, N. Y.

¹ Half Century Record of the Class of 1855, Amherst College.

"He was an original thinker, a forceful preacher and a man of great energy, activity and enthusiasm. All the churches that he served prospered under his administration, and he achieved signal and permanent success in local temperance reforms. He gave the site on which the building of the Y. M. C. A. now stands. He was greatly interested in the Sunday school out of which grew the Pilgrim Memorial church of this city. . . . What he accomplished will not soon be forgotten, nor the earnestness with which he wrought for the success of the church. He endeared himself by tender sympathy, and many here and elsewhere have felt the helpfulness of his sympathy or have been cheered by the quiet flow of his gentle humor." ¹

Mr. Hallock was married, Sept. 19, 1860, to Clara M., daughter of William Hall of Jamestown, N. Y., who died Sept. 17, 1897. Of his two children, a daughter survives him. His son, William Hall Hallock, who died in 1894, was a graduate of Amherst in the class of 1885. His brother, Rev. Leavitt H. Hallock, D.D., was a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1863.

JOHN ORNE, the son of John and Sarah I. (Morse) Orne, was born in Newburyport, Mass., April 29, 1834, and was fitted for college at the High school in his native town, entering Amherst as Sophomore.

After graduation he was principal of the Barnard High school, Southampton, N. H., 1855—1856; sub-master of the Brown High school, Newburyport, Mass., 1856—1858; principal of the South Grammar school, Lawrence, Mass., 1858—1862; sub-master of the Salem High school, 1862—1863; teacher of a private school in the same city, 1863—1867, and sub-master and teacher of physics in the Cambridge High school, 1867—1900. In the latter year Dr. Orne gave up

¹ *Jamestown (N. Y.) Evening Journal.*

The death of REV. JAMES DINGWELL, of the class of 1872, at Leicester, Mass., June 11, 1912, has been reported too late for any account of him in this year's *Record*.

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After graduation he was in business in Orange for two years, 1856—1858, and then became principal of the high school in Troy, Ill., for one year. While in this position he began the

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school, 1867—1900. In the latter year Dr. Orne gave up

¹ *Jamestown (N. Y.) Evening Journal.*

public school work, but continued for some time to do private teaching especially in the Arabic language and literature, to the study of which he devoted the rest of his life.

In 1899 Dr. Orne was appointed curator of Arabic manuscripts in the Semitic Museum at Harvard University, which position he held until his death from cerebral hemorrhage, Nov. 29, 1911, at his home in Cambridge.

Dr. Orne wrote many papers on Oriental subjects for the Semitic Conference of Harvard, and for the Harvard Biblical Club, some of which have been published in the magazines of the day. He also deciphered and translated sundry Arabic inscriptions on the mortuary tablets in the Semitic Museum, and prepared commentaries on Arabic works which have not been published owing to the necessarily limited circulation of such writings.

In 1896 Dr. Orne received from Amherst the honorary degree of Ph.D. for "eminent attainments in the Arabic language and literature." He was a member of the American Oriental Society, the Harvard Biblical Club, the Harvard Semitic Conference, the Cambridge Art Circle and the Boston Society of Natural History.

Dr. Orne was married, Nov. 28, 1867, to Louisa F., daughter of Richard Lindsay of Salem, Mass., who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1856.

JOSIAH HAMILTON GODDARD, the son of Josiah and Miranda (White) Goddard, was born in Orange, Mass., Feb. 10, 1830, and was fitted for college at Shelburne Falls (Mass.) Academy and Saxton's River (Vt.) Academy.

After graduation he was in business in Orange for two years, 1856—1858, and then became principal of the high school in Troy, Ill., for one year. While in this position he began the

study of medicine, and during the next two years, 1859—1861, he continued the study in Peterboro, N. Y. In 1861 he received the degree of M. D. from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City, and located as a physician in Huntington, Mass., where he remained fourteen years. In 1875 he removed to Orange, Mass., where he practiced until 1902, when ill health compelled him to retire.

Dr. Goddard died of paralysis, Feb. 21, 1912, at his home in Orange, Mass.

"In intellect he was keen, with a deep and rich mind. He was called one of the best read doctors in Western Massachusetts, and he was sought for counsel by physicians in and out of Orange on many occasions. In all, he practiced about forty years, and during his years of practice he traveled in his team to answer calls over 200,000 miles."

Dr. Goddard was married, Aug. 30, 1857, to Eliza J., daughter of Charles Corey of Dublin, N. H., who died Feb. 3, 1897. Of his two daughters, one survives him.

SAMUEL AUGUSTUS GOULD, the son of Hon. Herman and Anne E. (Sherwood) Gould, was born in Delhi, N. Y., May 31, 1836, and was fitted for college at Delaware Academy in his native place.

After graduation he resided part of the time in Delhi and part of the time in New York City for twenty years, having studied law in the latter place in the office of his grandfather, Hon. Samuel Sherwood, but never practicing his profession. In 1875 he took up journalism in Jacksonville, Fla., being connected with the *Florida Union*, *Florida Agriculturist* and *Florida Immigrant* and corresponding for several other newspapers. Leaving Jacksonville in 1879, Mr. Gould spent three years in Peoria, Ill. He then removed to Chicago where he was employed as a book-keeper until 1893. For the next ten

years he was engaged in real estate business, retiring from business on account of ill health in 1903. The rest of his life was spent in East Orange, N. J., Westwood, N. J., and New York City where he died of tuberculosis, June 28, 1911.

Mr. Gould was married, July 6, 1889, to Louisa, daughter of Ferdinand Wetstien of Peoria, Ill., who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1859.

RICHARD MORRIS WYCKOFF, the son of Richard Leverich and Elizabeth W. (Morris) Wyckoff, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 15, 1839, and was fitted for college at Marietta, O., and at the Dwight School, Brooklyn, N. Y.

After graduation he taught for one year in Morristown, N. J. He then studied medicine in Brooklyn and in New York with Dr. A. D. Wilson and Dr. James R. Wood, and at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York City, from which institution he received the degree of M. D. in 1864. From 1864 to 1865 he was House Physician and Surgeon, Bellevue Hospital, New York City.

In the closing year of the Civil War, Aug. 3, 1864, he received a commission as acting assistant surgeon in the U. S. Navy, with rank of captain; served at McDougal General Hospital near Fort Schuyler, N. Y. Harbor, and on the hospital transport S. R. Spaulding which did coastwise service as far as New Orleans, La.; and was mustered out July 20, 1865. When the war was over, Dr. Wyckoff was retired from his commission at his own request, and began medical practice in Brooklyn.

Dr. Wyckoff was appointed Sanitary Inspector on the Brooklyn Board of Health in 1873; he was Assistant Sanitary Superintendent, 1874—1875; Register of Vital Statistics, 1878

—1881; Deputy Health Commissioner of the Borough of Brooklyn, Feb. 1, 1882—Jan. 31, 1886, and again Feb. 1, 1893—Jan. 31, 1897. Soon after accepting the above positions, Dr. Wyckoff gave up his private practice. In 1875 he also served on the staff of St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn, as visiting physician. For the last fifteen years Dr. Wyckoff was retired from active life. His death from angina pectoris occurred Nov. 11, 1911, at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y.

For many years Dr. Wyckoff was active in behalf of medical societies. He was one of the founders of the Brooklyn Pathological Society in 1870. He was a member of the Kings County Medical Society, and its secretary, 1871—1882, and again 1887—1888; and editor of its numerous publications, 1876—1884; one of the founders and chief organizers of the New York State Medical Society, and chairman of its publication committee, 1877; member of the New York Medico-Historical Society, and its vice-president, 1885—1888; and member of the State Medical Association, N. Y., since 1883. He was also a member of the Lincoln Club from its inception.

Dr. Wyckoff was the author of: *Early Medicine in New York*, 1876; *Medicine in Kings County*, 1776, 1876; *Adirondacks and Hay Fever*, 1877; *Summer Mortality and Temperature*, 1878; *American Colleges Medical*, 1879; *Ex-Internes of Bellevue Hospital*, 1889; and *Sir Edwin Chadwick*, 1890. Among his contributions to medical journals are the following articles: *Contributions to Toner's Governmental Report on Annals of American Medicine*; and articles on vital statistics, meteorology, sanitation, medical history and biography, Proceedings of Kings County Society, and Transactions of the New York State Medical Society.

“Dr. Wyckoff was recognized as one of the foremost physicians and writers on medical topics in Brooklyn and Manhattan. He was known to the medical profession throughout the

United States by reason of his activities in New York City and his magazine articles on medical subjects in many medical publications."

Dr. Wyckoff was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1860.

OLIVER BROWN MERRILL, the son of Robert M. and Ann S. (Babson) Merrill, was born in Newburyport, Mass., Jan. 11, 1836, and was fitted for college at the Brown High school in his native place.

After graduation he became a teacher in the Brown High school, Newburyport, which position he held until July 1892, when he retired from teaching. In 1893 and again in 1894 he served in the Massachusetts Legislature. He continued to reside in Newburyport, occupying himself with literary work, until his death from heart failure, May 2, 1912.

Mr. Merrill wrote many local historical sketches and *A History of the Newburyport Schools*.

Mr. Merrill was a trustee of the Newburyport Public Library; the local secretary for the Civil Service Commission; and from 1895 to 1908 served on the Newburyport school committee.

Mr. Merrill was married, Nov. 7, 1858, to Amanda F., daughter of David Edgerly of Newburyport, Mass., who with three of their four children survives him.

His son, William A. Merrill, is a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1880.

CLASS OF 1861.

ELIJAH HARMON, the son of Gaius and Tempey (Vincent) Harmon, was born in Hawley, Mass., March 22, 1835, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

After graduation he studied theology for one year at East Windsor (Conn.) Theological Institute (now Hartford Theo-

logical Seminary). Aug. 15, 1862, he enlisted in the 52d Regiment, Mass. Volunteers at Hawley, Mass., and was soon after promoted Sergeant. He served in the campaign of 1863, resulting in the capture of Port Hudson, under General Banks. He was mustered out at Greenfield, Mass., Aug. 14, 1863.

Mr. Harmon was assistant teacher in the Corning (N. Y.) Free Academy, 1863—1864, and tutor at Amherst College, 1864—1865. He then studied theology at Hartford Theological Seminary, 1865—1867, being ordained in October of the latter year at Winchester, N. H., where he was settled as pastor eighteen years. During his pastorate, the schools of the town, and particularly the High school, were greatly benefited by his efforts to raise the standard of scholarship.

In 1885 he accepted a call to Wilmington, Mass., where he remained until 1900, when he retired from the ministry on account of ill health. The remaining years of his life he lived in Randolph, Mass., where he died of arterio-sclerosis, Feb. 3, 1912.

Mr. Harmon was married (1) July 12, 1866, to Lucy M., daughter of Rev. Edwin Locke of Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, and adopted daughter of Rev. A. B. Smith of Buckland, Mass., who died June 1, 1871; (2) March 5, 1872, to Eunice M., daughter of Rev. J. C. Smith of Ceylon, India, who died Aug. 14, 1872; (3) Oct. 14, 1874, to Martha A., daughter of James Homans of Campton, N. H., who with his three children survives him.

CLASS OF 1862.

ALVAH MILLS RICHARDSON, the son of Gilbert and Hannah (Davis) Richardson, was born in Woburn, Mass., April 30, 1833, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

After graduation he enlisted at Boston, in August 1862, as a private in the 45th Regiment, Mass. Volunteers. He served

in General Foster's expedition, and in the battles of Kingston and Whitehall, contracted typhoid fever, and was mustered out at Boston, in August 1863.

Mr. Richardson studied theology at Andover Theological Seminary, 1863—1866, and was settled over Limebrook Parish, Ipswich, Mass., 1866—1870. From 1870 to 1871 he was an agent of the American Tract Society. Upon his father's death in 1871 he returned to the home in Winchester, Mass., and assumed the care of the farm, making this his life work.

He died of pneumonia, March 16, 1912, in Palmer, Mass.

Mr. Richardson was unmarried.

A brother, Rev. Martin L. Richardson, is a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1856.

CLASS OF 1863.

CHARLES SYLVESTER BROOKS, the son of Charles and Nancy (Damon) Hoar, was born in New Braintree, Mass., Jan. 19, 1840. In 1859 the family name was legally changed to Brooks. Mr. Brooks was fitted for college at New Salem Academy and at Williston Seminary. After two years in Williams College, he entered Amherst as Junior, graduating with the class of 1863.

After graduation Mr. Brooks taught in East Abington, Mass., until he entered Andover Theological Seminary where he completed the course in 1869. He was ordained in the fall of that year and from 1869 to 1872 was pastor of the Congregational church, Tyngsboro, Mass. He was settled in South Deerfield, Mass., 1873—1877; in Putnam, Conn., 1877—1887; and in Fitchburg, Mass., 1887—1896. For one year he supplied the pulpits of the Whitefield church, Newburyport, and the Congregational church, Hyde Park, Mass., and in 1898 accepted a call to the pastorate of the First Congregational church, Mount Vernon, N. Y., which he was compelled to resign after a few

months on account of impaired health. From 1900 to 1909 he supplied the pulpits of different churches, among them the Winthrop church, Holbrook; the Union Congregational church, Taunton; the Congregational church, Monson; and the Congregational church, Canton;—all in Massachusetts.

Since 1900 Mr. Brooks has made his home in Wellesley, Mass., where he died of heat prostration July 12, 1911.

Mr. Brooks was married, Nov. 11, 1863, to Eleanor R., daughter of Lorenzo Converse of New Braintree, Mass., who with three of their four children survives him.

His son, Edwin M. Brooks, is a graduate of Amherst, of the class of 1899.

WALTER MORTON HOWLAND, the son of William A. and Hannah (Morton) Howland, was born in Conway, Mass., July 22, 1840, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

After graduation he enlisted in the U. S. Army, where he served in the Quartermaster's department from Nov. 1863 to Jan. 1866.

Mr. Howland studied law in Lynn, Mass., and with the firm of Waite & Clark, Chicago, Ill., where he was admitted to the bar in September 1869, and where he practiced his profession for about thirty-five years. He was president of the Chicago Association of Amherst Alumni for several years, in 1895 was elected Trustee of Amherst to represent the Western Alumni, and was reelected in 1900, serving ten years. From 1903 to 1908 he was Treasurer of the college. In 1902 he had returned east, expecting to spend the rest of his life in Conway, but was attracted by a beautiful place on a hill-top of South Amherst, where he resided until his death from arteriosclerosis and diabetes, Oct. 22, 1911.

Mr. Howland was a member of the Mayflower Society of Illinois, which he was instrumental in organizing and of which

he was Governor for many years; of the Chicago Literary Club; and of the Chicago Bar Association.

"Mr. Howland was a lover of literature, a great reader, a finished speaker, sought for on occasions of educational and public importance. He was sympathetic and helpful in all good causes, and, best of all, was a faithful friend."

Mr. Howland was married, (1) July 2, 1873, to Florence C., daughter of John Reynolds of Terre Coupee, Ind., who died Jan. 2, 1874; (2) July 12, 1881, to Mida D., daughter of Samuel Warne of Chicago, Ill., who died Oct. 8, 1886; and (3) to Anna C., daughter of William B. Prettyman of Chicago, Ill., who with his one daughter survives him. His brother, William Howland, was a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1846, and his brother, George Howland, of the class of 1850.

CLASS OF 1864.

DAVID SMITH FARNHAM, the son of Matthew and Mehitabel (Kegan) Farnham, was born in West Lebanon, Me., June 20, 1834, and was fitted for college at West Lebanon Academy and at New Hampton (N. H.) Institute.

After graduation he taught for one term in the Medway (Mass.) High school and for one year in the Wellesley (Mass.) High school. From 1866 to 1878 he was master of the Mason school, Newton Center, Mass. He then was chosen principal of the old Ward school in Brookline, and of the William H. Lincoln school which replaced it. Here, in collaboration with the late Dr. John D. Runkle, he was largely instrumental in introducing manual training into the schools of Brookline.

In 1894, after thirty years of teaching, he retired from educational work and became an operator in real estate. He traveled extensively in the West and had, for a time, large holdings of farm and ranch lands.

Mr. Farnham died of pernicious anaemia, May 20, 1912, at his home in Newton Center, Mass.

“A man of quiet tastes, he lived a life free from ostentation, yet rich in kind deeds. He delighted in extending help to all who were in need, yet executed his beneficences so quietly that few knew of them. He was identified with the First (Congregational) church, and took continued interest in the welfare of his home city and in all public questions; and his soundness of judgment and keen insight made him a wise counsellor. He was especially interested in Yankton College, South Dakota, and was an avowed advocate of those academic and public policies from which the people at large would receive the greatest benefit. His faith in the success of the agricultural colleges was strong from their beginnings, and even in his college days he was an advocate of that which today stands unchallenged as in the front rank of the institutions of the Bay State—the Massachusetts Agricultural College at Amherst. Both in private and public life he was a man of strict integrity and a force for righteousness.”

Mr. Farnham was married, Jan. 31, 1867, to Mary C., daughter of Charles Shapleigh of West Lebanon, Me., who with his three sons survives him. One son, Dr. John M. W. Farnham, is a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1891.

CLASS OF 1866.

JOHN PLINY BARTLETT, the son of William H. and Sarah (Skinner) Bartlett, was born in Hamilton, O., Jan. 17, 1845.

After graduation, from 1866 to 1869, he was engaged in mercantile pursuits in Minneapolis, Minn., and from 1869 to 1870 he was in the brokerage and real estate business in the same city. He then founded the *Daily and Weekly Times*,

Minneapolis, and was its editor, 1872—1874. The following year he was engaged in general literary work. He was editor of the publications for Antwerp, Bragg & Co., Cincinnati, O., 1875—1876, and again 1882—1883, the previous year having been in the offices of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad, Topeka, Kans. In 1883 he returned to Minneapolis where he remained until 1892, engaging in the insurance business. The next five years he was associated with a book-publishing house in Philadelphia and Boston, doing editorial work. This he gave up about fifteen years ago to represent the business department of the *Commercial and Financial Chronicle*, Chicago, Ill., where he remained continuously until his death from cerebral hemorrhage April 20, 1912, at Evanston, Ill.

“Mr. Bartlett was loyal and efficient in his services, and assiduous in his devotion to duty, making for himself in financial circles and elsewhere many warm friends. Besides his genial personality, he had one other quality that still further enhanced his usefulness: he was imbued with the spirit of the West, and progress was his watchword.”

Mr. Bartlett was married, Sept. 15, 1870, to Julia K. Varney of Bangor, Me., who died June 23, 1902. His two children survive him. His son, Draper C. Bartlett, is a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1903.

VINCENT MOSES, the son of Hiram and Betsey (Campbell) Moses, was born in French Creek, N. Y., July 1, 1844, and was fitted for college at the Quincy (N. Y.) High school and with a private tutor in Westfield, N. Y. He entered Amherst as Sophomore, becoming a member of the class of 1866.

After graduation he studied theology at Hartford Theological Seminary for one year, 1866—1867. The next two years, 1867—1869, he was principal of the Medway (Mass.) High

school. He then returned to Hartford Seminary and completed the course, graduating in 1871, but gave up the ministry on account of his health.

From 1872 to 1873 he was again principal of the Medway High school; from 1873 to 1874, of the Hopkinton (Mass.) High school; from 1874 to 1875, of the Fairhaven (Mass.) High school; from 1875 to 1876, of the Hallowell (Me.) Scientific and Classical school; and from 1876 to 1877 a teacher in the Brooks school, Cleveland, O.

Mr. Moses then gave up teaching and became proprietor of a drug store in West Medway, Mass., in which business he continued until 1881. From 1880 to 1886 he served as postmaster at that place. In 1887 he returned to the ministry and held the following pastorates: Patten and Island Falls, Me., 1887—1891; West Newbury, Mass., 1892—1896; South Granville, N. Y., 1900—1902; and Center Ossipee, N. H., 1906—1908.

Mr. Moses died of cerebral hemorrhage, March 28, 1912, at Newbury, Mass., where he had resided since ill health compelled him to retire from active life, in 1908.

Mr. Moses was married, (1) Aug. 25, 1874, to Evelyn A., daughter of Leonard Hazeltine of West Medway, Mass., who died Aug. 6, 1875; (2) June 5, 1883, to Mrs. Lucasta J. (Rogers) Thomas, daughter of Dr. Luther Rogers of Patten, Me., who with one daughter, by adoption, survives him.

CLASS OF 1868.

JOSEPH STILLMAN JONES, the son of Franklin and Mary (Kendall) Jones, was born in Bowling Green, Ky., Sept. 26, 1845, and was fitted for college at Groton (Mass.) Academy.

After graduation he studied law at the Albany (N. Y.) Law School, finishing a course there, and practiced his profession for a short period in Sidney, Neb.

In 1870 he went to St. Louis, Mo., becoming manager of the collection department of Phillips & Stewart, Attorneys at Law, in that city. He continued in this position until the firm was dissolved in 1891. The last years of his life were spent in Glen Park, Mo.

Mr. Jones died of cirrhosis of the liver, Sept. 27, 1911, at Glen Park, Mo.

He was unmarried.

His father, Franklin Jones, was a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1829.

CLASS OF 1869.

RICHARD GOODMAN, the son of Richard and Electa (Cheney) Goodman, was born in New York City, April 2, 1846, and was fitted for college at the Edwards Place School, Stockbridge, Mass.

After graduation he studied law at the Harvard Law School for two years, receiving the degree of LL.B. in 1871. From 1871 to 1872 he was in the office of Hillard, Hyde & Dickinson, Boston, and was admitted to the Massachusetts bar in January 1873. From 1872 to 1875 he practiced his profession in Boston, being a partner in the firm of Cummings & Goodman, and from 1875 to 1877 in New York City in the offices of Sanford, Robinson & Woodruff. Mr. Goodman then gave up his practice on account of ill health and removed to Lenox, Mass., where he devoted himself to breeding Jersey cattle and to perfecting dairy processes. Twenty years ago he retired from this work and has since lived at Yokun, the Goodman country place. Mr. Goodman died of pneumonia, Nov. 7, 1911, at Lenox, Mass.

Mr. Goodman was one of the six founders and original editors of the *Amherst College Student*, the first issue of which appeared Feb. 1, 1868. He was an occasional contributor of

articles on different subjects to leading agricultural papers, to the *Springfield Republican* and to other newspapers. An article by him on raising Jersey cattle and butter-making was published in the Island of Jersey.

"During his residence in Lenox, and until his death, Mr. Goodman was prominent in the farming, social, literary and political life of that village and vicinity. From 1877 to 1896 he was president of the Lenox Library."¹

Mr. Goodman was unmarried.

JOHN WILLIAM QUINBY, the son of Moses and Martha P. (Norbury) Quinby, was born in Coxsackie, N. Y., Oct. 4, 1833, and was fitted for college at Fairfield (N. Y.) Seminary. He served in the Union Army in the Civil War, enlisting at Mohawk, N. Y., as a private in the 152d Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry. He was soon promoted to First Lieutenant, but received "honorable discharge" in Dec. 1863 on account of disability sustained during forced marches.

Mr. Quinby entered Amherst as Junior with the class of 1869. After graduation he studied theology at Harvard Divinity School for a year and a half, 1870—1871, and was ordained a Unitarian minister in September of the latter year, in East Bridgewater, Mass. He was at once called to the pastorate of the Unitarian church there, where he continued for thirty years, resigning on account of ill health in 1901.

He died of cancer of the liver, June 23, 1911, at East Bridgewater, Mass.

"He was a great student and was especially interested in the work of the Psychical Research Society. He was a Good Templar for many years and a member of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Benevolent Society."²

Mr. Quinby was unmarried.

¹ *Springfield Republican*.

² *Brockton Times*.

CLASS OF 1870.

CHARLES HENRY AMES, the son of Nathan P. and Elvira (Coffin) Ames, was born in Boscawen, N. H., Feb. 5, 1847, and was fitted for college at Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H.

After graduation he was in the employ of Stedman, Brown & Lyon, publishers, Boston and Philadelphia, 1870—1872, and of Samuel Ward & Co., manufacturing stationers, Boston, 1872—1874, and was also during the latter year agent for James R. Osgood & Co., Boston. From 1875 till 1882 he was general agent of the educational department of L. Prang & Co., Boston, becoming in December 1882, secretary and member of the firm, The Prang Educational Company, and continuing in this relation six years.

In 1888 Mr. Ames became associated with D. C. Heath & Co., and held the position of secretary and director from 1889 until his death from heart failure in Boston, Sept. 9, 1911.

Among the pamphlets which he published were: *Relation of Art to Nature*; *Good Cheer in the Philippines*; *Are Time and Space Infinite?* and *William T. Harris* (a tribute to the late Commissioner of Education.)

Mr. Ames was a member of the National Geological Society, the American Historical Association, the American Economic Association, the American Ornithological Union, the American Forestry Association and of many local clubs.

"The publishing fraternity has counted among its members but few men of the broad culture and scholarly attainments which characterized Mr. Ames. As a publisher he always stood for the highest ideals. His record as a business man is an enviable one. His advocacy of the best methods in agency work and the best standards of scholarship in the making of textbooks were well known in the publishing world and were a constant and strong influence. His wide experience, as well

as his keen powers of observation and studious habits, gave him a grasp on educational problems which commanded the respect of leaders in educational work.

Mr. Ames was familiar with the educational systems of many countries. His observations on current educational problems in foreign lands were always distinguished by a breadth of view and a mastery of facts and figures which made them of great value. He was also an enthusiastic student of the problems relating to the Far East. His knowledge of the East was comprehensive and his appreciation of the educational and economic problems to be worked out there were so thorough that he was frequently urged by his friends to devote more of his time to the discussion of these topics. As a student of philosophy, the attainments of Mr. Ames were noteworthy, and his contributions to the various philosophical journals and to many of the magazines showed him to be a writer of more than usual clearness and force. He was a strong advocate of the culture studies in both school and university courses, an ardent classicist and a believer in the classics."¹

Mr. Ames was married, Sept. 21, 1887, to Henrietta B., daughter of Myron A. Hunt of Lakeview, Ill., who with their four children survives him.

ARTHUR CROSMAN BRADLEY, the son of Jonathan D. and Susan M. (Crosman) Bradley, was born in Brattleboro, Vt., Sept. 13, 1849, and was fitted for college at the Burnside Military School in his native town.

After graduation he studied law for two years in the Columbia University Law School, New York City, from which he received the degree of LL. B. in 1872, and was admitted to the New York bar, and soon after to those of Massachusetts and New Hampshire, having previously been admitted to the Ver-

¹ *The School Journal, N. Y. City.*

mont bar. During his university course he specialized in patent law in the office of the celebrated patent lawyer, George Gifford. For a short time thereafter, 1872—1873, he was in the law office of Hon. Edmund Burke of Newport, N. H., but soon removed to New York City where he was engaged in the practice of patent law until 1878, when he retired from that profession and became associated with his brother, Stephen R. Bradley, in the Bradley White Lead Company, Brooklyn, N. Y. After a long series of experiments he discovered a process of instantaneously separating the paint from the other elements of lead, which at once took the place of the former method of disintegration by the slow action of acid.

In 1889 he retired from public life, making his home part of the year in Brooklyn, N. Y. and part of the year in Newport, N. H. Mr. Bradley died of acute Bright's disease, Nov. 2, 1911, in Newport, N. H.

He was a member of the New Hampshire Constitutional convention in 1903, a director of the Newport (N. H.) First National Bank, a trustee of the Newport Home for Aged Women and chairman of the local board of health for several years.

Mr. Bradley was a life member of the following societies: The London Society of Psychical Research, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences. He was a Fellow of the American Geographical Society; a member of the Boston Society of Natural History; of the Bibliophile Society; of the New Hampshire Historical Society; of the Sons of the American Revolution; of the Entomological Society of Ontario; and of the St. Augustine Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Bradley was intensely interested in the welfare of his adopted town. He never cared for public life, but served the town quietly in several important capacities, his last work being

upon the soldiers' memorial committee, of which he was chairman.

He was a natural linguist, which gave him the ability to master several languages, and his power to grasp ideas understandingly, augmented by almost constant study, placed him in rank of intelligence among the best educated men of the times. He also devoted much time to the study of entomology and kindred branches.

Mr. Bradley's most prominent characteristics were a broad humanity, and a resulting interest in all movements for the betterment of the human race; a devotion to the beautiful in all things, and love of simplicity as opposed to ostentation. The first found expression in numberless deeds of charity and kindness, few of which ever became known. Most of his gifts were made conditional upon the donor remaining unknown.

Mr. Bradley was married, April 16, 1881, to Lucy E., daughter of Daniel Nettleton of Newport, N. H., who survives him. No children.

SAMUEL WHITTLESEY HOWLAND, the son of Rev. William W. and Susan (Reed) Howland, was born in Jaffna, Ceylon, Mar. 4, 1848, and was fitted for college in the public schools in Conway, Mass. and at Williston Seminary.

After graduation he studied theology at Union Theological Seminary, 1870—1873, and was ordained in Conway, Mass., May 7, 1873. He at once went as a missionary under the American Board to Oodoopitty, Ceylon, where he remained until 1888. He then accepted the presidency of Jaffna College which position he held for eight years. In 1897 he returned to America and assumēd charge of the Fifty-fourth Street Mission of the Dutch Reformed church, New York City, serving until 1900. From 1900 to 1903 he was professor of metaphysics in Talladega (Ala.) College; from 1903 to 1910,

professor of Greek and Hebrew at Atlanta (Ga.) Theological Seminary; and from 1910 until his death professor emeritus in the latter institution.

In 1890 Amherst College conferred upon him the degree of D. D.

Dr. Howland died of paralysis, Apr. 6, 1912, at Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. Howland was for some time a member of the Oriental Society, New York City.

When in Jaffna, Ceylon, Dr. Howland did editorial work for the *Morning Star*, a newspaper published there; wrote articles for magazines and papers, book reviews, etc., and left an unpublished manuscript, *Outlines of Theology*.

In August 1910, Dr. Scott, one of Dr. Howland's associates in mission work in Ceylon, wrote: "I am sure it would please you to know that you are remembered here with the greatest affection. I hope that when my time comes to leave Jaffna there may be as many who will remember me gratefully, but I cannot hope to receive such testimony to the greatness of service that has been accorded you as your right."

"I learned to love him, not only as a missionary who spent a good portion of his life—and that the best portion of it—for the people of Jaffna; but as my Principal during more than half of my course as a student in Jaffna College. I can never forget his kind, smiling countenance, loving disposition, pleasing conversation, great concern for the physical, moral, intellectual and spiritual advancement of his pupils and his earnest words of advice."¹

In October 1910, at a meeting in Ceylon, called to celebrate the centenary of the A. B. C. F. M., the Howland family was spoken of as having given 171 years to the work of the Board in Ceylon.

¹ From a letter written by a native of Ceylon.

Dr. Howland was married, (1) Apr. 29, 1873, to Mary E. K., daughter of William Richardson of Brooklyn, N. Y., who died Nov. 17, 1903; (2) Sept. 25, 1906, to Ella L. Deane, daughter of Seth Deane of Middleboro, Mass., who survives him. No children.

Dr. Howland's father, William Ware Howland, was a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1841; his brother, William Southworth Howland, of the class of 1870; his brother, John Howland, of the class of 1876; his brother, Henry Martyn Howland, of the class of 1882; and his brother, David Brainerd Howland, of the class of 1883.

WALTER WYMAN, the son of Edward and Elizabeth F. (Hadley) Wyman, was born in St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 17, 1848, and was fitted for college in the university in that city.

After graduation he taught in a district school, eighteen miles from St. Louis, 1870—1871, and then entered the St. Louis Medical College from which he received the degree of M. D. in 1873. He was assistant physician in St. Louis hospitals, 1873—1875; surgeon in the Marine Hospital Service, 1876—1891; in charge successively of the Marine Hospitals in St. Louis, Cincinnati, Baltimore and New York, and of the Quarantine and Purveying Divisions at the Marine Hospital Bureau in Washington; was supervising surgeon-general, Marine Hospital Service, 1891—1902; and was surgeon-general of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, 1902—1911.

Dr. Wyman died Nov. 21, 1911, in the Providence Hospital, Washington, D. C. His death was caused by a carbuncle.

He received the honorary degree of LL.D. from the Western University of Pennsylvania, 1897; from the University of Maryland, 1907; and from his Alma Mater, 1911.

“He administered the quarantine laws and establishments in the Continental United States, Alaska, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines. He had charge of twenty-two marine hospitals and one hundred and twenty other relief stations, giving relief to more than 55,000 sailors of the American merchant marine annually; and of the medical examination of immigrants and regulations for the same. He was instrumental in the passage by Congress of seventeen laws now on the statute books, among which are National laws relating to quarantine; proper provision for quarters and food for seamen; governmental inspection of establishments manufacturing vaccine, serums, toxins, etc.; for the investigation of leprosy, and the establishment of a Leprosy Investigation Station on the Island of Molokai, Hawaii; the building at Washington of a Hygiene Laboratory; and for the establishment of a Bureau of Public Health, bringing the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service into close affiliation with the scientific laboratories of the country, and with the State Boards of Health, in matters of hygiene and sanitation. Surgeon-General Wyman gave special attention to the physical conditions affecting seamen of the merchant marine, and was instrumental in having laws passed for their benefit, notably one for the relief of deck-hands on western rivers, and brought to notice cruelties imposed on crews of oyster vessels in Chesapeake Bay, and established a hospital for the latter. He originated and established the Sanatorium for Consumptive Sailors at Fort Stanton, N. Mex., and while surgeon in charge of the New York Marine Hospital, in 1885, established with the consent of the then surgeon-general a hygienic laboratory at that station, which was later removed to Washington, and declared by Congress to be for the investigation of infectious and contagious diseases and matters relating to the public health. He established the Yellow Fever Institute of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service. He had charge

of the Government measures to ward off cholera in 1893, and to suppress epidemics of yellow fever in Brunswick, 1893; New Orleans, 1897—1898 and 1905; of smallpox in Birmingham, Ala., 1897; and plague in San Francisco, 1900—1901, and 1907—1908. Surgeon-General Wyman was interested in international sanitation of cities, especially seaports, with a view to rendering rigid quarantine unnecessary, and was author of a plan for an international agreement by the republics of the Western Hemisphere to bring this about. Through influence upon the Conference of American States held in Mexico in 1901, and resolutions passed by that Conference, he was largely instrumental in bringing about the International Sanitary Conventions of American Republics, of which three have been held, and over the first two of which he presided; and at the second of these conventions, held in Washington, he was largely instrumental in framing a treaty relating to quarantine management of cholera, plague and yellow fever, which treaty has been officially confirmed by practically all the American republics; and he was chairman of the International Sanitary Bureau of the American republics.

Dr. Wyman was author of ninety or more articles on public health and sanitation, including scientific treatises on the bubonic plague and yellow fever, and text-book articles on quarantine. In the Ninth International Medical Congress, Washington, 1887, he was secretary of the Section on Public and International Hygiene; chairman of the Committee on International Quarantine, Pan-American Medical Congress, Mexico, 1896; chairman of the Section on Public Health, International Congress of Arts and Sciences, St. Louis, 1904; president of the Section on State and Municipal Control, International Congress on Tuberculosis, Washington, 1908. He was a member of the American Public Health Association (president 1902—1903); Association of Military Surgeons (president 1904—1905); American

Medical Association (first vice-president 1905—1906); American National Red Cross (vice-president and acting president 1904); and member of the Board of Consultation; member of the Board of Visitors of the Government Hospital for the Insane, and of the Medical Board of the Providence Hospital; director of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, and of the National Association for Mental Hygiene; honorary member of the Imperial Society of Medicine of Constantinople; honorary fellow of the American Association of Obstetricians and Gynecologists; member of the American Academy of Medicine; American Medical Editors' Association; American Association for the Advancement of Science; American Climatological Association; National Geographic Society; Society for Psychical Research; American Society of Tropical Medicine; District of Columbia Medical Society, District of Columbia Medical and Surgical Society; Washington Academy of Sciences; and Columbia Historical Society.

Dr. Wyman was also a member of the Society of Colonial Wars in the District of Columbia; District of Columbia Society of Sons of the Revolution; and the Metropolitan, Cosmos, University and Chevy Chase Clubs of Washington.”¹

“As Surgeon-General, his distinguished services to the government, to his profession, and to the cause of humanity, are a public record.”²

Dr. Wyman was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1871.

MAURICE DWIGHT CLARKE, the son of Moses and Laura W. (Dwight) Clarke, was born in East Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 2, 1851, and was fitted for college at the Cambridge High school.

¹ From “Men and Women of America.”

² *Amherst Student*.

After graduation he taught in Walpole, Mass. for six months, when he gave up teaching and became local editor of the Manchester (N. H.) *Daily Mirror and American*, which position he occupied until 1876. After one term of study in the Harvard University Law School, he entered the Harvard Medical School from which he received the degree of M. D. in 1881. From that year until 1882 he was house physician in the Boston City Hospital, and held a similar position in the McLean Hospital, Boston, in 1883. The following year Dr. Clarke began private practice in Haverhill, Mass., where he resided and continued in active work until 1907, when he was obliged to retire because of failing health. His death from progressive paralysis occurred Sept. 7, 1911, at Danvers, Mass.

Dr. Clarke was a member of the Boston City Hospital Medical Club; of the Harvard Medical School Association; of the Massachusetts Medical Society, being for several years one of its councillors, in 1898 its vice-president, and for nine years from 1887 secretary and treasurer of one of its branches, the Essex North District Medical Society; and of several local clubs. He was a contributing member of the Haverhill Post of the Grand Army, and for three years assistant surgeon of the Eighth Regiment Mass. Volunteer Militia.

When the Hale Hospital was started in Haverhill, he was a member of its staff and continued in its membership until he gave up practice. He was a member of the consulting board at Danvers Insane Hospital from 1890 until his death, and since 1896 was the president of the board. He was also for many years a member of the local board of the United States pension surgeons, Haverhill.

From 1892 to 1897 he was the city physician of the city of Haverhill, and was a member of the board of health from 1892 to 1909, the greater part of that time serving as chairman of the board. He was a trustee of the Atkinson (N. H.) Academy,

and was a member of the school board, Haverhill, from 1887 to 1906, taking an active interest in the affairs of the schools.

Dr. Clarke was the author of : *History of Manchester, New Hampshire*, 1875, and of several pamphlets, among them *Therapeutic Nihilism*, and *Transactions of the Massachusetts Medical Society*, 1888.

"Dr. Clarke had a large consulting practice, was the medical examiner for a number of life insurance companies, and was often employed as an expert in medico-legal cases. His special bent, however, was toward surgery."¹

"The acts of mercy which he performed were for the most part confided to no one, but it is known that they were many. His determined nature in cases saved many a life, and his smiling, genial nature brought sunshine to many a sick-room."

"Dr. Clarke's life in Haverhill brought him into the front rank of affairs and he was a leader in medical and educational movements. He was one of the city's most prominent physicians, and was highly successful. His methods of work, study and writing were original, as was also his personality. There are hundreds in Haverhill who still pay tribute to his unfaltering faithfulness as a doctor and his sterling worth as a man."

Dr. Clarke was married, June 24, 1879, to Mary J., daughter of Joseph Willson of Bellows Falls, Vt., who with two children survives him.

CLASS OF 1872.

STEVEN ALVAH THURLOW, the son of Robert and Nancy (Smith) Thurlow, was born in Raymond, Me., July 18, 1842, and was fitted for college at Hebron (Me.) Academy and at the Edward Little Institute, Auburn, Me.

After graduation he taught in Gould's Academy, Bethel, Me., 1872—1874; was principal of the High school, Freeport, Me.,

¹ Physicians and Surgeons of America.

1874—1878, for one year of which time he was also superintendent of schools; principal of Union Academy, Belleville, N. Y., 1878—1881; and of the High school, Pottsville, Penn., 1881—1906. In the latter year Mr. Thurlow gave up teaching, and became superintendent of schools in Pottsville, which position he held until his death there from Bright's disease, Jan. 4, 1912.

Mr. Thurlow enlisted in Company K, 5th Regiment, Mass. Volunteers, U. S. A., Sept. 1, 1862, and was assigned to the 7th Corps under General Gordon, serving chiefly at West Point, Va. After nine months service he was mustered out, July 7, 1863.

Mr. Thurlow was a member of the Knights of the Golden Eagle, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Masonic fraternity and the Grand Army of the Republic.

"He was a scholarly gentleman and a man of culture, loving all that was beautiful in literature. He was not only an instructor, but a friend and companion as well to all his pupils. With the exception of his military service in the Civil War, he devoted his entire active career to the profession of pedagogy, in which he rose to a high rank."

"Not only did he devote his school hours and recreation hours to the improvement of the schools and the benefit of his pupils, but he contributed largely of his salary to buy special books and equipment which he thought would help the students. He was principal of the Pottsville High school for more than a quarter of a century, and at the expiration of this term of service, as a mark of the esteem in which he was held, he was presented by the graduates with a purse of \$2,000."

Mr. Thurlow was married, July 9, 1891, to Mary E., daughter of Rev. John N. Chase of Saybrook, Conn., who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1874.

JOSIAH KEEP, the son of Josiah O. and Eliza A. (Southworth) Keep, was born in Paxton, Mass., May 11, 1849, and was fitted for college at Leicester (Mass.) Academy.

For two years after graduation Mr. Keep taught in Leicester Academy, and then returned to Amherst for a year of post-graduate work. He taught in Golden Gate Academy, Oakland, Cal., 1877—1878; and in the High school, Alameda, Cal., 1878—1885, three years as assistant and four as principal. In 1885 he was appointed professor of natural science in Mills College, Oakland, Cal., which position he held the remainder of his life.

Professor Keep died of apoplexy, July 27, 1911, at Pacific Grove, Cal.

Professor Keep was a member of the California Academy of Sciences, San Francisco, 1878—1890; of the National Conchological Chapter of the Agassiz Association and for some years its president; of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific; of the Sierra Club; of the Berkley Club; and of many other scientific and literary organizations.

Professor Keep was the author of numerous books of science, among them being: *Common Sea Shells of California*; *West Coast Shells*, 1887; *Shells and Sea Life*, 1901; *West American Shells*, 1904; *West Coast Shells* (revised), 1911; *California Wild Flowers*; and of various articles in scientific periodicals and magazines.

“On the social and personal side Professor Keep greatly endeared himself to everyone. His unfailing kindness and thoughtfulness for others, his genial and merry humor, his sound, practical wisdom and shrewdness, and the unfaltering loyalty with which he held to his fundamental convictions and judgments were delightful to encounter.”

"He wrote books valuable and interesting alike to experts, teachers and unscientific readers; to mature minds and to young people. He left also a sheaf of poems."

"Perhaps no man who was not a resident of Pacific Grove was more closely connected with its history and institutions than was Professor Keep. He was one of the founders of the Chautauqua Assembly, which meets there, coming there in 1878. He has ever since, with the exception of a few years, been connected with the Chautauqua Assembly as staunch supporter and instructor, conducting walks and talks along the shore line, discoursing and explaining to his large classes in biology the beauties of rocks and shells.

Mr. Keep's collections were the nucleus of the Pacific Grove Museum. Upon the organization of the Museum he was one of its first directors and has continued as such until recently, and was at the time of his death an honorary member of the Pacific Grove Museum. His interest in the Pacific Grove Library was also very keen."¹

"To Professor Keep much of the upbuilding of Mills College was due. Besides giving a rare technical knowledge and love of science, he was one of the most beloved instructors in the college. The collection of Pacific Coast shells which he gathered for the college museum is one of the most complete in the West."²

"With the wide general knowledge required by his field of work, it was of course impossible for him to be a specialist in any, but his deep interest had been aroused in the study of the mollusca in which the Pacific coast is so rich. Between 1881 and 1911 he published a series of what might be called primers of west-coast shells, illustrated with figures, enabling the beginner to gain a preliminary knowledge of the attractive shells

¹ *Monterey Cypress.*

² *San Francisco Chronicle.*

of California. To these little books may be fairly ascribed much of the wide-spread interest which is today found among Californians, and which by the co-operation of amateurs with specialists, has immensely increased the knowledge of the Pacific coast fauna.

West Coast Shells, the last of these manuals, was published only shortly before his death and is one of the most exhaustive works on the western shells ever printed.

Indefatigable and enthusiastic, he was primarily a teacher and organizer; beloved by his classes and appreciated by those reached through his books and so led to the study of nature."¹

Professor Keep was married, July 11, 1877, to Amelia C., daughter of Parley Holman of Leicester, Mass., who with his two children survives him.

CLASS OF 1876.

McGEORGE BUNDY, the son of Solomon and Elizabeth A. (McGeorge) Bundy, was born in Oxford, N. Y., July 8, 1855, and was fitted for college at the academy in his native town.

After graduation he studied law with his father at his home in Oxford, and was admitted to the New York bar at Albany, in September 1878. He practiced his profession in Oxford until January 1880, when he accepted the appointment as consular clerk at Havre, France, where he remained for one year. Early in 1881 he opened a law office in Grand Rapids, Mich., engaging in general practice with work largely devoted to banking and corporation matters, and continued to practice there the rest of his life.

Mr. Bundy died of intestinal stricture, Nov. 8, 1911, in Antwerp, Belgium, while traveling for his health.

Mr. Bundy was a member of the Peninsular Club, and of the Colonial Club, which was an organization for historical study.

¹ *Science, New York City.*

"Mr. Bundy, though never in public life, was interested in many business enterprises. He was one of the leading attorneys of Grand Rapids and held a place of considerable influence in legal circles of the city, where he was highly esteemed."

Mr. Bundy was married, Jan. 8, 1885, to Mary G., daughter of Harvey J. Hollister of Grand Rapids, Mich., who with his three children survives him.

CLASS OF 1877.

FRANK NEWHALL LOOK, the son of Dwight B. and Emily (Newhall) Look, was born in Leominster, Mass., Mar. 22, 1855, and was fitted for college at the High school, Northampton, Mass.

After graduation he entered the office of the Florence Manufacturing Company in Florence, Mass., and a year later went to New York City to take charge of the company's office there. In January 1881 he was made treasurer and general manager of the company, which position he held until his death, Sept. 9, 1911, resulting from an operation, at his home in Florence, Mass.

Mr. Look was a trustee of Amherst College, 1899—1904. He served in the first two city governments of Northampton, as a member of the common council, and was elected a director of the Northampton National Bank in 1886. He was a member of the school committee of that city, September, 1906—September, 1911, and at the time of his death its Vice-Chairman; a member of the Board of Directors of the Young Men's Christian Association; a trustee of the Lilly Kindergarten; president of the Lilly Library Association; and a director of the Hampshire Branch of the Massachusetts Association for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

"At the time that Mr. Look became manager of the Florence Manufacturing Company, the business was insignificant, but

under his management it grew rapidly until it became one of the leading manufacturing concerns of the city, employing a large number of operatives, and being known by its products throughout the country. The business was increased by leaps and bounds year by year until it reached its present dimensions. Many extensive enlargements were added to the plant under Mr. Look's recommendations, and the number of employes was correspondingly increased. The "Prophylactic" tooth brush is being used all over the country, and it is by this product that the company is best known, but this is only one of about forty nation-known articles that are now made by the company."

"He was not only at the head of one of the city's largest industries, but he stood for the best things in the community and was always ready to lend to them his aid and influence, which proved of value to their advancement and to the consequent welfare of the city."

Mr. Look was a temperance advocate and gave his support to the temperance cause. He had been a member of the Florence Congregational church thirty-five years, devoting much interest and effort to its work.

The following resolutions were adopted in memory of Mr. Look by the Northampton School Board:

"Resolved, That by his death the schools of this city have lost a friend devoted to their highest interest, and the city a citizen of manifold and beneficent activities.

Resolved, That in the death of Mr. Look this board mourns the loss of one of its most efficient members, an adviser of clear foresight and firm convictions and an executive officer of marked ability."

Mr. Look was a member of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Mr. Look was married, Oct. 20, 1880, to Fannie E., daughter of George A. Burr of Florence, Mass., who with one daughter survives him.

CLASS OF 1878.

FREDERIC SPENCER BRONSON, the son of Eli A. and Amelia E. (Kellogg) Bronson, was born in Geneva, N. Y., July 23, 1856, and was fitted for college at the Geneva Academy and the Geneva High school.

After graduation Mr. Bronson returned to his home and was in the employment of the postoffice there, also engaging in the nursery business. In 1896 he organized the Geneva Telephone Company of which he became general manager, which position he held until 1907. He then went into the electrical construction business in Rochester, N. Y., still keeping his residence in Geneva and retaining connection with the Geneva Telephone Company.

Mr. Bronson died of blood-poisoning, Jan. 5, 1912, at Geneva, N. Y.

Mr. Bronson was an officer of the First Presbyterian church in Geneva, and for thirty years was superintendent of the High Street (colored) Sunday school.

Mr. Bronson was married, Apr. 30, 1907, to Julia E., daughter of Dr. George F. Hand of Binghamton, N. Y., who survives him. No children.

His brother, Rev. Charles E. Bronson, is a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1880.

CLASS OF 1879.

NEAL MITCHELL, the son of Dr. Joseph D. and Myra H. (Chase) Mitchell, was born in Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 21, 1855, and was fitted for college at Lapham Institute, North Scituate, R. I. He entered college with the class of 1877, but left at the end of Freshman year to take up the study of medicine with his father, Dr. J. D. Mitchell, in Jacksonville. In 1876 he entered college again and graduated with the class of 1879.

After graduation Mr. Mitchell continued the study of medi-

cine at Bellevue Hospital Medical College and at Long Island College Hospital, and received the degree of M. D. from Long Island College Hospital in 1880. With the exception of the year 1890—1891, which he spent in study at the University of Berlin, Germany, Dr. Mitchell practiced his profession in Jacksonville, Fla., continuously from 1880 until 1902 when he was obliged to retire from active life because of ill health. On this account during the remaining years of his life he spent the winters in New Mexico and Arizona and the summers in Northern New England.

Dr. Mitchell died of heart failure consequent upon pulmonary tuberculosis, Sept. 30, 1911, in Cambridge, Mass.

At different times Dr. Mitchell held the following professional positions: Interne, New General Hospital, Hamburg, Germany; consulting surgeon, St. Luke's Hospital, Jacksonville; surgeon, 1st Fla. Battalion Cavalry; president Duval County (Fla.) Medical Society; and president Duval County Board of Health.

"Dr. Mitchell had a very distinguished career as a physician. As president of the Board of Health of Jacksonville, Fla., he carried that city through the celebrated epidemic of yellow fever in 1888, winning a high reputation for his administration, and throughout the subsequent years of his practice he ranked as the leading physician of the city."¹

"Dr. Mitchell did not belong to his family and friends alone, but to the whole community. . . . He lived and acted in that capacity during the whole of his life. . . . His ability commanded admiration, his character compelled respect and his knowledge was the ripe fruit of years of study and devoted observation, but the love entertained for him was a higher tribute than these. . . . It might be said with entire truth that he gave his life not only to those he loved, not alone

¹ *Amherst Graduates' Quarterly.*

to those he knew, but to the community at large and to humanity in general. The poorest man or woman or child commanded without fee the service given the millionaire and every need found sympathy and help at the office which was known throughout the state as that of 'Dr. Neal.'"¹

Dr. Mitchell was married, Oct. 21, 1895, to Mary C., daughter of Hon. James W. Sheehy of Port Henry, N. Y., who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1882.

FLETCHER DUTTON PROCTOR, the son of Redfield and Emily (Dutton) Proctor, was born in Proctorsville, Vt., Nov. 7, 1860, and was fitted for college at the Rutland (Vt.) Military Institute and at Middlebury (Vt.) High school. He entered Middlebury College with the class of 1881, but at the end of Freshman year he left and entered Amherst with the class of 1882, where he finished three years of the college course, ill health then compelling him to give up further study. The degree of B. A. (pro honore) was conferred upon him by Amherst College in 1891 and he was thereafter enrolled with the class of 1882.

In 1881 Mr. Proctor went into business with the Vermont Marble Company in Proctor, Vt., having already been in its employ during his college vacations. He went, not into the company's offices, but into its shops. He worked at the trade of a machinist, and later gained a thorough knowledge of every practical step that enters into the quarrying, manufacture and marketing of the superb marble that the company owned in abundance. In 1885 he became superintendent of the company, and in 1889 succeeded to its presidency, which he held for the period of twenty-two years as active and responsible manager. Under his control, and with the assistance

¹ *Times-Union, Jacksonville (Fla.)*

of aides chosen with his usual sagacity, the company has grown and prospered to an extent that has made it the largest single industry in Vermont, and the largest of its kind in the world, with branches in many cities of the United States.

Mr. Proctor died of infective endocarditis, Sept. 27, 1911, at his home in Proctor, Vt.

In 1884 and 1885 he was a selectman of the old town of Rutland before the incorporation of the town of Proctor, and from 1887 to 1890 was a selectman of the town of Proctor. From 1883 until his death he served on the school board.

He represented Proctor in the House in 1890, serving on the committee of ways and means and as chairman of the general committee. He was again elected in 1900, when he was made Speaker of the House of Representatives by the unanimous vote of the Republican members, and again in 1904.

In 1892 he was a member of the Senate.

In 1906 Mr. Proctor was nominated and elected Governor of Vermont, and served two years.

In the midst of his other activities Mr. Proctor found time to give to duties of a most varied nature. He served three years, 1884—1887, in Company A, Vermont National Guard, rising to the rank of first lieutenant. He was secretary of civil and military affairs, 1886—1888, by appointment of Gov. Ebenezer F. Ormsbee. In 1883 he was chosen colonel of the Vermont Division, Sons of Veterans.

Mr. Proctor was president of the Vermont Marble Company; the Proctor Trust Company; road-commissioner for ten years; president of the Vermont Forestry Association; a director of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company; a director of the National Life Insurance Company; a director of the Rutland Railroad Company; president of the Clarendon and Pittsford Railroad Company, which owns and operates a steam railway connecting the different quarries, mills

and shops with each other, and with the Rutland and Delaware and Hudson Railroads; a director of the Mary Fletcher Hospital; a director of the Vermont State Fair Association; a trustee of Vail's Agricultural School at Lyndon, Vt.; and a trustee of the Vermont Sanitorium, established at Pittsford by his father.

He was a strong supporter of the Union church at Proctor, interested in the local Y. M. C. A., a member of the State committee of the Y. M. C. A., and helpful to many worthy institutions throughout the state.

In 1908 he received the degree of LL.D. from the University of Vermont, Middlebury College and Norwich (Vt.) University, of which last two institutions he was a trustee.

"Mr. Proctor was the next friend and adviser of all classes of people in the community. Whoever the person or whatever the circumstances, there was always found in him a sympathetic adviser. His judgments were just and impartial; his advice full of common sense. He was patient with those who deserved patience, and ever ready to help and encourage those who deserved encouragement. He was a powerful influence in the community whether as a private citizen or a public official.

Although his relations to all the employees were kindly, encouraging and helpful, it was perhaps in his relations with his associates in the management of the business that his strong personality showed greatest. He had the happy faculty of commanding the respect and confidence and perfect loyalty of those who were associated with him. Both Governor Proctor and his father had extraordinary business ability. The world which each had to perform was quite different from the other and the abilities of each were suited to his own peculiar task. It needed all the restless ambition, iron will and far-seeing vision of Senator Proctor to start from the beginning the great business which he created; but it needed equally the adminis-

trative genius, rare judgment of men and mastery of details of Governor Proctor to develop, enlarge and systematize that business and to establish its organization upon an enduring basis. He had a natural capacity for business and affairs—as all know who had the privilege of sitting in council with him—and his wisdom and energy and work were a predominating element in the great business of which he was so long the head.

He had a natural capacity for co-ordinating the work of the different departments and of harmonizing their different efforts. This acquaintance with every detail of the business and his kindly interest in all about him brought him into very close touch with all the employees. He knew how to smooth out difficulties and if necessary would do so among any of the employees.”

“When the Legislature of 1906 assembled, it found a leader waiting to guide it to a record of usefulness unprecedented in Vermont. In a quiet, kindly, but effective way, he steadily pushed his reforms forward that he had outlined fully in his inaugural address. Under his hand and eye, the members of the General Assembly bent to the task of enacting legislation long needed in many directions, which spelt progress. Then it was that the public school system was reorganized, with expert supervision provided for, and a permanent school fund of large proportions established; that the state highway department was put on a business-like basis, with adequate funds for carrying on the work of really permanently improving the highways; that provision was made for the gradual elimination of all railroad grade crossings in the state; that the railroad commission received powers commensurate with its duties; and reasonable regulation of transportation companies was authorized.

He liked companions and companionship. A captain of industry, he was not above the common things of life. Of great

wealth, as wealth is counted in this little state, no one thought of it when holding converse with him. His keenness to perceive the humorous, the entire absence of rancor in his make-up and his ever sunny demeanor disarmed those who disagreed with him and often made them captives. He was the most approachable of men.

- In clear judgment; in the ability to time an act correctly; in the understanding of men and how to enlist and control them in a cause, Governor Proctor has had few equals. He had the honest purpose, the rugged integrity and the flawless personal character of his race—fit groundwork for the work that was his. His service in his community and in his state has been so valuable that the only regret felt is that it was so comparatively short. He accomplished much; what he might still have accomplished, had he been spared to a lifetime of ordinary length, who can say?"¹

Mr. Proctor was married, May 26, 1886, to Minnie E., daughter of Hon. Asher C. Robinson of Westford, Vt., who with his three children survives him.

CLASS OF 1884.

WILLIAM EDWARD PARKER, the son of William E. and Clara (Crocker) Parker, was born in Hyannis, Mass., Dec. 9, 1861, and was fitted for college at the High school in Barnstable, Mass., and in his native town.

After graduation Mr. Parker remained one year at his home in Hyannis without engaging in any occupation. He then accepted a position as assistant librarian at Columbia University Library, New York City, which position he held 1885—1886. From 1887 to 1911 he was associated with the Library Bureau, Boston, of which he was one of the founders.

In 1888 the Library Bureau was incorporated as a Massachusetts corporation, and Mr. Parker was elected as its treas-

¹ *The Vermonter.*

urer. He was also treasurer of the New Jersey corporation and all the subsidiary corporations of the Library Bureau from this time until his death from Bright's disease at his home in Newton Center, Mass., Nov. 2, 1911.

Mr. Parker was a member of the Republican Club of New York and the Boston Alumni Association of Amherst, of which he was president in 1904.

It was largely due to Mr. Parker's ability and untiring industry that the enterprise of furnishing library and office supplies steadily developed to a business of large proportions and became New England's contribution to what has proved to be a new and important industry.

He resided for many years at Newton Center, and was an active and influential citizen in the affairs of his home community. He was a member of the First church of Newton. While a member of the school board of Newton (from 1903 to 1909) he was the leading spirit in building, equipping and organizing the new technical high school, which is regarded as a model in this class of educational institutions.

"In the world of business it is the privilege of few men, however great their success or evident their genius, to achieve the reputation for fairness, sagacity and faithfulness in positions of public and private trust, which came so freely and naturally to Mr. Parker. He was the builder of a new industry. He labored to place it upon secure foundations, and his daily effort was directed not so much toward wealth for himself as to make permanent and profitable the employment of hundreds of men and women in scores of cities in this country and abroad. . . . He was a successful man of affairs, a citizen who gave unselfishly of strength and time to the educational progress of his city and to the improvement of civic conditions. He was one whose esteem it was an honor to possess."

Mr. Parker was married, Nov. 18, 1891, to Miss Tena Bartlett, daughter of Alvin G. Bartlett of Roxbury, who with his three children survives him.

CLASS OF 1900.

THEODORE STORRS LEE, the son of Rev. Samuel H. and Emma (Carter) Lee, was born in Cleveland, O., May 23, 1873, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

After graduation he studied theology at Union Seminary, graduating in the spring of 1903. He was ordained Oct. 20, as Missionary Pastor of the Westchester Congregational church, White Plains, N. Y., and in November went as a missionary to Wai and Satara, in the Marathi Mission, India, where he remained until the spring of 1911, when ill health forced him to give up work and return to this country.

He died of endocarditis, Aug. 24, 1911, in New York City.

"Theodore Lee was primarily, a great missionary, even in his college days. The one purpose of his life was to become a foreign missionary. The cause was never absent from his thought and prayers. His whole present and future centered in it. His speeches were filled with missionary illustrations, and his conversations colored with them. During the year 1899—1900 he was the very life of the Student Volunteer movement at Amherst." ¹

"Theodore Lee was first of all a Puritan. The sense of the intimate leadership of God, the unswerving, almost inexorable will to do right, the absolute devotion to duty—these are the things which stood out in his three years' life at Union Seminary. But there was nothing puritanical about Theodore Lee. He was a singularly loyal and ardent friend, as aggressive in the service of his comrades, as unselfish in spending himself for them, as he was in the service of the world and in the pursuit of duty. . . . His courage, his cheerfulness, his

¹ A College Friend

faith, his superbly acquired patience in the long weeks of his illness, as he lay in a hospital during a torrid midsummer of New York City, was something wonderful and moving to witness.”²

“In his missionary life, whether in contact with his missionary colleagues, his Indian associates or the people at large, he always appeared the true friend that he was. He had a brief but an intense and rewarding period of service in India.”

Mr. Lee was married, Oct. 1, 1903, to Hannah, daughter of Rev. Robert A. Hume, D.D. of Ahmednagar, India, who with his two children survives him.

CLASS OF 1906.

EDSON ALEXANDER McRAE, the son of Alexander Hamilton and Carrie E. (Bailey) McRae, was born in Mansfield, Mass., May 2, 1883, and was fitted for college at the High school in his native place.

After graduation he entered business as a member of the Mansfield Furnace Coal and Grain Company, and was identified with this concern the rest of his life.

Mr. McRae died from septicaemia May 2, 1912, in Mansfield, Mass.

Mr. McRae was married, Oct. 7, 1910, to Margery B., daughter of Walter M. Lowney of Mansfield, who with one son survives him.

CLASS OF 1907.

HARRY TEACHOUT BEACH, the son of Archie H. and Alberta (Teachout) Beach, was born in Essex Junction, Vt., Dec. 11, 1884, and was fitted for college at the Burlington (Vt.) High school.

After graduation he was in the Northwestern Bank, Minneapolis, Minn., from October 1907 until August 1908. He then

² A Classmate at Union Seminary.

became connected with the Andrews Grain Company in the same city, being transferred soon after to Milford, N. Dak., for two years, to manage the company's interests there. In May 1911, he was about to be made auditor in the same firm, but because of ill health he was compelled to give up business. The last months of his life were spent in Burlington, Vt., where he died of diabetes, Apr. 5, 1912.

Mr. Beach was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1857.

GEORGE TRASK HIGLEY, the son of Selah and Eliza (Wenzel) Higley, was born in Framingham, Mass., Mar. 9, 1837, and was fitted for college at Mount Hollis Seminary, Holliston, Mass.

After graduation he taught for one year in the West and then studied theology at Chicago (Ill.) Theological Seminary, 1858—1861. He was ordained at Ashland, Mass., May 31, 1861, and served as stated supply for the Congregational church in DeKalb, Ill., 1861—1862, when on account of ill health he returned to his former home.

In the fall of 1864 he enlisted at New York City in the 13th Regiment New York Cavalry, which was then stationed in Virginia, and served till the end of the war in that regiment and in the 3d Provisional Regiment, New York Cavalry, into which the 13th was merged. He served on the defences at Washington; in Mosby's and Johnson's guerillas; and under Brigadier-General Gamble. Entering as a private, he became, near the close of the war, acting Company and Quartermaster Sergeant, when he was attacked with fever. Before he had recovered, his regiment was mustered out, Sept. 25, 1865. From exposure in the service he contracted disease from the effects of which he never fully recovered.

From 1866 to 1872 Mr. Higley was engaged in the fruit preserving business. About 1870 he began the study of law in the office of George W. Norris, Esq., of Framingham, Mass. At the opening of Boston University Law School he took the course of lectures for one year, and graduated in the first class of that school. He was admitted to the practice of law in the state courts in 1872 and shortly afterward in the district and circuit courts of the United States. In 1873 he received the degree of LL.B. from Boston University Law School, was admitted to the bar and opened an office in Ashland, Mass., where he continued to practice until May, 1912.

In 1902 he was appointed a special justice of the first district court of Southern Middlesex County, serving in this capacity until his death.

Judge Higley died of stomach trouble, June 5, 1912, at Ashland, Mass.

"During the earlier years of his legal work he practiced in all the courts, but later preferred the duties of an office business, although he retained an extensive practice in the probate court. Judge Higley was also interested in insurance and to some extent in real estate business. For seventeen years he served on the Ashland School Committee. From 1880 until 1912 he was a trustee of the Ashland Public Library, the establishment of which was largely due to his efforts, and he devoted a great deal of time to its management. The books were mainly his selection, and until 1904 the printed catalogue and the card catalogue were made by him. He uniformly favored public improvements, and in 1896 was the prime mover in procuring a survey for public water works."

After the incorporation of the Ashland Historical Society Judge Higley was chosen its first president, which office he still held at the time of his death. He was a member of the G. A. R. Post of Ashland.

Judge Higley was married, Oct. 2, 1873, to Mrs. Martha R. (Smith) Wenzel, daughter of Aaron Smith of Medfield, Mass., who survives him. No children.

DEATHS NOT PREVIOUSLY REPORTED

CLASS OF 1857.

ARTHUR FOLSOM, the son of John and Dorothy J. (Underhill) Folsom, was born in West Chester (now Auburn), N. H., July 4, 1833, and was fitted for college at Pinkerton Academy, Derry, N. H.

After graduation he taught in Danville, Ky., 1857—1859, and then studied theology at the Danville Theological Seminary, 1859—1861, being ordained in May of the latter year at Maysville, Ky., as an evangelist. From 1862 to 1867 he was a missionary under the Presbyterian Board in Canton, China. Returning to America in 1867 he was without charge for four years, during which time he was a life insurance agent, sold Bibles, and worked among the Chinese in New York City in connection with the Five Points House of Industry. From 1871 to 1881 he served as pastor at Shawnee, Dimmock and Mt. Pleasant, Pa., and as acting pastor at Hawley, Pa. The next two years he was in New York City again, without charge, and in 1883 he became a frontier missionary with headquarters at Gibbon, Neb. He continued in this work until 1889, when his health failed and he removed to Poughkeepsie, N. Y. In 1896 he changed his residence to Lincoln, Neb., where he died of arterio-sclerosis, June 18, 1910.

Mr. Folsom published *Sacred Music*, a work for the use of the Chinese.

Mr. Folsom was married, Feb. 12, 1862, to Mary A., daughter of Thomas Thomas of Brooklyn, N. Y., who died Mar. 18, 1889. Five of his seven children survive him. A grandson, Arthur E. Ralston, is a member of the class of 1915, Amherst College.

CLASS OF 1859.

FREDERICK AUGUSTUS BILLINGS, the son of Frederick A. and Lucy C. (Bent) Billings, was born in Framingham, Mass., Sept. 27, 1836, and was fitted for college at the High school and the Academy in his native town.

After graduation he engaged in farming in Framingham until 1864, when he removed to Grafton, Mass., continuing in the same occupation there. In 1866 he went to Mississippi, where he worked on a plantation for two years. He then returned to Grafton, where he resumed farming, but in 1881 he went back to Framingham, where he died of heart disease, Aug. 8, 1909.

Mr. Billings was married, (1) Sept. 4, 1862, to Mary E., daughter of John Cloyes of Framingham, Mass., who died Apr. 10, 1864; (2) Apr. 14, 1866, to Delia M., daughter of Ezra Pratt of Worcester, Mass., who died in October, 1878. Of his three children one survives him.

CLASS OF 1861.

JOHN PERKINS APTHORP, the son of William P. and Mary G. (Thurston) Apthorp, was born in Quincy, Ill., Sept. 6, 1839, and was fitted for college at North Bridgewater (Mass.) Academy.

After graduation he taught in Conway, Mass., from 1861 to 1862, and in Taunton, Mass., in 1862. Aug. 28, 1862, he enlisted in the 10th Massachusetts Light Battery at Boston. He served in the defences of Washington under General Heintzelman; in the battle of Auburn under General French; in the battle of Kelly's Ford, Nov. 1863, under General Humphrey; in the battle of the Wilderness; at Spottsylvania; in the battle of North Anna under General Hancock; at Cold Harbor; at the siege of Petersburg; at Ream's Station; at Hatcher's Run;

and at Lee's retreat and surrender. He was mustered out at Galloup's Island, Boston Harbor, June 9, 1865.

After the war Mr. Apthorp resumed teaching, and was principal of Hanover (Mass.) Academy, 1865—1866; in 1867 he removed to Florida, where he taught in Jacksonville, also becoming a surveyor for the United States Government. After five years he changed his residence to Tallahassee, serving as Superintendent of Schools for Hartford county, 1873—1875, and engaging in farming. From 1873 for some years he was County Surveyor for Leon county.

Mr. Apthorp died of a complication of diseases, Oct. 19, 1908.

Mr. Apthorp was married, Aug. 20, 1873, to Ellen, daughter of James Osgood of Fryeburg, Me., who died Apr. 23, 1896. Of his five children three daughters survive him.

GEORGE CHAMPION BOWERS, the son of John and Maria (Healy) Bowers, was born in Wilbraham, Mass., Jan. 4, 1840, and was fitted for college at Wilbraham and Monson Academies.

After graduation he taught in East St. Johnsbury, Vt., 1861—1862; in the Free Academy, Corning, N. Y., 1862—1863; and in 1864 in Sandlake, N. Y. From that year until 1881 he was in the insurance business in Chicago, Ill., as cashier of the agency there of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.; and since 1881 special agent and solicitor of the New York Life Insurance Co. in Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina and the District of Columbia, with residence in Baltimore, at first, and later in Washington.

His death from pneumonia and Bright's disease occurred in Washington, D. C., Dec. 30, 1910.

"Mr. Bowers was a man of refined, cultivated tastes, and his engaging personal qualities made him highly esteemed. He

had a high reputation in the field of life insurance, as indicated by his long and successful connection with two great life insurance companies." ¹

"He was always so kindly and gentle—a type of gentleman so fast becoming a memory to this age."

Mr. Bowers was married, May 28, 1867, to Ida E., daughter of Ephraim P. Rogers of Corning, N. Y., who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1862.

DAVID IRVINE BIGGAR, the son of James and Janet (Murray) Biggar, was born in Huntingdon, Canada, Jan. 8, 1835, and was fitted for college at Huntingdon Academy, and at Burr Seminary, Manchester, Vt.

After graduation he studied theology at Auburn Theological Seminary, N. Y., 1862—1865, and was licentiate at Norwich Corners, N. Y., 1865—1867. He was ordained by the Presbytery of Utica at Vernon, N. Y., in 1867, and was pastor there till 1877; was stated supply at the Presbyterian church, Camillus, N. Y., 1878—1885; was pastor at Owarco, N. Y., 1885—1890; at Vernon Center, N. Y., 1890—1900; and at Middlefield Center, N. Y., 1901—1908. The rest of his life he was without charge, but continued to preach occasionally.

He died of acute uraemia, Dec. 23, 1910, at Litchfield, N. Y.

Mr. Biggar was married, July 18, 1867, to Mary E., daughter of Henry Wood of Norwich Corners, N. Y., who with two of his four children survives him.

WILLIAM McGLATHERY, the son of Mehelm and Henrietta (Thomas) McGlathery, was born in Norristown, Penn., Nov. 19, 1839, and was fitted for college at Treemont Academy in his native place, and with a private tutor.

¹ *The Corning Daily Journal.*

After graduation he studied theology at Princeton Theological Seminary, 1862—1864, and at the Divinity School of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Philadelphia, Penn., 1864—1866.

In June, 1867, Mr. McGlathery was ordained deacon. He served as assistant minister at St. Luke's church, Philadelphia, 1867—1868; and was ordained priest in 1868. He was rector of St. Andrew's church, Lambertville, N. J., 1868—1869; of Christ church, Towanda, Penn., 1869—1873; of the Church of the Ascension, Fall River, Mass., 1873—1875; and of St. Stephen's church, Pittsfield, Mass., 1875—1881. He was then without charge for three years. In 1884 he became rector of Grace church, Middletown, N. Y., where he remained until 1889, when he was obliged to resign on account of a throat trouble which affected his voice. He, however, continued to preach or officiate occasionally, residing thereafter in Norristown, Penn.

Mr. McGlathery died of gastric ulcer, April 18, 1911, at his home in Norristown, Penn.

Mr. McGlathery was married, Dec. 30, 1873, to Charlotte E., daughter of Henry S. Mercur of Towanda, Penn., who with his one daughter survives him.

CLASS OF 1866.

LEWIS FOSTER MORRIS, the son of James F. and Harriet (Plant) Morris, was born in Branford, Conn., April 12, 1842, and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary.

After graduation he studied theology at Hartford Theological Seminary, 1866—1870. He then taught in East Medway, Mass., 1867—1868, and in Milford, Del., 1868—1869. He continued the study of theology privately under the personal direction of Bishop Lee of Delaware, 1869—1870, and in September of the latter year was ordained deacon in the Protestant

Episcopal Church. From 1870 to 1875 he was a teacher in the Mohegan Lake Military School, and rector of St. Mary's church, Lake Mohegan, Peekskill, N. Y.; 1875—1879, assistant to Rev. J. B. Gibson, All Saints' church and St. John's School, Sing Sing, N. Y.; 1879—1881, missionary to Fairfield, Norway, and Middletown, N. Y.; 1881—1888, rector of Christ church, Bethany, Conn.; 1888—1898, rector of St. Peter's church, Oxford, Conn.; and 1898—1906, rector of Christ church, Bethany, Conn.

Mr. Morris died of cerebral hemorrhage, Aug. 28, 1906, in Bethany, Conn.

Mr. Morris was married, July 18, 1871, to Helen, daughter of Francis Vedder of Utica, N. Y., who died May 1, 1908. Of his two sons one survives him.

CLASS OF 1884.

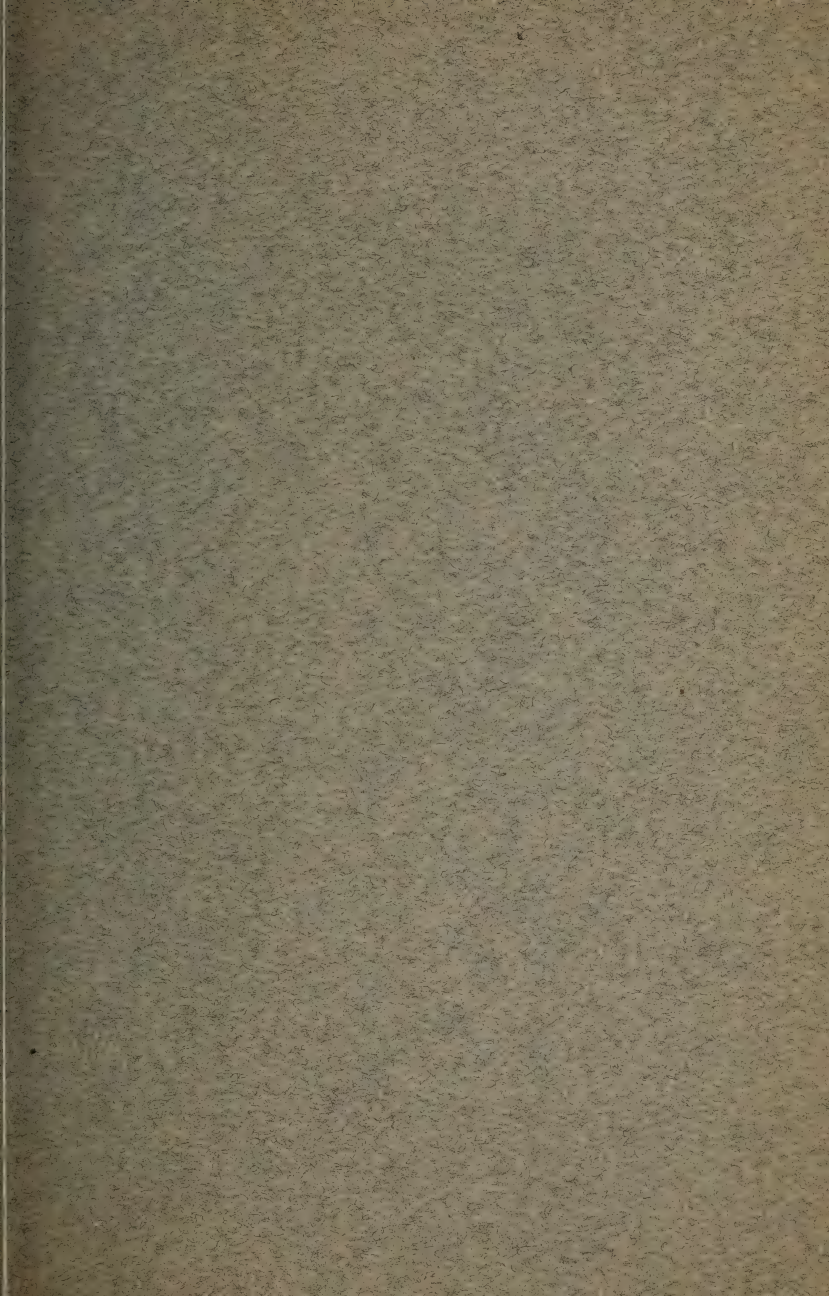
SAMUEL EDWARDS APPLETON, the son of James and Sarah (Edwards) Appleton, was born in Manlius, N. Y., Apr. 18, 1863, and was fitted for college at St. John's School in his native place, and with a private tutor in Montclair, N. J.

After graduation he took some courses in the General Theological Seminary, New York City, and did private tutoring in Montclair, N. J., 1884—1885. He then studied law in Columbia University Law School in 1885, and was in the office of Judge Charles F. MacLean, New York City. He was in a law office in Utica, N. Y., 1885—1886, and in the United States Custom House, New York City, 1886—1892. In 1895 he was for a time in the office of Gordon Battle, Esq., Assistant District Attorney, New York City.

The rest of his life was spent mainly in travel in the far West.

Mr. Appleton died of pneumonia, Mar. 27, 1910, in McAlester, Oklahoma.

Mr. Appleton was unmarried.





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OBITUARY RECORD

1913



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Amherst, Massachusetts

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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF AMHERST COLLEGE,

FOR THE

ACADEMIC YEAR ENDING JUNE 25, 1913.

[SIXTH PRINTED SERIES NO. I.]

AMHERST, MASS.
PUBLISHED BY THE COLLEGE.

MDCCCXIII.

NOTE.

In connection with the editing of the Triennial Catalogue in Latin, in the year 1862—1863, the late Prof. E. P. Crowell was directed by the Faculty to prepare and have printed an obituary record of graduates deceased during that year; and subsequently he was instructed to prepare a similar record annually.

This was done, and four series of ten years each were completed in 1902, containing accounts of eleven hundred and eighty-three graduates, and numbering in all ten hundred and seven pages. Eight numbers of the fifth series were also prepared by Prof. Crowell, and for the ninth number nearly all the material was collected and arranged by him. To the first two series and also to each of the third and fourth series, alphabetical indexes were added. Nine numbers, from 1877 to 1885, inclusive, were edited by the late Prof. J. K. Chickering of the class of 1869. The tenth number (1912) completed the fifth series, and an alphabetical index of this series appears in connection with the record for 1913.

The oldest alumnus in graduation is Rev. Artemus Dean, D. D., Mt. Carmel, Pa., the surviving member of the class of 1842. Rev. Elijah W. Stoddard, D. D., of Succasunna, N. J., who was born April 23, 1820, is the oldest living graduate.

In this number of the *Obituary Record*, the facts in each instance have been obtained by correspondence with relatives or other intimate acquaintances of the subjects of these notices.

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Roll of Graduates Deceased During the Year 1912—1913.

GRADUATION.	AGE.
1847. HENRY CUMMINGS, M. A., . . .	89
1849. WILLIAM HAVENS LESTER, M. A., D. D., .	87
1852. AUGUSTUS GREENE KIMBERLEY, M. D., .	81
1853. CHARLES FITCH MORSE, . . .	88
1854. HENRY VAUGHN EMMONS, M. A.,	80
1855. JOSEPH BOARDMAN, . . .	78
1855. EDWARD ALEXANDER STRONG, M. A., .	78
1856. LYMAN BARTLETT, . . .	81
1856. THADDEUS GRAVES, . . .	78
1857. ASAH EL LEWIS CLARK, . . .	80
1857. GEORGE DANA BOARDMAN PEPPER, D.D., LL.D.,	80
1859. LUTHER ROMINOR SMITH, M. A., . .	75
1860. WILLARD PUTNAM, . . .	74
1861. GEORGE FRANKLIN MERRIAM, . .	76
1861. GEORGE WHITEFIELD PHILLIPS, D. D., .	76
1867. FRANCIS ELLSWORTH BURNETTE, . .	75
1871. JOSEPH NATHANIEL BLANCHARD, M. A., D. D.,	63
1871. WILLIAM HENRY HUBBARD, D. D., .	62
1871. EDWIN KOENIGMACHER MARTIN, M. A., .	69
1873. DWIGHT GILBERT CUTLER, . . .	61
1876. WILLIAM BREWSTER CLARK, M. D., .	62
1877. WELLINGTON RECORD, M. D., . .	60
1877. BENJAMIN ELI SMITH, M. A., L. H. D., .	56
1877. GEORGE HERBERT UTTER, LL.D., . .	58
1879. CHARLES ALLEN PETERSON, M. A., M. D.,	56
1884. WILLARD CRAFTS CROCKER, M. A., M. D.,	53
1884. FREDERICK KENELM WINSLOW, . . .	51

1887.	JOSEPH LA MOTT DIXON,	.	.	.	49
1906.	CHARLES WORCESTER HOOKER, Ph. D.,	.	.	.	30
1907.	LEONARD CURREN ALLAIRE,	.	.	.	27
1909.	JUSTIN BURRITT SMITH,	.	.	-	25

Whole number, 31.

Average age, 66.38.

Roll of Graduates Whose Deaths Have Not Been Previously Reported.

GRADUATION.	AGE.
1850. THOMAS LEGARE FENN,	82
1866. LEVERETT WINSLOW SPOFFORD,	67
1872. SPENCER RANDOLPH BONNELL,	65
1872. JAMES DINGWELL,	74
1873. FRANK JONES GOODWIN,	59
1876. JOHN HUNT BETTS, M. A., LL.B.,	57
1876. WILLIAM EDWARD HOLBROOK, M. D.,	57
1877. FREDERICK GILBERT, M. A.,	58
1878. CHARLES WEBSTER HILL, M. A.,	55
1883. CLARENCE LINCOLN NICHOLS, M. D.,	50
1887. JOHN SAVAGE HUNT, M. D.,	45

Whole number, 11.

Average age, 60.81.

ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

1907. Allaire, L. C.
1856. Bartlett, L.
1876. Betts, J. H.
1871. Blanchard, J. N.
1855. Boardman, J.
1872. Bonnell, S. R.
1867. Burnette, F. E.
1857. Clark, A. L.
1876. Clark, W. B.
1884. Crocker, W. C.
1847. Cummings, H.
1873. Cutler, D. G.
1872. Dingwell, J.
1877. Dixon, J. La M.
1854. Emmons, H. V.
1850. Fenn, T. L.
1877. Gilbert, F.
1873. Goodwin, F. J.
1856. Graves, T.
1878. Hill, C. W.
1876. Holbrook, W. E.

1906. Hooker, C. W.
1871. Hubbard, W. H.
1887. Hunt, J. S.
1852. Kimberley, A. G.
1849. Lester, W. H.
1871. Martin, E. K.
1861. Merriam, G. F.
1853. Morse, C. F.
1883. Nichols, C. L.
1857. Pepper, G. D. B.
1879. Peterson, C. A.
1861. Phillips, G. W.
1860. Putnam, W.
1877. Record, W.
1877. Smith, B. E.
1909. Smith, J. B.
1859. Smith, L. R.
1866. Spofford, L. W.
1855. Strong, E. A.
1877. Utter, G. H.
1884. Winslow, F. K.

RECORD OF GRADUATES DECEASED

DURING THE YEAR 1912—1913.

CLASS OF 1847.

HENRY CUMMINGS, the son of Joshua and Hepzibah (Hale) Cummings, was born in Royalston, Mass., Sept. 12, 1823, and was fitted for college at Westminster (Mass.) Academy.

After graduation he studied theology at Andover Theological Seminary, 1847—1850. The next year he spent in Andover also, as resident licentiate, serving for four months the church in Westbrook, Me.

He was ordained, July 16, 1851, in Newport, N. H., and from 1851 till 1866 was settled over the Congregational church there. During the next seven years he was settled in Rutland, Vt., 1866—1873, and from 1874 till 1905 in Strafford, Vt. where he continued to reside after his retirement from active life, being made pastor emeritus.

Mr. Cummings died, Feb. 21, 1913, of pneumonia at his home in Strafford, Vt.

“His ministerial service of more than fifty years was marked by seasons of deep religious interest. A notable revival in the Newport pastorate brought more than one hundred into the church on confession of faith, including in some families three generations. It was in the Strafford pastorate that his character and life found fullest expression. He gave himself freely to the interests of the church and community, appreciated bonds of ministerial fellowship, responded loyally to the claims of the churches of the vicinity, was not

without his share in the religious activities of the state and was a lifelong supporter of all missionary interests.

Of scholarly tastes and firm convictions, he proved himself an able and faithful minister. A sound counselor and trusted friend, he won the respect of all, while many came to hold him in loving veneration."¹

Mr. Cummings was married, Sept. 9, 1851, to Mary A., daughter of Ephraim Beaman of Princeton, Mass., who died Oct. 11, 1904.

His five children survive him.

CLASS OF 1849.

WILLIAM HAVENS LESTER, the son of Richard and Sarah F. (Havens) Lester, was born in Bridgehampton, N. Y., Dec. 4, 1825, and was fitted for college at Southampton, (N. Y.) Academy.

After graduation he was principal of Southampton Academy, 1849—1851, and then studied theology at Princeton Theological Seminary for three years, 1851—1854. He was ordained by the Washington (Penn.) Presbytery Oct. 9, 1854, and was pastor of the Presbyterian church in West Alexander, Penn., and from that time until 1900 when he retired from active life. From 1900 until his death he was pastor emeritus.

In 1888 he received the degree of D.D. from Washington and Jefferson College, Washington, Penn.

Dr. Lester died of heart-failure, Nov. 22, 1912, at his home in West Alexander, Penn.

Dr. Lester was sent out by the Christian Commission in the Civil War and rendered valuable service at Gettysburg.

Besides his work in the ministry he did more or less private teaching, fitting over forty young men for college.

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

Dr. Lester was the author of *Christ's Second Coming; The Centennial of West Alexander Presbyterian Church*, and occasional articles in church and secular papers.

"He was a diligent student, a scholarly sermonizer, a practical and earnest preacher, and a pastor of unsurpassed faithfulness and tenderness. He was interested in education, moral reform, civic welfare and all the interests of the community."

Dr. Lester was married, Aug. 31, 1854, to Julia E., daughter of Thomas B. Hand of Bridgehampton, N. Y., who died Jan. 29, 1898.

His three children survive him. His son, William Hand Lester, is a graduate of Amherst in the class of 1878.

CLASS OF 1852.

AUGUSTUS GREEN KIMBERLY, the son of Thompson and Deborah W. (Griffin) Kimberly, was born in New York City, May 21, 1832, and was fitted for college at the Amherst (Mass.) Academy.

He studied medicine at the University of the City of New York, receiving the degree of M.D. in 1862.

Dr. Kimberly served with the First U. S. Cavalry (regular) in the civil war, 1862—1865, being commissioned assistant surgeon, May 22, 1862. He was in the battles of Chickahominy, May 30; Fair Oaks, May 31; Mechanicsville, June 26; Gaines' Mills, June 27; Chickahominy, June 28; Savage Station, June 29; White Oak Swamp, June 30; Malvern Hill, July 1, 1862. He also took part in several smaller engagements and served in charge of a transport steamer for carrying sick and wounded from Fortress Monroe to Alexandria, Va. He was on duty for U. S. General Hospital at Hampton, Va., from September, 1862 until March 1864; on duty as surgeon in charge of hospital within "inner line of defences" of Norfolk and Portsmouth, in 1864, and in charge of the naval brigade at Norfolk

and Portsmouth. He served under Generals P. St. G. Cooke, Pleasonton, Kilpatrick, Banks and others. At Harrison's Landing, in the General Hospital, and in the field near Norfolk, Va., he had severe sicknesses. Doctor Kimberly was mustered out Aug. 31, 1865.

For several years after the war Dr. Kimberly was surgeon on board a steamer running between New York and South America. He then located in Brooklyn, N. Y., where he practiced medicine until 1903 when failing health compelled him to retire from active life.

Dr. Kimberly died of arterio-sclerosis, March 7, 1913, at his home in Brooklyn.

Dr. Kimberly was a frequent contributor to medical journals.

Dr. Kimberly was married, June 28, 1866, to Mary E., daughter of Archibald Hawkins of Baltimore, Md., who with one of their four children survives him.

CLASS OF 1853.

CHARLES FITCH MORSE, the son of Joseph and Abigail (Thomas) Morse, was born in Salem, Vt., July 28, 1825, and was fitted for college at Derby, (Vt.) Academy and St. Johnsbury (Vt.) Academy.

After graduation he studied theology at Andover Theological Seminary, 1853—1856, being ordained as a missionary, August 13, at Reading, Mass. In January, 1857, he sailed for Constantinople where he was located for one year, 1857—1858. In 1858 he was appointed the first missionary of the American Board to Bulgaria, and was stationed in Adrianople, 1858—1862; in Sophia, 1862—1867; and in Eski-Zagra, 1867—1870.

The malarial climate so affected the health of his children that Mr. Morse felt it his duty to return to this country in 1870. For the next fourteen years he preached in various Congregational churches in New England; as pastor at Phillipston, N. H.,

1871—1872; at Atkinson, N. H., 1872—1875; at Thetford, Vt., 1875—1878; as acting pastor at Waterford, Vt., 1878—1881; and as pastor at McIndoes Falls, Vt., preaching also at Monroe, N. H., 1881—1884.

In 1884 he settled in St. Johnsbury to give his time and energy to the education of his children, and secured the general agency for northern New England for the People's Cyclopaedia, in which work he continued 18 years. The remaining years of his life were given to literary work.

Mr. Morse died, Mar. 15, 1913, of pneumonia following an operation for cancer, in St. Johnsbury, Vt.

Besides his regular missionary work, Mr. Morse compiled the first Bulgarian-English lexicon, and prepared a Bulgarian grammar, in which 7500 Bulgarian words are defined in English and an equal number of English words are defined in Bulgarian. From 1904 to 1909 Mr. Morse was engaged in revising and enlarging the dictionary, the manuscript of which revision is now at Robert College, Constantinople, awaiting publication, but delayed by the present unrest in Bulgaria. He also translated into Bulgarian thousands of pages of tracts, among them being *The New York Tract Primer*; *The Pope and the Roman Catholic Church*; *The True Worshipers*; *The Protestants*; *The Ancient Orthodox*; and two volumes of sermons.

"The life of Mr. Morse presents in many traits some of the best types of the sturdy Puritan character. Never hesitant in giving utterance to his convictions in civic as well as religious affairs, he stood always for what he conceived to be best in church and state."¹

Mr. Morse was married, Aug. 10, 1856, to Eliza D., daughter of Aaron E. Winter of West Boylston, Mass., who with nine of his twelve children survives him. Two of his sons are graduates of Amherst College, Charles H. of the class of 1880, and Joseph F. of the class of 1884.

¹ *The Congregationalist*.

CLASS OF 1854.

HENRY VAUGHN EMMONS, the son of Williams and Lucy (Vaughn) Emmons, was born in Augusta, Me., Nov. 3, 1832, and was fitted for college at Hallowell (Me.) Academy and Gorham (Me.) Academy, entering Amherst as a sophomore.

After graduation he taught in Hallowell, 1854—1856, and then studied theology at Bangor Theological Seminary, 1856—1859, being ordained as an evangelist at Pembroke, Me., in November, 1860. During the years 1859—1862 he was pastor at Pembroke and Perry, Me.

From 1862 to March 1865 he was in the service of the United States Christian Commission, having charge of a station in Beaufort, S. C. at first, and later being in the field with the U. S. Army in Virginia. After the war Mr. Emmons returned to the ministry and was settled in Lancaster, N. H., 1865—1874. He then removed to Hallowell, Me. where he engaged in Sunday School work and occasional preaching until 1884. He again resumed the pastorate, serving at Oxford, Me., 1884—1886; Bromfield, Me., 1887—1890; and Kittery Point, Me., 1891—1902, when he retired from active life, residing thereafter in Northboro, Mass.

Mr. Emmons died of pneumonia, Dec. 29, 1912, in Framingham, Mass.

Mr. Emmons was editor of Professor George Shepard's Sermons and of several of his rhetorical lectures.

"Mr. Emmons was a noted linguist, speaking several languages fluently."

"With an ancestry of high culture and renown, he inherited and always deeply venerated the high ideals of our Puritan ancestors, and his life will stand as an illustration of what those ideals should embody—all this, embellished and made effective by a full measure of thorough and painstaking scholarship, has

filled out a life which will ever remain a beautiful model and an inspiration to those who knew him well.”¹

“His influence over young men was most unusual.”

Mr. Emmons was married, Sept. 6, 1865, to Anne, daughter of Professor George Shepard of Bangor, Me., who died Aug. 21, 1908. Of five children four survive him.

CLASS OF 1855.

JOSEPH BOARDMAN, the son of William J. and Betsey (Bayley) Boardman, was born in Amesbury, Mass., June 18, 1833, and was fitted for college at the Putnam Free School, Newburyport, Mass.

After graduation he taught for one year in the Putnam Free School in Newburyport, Mass., 1856—1857, and then studied theology at Andover Theological Seminary, 1857—1860. He was ordained at Pownal, Me., March 20, 1861, was acting pastor there, 1860—1861, and pastor, 1861—1865. He was pastor at Hopkinton, Mass., 1865—1868; supplied the church at Plymouth, Mass., 1868—1869; was in Hopkinton, Mass., again, but without charge, 1869—1870; pastor of Pawtucket church, Dracut, Mass., 1870—1874; acting pastor at Craftsbury, Vt., 1874—1876, and pastor, 1876—1881; acting pastor at Seabury and Hampton Falls, N. H., 1881—1884; pastor at Barnet, Vt., 1884—1902; and acting pastor at Roxbury, Vt., one year, 1902—1903, which was the last pulpit he regularly filled.

Mr. Boardman was the author of *Proportionate Giving*.

Mr. Boardman died of arterio-sclerosis, Feb. 21, 1913, at Plymouth, N. H.

“A rich, old-fashioned culture, based on a strong sense of beauty in art and nature, and helped by an unusual memory, gave healthy roundness to his life. A strong mathematical

¹ *The Congregationalist*.

bent showed itself in his school days, and during his later years he was deep in mechanical researches.

"Ministering through most of his life to small country parishes, he shed around him the influence of an intense and an abiding faith, which illuminated his preaching with flashes of singular power."¹

Mr. Boardman was married (1) May 20, 1862, to Mima A., daughter of Orlando S. Patten, Esq., of Amesbury, Mass., who died Sept. 17, 1867; (2) Nov. 1, 1870, to Mary N., daughter of Rev. Leonard Withington, of Newburyport, Mass., who died May 11, 1902. Of his eight children five survive him. His son, William J. Boardman, is a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1895.

EDWARD ALEXANDER STRONG, the son of Alexander and Catharine (Goodnow) Strong, was born in Boston, Dec. 10, 1834, and was fitted for college at the Boston Latin School.

After graduation he traveled in Europe and the East for one year, and then entered Andover Theological Seminary, but on account of ill-health was obliged to give up further study at the end of one term.

In 1857 he engaged in business with his father in Boston as manufacturer of and wholesale dealer in boots and shoes, which business he subsequently conducted alone, and in which he continued until 1882, when he retired from active life.

He died of cancer, Nov. 29, 1912, in Boston, Mass.

Mr. Strong had traveled extensively in the United States and in Europe. He served as director of various banks and other corporations, and had had care of trust estates.

Mr. Strong was for five years a trustee of Amherst College, 1885—1890.

¹ *The Congregationalist.*

Mr. Strong was married, June 10, 1858, to Marion H., daughter of Clinton Clarke of Brookline, Mass., who with their two children survives him. His son, George A. Strong, is a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1880.

CLASS OF 1856.

LYMAN BARTLETT, the son of Leonard and Hannah (Crosby) Bartlett, was born in North Hadley, Mass., Feb. 20, 1831, and was fitted for college at Hopkins Academy, Hadley, and at Williston Seminary.

After graduation he taught in Geneseo and Henry, Ill., 1856—1857, and the following year, 1857—1858, he was principal of the public schools in the latter city. He then studied theology at East Windsor, (Conn.) Theological Institute (now Hartford Seminary), 1858—1861. He was ordained Aug. 8, 1861, and for six years was settled over the Congregational Church, Morrisville, Vt. In November, 1867, he went to Caesarea, Turkey, as a missionary under the American Board, where he remained until November, 1884, having had one furlough, 1878—1879, which he spent in America. The next twenty years he was located in Smyrna, West Turkey, having had only two furloughs during the whole period of service there.

In 1904, Mr. Bartlett retired from the foreign field on account of the ill-health of his daughter, who had been in missionary work with him for twenty years, and returned to America. He spent the rest of his life in Pasadena, Cal., where he died of Bright's disease, Oct. 14, 1912.

Mr. Bartlett went into the Civil War as one of the workers under the Christian Commission, and was sent to a post on the 9th Army Corps directly in front and in full sight of Petersburg, Va., where a division of the Union army was in winter

quarters. His service comprised February and March, 1865, his church having granted him two months leave of absence.

While in Smyrna Mr. Bartlett, with his wife, organized a boys' school, which is now the International College there, and which has become self-supporting.

Mr. Bartlett published several discourses on missionary themes, and left in typewriting *The History of the Smyrna Station*, 1884—1904.

"Mr. Bartlett's field of work included the oversight of the out-stations, and involved an immense amount of touring when travel in Turkey was far more difficult and dangerous than it is to-day."

"Cesarea, in the ancient province of Cappadocia, was his first field. For seventeen years he had the rare privilege of associating with Dr. Farnsworth, the missionary Nester of that great field. This long experience served, in an eminent degree, to fit him for a similar service of twenty years in the Smyrna field.

"Smyrna, the headquarters of the field, a city of 300,000 inhabitants, the commercial metropolis of the country, situated on the seashore, and throbbing with mercantile activity, offered little encouragement to one set on the task of pushing a spiritual propaganda, but Mr. Bartlett's gentleness, patience and sincerity were soon rewarded in a united, harmonious congregation. Without appropriation, a boarding school for boys and a kindergarten were opened. The present International College is the outcome of this boarding school. The many kindergartens scattered throughout the Turkish empire acknowledge the school of his daughter as the pioneer of the kindergarten family."¹

"Most appropriately, an Armenian pastor assisted in the simple funeral service, Mr. Stone speaking fittingly of the high

¹ *Missionary Herald*.

regard in which Mr. Bartlett was held by his people and telling how much of inspiration he had been to him personally in his preparation for a life of missionary service. Six Armenians were the bearers who laid the body of the honored missionary in its last resting place in Mountain View cemetery."

Mr. Bartlett was married, Oct. 30, 1857, to Cornelia C., daughter of Shephard Barrows of Columbus, N. Y., who died Jan. 2, 1892. His daughter survives him.

THADDEUS GRAVES, the son of Solomon and Sophia (Morton) Graves, was born in Hatfield, Mass., Nov. 1, 1834, and was fitted for college at Monson (Mass.) Academy and Williston Seminary.

After graduation he studied law in the Albany (N. Y.) Law School, 1856—1858, and was admitted to the Bar in that city, March 2, 1858. From 1858 to 1868 he practiced his profession in New York City, but was then obliged to give it up because of ill-health, and returned to Hatfield, where he devoted his attention to farming for the rest of his life.

Mr. Graves died of heart disease, followed by apoplexy, Sept. 11, 1912, at his home in Hatfield, Mass.

"Mr. Graves became widely known as one of the prominent tobacco growers of the Connecticut valley, and for several years served as president of the New England Tobacco Growers' Association. He was a member of the Congregational Church, a member of the board of trustees of Smith Academy and the Franklin and Hampshire Harvest Club, in which latter his genial wit and repartee will be greatly missed. In former years Mr. Graves was master of Resolute Grange of Hatfield, and was once master of the State Grange."¹

"While a farmer, he was always interested in public matters, and was a frequent contributor to the papers and a speaker at

¹ *Springfield Republican*.

agricultural and political meetings. He was resourceful in ideas and vigorous in speech. As becomes those entitled to distinction in an agricultural region, he died where he was born in a fine old farm home."

Mr. Graves was married, Nov. 2, 1866, to Mary A., daughter of John Hubbard of Hatfield, Mass., who with five of their six children survives him.

CLASS OF 1857.

ASAHIEL LEWIS CLARK, the son of Simeon and Myra (Cowles) Clark, was born in Amherst, Mass., July 25, 1832, and was fitted for college at Amherst Academy and Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H.

After graduation he studied theology at Union Theological Seminary for three years, 1857—1860. The following year he served as pastor of the Washburn Street Presbyterian Church in Scranton, Penn., where he was ordained June 11, 1861, and where he was settled as pastor for ten years, 1861—1871. From 1871 to 1876 he was settled in Greenport, L. I.; from 1876 to 1879 he was stated supply in Elizabeth, N. J.; from 1879 to 1883 he was pastor in Florida, N. Y., and from 1883 to 1885 he was without charge, but supplied various churches and traveled more or less. He was settled in Simsbury, Conn., 1885—1887, and in Kingston, R. I., 1887—1898. For the next nine years he continued to preach from time to time, but was not settled again owing to his increasing blindness. Of the last five years of his life he resided two years in Elizabeth, N. J., and three in Montclair, N. J.

Mr. Clark died of apoplexy, Oct. 25, 1912, in Manchester, Conn.

While in Scranton Mr. Clark was prominent in the organizing of a Y. M. C. A., and also of a temperance society, both of which became flourishing institutions.

“ He was a successful minister and especially pastor, where he shone in the sick room. His genial manner and gracious sympathy endeared him to all who came in contact with him. . . . He was a church organizer and much sought for by parishes where churches were to be built.”

Mr. Clark was married, Sept. 19, 1860, to Phoebe P., daughter of Dr. William B. Gooch of Truro, Mass., who with three of his four children survives him. His son, Robert Clark, is a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1892.

GEORGE DANA BOARDMAN PEPPER, the son of John and Eunice (Hutchinson) Pepper, was born in Ware, Mass., Feb. 5, 1833, and was fitted for college at the Ware public schools and at Williston Seminary.

After graduation he studied theology at Newton (Mass.) Theological Seminary, 1857—1860, being ordained in September of the latter year. From 1860 to 1865 he was settled in Waterville, Me. He then gave up the pastorate for teaching, and became professor of Ecclesiastical History in Newton Theological Seminary, where he remained two years. From 1868 until 1882 he was professor of Systematic Theology in Crozier Theological Seminary, Chester, Penn. In 1882, after a year of study, he accepted the presidency of Colby College, Waterville, Me., at the same time filling the professorship of Intellectual and Moral Philosophy, in which position he remained until 1890. He served as acting pastor of the Saco Baptist Church from 1890 to 1892. In 1892 he again returned to Waterville, accepting the chair of Biblical Literature, which position he held until 1900.

In 1867 he received the degree of D. D. from Colby College, and in 1882 from Amherst College. In the latter year he also received the degree of LL.D. from Lewisburg (Penn.) University, and the same degree from Colby College in 1890.

Doctor Pepper died of arterio-sclerosis, Jan. 30, 1913, at his home in Waterville, Me.

"Doctor Pepper has been a voluminous author. He has published *Outlines of Systematic Theology*, also sermons and addresses and a very large number of essays and reviews in the leading magazines. His writing has been mostly on theological and ethical lines. He contributed the article on the *Churches of Waterville* in the Centennial History of Waterville, also the biographical sketches of the clergymen of Waterville in the same work.

"Doctor Pepper has been a remarkable figure in Maine in many ways, and in his early years frequently commanded attention from entire strangers on account of his striking resemblance to Abraham Lincoln. This resemblance he retained even until the last years of his life, being extremely tall and having many of the characteristics of the martyred president.

"While he was pastor at Waterville came the news of the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, and standing in his pulpit Doctor Pepper delivered the eulogy which at a Lincoln memorial service nearly fifty years later he repeated. Doctor Pepper did not change a word of the tribute to a great national character penned in his young manhood, and it might indeed have been the product of his mature years of learning and far-reaching perspective, rather than the days of his youth.

"His brilliant wit was undimmed, even down to his closing days. He was a master of epigram.

"No one was a greater lover of pure fun than he. On his lips the delicate twist of word or phrase conveying a double meaning, in jest, became a thing to treasure. In local life, and particularly in the life of the Waterville First Baptist Church, Doctor Pepper for many years sustained well his part.

"During the years Doctor Pepper was at the head of Colby

College he developed many measures for the improvement of work and finances of the college." ¹

Doctor Pepper was married, Nov. 29, 1860 to Annie, daughter of George Grassie of Bolton, Mass., who with three of his four children survives him.

CLASS OF 1859.

LUTHER ROMINOR SMITH, the son of Rominor and Sarah (Willis) Smith, was born in Colrain, Mass., March 2, 1838, and was fitted for college at Shelburne Falls (Mass.) Academy.

After graduation he studied law in Walpole, N. H., with F. Vose, Esq. and in Detroit, Mich., with D. Bethune Duffield, Esq., 1859—1862, being admitted to the bar in May, 1862, and beginning practice in Detroit, Mich., that same year.

He was commissioned Junior First Lieutenant, Ninth Michigan Light Battery, Aug. 14, 1862, at Detroit, Mich., and was promoted Captain early in 1864. He fought at the battle of Gettysburg under Gen. Stahl; was in the Army of the Cumberland in the autumn of 1863; in the spring of 1864 was transferred to the 20th Army Corps, under Gen. Hooker, and participated in all the battles in which that corps was engaged until the fall of Atlanta. He was mustered out at Detroit, Mich., July 18, 1865.

For several years he was Judge of the Seventh Judicial Circuit Court of Alabama, residing at Mt. Sterling, Ala. Later he removed to St. Louis, Mo. The last of his life he lived in Washington, D. C.

Judge Smith died in May, 1913, in Washington, D. C.

Judge Smith was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of Alabama under the Reconstruction Act.

¹ *Waterville Sentinel*.

Judge Smith was married, Aug. 16, 1871, to Addie, daughter of Horatio Ely of Freehold, N. J., who died Oct. 8, 1875. His two children survive him. His son, Luther E. Smith, is a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1894.

CLASS OF 1860.

WILLARD PUTNAM, the son of Samuel and Elizabeth F. (Richardson) Putnam, was born in New Salem, Mass., Sept. 6, 1838, and was fitted for college at the academy in his native place.

After graduation he taught for a year and a half, and then took up farming in Cooleyville, Mass., in which occupation he continued for the rest of his life, also engaging in the lumber business.

Mr. Putnam died from an abscess in the lungs, Sept. 22, 1912, at his home in Cooleyville, Mass.

From 1866 until 1870 he was a member of the school committee in New Salem and again from 1872 until 1912; and at different times served as selectman; from 1880 until 1912 a trustee of the New Salem Academy, and for many years president of that board. In 1875 he was a member of the Massachusetts State Legislature.

Mr. Putnam was a member of the Masonic fraternity.

"Mr. Putnam was one of the most active citizens of the town in all that concerned its welfare and was ever ready to help in any way he could every project that he felt meant the advancement of the town's interests, especially along educational lines."

Mr. Putnam was married (1) July 14, 1862, to Ellen L., daughter of David Burnett of New Salem, Mass., who died May 30, 1890; (2) Oct. 7, 1891 to Myra L., daughter of Philo D. Tenney of Lebanon, N. H., who died April 13, 1899; (3)

Aug. 23, 1903, to Mrs. Harriet B. Haskell-Hale, daughter of A. Knowlton Haskell of Bernardston, Mass., who with two of their four children survives him.

CLASS OF 1861.

GEORGE FRANKLIN MERRIAM, the son of Franklin and Mary A. (Lane) Merriam, was born in Mason, N. H., Oct. 20, 1836, and was fitted for college at Appleton Academy, New Ipswich, N. H.

He entered Amherst in the fall of 1858, graduating with the class of 1861.

After graduation he studied theology one year at Princeton Theological Seminary, 1861—1862, and two years at Union Theological Seminary, 1862—1864. The following year, 1864—1865, he spent in studying medicine at Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York. On March 9, 1865 he was ordained and in that year began his pastorate at Mason, now Greenville, N. H., in which he continued for thirty-five years, until 1899, serving also for eight of those years as pastor at New Ipswich, N. H. From 1899 until 1905 Mr. Merriam lived in Mt. Kisco, N. Y., serving in 1902 as acting pastor of the Presbyterian Church, Katonah, N. Y. and then was stated supply for two years at Deerfield, Mass., retiring from active life in 1907 because of illness. The last five years of his life he resided in Mt. Kisco, N. Y., where he died of cardiac fibrosis, Aug. 15, 1912.

Mr. Merriam was representative in the New Hampshire State Legislature in 1873, 1874, and 1875; twice a member of Constitutional Conventions of the State; Moderator of the New Hampshire General Association and scribe of Hollis Association for many years; justice of the peace for twenty-five years; likewise town-clerk; and held office in the Green-

ville, N. H., Savings Bank. At three different times he was a member of the National Congregational Council.

Mr. Merriam published: *A Memorial Tribute to the Rev. Jesse M. Coburn; In Memory of Edward Dudley Boylston; and Rev. Josiah G. Davis.*

Mr. Merriam was married Aug. 11, 1868, to Elizabeth, daughter of Henry McGown, Esq. of Clinton, Mass., who died July 19, 1907. Of his four children three survive him. Two sons are graduates of Amherst of the class of 1896, George E. Merriam and Joseph E. Merriam.

GEORGE WHITFIELD PHILLIPS, the son of Joshua and Julia (Stone) Phillips, was born in Hubbardston, Mass., July 5, 1836, and was fitted for college at Westminster (Vt.) Academy and at Worcester (Mass.) Academy. After graduation he studied theology at Andover Theological Seminary, 1861—1864, being ordained on Oct. 12th of the latter year. He was settled over the Congregational Church in Haydenville, Mass., 1864—1868; in Columbus, O., 1868—1871; in Worcester, Mass., 1871—1886; and in Rutland, Vt., 1886—1906, retiring in the latter year and residing in Shrewsbury, Mass., the rest of his life.

Dr. Phillips died of paralysis and arterio-sclerosis, at his home in Shrewsbury, Mass., Nov. 24, 1912. "In addition to the work of his own parish he was prominent in the extension of other Congregational churches in Worcester."

In 1887 Amherst and Middlebury Colleges bestowed upon him the degree of Doctor of Divinity.

Dr. Phillips wrote *A Decennial Sermon* (Plymouth Congregational Society, Worcester, Mass.,) 1882; *The Mormon Menace*, a discourse before the New West Education Commission, Worcester, 1885; and *Three Sermons for Children.*

Dr. Phillips was married, Sept. 14, 1864, to Sarah E., daughter of Rev. Mason Ball of Amherst, Mass., who with one of his two children survives him. His son, LeRoy Phillips, is a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1892.

CLASS OF 1867.

FRANCIS ELLSWORTH BURNETTE, the son of Harvey and Louisa (Pratt) Burnette, was born in Oxford, Mass., June 4, 1837, and was fitted for college at Nichols Academy, Dudley, Mass.

After graduation he taught in Nichols Academy, 1867—1868; in Woodstock (Conn.) Academy, 1868—1870; in Bacon Academy, Colchester, Conn., 1870—1876; and in the Putnam (Conn.) High School, 1876—1880. The following year, 1880—1881, he was superintendent of public schools in Houston, Tex.; 1881—1883 he was principal of the Brimfield (Mass.) High School; 1883—1885 he was superintendent of schools in Attleboro, Mass.; 1885—1892 he taught in the Putnam (Conn.) High School; 1892—1898, in Reed's Ferry, N. H.; and 1898—1900 he was superintendent of schools in Auburn, Me. In 1900 Mr. Burnette gave up teaching and became associated with Balch Brothers, Publishers, Boston, in which business he continued the rest of his life.

Mr. Burnette died of apoplexy, Nov. 24, 1912, in Boston.

Mr. Burnette was married, March 7, 1867, to Mary A., daughter of John Hascall of Thompson, Conn., who with three of his children survives him.

CLASS OF 1871.

JOSEPH NATHANIEL BLANCHARD, the son of Justus W. and Olive (Baker) Blanchard, was born in Albany, N. Y., July 1, 1849, and was fitted for college at the Classical Institute, Albany, N. Y.

After graduation he studied theology at Berkeley Divinity School, Middletown, Conn., 1871—1874. He was ordered deacon in Albany, N. Y., May 31, 1874, and was ordained priest in St. Paul's Church in the same city, Feb. 21, 1875. He was in charge of St. Paul's Church, Greenwich, N. Y., from his ordination to Nov. 1, 1875; became rector of St. James' Church, Fordham, N. Y., 1875, where he remained ten years; was rector of St. John's Church, Detroit, Mich., 1885—1890, and of St. James' Church, Philadelphia, Penn., 1890—1900. He was in charge of St. John's Church, Northampton, Mass., 1900—1901; of Trinity Church, Boston, Mass., 1902—1904, and of St. Peter's Church, Morristown, N. J., 1905—1906. In 1907 he was elected rector of Grace Church, Madison, N. J., where he remained until his death, following an operation in New York City, Nov. 27, 1912.

In 1895 Mr. Blanchard received the degree of D.D. from Amherst College.

Dr. Blanchard was the author of *The Outlook of the Twentieth Century*; *Historical Sermon of St. James' Church, Fordham, N. Y.*, and *Historical Sermon of St. John's Church, Detroit, Mich.*

While in Detroit, he was a member of the standing committee of the Diocese of Michigan and a deputy to the General Convention from that diocese in 1886, 1889, 1892 and 1895.

During his residence in Philadelphia he was president of the Northwest Convocation, a member of the Board of Managers of several leading charitable organizations, and was connected with various civic bodies, such as the Academy of Political and Social Science, the Pennsylvania Historical Society, the New England Society of Philadelphia, and the Loyal Legion, by inheritance from his father, General J. W. Blanchard.

"On coming into the diocese of Newark, a leading position was accorded to him. He became president of the Diocesan

Board of Missions and the moving spirit in stimulating increased contributions to the diocesan work and in promoting deeper interest in the larger missionary cause as represented by the General Board. He was a representative of the diocese in the Missionary Council, and at the time of his death was archdeacon of Morristown and incumbent of other posts of honor and usefulness.

Doctor Blanchard was a man of attractive personality and genial presence. He was a capable administrator as well as intellectually well furnished. He was alert in the cause of civic betterment, and was respected and esteemed outside of his own immediate church circle. As a pastor, he attracted his people to him; as a preacher, he was instructive and effective. He has left behind him an honorable record of valuable work well done."

"Doctor Blanchard was married, June 3, 1860, to H. Louise, daughter of Rev. William Anderson of Fordham, N. Y., who survives him. No children.

WILLIAM HENRY HUBBARD, the son of William H. and Anna W. (Hinds) Hubbard was born in Lexington, Ky., April 16, 1851, and was fitted for college at Louisville (Ky.) high school, entering Amherst as a sophomore.

After graduation he studied theology at Andover Theological Seminary 1871—1872, and at Princeton Theological Seminary 1872—1874, being ordained in New Brunswick, New Jersey, Oct. 29, 1874. He was assistant pastor of the Congregational church Rutland, Mass., 1874—1875; assistant pastor Merimac, Mass., 1875—1876; pastor in the latter place 1876—1883; pastor of the South Congregational Church, Concord, N. H., 1883—1885; of the Second Congregational Church, Holyoke, Mass. 1885—1886; and pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Auburn, N. Y., 1886—1911. In the latter year

he retired from the ministry and became secretary of the Joint Executive Commission of the Presbyterian Church, which position he held until his death from valvular heart trouble with pneumonia complications Jan. 31, 1913, in New York city.

In 1905 the degree of D. D. was conferred upon Mr. Hubbard by Berea (Ky.) College, and in 1906 the degree of LL. D. by Gale (Wis.) College.

Dr. Hubbard was secretary of the General Assembly's committee on systematic beneficence of the Presbyterian Church, U. S. A., 1896—1909; a member of the Executive commission of the General Assembly, 1908, and editor and publisher of its weekly bulletin, 1909; editor and publisher of the first combined statistical report of the Boards of the Presbyterian Church, 1912; editor and publisher of the *Assembly Record* of the Presbyterian Church, 1894—1898, and the *Gospel Message*, 1903—1905.

Dr. Hubbard was commissioner of charities, Auburn, N. Y., 1906—1907. He was on the standing committee for Health and Sanitation in Auburn, N. Y., had served on several committees, and twice had been on committees to arbitrate labor difficulties.

"While Dr. Hubbard's arduous and unstinted labors were of course mainly devoted to the upbuilding and uplifting of his large congregation,—a task in which he signally succeeded—he yet found time for a great deal of work outside. The place he made for himself was not limited to the First Presbyterian Church, but was as wide as the community and in some respects as wide as the nation. His sympathy and active co-operation could invariably be depended upon in any worthy cause."

"His ardor for work was exceeded only by his zeal for the cause in which he had embarked; he gave all he had, without sparing himself in any particular. His capacity for endeavor

was enormous and his mental activity was equally astonishing. Dr. Hubbard was a man of high and lofty ideals, clear and plain impulses, and solid and substantial achievements."

"In his death Auburn loses one of her most distinguished citizens. His great success in building up the congregation of the First Presbyterian Church was perhaps his best known work locally, but that was insignificant to his many other services, especially in his charities of which little was known except by his beneficiaries. His other great service, that marked him as one of the national figures in the Presbyterian Church, was his labors for the Executive Commission of the Presbyterian General assembly of which he became secretary two years ago. He has been an indefatigable worker for the Church and he has combined that work with practical philanthropy in bringing converts to Christianity."

President Stewart of the Theological Seminary said :

"Dr. Hubbard was a man of great energy, of great initiative and a man of affairs. He possessed splendid organizing and executive ability. He was pre-eminent in practical affairs and especially in the management of finances. He rendered a great service to the Presbyterian Church."

Rev. Henry T. McEwan, D. D., Amsterdam, N. Y., says :

"He had the vision of a great statesman, and the ability of a splendid administrator. The Church at large, in her increased benevolence and in her deeper and more intelligent interest in world-wide work, owes an immense debt to him,"

Dr. Hubbard was married to Elizabeth A., daughter of William Skinner of Holyoke, Mass., who with three sons survives him.

EDWIN KOENIGMACHER MARTIN, the son of Barton B. and Catherine C. (Rohrer) Martin, was born in Millersville, Lancaster County, Penn., October 1, 1844, and was a

student at Phillips (Andover) Academy when the civil war began. Enlisting in the Seventy-ninth Pennsylvania Volunteers at 16, he served through the war, participating in all of the bloody engagements in which his regiment took part, and fighting always with intrepid courage and zeal. He was in the field practically from the beginning until the termination of the war, served under Sherman, Thomas, Buell and Rosecrans, and during the march to the sea was attached to General Sherman's headquarters. The system of distributing mail on trains which he originated and put into operation then, subsequently was adopted by the United States Government, and is that used now.

Returning to Phillips Academy after the war, Mr. Martin completed his course and then attended Princeton a year. In the fall of 1868 he entered Amherst as a Sophomore. After graduation he engaged in the lumber business in Lancaster, Penn., being a wholesale dealer for four years. He then studied law with Hon. Thomas Franklin, LL. D. in Lancaster, and at Columbia University Law School where he was graduated, and was admitted to the bar June 1, 1876. From 1876 until 1891 he practiced his profession in Lancaster. In the latter year he gave up the law, moved to Yonkers and engaged in the realty business.

He became the head of a large real estate company engaged in the development of a large suburban tract near Yonkers, N. Y., afterwards known as Park Hill. In this line Mr. Martin's talents proved no less adaptable than in his other undertakings. He organized the American Real Estate Company, and became its president which position he held 14 years. The corporation made a specialty of developing suburban real estate, and its investments assumed very large proportions, the capital involved reaching into the millions. On many of its tracts there are now erected some of New York's most magnifi-

cent mansions. He was also interested in real estate development in Porto Rico and the growth of its tropical fruits.

Mr. Martin retired from active business in 1908, but remained president of the Penn Realty Company and the Amherst Realty Company.

Mr. Martin died of arterio-sclerosis, May 4, 1913, at his home in Yonkers, N. Y.

Mr. Martin published a "*History of the Mennonites*," and was a frequent contributor to the press of essays and other articles.

"In the law he soon secured an assured position as a successful practitioner. He was endowed by nature with many gifts that singularly fitted him for his chosen profession, to which were added an excellent training and fine mental ability. His personality was unusually magnetic, his disposition always cheerful and optimistic, and he possessed a warmth of heart that attached friends to him with rare and strong ties. He was especially gifted as a pleader before a jury, and his reputation as an orator became widespread. As a tribute to his attainments in this direction he was chosen as the orator upon the occasion of the dedication of the monument erected to the memory of his regiment on the field of Chickamauga. This speech was delivered on Nov. 13, 1897. He was also the orator at the reunions of his regiment on Oct. 8, 1877, and 1901, the anniversary of the battle of Perryville, in which the boys of the Seventy-ninth bore a most distinguished part, being largely responsible for the salvation of the Union forces, and in which they suffered frightful losses.

Throughout his life he maintained a steadfast devotion for his old colleagues, who wore the blue. At their campfires, assemblages and reunions he was always a welcome visitor, and in their companionship he experienced the keenest pleasure."

"The field of politics offered an attractive opening for Mr. Martin's gifts, and early in his career he became one of the forces in the republican party in Lancaster county, Penn."

Mr. Martin was a member and one of the founders of the Pennsylvania German Society of New York and a member of the Pennsylvania Society, the North Side Board of Trade of The Bronx, the Campfire Club, the Yonkers Chamber of Commerce and former president of the Yonkers Board of Trade. He was a trustee of St. John's Riverside Hospital and a member of the Park Hill Reformed Church, Yonkers.

Mr. Martin was married, June 2, 1876, to Caroline A., daughter of Dr. Theodore R. Varick of Jersey City, N. J., who with two of his three children survives him.

CLASS OF 1873.

DWIGHT GILBERT CUTLER, the son of William and Harriet (Gilbert) Cutler, was born in Amherst, Mass., May 14, 1852, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy. After graduation he engaged in mercantile pursuits locating in Grand Haven, Mich. where he remained five years, 1873—1877. He then removed to Duluth, Minn. where he lived the rest of his life.

He was president of the D. G. Cutler Co. of Duluth, which handled all kinds of building materials, and was in active business until his death from pernicious anaemia, May 21, 1913. For a long time he was also vice-president of the Kelley Island Lime and Transport Co. of Cleveland.

"He was one of the prominent men of Duluth and was a member of several local clubs."

Mr. Cutler was married, in January, 1879, to Jane Georgiana Thorne of New Orleans, La., who with one son survives him.

CLASS OF 1876.

WILLIAM BREWSTER CLARK, the son of William H. and Elizabeth S. (Munn) Clark, was born in Newark, N. J., Aug. 12, 1850, and was fitted for college by Dr. Hunt of Yonkers, N. Y. and by a private tutor, entering Amherst as a sophomore. After graduation he studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University, New York city, receiving the degree of M. D. in May, 1879. He practiced his profession in New York City the rest of his life, 1879—1912; and during the summer months from 1882 until 1900 he also practiced at West Hampton Beach, L. I.

Dr. Clark died of arterio-sclerosis, Oct. 11, 1912, at his home in New York City. Dr. Clark was a member of the University Club, the City Club, and the Barnard Club of New York City.

Dr. Clark was married, Oct. 13, 1887, to Fanny H., daughter of James S. Cox of Orange, N. J., who with his son survives him. The son, William E. Clark, is a graduate of Amherst in the class of 1910.

CLASS OF 1877.

WELLINGTON RECORD, the son of John D. and Delphina K. (Perry) Record, was born in Buckfield, Me., Aug. 12, 1852, and was fitted for college at the High School in Braintree, Mass. After graduation he taught in Granby, Mass., 1877—1878, and in Braintree, Mass., 1878—1882.

He then studied medicine at Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, receiving the degree of M. D. in 1886. The same year he began practice in Wollaston, Mass., and continued there the rest of his life.

Dr. Record died Nov. 11, 1912, in the Quincy (Mass.) Hospital. His death was due to injuries received by his falling under the wheels of the train he was attempting to board.

Dr. Record went to Wollaston 25 years ago, being the first physician to settle there. He took an active interest in civic affairs and served six years on the Quincy school committee.

Dr. Record was a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, the Norfolk South Medical Society, the Wollaston lodge of Masons and the John Hancock lodge of Odd Fellows. "Dr. Record was more than a physician to a great many, he was an intimate friend and counsellor. He had a passion for his work, and regarded his calling as sacred." "He believed in social and benevolent orders and was a member of several. He believed in church and Sunday school and attended and assisted in every way possible. He was a member of several clubs whose object was the improvement of the mind."

Dr. Record was married, Nov. 19, 1880, to Helen A., daughter of Morrell Williams of South Braintree, Mass., who survives him. No children.

BENJAMIN ELI SMITH, the son of Rev. Eli and Hetty S. (Butler) Smith, was born Feb. 7, 1857, in Beirut, Syria, and was fitted for college at the Amherst (Mass.) High School.

After graduation he spent three more years at Amherst College, the first year, 1877—1878, in doing post-graduate work, the second and third years, 1878—1880, as an instructor in mathematics.

He was a student at Göttingen and at Leipsic, Germany, for about six months, 1880—1881, and an instructor in philosophy at Johns Hopkins University, 1881—1882.

In 1882 he became connected with the dictionary department of the Century Publishing Company; was made managing-editor of the *Century Dictionary* in 1889; and since 1894 has been the editor-in-chief of that dictionary, as well as the *Century Cyclopaedia of Names* and the *Century Atlas*.

Dr. Smith died Feb. 24, 1913, of disease of the kidneys at his home in New Rochelle, N. Y.

In 1902 he received the degree of L. H. D. from Amherst College.

Dr. Smith was a member of the Board engaged in the Simplified Spelling Movement.

Dr. Smith was editor of Schweigler's *History of Philosophy* (revised edition) when he was only 22, and he did important work in preparing editions of classic authors.

"He had charge of the Century Dictionary for seven years of its making. During this time he translated many of the Latin and Greek classics into English. Later he had charge of the supplements and revisions of the dictionary, which were completed a year ago. He had just finished this work and was beginning an Abridged Home and School Dictionary when he was forced to retire. He edited Cicero's *De Amicitia*, Franklin's *Poor Richard's Almanac*, *Selections from Marcus Aurelius*, *Epictetus* and *Pascal*."

Soon after going to New Rochelle in 1891, Dr. Smith began to take a prominent part in civic work, working early and late for the best interests of the city. He was appointed a member of the Board of Education in 1901, serving until 1907, when he retired only to be appointed again for four years. He was re-appointed again in 1912, and served until the time of his death.

He was a member of the public library board and was at one time its president. He was also identified with the revision of the charter of New Rochelle, and with other matters for which his education and varied experience had so well qualified him.

"He was an eloquent speaker, a master of the English Language, a quick, clear thinker, a logician and an expert at argument."

"Few comparatively knew the accomplished citizen who lived so quietly and unostentatiously in their midst, and it was only under the stress of what he regarded as a public exigency or in obedience to a civic duty that he participated in public affairs."

"Dr. Smith was one of Amherst's most distinguished men of letters."

He was a member of the Century Club, and founded the City Club, New Rochelle, in 1890.

Dr. Smith was married Oct. 13, 1883, to Cora, daughter of George W. Shelton of Derby, Conn., who with his one daughter survives him.

GEORGE HERBERT UTTER, the son of George B. and Mary S. (Maxson) Utter, was born in Plainfield, N. J., July 24, 1854, and was fitted for college at the High School in Westerly, R. I. and at Alfred (N. Y.) Academy.

After graduation he entered the printing and publishing business at Westerly, being associated with his father and uncle in publishing the *Narragansett Weekly*. In 1886 on the death of his uncle he became a member of the firm and in 1892 on the death of his father he became sole proprietor of the paper. Through his efforts the *Westerly Daily Sun* was started, the first issue appearing in 1893. Mr. Utter continued with the *Sun* as editor and publisher until Jan. 1, 1912, devoting his whole time thereafter to political life.

From May, 1883 to May, 1885, Mr. Utter was a personal aide on the staff of Governor Bourne of Rhode Island. He was a member of the Rhode Island House of Representatives, 1885—1889, being speaker of the House, 1888—1889, and served in the Senate 1889—1891, being a member of the judiciary committee both years. He was also Secretary of State 1891—1894, retiring because of business demands, and in 1894

became Lieutenant Governor. In 1905 he was elected Governor and served two terms. At the time of his death he was a member of congress, having been elected in the fall of 1910 and was a candidate for re-election.

Governor Utter died of carcinoma, Nov. 3, 1912, at his home in Westerly, R. I.

"In spite of the fact that Mr. Utter has been closely connected with the welfare of the state, he maintained his interest in local affairs till the last and was a member of the board of trustees of the Memorial Library association. For many years he had been a member of the school board. He was always an active church worker and has devoted a considerable portion of his time to the Y. M. C. A. movement throughout the east. He was a member of the state executive association of Massachusetts and Rhode Island. He has been a deacon of the Seventh-day Baptist Church of this town since Nov. 9, 1894, and for 20 years acted as superintendent of the Sabbath-school. For 15 years he was treasurer of the Missionary Society of the Seventh Day Baptist denomination." ¹

"Governor Utter is the only Rhode Islander who has held three of the five general offices of the state."

"Governor Utter was highly respected in Rhode Island and he was an effective public speaker. Although his rise in the state's politics was during the regime of boss rule, he was comparatively independent and he had the acumen and the sense to espouse some necessary political reforms at a time when the machine leaders of the republican party were stubbornly hostile to them." ²

"Rhode Island has sustained a distinct loss in the death of Congressman Utter. Few men of his generation had figured more prominently and none more honorably in the public affairs of his state. As governor, he made and left a record that was

¹ *Westerly Sun.*

² *Springfield Republican.*

clean, and though he was still young in his congressional experience he gave promise of much usefulness had life and strength been spared him. He possessed high ideals and was loyal to them. 'No man in public life in Rhode Island for many years,' says the *Providence Journal*, 'has made a more courageous fight for civic decency, and very few have been so greatly respected.'"¹

"He was a rare man in mind, heart, soul and attainments and retainments. He retained all his best qualities after he became great."

Governor Utter was married, May 19, 1880, to Elizabeth L., daughter of Cyrus H. Brown of Allston, Mass., who with his four children survives him. One of his sons, Henry E. Utter, is a graduate of Amherst of the class of 1906.

CLASS OF 1879.

CHARLES ALLEN PETERSON, the son of David P. and Jerusha M. (Clark) Peterson, was born in Sandwich, Mass., Nov. 9, 1856, and was fitted for college at Punahou, Oahu College, Honolulu, H. I.

After graduation, for two years, 1879—1881, he was engaged in business in Honolulu, as a freight clerk. He then studied medicine for one year at Michigan University, 1881—1882, and for two years at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University, New York City, 1882—1884, receiving the degree of M. D. in May, 1884.

Dr. Peterson practiced medicine in Honolulu and Kameohe, Oahu, 1884—1886; was government physician for Lahaira, Larai, and Molokai, 1887—1889; filled various positions in public service as police surgeon, plantation and government physician, 1889 until 1905; and finally was superintendent of Oahu Insane Asylum, 1905—1912. The years 1886—1887,

¹ *Boston Evening Transcript*.

and 1889—1891, he spent in Redding, Cal.

For about a year and a half, from April, 1897 to August, 1898, he was manager of the *Evening Bulletin*, Honolulu.

Dr. Peterson died of septic meningitis, Jan. 18, 1913, at his home in Honolulu.

Dr. Peterson's published writings were confined to reports on immigration and sanitation, and to papers read before the Hawaiian Medical Society which dealt with mental disease. The two most noteworthy were *Committal, No. 959, Oahu Insane Asylum* and *Some Disorders of Inhibition*.

"Dr. Peterson was highly proficient as an alienist, being a most assiduous student of all the modern authorities on the subject of defective mentality.

Dr. Peterson was married July 3, 1884, to Susan M., daughter of Rev. W. J. Jennings of Redding, Conn., who with three of his four children survives him.

CLASS OF 1884.

WILLARD CRAFTS CROCKER, the son of Benjamin F. and Caroline P. (Pulsifer) Crocker, was born in Hyannis, Mass., June 26, 1859, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

After graduation Mr. Crocker taught for five years, 1884—1889, in West Dennis, Mass., Milford, Del., Yarmouth, Mass., and Kingston, Mass. During part of this time he also studied medicine at Vermont University, receiving the degree of M. D. from that institution in July, 1887.

Doctor Crocker practiced his profession in Foxboro, Mass., 1889—1895; in Springfield, Mass., 1895—1899 and in Foxboro again, 1899—1912.

He died of neurasthenia, Sept. 4, 1912.

Dr. Crocker was for many years a member of the school committee of Foxboro, Mass., and was its chairman, 1907—

1910. He was also school physician of Foxboro, 1907—1912.

Dr. Crocker was married, Oct. 26, 1892, to Annie W., daughter of Virgil S. Pond of Foxboro, Mass., who with his two children survives him.

FREDERICK KENELM WINSLOW, the son of the late United States Commissioner David C. and Harriet A. (Stearns) Winslow, was born in New Utrecht, N. Y., Sept. 5, 1861, and was fitted for college at the Collegiate Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y. After graduation he spent two years in business, 1884-1886, and then studied law in the office of Daily and Bell, Brooklyn, N. Y., 1886—1887. Mr. Winslow practiced law in Brooklyn the rest of his life. He died of asthenia and cancer at the Long Island College Hospital, N. Y., Nov. 26, 1912.

Mr. Winslow was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1887.

JOSEPH La MOTT DIXON, the son of Herbert M. and Janet (Collins) Dixon, was born in Smyrna, N. Y., June 28, 1863, and was fitted for college at Colgate (N. Y.) Academy.

After graduation he engaged in business for four years, 1887—1891 in Oswego Falls, N. Y. From February through April, 1891, Mr. Dixon was located in Kingston, N. Y. on the force of the New York Y. M. C. A. He was then successively secretary, vice-president and president of the Bible Normal College, Springfield, Mass. until 1900. The following year he was engaged in the real estate business in Boston, and he was with the Parmlee Library, and lecturer on Child Study in Boston, from 1901 until 1907, when he was obliged to retire from active life on account of ill-health. During this time he was also managing director of an industrial club for boys in Malden, Mass. In 1907 he removed to Binghamton, N. Y.

where he died of tuberculosis of the lungs, Nov. 18, 1912. While in Oswego Falls he was active in Y. M. C. A. work, and he published several articles in line with this work.

Mr. Dixon was married, June 28, 1888, to Alice L., daughter of William Baker of Oneida, N. Y., who died Sept. 18, 1909. His one child, a daughter, survives him.

CLASS OF 1906.

CHARLES WORCESTER HOOKER, the son of Charles and Mary (Edwards) Hooker, was born in Westhampton, Mass., April 13, 1883, and was fitted for college at the Amherst High School.

After graduation he took post-graduate work at the Massachusetts Agricultural College, in entomology, botany and horticulture for three years, receiving the degree of Ph. D. from that institution in 1909. During the summers of 1907 and 1908 he acted as state nursery inspector. In 1909 he accepted an appointment with the Bureau of Entomology of the United States Department of Agriculture, being detailed to investigate the life histories and habits of cranberry insects in Wisconsin. He spent the balance of the growing season of 1909 and all of the season of 1910 in Wisconsin with headquarters at Cranmoor, accomplishing a large amount of very valuable work. In January, 1911 he was promoted one grade and the following spring was transferred to the Government field station at Vienna, Va. In October, 1911, he was appointed to the position of entomologist of the Federal Experiment Station at Mayaguez, Porto Rico, and plant inspector at the Port of Mayaguez for the insular government, which position he held until his death from acute appendicitis, at Mayaguez, Feb. 12, 1913.

Dr. Hooker published several pamphlets, among them the following: *Bees of Porto Rico*, *The Ichneumon Flies of America*

belonging to the tribe Ophionini, The Periodical Cicada in Massachusetts, A New Cecidomyiid on Oak, Fumigation of Cucumbers, and Report on Cranberry Investigations.

Dr. Hooker was a member of the National Geographic Society, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the American Association of Economic Entomologists, and the Entomological Society of America.

Professor Quaintance of the Department of Agriculture says of him :

"He had proved himself to be a very conscientious and faithful worker and inspired the esteem and affection of all who came in contact with him. I regard his untimely death as a very severe loss to the science of Entomology, both economic and in its broader aspects. Dr. Hooker was considered one of the most promising entomologists of the country. As a student he made many friends by his genial ways and quick appreciation of the interests of others."

Dr. Hooker was married July 3, 1912, to Elizabeth, daughter of Mrs. Anna Wiley of Amherst, Mass., who survives him.

CLASS OF 1907.

LEONARD CURREN ALLAIRE, the son of Nelson and Mary (Callahan) Allaire, was born in Hatfield, Mass., July 27, 1885, and was fitted for college at Smith Academy, Hatfield, and at Williston Seminary.

After graduation he was with a wholesale florist house in Chicago, Ill., 1907—1908; was foreman with Burnham and Hooker, tobacco dealers, Hartford, Conn., 1908—1909; and was secretary of the Springfield Produce Brokerage Company, onion experts, 1909—1910, being located in Hatfield, Mass. In 1910 he removed to Norristown, Penn. where he went into the tobacco business. While recovering from a minor opera-

tion in 1912 he visited in Chicago, and Park Ridge, Ill., and in the latter place became ill with typhoid fever.

He died, Aug. 4, 1912, in Park Ridge, Ill.

"He was such a good comrade, so genial, good-tempered, so modest and unassuming that I hope the class publication will carry with it some appreciation of him. He was a lovable man and a good and true friend."¹

Mr. Allaire was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1909.

JUSTIN BURRITT SMITH, the son of George E. and Florence L. (Mullikan) Smith was born in Grand Rapids, Mich., Sept. 26, 1887, and was fitted for college at the Detroit (Mich.) and Knoxville (Tenn.) high schools, and at the Manor School, Stamford, Conn.

After graduation he taught in the high school at St. Peter, Minn., 1909—1911, and in the high school at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., 1911—1912.

He died of enlargement of the heart, Oct. 21, 1912, in Northampton, Mass.

"Having been devoted to the camera all his life from an early age, he had become not only an expert photographer, but an artist, especially in dealing with nature subjects."

Mr. Smith was married, July 23, 1910, to Edith H., daughter of John R. Reed of Westfield, Mass., who survives him. His only son died in infancy.

ADDENDUM.

CLASS OF 1859.—LUTHER R. SMITH.

Mr. Smith died of heart disease, May 11, 1913.

¹ 1907 *Class Book*.

Record of Graduates Whose Deaths Have Not Been Previously Reported.

CLASS OF 1850.

THOMAS LEGARE FENN, the son of Joel B. and Mary B. (Legare) Fenn, was born in Charleston, S. C., Feb. 11, 1830, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy. After graduation he was connected with the Savannah Steamship Company of New York City, with residence in Jersey City, N. J., 1850—1890. He was in the coal business in New York city, 1890—1895, and from 1895 until his death had been retired from active business life.

Mr. Fenn died of heart-failure, March 20, 1912, at Wilmington, Del.

Mr. Fenn was married Dec. 3, 1853, to Helen M., daughter of William Keeney of Jersey City, N. J., who died Dec. 14, 1902. Six of his seven children survive him.

CLASS OF 1866.

LEVERETT WINSLOW SPOFFORD, the son of Leverett and Julia A. M. (Adams) Spofford, was born in Georgetown, Mass., Nov. 11, 1846, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native place.

After graduation he taught and traveled in the west until 1872, when he engaged in farming in Peabody, Mass., removing to Georgetown, Mass. in 1874. In 1878 he gave up farming and established a grocery business in Haverhill, Mass. where he remained two years, returning in 1880 to the farm in Georgetown. From 1884 to 1886 he traveled in the west and south. Returning to Haverhill the latter year he held the

position of book-keeper there until 1902 ; in Goffstown, N. H., until 1904 ; and for the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company in Manchester, N. H., until a short time before his death.

Mr. Spofford died of chronic nephritis, Aug. 2, 1911, in Goffstown, N. H.

Mr. Spofford was married in January, 1898 to Mrs. May E. (Johnson) Chase, daughter of Zaccheus Johnson of Augusta, Me., who died July 1, 1909. No children.

CLASS OF 1872.

SPENCER RANDOLPH BONNELL, the son of John B. and Adelaide (Randolph) Bonnell, was born in Worcester, Mass., Dec. 29, 1846, and was fitted for college by Rev. James Tufts of Monson, Mass.

After graduation, during the years 1872—1875, he took a trip around the world and also was instructor in the Japanese Government College at Nagasaki, Japan, for two of those years. He then studied theology at Andover Theological Seminary, 1875—1877, and the following year took a post-graduate course at Auburn (N. Y.) Theological Seminary. He was ordained July 2, 1878, and then became pastor of the Congregational Church, South Deerfield, Mass.

In December, 1879, he resigned, but continued to preach until 1890, supplying churches in different places in Vermont, Ohio and Minnesota, and also in Providence, Detroit, Chicago and Milwaukee. He then retired from the ministry on account of ill health.

From 1890 until 1893 he was engaged in the study of the fine arts in New York City. While in that city he was editor of *The Connoisseur* for several years, and published articles on Japan and China, in New York, Philadelphia and Chicago newspapers. For some time thereafter he devoted himself to art as a profession, residing in Unionville, Ohio, and from

1908 he was engaged in the insurance business in Denver, Colo., until his death from nephritis, April 9, 1912, in Denver, Colo.

Mr. Bonnell was married May 11, 1883, to Ada R., daughter of George W. Jones of Cleveland, Ohio, who is not living. One child.

JAMES DINGWELL, the son of James and Rose A. (Arbuckle) Dingwell, was born in Providence, R. I., June 11, 1838, and was fitted for college at Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H.

He was a member of Amherst College, 1859-1860, but was obliged to give up study for a year on account of ill-health. The following year, 1861-1862, he took a partial course at Brown University, and from 1862 to 1865 he was engaged in business in Detroit, Mich. He then studied theology at Bangor Theological Seminary, 1865-1868, when he returned to Amherst where he graduated with the class of 1872.

On Aug. 28, 1872, Mr. Dingwell was ordained to the ministry. He held three pastorates: in Ashfield, Mass., 1872-1877; in Danielson, Conn., 1877-1889; and in Rockville, Conn., 1889-1895. He was then obliged to give up the ministry because of ill-health, but continued to live in Rockville for three years without charge. He was in New Haven, Conn., in the West and in Barre, Mass. from 1898 until 1901, when he removed to Leicester, Mass., where he died June 11, 1912, of carcinoma.

He enlisted as private in Co. I, 11th Regiment Rhode Island Volunteers, Sept. 17, 1862; was in the siege of Suffolk by Gen. Longstreet, and in the pursuit of the Confederates to the Dismal Swamp and Blackstone River, Va.; afterwards was at Yorktown and Williamsburg on the Peninsula; and was mustered out, July 16, 1863.

Mr. Dingwell was the first president of the Leicester, Mass. Men's Club ; Commander of the G. H. Thomas Post G. A. R., Leicester, for three terms ; and from 1908 until his death was chaplain and patriotic instructor of the Post.

Mr. Dingwell was married, (1) Jan. 12, 1865, to Mary C. daughter of Thomas Lewis of Pawtucket, R. I. ; (2) Dec. 22, 1896, to Laura H., daughter of John N. Stickney of Rockville, Conn., who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1873.

FRANK JONES GOODWIN, the son of John M. and Harriet P. (Herrick) Goodwin, was born in Biddeford, Me., Jan. 12, 1852, and was fitted for college at the high school in his native place, and with private tutors.

After graduation he engaged in general insurance business in Malden, Mass, where he remained until 1900 when he removed to Saco, Me. Later he returned to Biddeford, where he continued until his death, May 31, 1911, in Boston, Mass.

Mr. Goodwin was married to Emily R., daughter of Charles A. Milliken of Montford, Ont., who died in 1892. Two children survive him.

CLASS OF 1876.

JOHN HUNT BETTS, the son of Dr. John A. and Caroline (Hunt) Betts, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 21, 1853, and was fitted for college at the Polytechnic Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y.

After graduation he was for a time a private tutor, then studied law at Columbia University Law School, receiving the degree of LL. B. in 1882, and practiced his profession in Brooklyn from that year until his death.

Mr. Betts died of brain trouble, July 19, 1910, in Long Island City.

For many years Mr. Betts was an officer in the Memorial Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, leaving it only a few years before his death to become an Elder in a smaller church, which had just been organized.

In 1909 he was a Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church.

"His quiet unassuming character and willingness to lend a hand made him universally beloved."

Mr. Betts was unmarried.

WILLIAM EDWARD HOLBROOK, the son of Dr. William and Clara (Belknap) Holbrook, was born in Palmer, Mass., July 24, 1854, and was fitted for college at Monson (Mass.) Academy.

After graduation he studied medicine at Harvard Medical School, 1876—1879, receiving the degree of M. D. from that institution in 1880. He practiced his profession in Three Rivers, Mass., 1880—1885, and in Lynn, Mass., from 1885 until 1912.

Dr. Holbrook died of cerebral hemorrhage, March 23, 1912, at his home in Lynn, Mass.

Dr. Holbrook served at different times as City Physician of Lynn; on the City Hospital Board; and as Pension Examiner.

Dr. Holbrook was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1877.

FREDERICK GILBERT, the son of Elisha M. and Sarah A. (Hoyt) Gilbert, was born in Utica, N. Y., Sept. 24, 1853, and was fitted for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

After graduation he studied law at Columbia University Law School during the year 1877—1878, but was obliged to give up that profession on account of ill-health. He then returned to Utica where he continued to live the rest of his life. Mr. Gil-

bert was never in active business but was director in a bank and in three other institutions.

Mr. Gilbert died of angina pectoris, Dec. 20, 1911, at his home in Utica, N. Y.

In 1882, Mr. Gilbert established the Gilbert prize in Gymnastics at Amherst College.

For some years prior to his death Mr. Gilbert was president of the Patent Cereals Company, Geneva, N. Y.; treasurer of Westminster Presbyterian Church in that city for 15 years; vice-president, at one time, of the Schuyler Club and for many years its governor.

"He was always much interested in Utica and its improvements, and was instrumental in starting many enterprises. He was public-spirited, always ready with his encouragement and support for anything he thought was for the good of the city."

Mr. Gilbert was married, April 15, 1880, to Mary, daughter of William H. Chatfield of Cincinnati, O., who with his five children survives him.

CLASS OF 1878.

CHARLES WEBSTER HILL, the son of Charles R. and Margaret (Drake) Hill, was born in Stoughton, Mass., July 9, 1857, and was fitted for college at the Stoughton High School.

After graduation he studied law at Boston University Law School for two years, 1878—1879, and 1880—1881, and was admitted to the bar. After teaching for two or three years in Stoughton, he removed to Taunton, Mass., where he practiced law from 1886 until 1898. He then retired from active life on account of his health and from that time to the end of his life suffered from chronic dementia.

He died of cirrhosis of the liver, April 10, 1912, in Medfield, Mass.

Mr. Hill was unmarried.

CLASS OF 1883.

CLARENCE LINCOLN NICHOLS, the son of Ziba B. and Emily (Porter) Nichols, was born in Waterford, Minn., Jan. 3, 1861, and was fitted for college at the Shattuck School, Fari-bault, Minn.

After graduation he studied medicine at Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, Penn., 1883—1885, receiving the degree of M. D. in the latter year. He then located in Portland, Ore., where he practiced his profession until 1910, the latter part of the time devoting himself entirely to diseases of the eye and ear.

Dr. Nichols died of pernicious anaemia, Sept. 26, 1911, at his home in Portland, Ore.

"In the death of Dr. Nichols the community has lost a good citizen and a man of high attainments in his profession. He was earnestly interested in all that made for good government and for better civic conditions."¹

Dr. Nichols was married, June 23, 1898, to Mary R., daughter of Joseph G. Banks of Cheswick, Penn., who survives him. No children.

CLASS OF 1887.

JOHN SAVAGE HUNT, the son of Ward and Annette (Taylor) Hunt, was born in Utica, N. Y., May 16, 1866, and was fitted for college at the Utica Academy. After graduation he studied law in Utica and at Columbia University Law School and in the office of Daly, Mason & Hoyt of New York City. He was admitted to the bar in Utica in 1889. He practiced his profession in New York City 1889—1892, and in Colorado Springs, Colo., from 1892 until 1904. His health

¹*Portland (Ore.) Journal.*

then began to fail and he returned East to recuperate and rest.

He died of brain fag, June 21, 1911, in Utica, N. Y.

"His early days were full of the greatest promise and his career was an unqualified success until his health began to fail several years ago, because of overwork, and compelled him to relinquish the practice of his profession of law."

"While in the west he devoted his attention to mining litigation and in a few years had won the reputation of being one of the foremost mining lawyers in the west. He entered politics and became of great influence in the district where he resided."

Mr. Hunt was unmarried.

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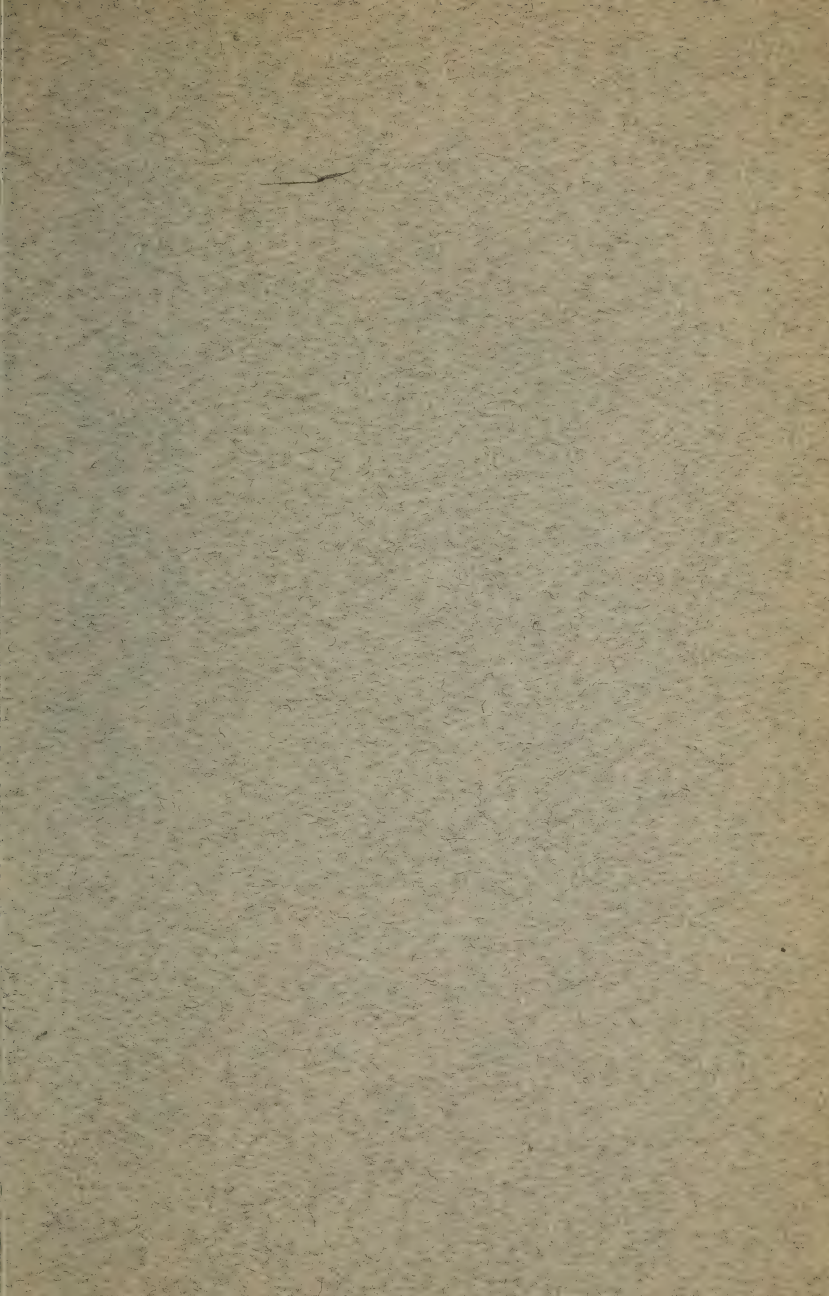
1903—1912.

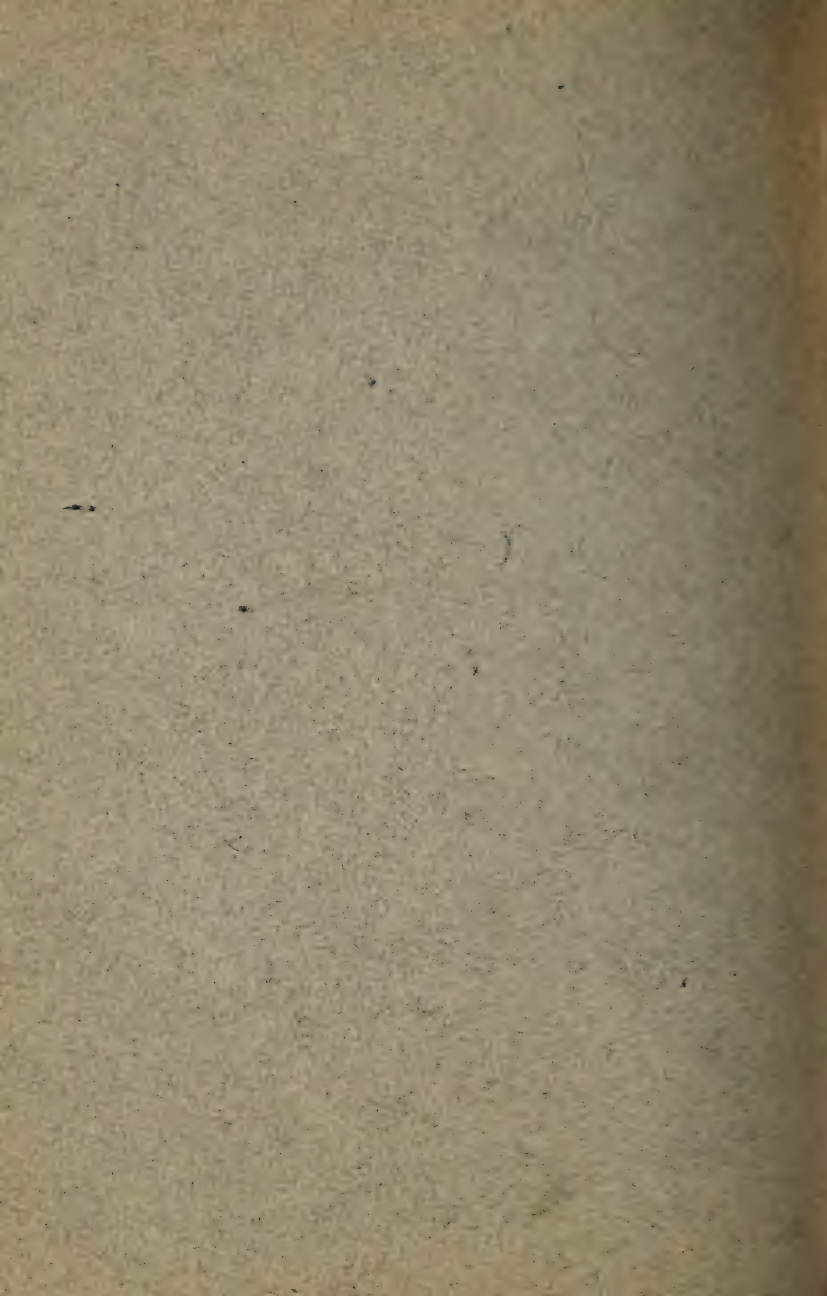
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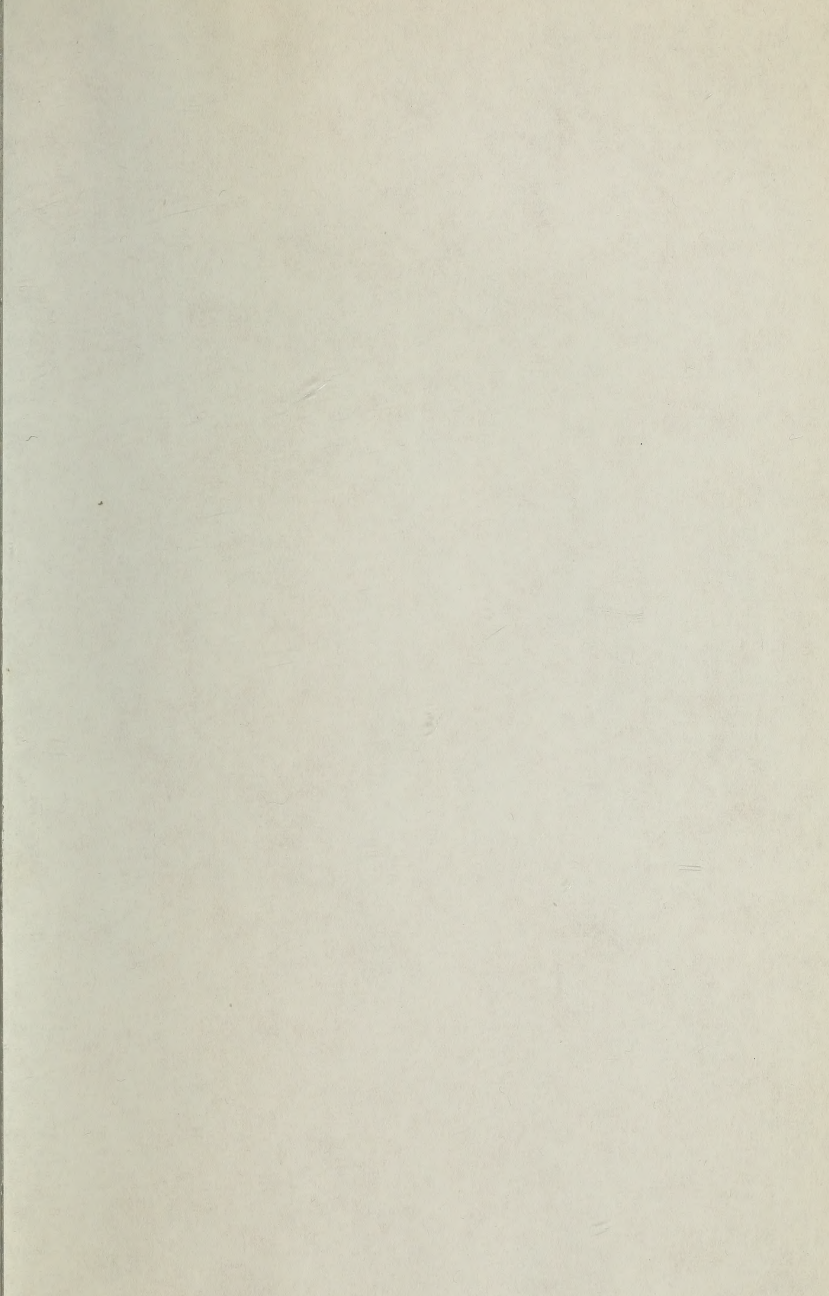
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